Standard Cross-Cultural Sample - Codebook © 2009, 2011

(Updated from SCCCodes.doc Jan-09-2009) ** for corrections

Cumulatively edited by Douglas R. White, Michael Burton, William Divale, Patrick Gray, Andrey Korotayev, and Daria Khalturina NOTE: Ethnoatlas codes 200-291 were changed in the World Cultures revision by J. Patrick Gray, 1998 PDF Ethnographic Atlas Codebook]. World Cultures] 10(1):86-136. eclectic.ss.uci.edu Changes in this part of the codebook need to be checked and aligned with ATLAS CODES and frequencies recomputed. They. were partly corrected starting with v.208 on May 8, 2009). *Note: ADD LABEL 8 to your Spss file v210. Correction: 50 Basques and 75 Khmer summed to 110% of subsistance vars 203-207, see also download SCCS database sccsfac.Rdata for World Cultures THIS IS A NEW VERSION WITH "FACTORS", i.e., category labels for crosstabs. Or copy link http://dl.dropbox.com/u/9256203/sccsfac.Rdata to your browser to download. Computer-made SCCS....sav codebook topical index of 2000+ variables in the present codebook (below). 180 variable Cultural Diversity Database a subset of the most important codes, with separate variables for the data in the Spss and R datafiles. index of 180 variables <-- Useful first pass for students: some key variables up to 1987. index of 180 variables sorted by study and variable number <-- Useful 2nd pass for students: where your variables are in the 2000+ variable codebook Google all published studies contributing or using SCCS coded data index of studies contributing SCCS coded variables SCCCodes.lab variable labels only Rdata code freqs v1-450 no missing data Rdata code freqs v451-900 no missing dats

IMPORTANT: When doing a search in Mozilla Firefox (but not IExplorer), the search word is case sensitive, e.g., when searching for infanticide, also search for Infanticide (capitalized: first letter only).

Please notify Douglas.White @uci.edu of further variables that need the notation "(codes not ordered)" or "(VAR LABEL REVERSED)" - 60+ variables. All 280+ variables marked "(codes not ordered)" would need recoding before computing correlates or factors

Comparative Ethnographic Data, coded for the Standard Cross-Cultural Sample. Ethnology 8: 329-369. George P. Murdock and Douglas R. White. 1969.

The first study in this series was published by Murdock and Morrow (1970) and has twenty-two variables. Preceding the bibliographic entry is the name of the machine-readable codebook file for this study, e.g., <u>notes on these codes</u>, originally

published in World Cultures. Following the entry is the name of the file that contains the coded data, the number of variables in the study, and an abbreviated heading for the contents of the study. There follows the codebook for that study. As new codes are published, each variable coded in the study is numbered sequentially and cumulatively. An abbreviated variable name follows each variable number.

Under each variable are two columns of numbers corresponding to a frequency and a number for the coding category described after the equals sign. For example, the line reading "7 1 = No Trade" under variable 1 indicates that seven of the 186 societies in the standard sample are coded as having no interintercommunity trade as source of food. Just above that we see that three societies of the 186 could not be coded by the coders for this study, who in this case are Murdock and Morrow. The frequency column under each variable number should always sum to 186 (including missing data).

Some series of variables, such as those listed below, have an alternate means of listing the frequencies of cases coded for each variables. 99-148 203-209 219-230 248-273 278-281 294-560

Subsets of variables in these series are ones that share identical coding categories. Hence the names of the variables are listed first, and the categories for each of these variables are defined only once, with the frequencies of societies for each category listed in columns following the variable. Consult variables 93-98 or 108-115 for examples. In each case the frequencies in each column (under the heading for a particular variable number) should, as always for this sample, sum to 186.

notes on these codes

SUBSISTENCE ECONOMY AND SUPPORTIVE PRACTICES

George P. Murdock and Diana O. Morrow. 1970. ETHNOLOGY 9:302-330. Cross-Cultural Codes in Barry and Schlegel 1980 1.

Datafile: STDS01.DAT Vars. 1- 22 subsistence

1. INTERCOMMUNITY TRADE AS FOOD SOURCE

..Comment: here are the frequencies, code, and label headings for this

variable

of Code Descriptive

Cases # = Label

- --- -----
- 3 . = (dot) Missing Data
- 7 1 = No Trade
- 51 2 = Food Imports absent although trade present

Food Imports present, and contribute:

- 4 3 = Salt or Minerals only
- 81 4 = < 10% of food (90% form local extractive sources)
- $38 \qquad 5 = < 50\%$ of food, and less than any single local source
- 6 = < 50% of food, and more than any single local source
- 2 7 = > 50% of food

2. FOOD IMPORT ACQUISITION

- 62 . = Missing Data
- 49 1 = Direct individual exchanges
- 10 2 = Indirect individual exchanges
- 28 3 = Local markets
- 34 4 = Middlemen
- 3 5 = Three or four of above

3. AGRICULTURE- CONTRIBUTION TO LOCAL FOOD SUPPLY

- 35 1 = None
- 3 2 = Non-food Crops
- 17 3 = < 10%
- 12 4 = < 50%, and less than any other single source, incl. trade
- 42 5 = < 50%, and more than any other single source, incl. trade
- 77 6 = Primarily agricultural

4. CROPS- PRINCIPAL

- 36 . = Missing Data
- 2 1 = Non-food
- 2 = Vegetables
- 14 3 = Tree or Vine
- 38 4 = Roots
- 96 5 = Cereals

5. ANIMAL HUSBANDRY- CONTRIBUTION TO FOOD SUPPLY

- 8 1 = None
- 41 2 = Present, not food source
- $67 \quad 3 = < 10\%$ food supply
- 33 4 = < 50% chiefly meat
- 21 5 = < 50% chiefly dairy
- 6 = < 50% chiefly honey
- 16 7 = > 50%

6. ANIMALS- DOMESTICATED

- 8 . = Missing Data
- 54 1 = Small Species, e.g. Bees, Cats, Dogs, Fowl
- 34 2 = Pigs
- 23 3 = Ovides
- 14 4 = Equines
- 3 5 = Reindeer
- 4 6 = Camels
- 46 7 = Bovines

7. FISHING- CONTRIBUTION TO FOOD SUPPLY

- 2 . = Missing Data
- 27 1 = None

- 79 2 = < 10% food supply
- 3 = < 50%, and less than any other single source, incl. trade
- 10 4 = < 50%, and more than any other single source, incl. trade
- 13 5 = > 50%

8. FISH

- 29 . = Missing Data
- 6 1 = Shellfish
- 122 2 = True fish
 - 1 3 = Large aquatic animals
- 28 4 = Two or more of above

9. HUNTING- CONTRIBUTION TO FOOD SUPPLY

- 4 . = Missing Data
- 18 1 = None
- 3 2 = Not food source
- 85 2 = < 10% food supply
- 3 = < 50%, and less than any other single source, incl. trade
- 4 = < 50%, and more than any other single source, incl. trade
- 7 5 = > 50%

10. ANIMALS HUNTED

- 23 . = Missing Data
- 18 1 = Birds or Waterfowl
- 35 2 = Small Mammals
- 65 3 = Large Game
- 45 4 = Two or more of above

11. GATHERING- CONTRIBUTION TO FOOD SUPPLY

- 4 . = Missing Data
- 16 1 = None
- 116 2 = < 10% food supply
- 40 3 = < 50%, and less than any other single source, incl. trade
- 7 4 = < 50%, and more than any other single source, incl. trade
- 3 5 = > 50%

12. GATHERED FOODS

- 21 . = Missing Data
- 18 1 = Wild Animal products
- 15 2 = Wild Herbs, Leaves, Blossoms
- 7 3 = Tree Pith, e.g., Sago
- 11 4 = Wild Roots or Tubers
- 54 5 = Wild Fruit, seeds, nuts, berries
- 60 6 = Two or more of the above

13. LAND TRANSPORT (especially regarding food transport)

- 1 . = Missing Data
- 108 1 = Human Carriers, incl. tumpline
- 41 2 = Pack Animals
- 13 3 = Draft Animals (sleds, travois)
- 12 4 = Animal Drawn Wheeled vehicles
- 11 5 = Motorized vehicles

14. ROUTES OF LAND TRANSPORT

- 5 . = Missing Data
- 124 1 = Unimproved Trails
- 26 2 = Improved Trails, for porters or animal carriers
- 22 3 = Unpaved Roads, for wheeled vehicles
- 9 4 = Paved Roads

15. WATER TRANSPORT

- 5 . = Missing Data
- 20 1 = None, but feasible note: 1 & 2 should be reversed
- 56 2 = Not feasible
- 10 3 = Floats or rafts
- 73 4 = Human powered craft
- 20 5 = Sail powered craft
- 2 6 = Motorized craft

16. WATER CRAFT

- 91 0 = None
- 50 1 = Small, for <10 people or load equivalent
- 31 2 = Medium, for >10 people or load equivalent
- 14 3 = Large, for >40 people or load equivalent
- 17. MONEY (MEDIA OF EXCHANGE) AND CREDIT
 - 3 . = Missing Data
 - 77 1 = No media of exchange or money
 - 12 2 = Domestically usable articles as media of exchange
 - 26 3 = Tokens of conventional value as media of exchange
 - 42 4 = Foreign coinage or paper currency
 - 26 5 = Indigenous coinage or paper currency

18. CREDIT SOURCE

- 17 . = Missing Data
- 113 1 = Personal loans between friends or relatives
- 26 2 = Internal money lending specialists
- 23 3 = External money lending specialists
- 7 5 = Banks or comparable institutions
- 19. PRESERVATION AND STORAGE OF FOOD
 - 31A 1 = Year-round food supply, none

- 29B 2 = Year-round food supply, simple
- 14C 3 = Year-round food supply, complex
- 8E 4 = Daily variation, none
- 2F 5 = Daily variation, simple
- -G 6 = Daily variation, complex
- 24I 7 = Seasonal variation, barely adequate
- 46J 8 = Seasonal variation, adequate
- 16K 9 = Seasonal variation, adequate
- 6L 10 = Annual variation, barely adequate
- 5M 11 = Annual variation, adequate
- 3N 12 = Annual variation, adequate
- 20 13 = Imported food, barely adequate
- -P 14 = Imported food, adequate

Note: Remove Letters

20. FOOD STORAGE

- 4 . = Missing Data
- 36 1 = None
- 129 2 = Individual households
- 7 3 = Communal facilities
- 3 4 = Political agent controlled repositories
- 7 5 = Economic agent controlled repositories

21. FOOD SURPLUS VIA STORAGE

- 69 1 = None or barely adequate
- 84 2 = Simple or adequate
- 33 3 = Complex or More than adequate

22. FOOD SUPPLY (ECOLOGICAL OR DISTRIBUTION NETWORK)

- 74 1 = Year-round food supply locally
- 10 2 = Daily variation in food supply
- 86 3 = Seasonal variation
- 14 4 = Annual variation
- 2 5 = Imported food supply

notes on these codes

INFANCY AND EARLY CHILDHOOD

Barry, Herbert, III, and Leonora M. Paxson. 1971. ETHNOLOGY 10: 466-508. Cross-Cultural Codes in Barry and Schlegel 1980 2.

Datafile: STDS02.DAT Vars. 23- 60 infancy & early childhood

Variables 23-32 deal with infancy only, from the first year until the transition to early childhood (see 38-39, 42, 44), usually at 12-18

months.The early and late infancy periods of variables 24-27 refer to the first few months after birth versus the period after crawling begins,usually around 9 months. Variables 33-38 include both infancy and early childhood, the latter usually to the age of 4-5 years. Variables 39-50 deal with the transition to childhood, around 12-18 months.Variables 51-60 provide a comparison of infancy and childhood.

23. SLEEPING PROXIMITY OF PARENTS TO INFANT

..Comment: here are the frequencies, code, and label headings for this variable

of Code Descriptive

- Cases # = Label
- ---- -----
- 13 . = Missing Data
- 1 = Mo and Fa in different room than infant
- 12 2 = Mo same room (not bed) as infant, Fa different room
- 3 = Mo same room (not bed) as infant, Fa unspecified
- 30 4 = Mo same room (not bed) as infant, Fa different bed
- 55 5 = Mo, Fa same room as infant, beds not specified
- 24 6 = Mo same bed as infant, Fa different room
- 5 7 = Mo same bed as infant, Fa not specified
- 24 8 = Mo same bed as infant, Fa same room
- 23 9 = Mo and Fa in same bed as infant

24. BODILY RESTRICTIVENESS - EARLY INFANCY

- 55 . = Missing Data
- 42 1 = None except in emergency
- 1 2 = Loose confinement Tether or playpen
- 21 3 = Limited space Bed or hammock
- 41 4 = Movement limited Swaddling, heavy blankets
- 26 5 = Often Bound Cradle Board

25. BODILY RESTRICTIVENESS - LATER INFANCY

- 63 . = Missing Data
- 61 1 = None except in emergency
- 8 2 = Loose confinement Tether or playpen
- 14 3 = Limited space Bed or hammock
- 23 4 = Movement limited Swaddling, heavy blankets
- 17 5 = Often Bound Cradle Board

26. BODILY CONTACT - EARLY INFANCY

- 65 . = Missing Data
- 3 1 = Limited to routine and precautionary care
- 16 2 = Occasionally
- 33 3 = Up to 1/2 time

- 49 4 = > 1/2 time
- 20 5 = Almost Constantly
- 27. BODILY CONTACT LATE INFANCY
 - 69 . = Missing Data
 - 3 1 = Limited to routine and precautionary care
 - 15 2 = Occasionally
 - 41 3 = Up to 1/2 time
 - 43 4 = > 1/2 time
 - 15 5 = Almost Constantly

28. INFANT CARRYING DEVICES

- 30 . = Missing Data
- 22 1 = None, skin contact
- 22 2 = None, clothing or blanket
- 75 3 = Sling or Pouch
- 9 4 = Basket
- 28 5 = Rigid Cradleboard

29. INFANT CARRYING POSITION

- 30 . = Missing Data
- 91 1 = Back
- 54 2 = Side
- 10 3 = Front
- 1 4 = Other

30. INFANT EYE CONTACT WITH CARRIER

- 44 . = Missing Data
- 26 1 = Away from carrier
- 116 2 = Toward carrier

31. INFANT CRYING- RESPONSE

- 83 . = Missing Data
- 3 1 = Indifferent or punitive
- 3 2 = Slow or perfunctory, nurturant
- 19 3 = Speedy but inconsistently nurturant
- 67 4 = Generally speedy, nurturant
- 11 5 = Always speedy, nurturant

32. INFANT CRYING- AMOUNT

- 139 . = Missing Data
- 16 1 = Very Infrequent and brief
- 10 2 = Infrequent and short
- 9 3 = Infrequent and prolonged
- 11 4 = Frequent and short
- 1 5 = Frequent and prolonged

33. CHILDHOOD PAIN INFLICTION

- 38 . = Missing Data
- 17 1 = Absent
- 37 2 = Only neonatally or very mild pain
- 63 3 = Occasional mild pain
- 25 4 = Frequent mild pain or infrequent severe pain
- 6 5 = Frequent pain
- 6 = Very painful

34. POST - PARTUM SEX TABOO

- 52 . = Missing data
- 2 1 = Intercourse expected soon after birth
- 7 2 = None
- 29 3 = 1 month or less
- 42 4 = 6 months or less
- 12 5 = 1 year or less
- 20 6 = 2 years or less
- 22 7 = > 2 years

35. CEREMONIALISM SURROUNDING CHILD, BEYOND NUCLEAR FAMILY

- 7 . = Missing Data
- 20 1 = None
- 73 2 = Only within first 2 months
- 56 3 = One occasion at later age
- 20 4 = Two or more ceremonies
- 10 5 = Prominent

36. MAGICAL PROTECTIVENESS APPLIED TO PARENTS AND CHILD

- 8 . = Missing Data
- 8 1 = None
- 22 2 = Only neonatal period, e.g., couvade
- 76 3 = Slight, neonatally and later
- 66 4 = Moderate, neonatally and later
- 6 5 = Exaggerated, neonatally and later

37. PHYSICAL PROTECTIVENESS AGAINST CHILDHOOD ILLNESS

- 20 . = Missing Data
- 1 1 = No special effort
- 43 2 = Slight
- 79 3 = Moderate, e.g., regular baths
- 4 = Some exceptional techniques, e.g., medicines, ointments,

diapers

- 4 5 = Variety of exceptional techniques
- 38. INTRODUCTION OF NEW FOODS (OTHER THAN MILK) IN CHILDHOOD
 - 95 . = Missing Data
 - 33 1 = Before 1 month
 - 27 2 = 1-6 months
 - 11 3 = 7-12 months, including solids
 - 6 4 = 7-12 months, only liquids or premasticated
 - 14 5 = After 12 months

39. WEANING- AGE AND SEVERITY

- 29 . = Missing Data
- 103 1 = > 2 years and gentle
- 27 2 = > 2 years and severe
- 17 3 = > 1 year and gentle
- 5 4 = > 1 year and severe
- 3 5 = > 6 months and gentle
- 1 6 = > 6 months and severe
- 1 7 = < 6 months and gentle
- 8 = < 6 months and severe

40. MOTOR SKILLS- ENCOURAGEMENT IN CHILDHOOD

- 109 . = Missing Data
 - 2 1 = Discourage or punish early development
 - 2 2 = Ignore development
- 22 3 = No active assistance, but attention given
- 42 4 = Definite but inconsistent rewards
- 9 5 = Strong Encouragement and assistance

41. AUTONOMY- ENCOURAGEMENT IN CHILDHOOD

- 81 . = Missing Data
- 25 1 = > 4 years and gradual
- 3 2 = > 4 years and abrupt
- 54 3 = 2-4 years and gradual
- 23 4 = 2-4 years and abrupt, or < 2 years and gradual
- 5 = < 2 years and abrupt
 - * note: recode category 4

42. ELIMINATION- ENCOURAGEMENT OF CONTROL IN CHILDHOOD

123 0 = None

7 1 = 3-5 years

- 27 2 = > 18 months
- 9 3 = > 1 year
- $7 \quad 4 = > 6 \text{ months}$
- 13 5 = < 6 month

43. COVERING GENITALS- AGE

- 50 0 = Even adults uncovered
- 85 1 = Very late
- 14 2 = Late
- 2 3 = > 1 year
- $1 \quad 4 = < 6 \text{ months}$
- 34 5 = After birth

44. WEANING- AGE OF ONSET

- 30 . = Missing Data
- 19 1 = up to 12 months
- 12 2 = 13 20 months
- 67 3 = 21 24
- 6 4 = 25 30
- 36 5 = 31 36
- 9 6 = 37 42
- 7 7 = 43 48
- 8 = 49 60
- 9 = 61 72

45. WEANING- AGE OF TERMINATION

- 30 . = Missing Data
- 7 1 = up to 12 months
- 5 2 = 13 20
- 38 3 = 21 24
- 8 4 = 25 30
- 64 5 = 31 36
- 16 6 = 37 42
- 14 7 = 43 48
- 4 8 = 49 60
- 9 = 61 72 months

46. WEANING- CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENTAL ORDER OF ONSET

27 . = Missing Data
7 1 = 1st in onset (among variables 46-50)

- 80 2 = 2nd
- 57 3 = 3rd

15 4 = 4th - 5 = 5th

47. MOTOR SKILLS- CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENTAL ORDER

10 . = Missing Data

121 1 = 1st

46 2 = 2nd

7 3 = 3rd

4 = 4th

- 5 = 5th

48. AUTONOMY- CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENTAL ORDER

- 80 . = Missing Data
- 1 = 1st
- 18 2 = 2nd
- 46 3 = 3rd
- 33 4 = 4th
- 9 5 = 5th

49. ELIMINATION CONTROL- CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENTAL ORDER

122 . = Missing Data
17 1 = 1st

- 31 2 = 2nd
- 10 3 = 3rd
- $5 \quad 4 = 4th$
- 5 = 5th

50. COVERING GENITALS- CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENTAL ORDER

- 36 . = Missing Data
 32 1 = 1st
- 9 2 = 2nd
- 34 3 = 3rd
- 45 4 = 4th
- 30 5 = 5th

51. NON-MATERNAL RELATIONSHIPS, INFANCY

- 24 . = Missing Data
- 5 1 = Almost Exclusively Mother
- 81 2 = Principally Mother, others minor roles
- 63 3 = Principally Mother, others important roles
- 10 4 = Mother < 1/2 care
- 2 5 = Mother minor but significant
- 1 6 = Mother minimal except for nursing

- 52. NON-MATERNAL RELATIONSHIPS, EARLY CHILDHOOD
 - 50 . = Missing Data
 - 1 = Almost Exclusively Mother
 - 36 2 = Principally Mother, others important roles
 - 3 = Mother < 1/2 care
 - 38 4 = Primarily others
 - 2 5 = Exclusively others
- 53. ROLE OF FATHER, INFANCY
 - 32 . = Missing Data
 - 8 1 = Distant
 - 27 2 = Rarely close
 - 72 3 = Occasionally close
 - 44 4 = Frequently close
 - 3 5 = Regularly close
- 54. ROLE OF FATHER, EARLY CHILDHOOD
 - 36 . = Missing Data
 - 4 1 = Distant
 - 18 2 = Rarely Close
 - 46 3 = Occasionally Close
 - 73 4 = Frequently Close
 - 9 5 = Regularly Close
- 55. PRINCIPAL RELATIONSHIPS, INFANCY CARETAKERS AND COMPANIONS
 - 48 . = Missing Data
 - 31 1 = Children, Females
 - 4 2 = Children, unspecified
 - 11 3 = Children, both sexes
 - 60 4 = Adult Family, Females
 - 0 5 = Adult Family, unspecified
 - 0 6 = Adult Family, both sexe
 - 17 7 = Others, Female
 - 1 9 = Others, both sexes
 - 56. PRINCIPAL RELATIONSHIPS, EARLY CHILDHOOD CARETAKERS AND COMPANIONS
 - 45 . = Missing Data
 - 10 1 = Peer Group, single sex
 - 1 2 = Peer Group, unspecified
 - 43 3 = Peer Group, both sexes

- 22 4 = Older Children, single sex
- 8 5 = Older Children, unspecified
- 22 6 = Older Children, both sexes
- 14 7 = Adults, single sex
- 21 9 = Adults, both sexes

57. GENERAL INDULGENCE, INFANCY (taking 51 and 52 into account)

- 67 . = Missing Data
- 1 1 = Severe or neglectful
- 8 2 = Lesser severity
- 19 3 = Occasional indulgence
- 80 4 = Greater
- 11 5 = Highly affectionate

58. GENERAL INDULGENCE, INFANCY- MODIFIERS OF GENERAL SCALE TYPES

- 67 . = Missing Data
- 36 1 = Low in category
- 34 2 = Medium in category
- 49 3 = High in category
 - * Note: Combine 57 and 58

59. GENERAL INDULGENCE, EARLY CHILDHOOD (taking 51 and 52 into account)

- 54 . = Missing Data
- 2 1 = Severe
- 24 2 = Less Severity
- 32 3 = Occasional Severity
- 64 4 = Greater Leniency
- 10 5 = Consistently Lenient

60. GENERAL INDULGENCE, EARLY CHILDHOOD- MODIFIERS OF GENERAL SCALE TYPES

- 54 . = Missing Data
- 43 1 = Low in Category
- 44 2 = Medium in Category
- 45 3 = High in Category
 - * Note: Combine 59 and 60

notes on these codes

SETTLEMENT PATTERNS AND COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION

George P. Murdock and Suzanne F. Wilson. 1972. ETHNOLOGY 11: 254-295. Cross-Cultural Codes in Barry and Schlegel 1980 3.

Datafile: STDS03.DAT Vars. 61-80 settlement & community

61. FIXITY OF SETTLEMENT

of Code Descriptive

- Cases # = Label
- ---- -----
- 28 1 = Migratory
- 21 2 = Seminomadic- fixed then migratory
- 6 3 = Rotating among 2+ fixed
- 14 4 = Semisedentary- fixed core, some migratory
- 15 5 = Impermanent- periodically moved
- 102 6 = Permanent

62. COMPACTNESS OF SETTLEMENT

- 18 2 = Dispersed
- 20 3 = Spatially separated subsettlements
- 44 4 = Partially dispersed with central core
- 104 1 = Compact
 - * Note: Recode Ordinally

63. COMMUNITY SIZE

1 . = Missing Data 28 1 = < 50 28 2 = 50-99 45 3 = 100-199 32 4 = 200-399 29 5 = 400-999 15 6 = 1,000-4,999 5,000-49,999 5 7 =

3 8 = > 50,000

64. POPULATION DENSITY

2 . = Missing Data
 36 1 = < 1 person per 5 sq. mile
 22 2 = 1 person per 1-5 sq. mile
 25 3 = 1-5 persons per sq. mile
 27 4 = 1-25 persons per sq. mile

- 34 5 = 26-100 persons per sq. mile
- 20 6 = 101-500 persons per sq. mile
- 20 7 = over 500 persons per sq. mile

65. TYPES OF DWELLING

- . = Missing Data
- 13 1 = Conical
- 2 2 = Beehive
- 11 3 = Dome or hemispherical
- 5 4 = Wedge-shape roof
- 6 5 = Semicylindrical
- 24 6 = Cone-cylinder
- 49 7 = Rectangular on ground, vegetal material walls
- 18 8 = Rectangular on piles
- 17 9 = Rectangular on ground, mineral material walls
- 12F 10 = Flat roofs
- 9R 11 = Caves or rock shelters
- 9T 12 = Tents
- 8S 13 = Semisubterranean
- 3X 14 = Miscellaneous
 - * note: eliminate letters

66. LARGE OR IMPRESSIVE STRUCTURES

- 96 1 = None
- 24 2 = Residences of influential individuals
- 31 3 = Secular or public building(s)
- 27 4 = Religious or ceremonial building(s)
- 4 5 = Military structure(s)
- 4 6 = Economic or industrial building(s)

67. HOUSEHOLD FORM

- 6 1 = Large communal structures
- 4 2 = Multi-family dwellings
- 87 3 = Single family dwellings
- 37 4 = Family homestead
- 24 5 = Multi-dwelling households, each with married pair
- 9 6 = Multi-dwelling households, husband rotates among wives
- 3 7 = Mother-child households, husbands separate
- 16 8 = Multi-dwelling households, each dwelling occupied by individual married man or woman
- 68. FORM OF FAMILY (SEE 79, 80)
 - 7 1 = Monogamous, no polygyny
 - 42 2 = Monogamous, < 20% polygyny
 - 26 3 = Polygynous, > 20%
 - 2 4 = Polyandrous

- 9 5 = Stem family, monogamy
- 7 6 = Stem family, < 20% polygyny
- 10 7 = Small extended, monogamy
- 30 8 = Small extended, < 20% polygyny
- 19 9 = Small extended, > 20% polygyny
- 5M 10 = Large extended, monogamy
- 17N 11 = Large extended, < 20% polygyny
- 12P 12 = Large extended, > 20% polygyny
 - * note: eliminate letters

69. MARITAL RESIDENCE

- . = Missing data
- 38 1 = Matrilocal or uxorilocal with wife's kin
- 8 2 = Avunculocal with husband's mother's brother's kin
- 118 3 = Patrilocal or virilocal with husband's kin
- 12 4 = Ambilocal with either wife's or husband's kin
- 9 5 = Neolocal separate from kin

70. DESCENT - MEMBERSHIP IN CORPORATE KINSHIP GROUPS

- 26 1 = Matrilineal through female line
- 10 2 = Double descent separate groups through male and female lines
- 75 3 = Patrilineal through male line
- 6 4 = Ambilineal through one parent in each generation
- 69 5 = Bilateral not a corporate kin group

71. DESCENT GROUPS, LOCATION OF CORE GENDER GROUP

- 69 0 = None Bilateral
- 22 1 = Localized lineages in community, more than one per community
- 6 2 = Clan communities core group and spouses constitute community
- 89 3 = Dispersed sibs core group dispersed in different communities

72. INTERCOMMUNITY MARRIAGE

- 1 . = Missing data
- 11 1 = Local endogamy 90-100%
- 50 2 = Local endogamy 61-89% (agamous)
- 51 3 = Local endogamy 40-60% (agamous)
- 38 4 = Local endogamy 11-39% (agamous)
- 5 = Local endogamy 0-10% (exogamy)

73. COMMUNITY INTEGRATION

- 6 1 = Lacking or low compared to community segments or larger polity
- 26 2 = By common residence only
- 16 3 = Common Identity, dialect, subculture
- 78 4 = Overlapping Kin ties
- 8 5 = Common social or economic status

- 20 6 = Common political ties
- 32 7 = Common religious ties

74. PROMINENT COMMUNITY CEREMONIALS

- 67 1 = Rites of passage
- 69 2 = Calendrical
- 36 3 = Magical or religious
- 14 4 = Individual sponsored and communally attended (e.g., potlatch)

75. CEREMONIAL ELEMENTS

- 54 1 = Feasting and/or drinking
- 10 2 = Exchanges other than food
- 51 3 = Entertainment
- 57 4 = Sacrifice other than human
- 13 5 = Human sacrifice
- 1 6 = Masochistic behavior

76. COMMUNITY LEADERSHIP

- 13 1 = No centralized local leadership
- 4 2 = Higher level only
- 54 3 = Single local leader
- 8 4 = Dual/plural headmen
- 72 5 = Single local leader and council
- 15 6 = Local councils
- 10 7 = Single local leader and subordinates
- 10 8 = Too complex to be coded

77. LOCAL POLITICAL SUCCESSION, PRIMARY

- 3 . = Missing data
- 17 1 = No headman or council
- 10 2 = By appointment
- 10 3 = Seniority
- 2 4 = Divination
- 37 5 = Informal consensus
- 22 6 = Electoral process
- 61 7 = Patrilineal
- 14 8 = Matrilineal
- 10 9 = Hereditary with personal qualifications

78. LOCAL POLITICAL SUCCESSION, SECONDARY

- 126 . = Missing Data
- 1 = No headman or council
- 2 = By appointment
- 33 3 = Seniority
- 4 = Divination
- 22 5 = Informal consensus

- 3 6 = Electoral process
- 2 7 = Patrilineal

79. POLYGAMY

- 2 1 = Polyandry primarily monogamous with some plural husbands
- 31 2 = Monogamy
- 96 3 = Polygyny < 20% plural wives (if more frequent than polyandry)
- 67 4 = Polygyny > 20% plural wives (if more frequent than polyandry)

80. FAMILY SIZE

- 7 1 = Nuclear Monogamous
- 70 2 = Nuclear Polygynous
- 16 3 = Stem Family
- 59 4 = Small extended
- 34 5 = Large extended

notes on these codes

POLITICAL ORGANIZATION

Tuden, Arthur, and Catherine Marshall. 1972. ETHNOLOGY 11:436-464. Cross-Cultural Codes in Barry and Schlegel 1980 4.

Datafile: STDS04.DAT Vars. 81- 98 political organization

81. POLITICAL AUTONOMY

2 . = Missing data

- 16 1 = Dependent totally
- 41 2 = Semi-autonomous
- 4 3 = Tribute paid
- 78 4 = De facto autonomy
- 16 5 = Equal status in pluralistic society
- 29 6 = Fully autonomous

82. TREND IN AUTONOMY

- 2 . = Missing data
- 54 1 = Declining autonomy
- 43 2 = Declining territory or population control
- 49 3 = State of equilibrium
- 22 4 = State of equilibrium, expanding territory
- 16 5 = Increasing autonomy

83. LEVELS OF SOVEREIGNTY

- 2 . = Missing data
- 98 1 = Stateless society
- 31 2 = Sovereignty 1st hierarchical level up

- 14 3 = Sovereignty 2nd hierarchical level up
- 41 4 = Sovereignty 3rd or higher hierarchical level

84. HIGHER POLITICAL ORGANIZATION

- 3 . = Missing data
- 85 1 = Absent
- 28 2 = Peace group
- 46 3 = Alliances
- 7 4 = Confederation
- 17 5 = International organization

85. EXECUTIVE

- 3 . = Missing data
- 98 1 = Absent
- 7 2 = Council
- 22 3 = Executive and Council
- 2 4 = Plural executive
- 54 5 = Single leader

86. SELECTION OF EXECUTIVE

- 7 . = Missing data
- 98 1 = Absent
- 21 2 = Patrilineal, Fa to So
- 3 3 = Patrilineal, Fa to FaBr, then to So
- 5 4 = Matrilineal, MoBr to SiSo
- 1 5 = Matrilineal, MoBr to MoBr
- 24 6 = Ruling family
- 1 7 = Decision by limited power group
- 12 8 = Elected by council
- 2 9 = Informal recognition
- 6(10)E = Formal elections
- 5 (11) A = Appointee of alien society
- 1 (12) D = Divination

87. DELIBERATIVE AND CONSULTATIVE BODIES

- 5 . = Missing data
- 154 1 = Absent
 - 5 2 = Aristocrats
 - 5 3 = Appointed
 - 9 4 = By ethnic components
 - 8 5 = Elective

88. ADVISORY BODIES

- 5 . = Missing data
- 98 1 = Absence of sovereignty
- 28 2 = Absent

- 14 3 = Relatives of executive
- 2 4 = Favorites of executive
- 5 = Secret society
- 13 6 = Subordinate groups
- 3 7 = Hereditary
- 23 8 = Subordinate functionaries

89. JUDICIARY

- 3 . = Missing data
- 103 1 = Absent
 - 6 2 = Not local
- 49 3 = Executive
- 23 4 = Appointed by executive
- 1 5 = Priesthood
- 1 6 = Hereditary

90. POLICE

- 6 . = Missing data
- 124 1 = Not specialized
 - 4 2 = Incipient specialization
 - 4 3 = Retainers of chiefs
 - 6 4 = Military
- 42 5 = Specialized

91. ADMINISTRATIVE HIERARCHY

- 3 . = Missing data
- 98 1 = Absent
- 7 2 = Popular Assemblies
- 8 3 = Heads of kin groups
- 38 4 = Heads of decentralized territorial divisions
- 31 5 = Heads of centralized territorial divisions
- 1 6 = Part of centralized system

92. SELECTION OF SUBORDINATE OFFICIALS

- 9 . = Missing data
- 98 1 = Absent
- 16 2 = Patrilineal succession
- 2 3 = Matrilineal succession
- 12 4 = Ruling lineage
- 2 5 = Seniority of age
- 4 6 = Personal qualities
- 10 7 = Formal election
- 33 8 = Appointment by executive

VARIABLES 93-98:

SOURCES OF POLITICAL POWER

- 93. POLITICAL POWER- MOST IMPORTANT SOURCE
- 94. SECOND MOST IMPORTANT SOURCE
- 95. THIRD
- 96. FOURTH
- 97. FIFTH
- 98. SIXTH

Number of Cases for Each Variable:

	93	94	95	96	97	98
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th
. = Missing data	3	114	145	170	181	184
0 = Direct subsistence production	90					
1 = Warfare wealth	11	5	6	3		
2 = Tribute or taxes	3	4	1	1		1
3 = Slaves	13	12	4	1	2	
4 = Contributions of free citizen	s 20	7		2		
5 = Large land-holdings	12	5	1			
6 = Political office	14	8	14	6	1	
7 = Foreign Commerce	6	19	9	2	1	1
8 = Capitalistic enterprises	11	6	4	1		
9 = Priestly services	3	6	2		1	

notes on these codes

DIVISION OF LABOR

Murdock, George P., and Caterina Provost. 1973. ETHNOLOGY 12:203-225. Cross-Cultural Codes in Barry and Schlegel 1980.

Datafile: STDS05.DAT Vars. 99-148 division of labor

Description of study

Codebook corrections: 3/16/2007 Variables 99-148

. = Task Present, sex --> -1 = Task Present, sex -1 = No data on task --> . = No data on task

FOOD COLLECTION

Table 1

99. VEGETAL

- 100. EGGS, INSECTS, AND/OR SMALL LAND FAUNA
- 101. SHELLFISH/SMALL AQUATIC FAUNA

102. HONEY

103. FOWLING

- 104. FISHING
- 105. TRAPPING
- 106. LARGE LAND FAUNA
- 107. LARGE AQUATIC FAUNA

	Nur	nber	of	Cases	s foi	r Ead	ch Va	ariak	ole:
Murdock&P. 1973 Table 1:	44	37	39	16	8	18	20	5	1
	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107
. = Missing data	7	53	24	80	29	4	15	6	9
-1 = Task Present, sex ?	34	48	22	20	2	10	1		2
0 = Task absent	10	18	85	38	16	29	20	36	127
1 = Males exclusively	6	27	11	39	131	83	136	139	48
2 = Males predominant	4	3	4	5	5	45	12	5	
3 = Equally	18	9	1	2	3	8	1		
4 = Females predominant	42	13	12			5	1		
5 = Females exclusively	65	15	27	2		2			

FOOD PRODUCTION

- 108. LAND CLEARANCE
- 109. SOIL PREPARATION
- 110. PLANTING
- 111. CROP TENDING
- 112. HARVESTING
- 113. SMALL DOMESTIC ANIMALS
- 114. LARGE DOMESTIC ANIMALS
- 115. MILKING

Number of Cases for Each Variable:

108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115

-1 = Task Present, sex	1	1		3		70	10	10
. = No data on task	2	2	1	4	1	6	2	1
0 = Task absent	44	49	44	48	44	13	76	127
1 = Males exclusively	95	66	27	22	10	19	54	15
2 = Males predominantly	34	27	35	23	37	8	24	2
3 = Equally	6	14	33	24	34	14	14	8
4 = Females predominant	3	17	26	30	34	12	3	2
5 = Females exclusively	1	10	20	32	26	44	3	21

FOOD PREPARATION

- 116. VEGETAL
- 117. BUTCHERING
- 118. PRESERVATION

119. DRINKS

120. DAIRY

121. COOKING

Number of Cases for Each Variable:

1:	16	117	118	119	120	121
. = Missing data	8	19	25	16	8	1
-1 = Task Present, sex ?	2	16	64	42	20	1
0 = Task absent	2	8	31	37	130	
1 = Males exclusively	3	122	18	15	4	
2 = Males predominantly	1	9	2	3		2
3 = Equally	4	4	3	4		2
4 = Females predominant 2	21	4	3	4		63
5 = Females exclusively 14	45	4	40	65	24	117

EXTRACTIVE INDUSTRIES

122. MINING/QUARRYING

- 123. FUEL GATHERING
- 124. LUMBERING
- 125. WATER FETCHING

Number of Cases for Each Variable:

	122	123	124	125
-1 = Task Present, sex	6	11	16	25
. = No data on task	39	7	17	1
0 = Task absent	106	1	14	
1 = Males exclusively	31	25	135	4
2 = Males predominantly	1	12	4	4
3 = Equally	2	12		8
4 = Females predominant		24		13
5 = Females exclusively	1	94		131

INTERMEDIATE PROCESSING

126. SKINS

- 127. SPINNING
- 128. LOOM WEAVING
- 129. SMELTING

Number of Cases for Each Variable:

126 127 128 129

-1 = Task Present, sex 44 9 1

•	=	No data on task	13	30	16	24
0	=	Task absent	48	56	81	125
1	=	Males exclusively	39	7	24	37
2	=	Males predominantly	4	3		
3	=	Equally	2	4	6	
4	=	Females predominant	5	5	8	
5	=	Females exclusively	31	72	50	

MANUFACTURING

- 130. MATMAKING
- 131. NETMAKING
- 132. BASKETMAKING
- 133. ROPE OR CORDAGE
- 134. LEATHER
- 135. CLOTHING
- 136. POTTERY
- 137. WOOD
- 138. BONE
- 139. STONE
- 140. METAL
- 141. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

Number of Cases for Each Variable:

	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141
. = No data on task	23	31	16	16	23	23	14	4	46	43		16
0 = Task absent	29	45	22	3	57	36	61	1	14	39	93	8
1 = Males exclusively	30	42	37	62	35	16	14	159	71	67	85	83
2 = Males predominantly	4	2	9	7	3	4	5	3	7		1	3
3 = Equally	9	5	15	18	2	11	6	1	2	6		1
4 = Females predominant	5	1	18	5	5	13	6	1				
5 = Females exclusively	55	15	51	19	29	78	74		2			1
-1 = Task Present, sex	31	45	19	56	32	5	6	17	44	31	7	74

MISCELLANEOUS

142. FIRE

- 143. LAUNDERING
- 144. BODILY MUTILATION
- 145. BONESETTING/SURGERY
- 146. BURDEN CARRYING
- 147. BOATBUILDING
- 148. HOUSEBUILDING

Number of Cases for Each Variable:

	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	
-1 = Task Present, sex	96	9	45	17	6	5	6	
. = No data on task	1	59	22	88	31	11	1	
0 = Task absent	3	52	13	37	3	79	1	
1 = Males exclusively	40	5	36	34	18	84	105	
2 = Males predominantly	6		4	6	12	3	30	
3 = Equally	16	4	48	4	46	3	14	
4 = Females predominant	4	8	6		34		9	
5 = Females exclusively	20	49	12		36	1	20	

notes on these codes

CULTURAL COMPLEXITY (aka MODERNIZATION: see On Campus: Cultural Complexity Revisited Trevor Denton

OffCampus: <u>Cultural Complexity Revisited</u> Trevor Denton)

Murdock, George P., and Caterina Provost. 1971. ETHNOLOGY 12:379-392. Cross-Cultural Codes in Barry and Schlegel 1980.

Datafile: STDS06.DAT Vars. 149-158 cultural complexity

149. SCALE 1- WRITING AND RECORDS

- 73 1 = None
- 49 2 = Mnemonic devices
- 21 3 = Nonwritten records
- 12 4 = True writing; no records
- 31 5 = True writing; records

150. SCALE 2- FIXITY OF RESIDENCE

- 28 1 = Nomadic
- 21 2 = Seminomadic
- 20 3 = Semisedentary
- 15 4 = Sedentary; impermanent
- 102 5 = Sedentary

151. SCALE 3- AGRICULTURE

- 38 1 = None
- $17 \quad 2 = 10\%$ food supply
- 11 3 = 10%; secondary
- 63 4 = Primary; not intensive
- 57 5 = Primary; intensive

152. SCALE 4- URBANIZATION

- 56 1 = fewer than 100 persons
- 43 2 = 100-199 persons
- 33 3 = 200-399 persons
- 30 4 = 400-999 persons
- 24 5 = 1000 persons

153. SCALE 5- TECHNOLOGICAL SPECIALIZATION

- 39 1 = None
- 27 2 = Pottery only
- 31 3 = Loom weaving only
- 56 4 = Metalwork only
- 33 5 = Smiths, weavers, potters

154. SCALE 6- LAND TRANSPORT

- 108 1 = Human only
- 42 2 = Pack animals
- 14 3 = Draft animals
- 11 4 = Animal-drawn vehicles
- 11 5 = Automotive vehicles

155. SCALE 7- MONEY

- 77 1 = None
- 14 2 = Domestically usable articles
- 43 3 = Alien currency
- 27 4 = Elementary forms
- 25 5 = True money

156. SCALE 8- DENSITY OF POPULATION

- 58 1 = less than 1 person/square mile
- 25 2 = 1-5 persons/square mile
- 28 3 = 5.1-25 persons/square mile
- 35 4 = 26-100 persons/square mile
- 40 5 = 100 persons/square mile

157. SCALE 9- POLITICAL INTEGRATION

- 11 1 = None
- 72 2 = Autonomous local communities
- 46 3 = 1 level above community
- 28 4 = 2 levels above community
- 29 5 = 3 levels above community

158. SCALE 10- SOCIAL STRATIFICATION

- 65 1 = Egalitarian
- 52 2 = Hereditary slavery
- 19 3 = 2 social classes, no castes/slavery
- 20 4 = 2 social classes, castes/slavery
- 30 5 = 3 social classes or castes, with or without slavery

158.1. SUM OF CULTURAL COMPLEXITY (v149-v158)

10 = lowest

50 = highest

notes on these codes

notes on these codes

SEXUAL ATTITUDES AND PRACTICES

Broude, Gwen, and Sarah J. Greene. 1976. ETHNOLOGY 15:409-429. Cross-Cultural Codes in Barry and Schlegel 1980.

Datafile: STDS07.DAT Vars. 159-178 sexual practices & attitudes

159. TALK ABOUT SEX

- 126 . = Missing data
- 18 1 = Adults and adults talk explicitly
- 2 2 = Except with children
- 13 3 = Except with certain people
- 9 4 = Only with intimates
- 18 5 = Never

160. SEX FREQUENCY IN MARRIAGE

- 120 . = Missing data
- 11 1 = No abstinence
- 40 2 = Abstinence at times
- 6 3 = Moderation
- 9 4 = Abstinence admired

161. SEX BELIEVED DANGEROUS

- 152 . = Missing data
- 14 1 = Absent
- 4 2 = With specific categories
- 9 3 = Only unusual practices
- 1 4 = Only sexual secretions
- 6 5 = Always

162. FOREPLAY

- 151 . = Missing data
- 18 1 = Present
- 4 2 = Minimal
- 13 3 = Absent

163. AGE FOR CLOTHING- MALE

- 147 . = Missing data
 - 6 1 = Never
 - 1 2 = Adulthood
 - 9 3 = Puberty
- 19 4 = Toddler to puberty
- 1 5 = Toddler
- 3 6 = At birth

164. AGE FOR CLOTHING- FEMALE

- 138 . = Missing data
 - 4 1 = Never
 - 2 2 = Adulthood
 - 7 3 = Puberty
- 27 4 = Toddler to puberty
- 5 5 = Toddler
- 3 6 = At birth

165. PREMARITAL SEX ATTITUDES- FEMALE

- 56 . = Missing data
- 30 1 = Expected
- 28 2 = Tolerated
- 22 3 = Mildly disapproved
- 11 4 = Moderately disapproved
- 4 5 = Disallowed
- 35 6 = Strongly disapproved

166. FREQUENCY OF PREMARITAL SEX- MALE

- 84 . = Missing data
- 60 1 = Universal
- 18 2 = Moderate
- 11 3 = Occasional
- 13 4 = Uncommon

167. FREQUENCY OF PREMARITAL SEX- FEMALE

- 77 . = Missing data
- 51 1 = Universal

- 19 2 = Moderate
- 16 3 = Occasional
- 23 4 = Uncommon

168. INITIATOR OF PREMARITAL SEX

- 156 . = Missing data
 - 5 1 = Women always
 - 2 = Women more than men
 - 9 3 = Both equally
 - 5 4 = Men more than women
- 11 5 = Men always

169. EXTRAMARITAL SEX

- 77 . = Missing data
- 13 1 = Single standard- both allowed
- 48 2 = Double standard- husband only
- 24 3 = Double standard- both forbidden, women punished more
- 24 4 = Single standard- both condemned equally

170. FREQUENCY OF EXTRAMARITAL SEX- MALE

- 135 . = Missing data
 - 6 1 = Universal
- 29 2 = Moderate
- 6 3 = Occasional
- $10 \quad 4 =$ Uncommon

171. FREQUENCY OF EXTRAMARITAL SEX- FEMALE

- 133 . = Missing data
 - 6 1 = Universal
- 23 2 = Moderate
- 9 3 = Occasional
- 15 4 = Uncommon

172. WIFESHARING

- 83 . = Missing data
- 4 1 = For any reason
- 11 2 = Vis-a-vis specific group men
- 5 3 = Vis-a-vis specific man
- 7 4 = Occasionally for sex gratification
- 3 5 = For husband's economic benefit
- 11 6 = Aside from sex gratification
- 62 7 = None

- 147 . = Missing data
 - 9 1 = Accepted/ignored
 - 4 2 = Ridiculed
 - 8 3 = Mildly disapproved
- 18 4 = Strongly disapproved

174. FREQUENCY OF RAPE

- 155 . = Missing data
 - 8 1 = Absent
- 10 2 = Rare
- 13 3 = Common

175. MALE SEXUAL AGGRESSIVENESS

- 126 . = Missing data
 - 5 1 = Men diffident, shy
 - 7 2 = Men sexually forward but not diffident
- 26 3 = Men forward verbally
- 7 4 = Men forward physically
- 6 5 = Men forward; hostile occasionally
- 9 6 = Men forward; hostile typically

176. HOMOSEXUALITY

- 146 . = Missing data
 - 9 1 = Accepted/ignored
 - 4 2 = None
 - 6 3 = Ridiculed, no punishment
 - 4 4 = Mildly disapproved
- 17 5 = Strongly disapproved

177. FREQUENCY OF HOMOSEXUALITY

- 117 . = Missing data
- 40 1 = Absent
- 29 2 = Present

178. IMPOTENCE

- 149 . = Missing data
 - 7 1 = No concern
- 30 2 = Concern

notes on these codes

CLIMATE DATA FROM WEATHER STATIONS. Referenced in "Winter temperature as a constraint to the migration of preindustrial peoples" Whiting et al. American Anthropologist 84:279-298 (1982). The weather data is cited as coming from Walter, H., and H. Leith (1964) Klimadiagramm-Weltatlas, Jena: Gustav Fischer.

Whiting, John W. M. (New Codes: Not Previously Published)

Datafile: STDS08.DAT Vars. 179-199 climate These codes are taken from Climate maps, for weather stations closest to the time and place of each societal focus.

179. LATITUDE OF WEATHER STATION

0 = Min (Equator) 80 = Max (Pole)

180. LATITUDE HEMISPHERE

128 1 = North 52 2 = South

181. LONGITUDE OF WEATHER STATION

0 = Min (Greenwich Meridian passes through London)

180 = Max (mid-Pacific Meridian)

```
182. LONGITUDE HEMISPHERE
```

```
104 3 = East
75 4 = West
```

183. ALTITUDE IN METERS

0 = Min 3822 = Max

184. YEARS OF OBSERVATION--TEMPERATURE

```
00 = Min (1900)
```

70 = Max (1970)

185. YEARS OF OBSERVATION--PRECIPITATION

```
00 = Min (1900)
73 = Max (1973)
```

186. MEAN ANNUAL TEMPERATURE (xC)

-16 = Min

29 = Max

187. HOTTEST MONTH MEAN TEMPERATURE (xC)

3 = Min

46 = Max 188. COLDEST MONTH MEAN TEMPERATURE (xC) -28 = Min 44 = Max 189. MEAN ANNUAL PRECIPITATION (mm) 0 = Min

4819 = Max

190. MEAN DAILY MIN COLDEST MONTH (xC)

-61 = Min

24 = Max

191. MEAN DAILY MAX HOTTEST MONTH (xC)

-2 = Min

41 = Max

192. HIGHEST PRECIPITATION IN WETTEST MONTH (mm)

0 = Min670 = Max

193. LOWEST PRECIPITATION IN DRYEST MONTH (mm)

0 = Min295 = Max

194. WETTEST MONTH

- 11 1 = Jan - 2 = Feb 2 3 = March
- 6 4 = Apr
- 12 5 = May
- 20 6 = June
- 39 7 = July
- 8 = Aug 38
- 23 9 = Sept
- 15 10 = Oct
- 5 11 = Nov
- 7 12 = Dec

195. DRYEST MONTH

- 52 1 = Jan
- 36 2 = Feb
- 12 3 = March
- 11 4 = Apr
- 4 5 = May
- 10 6 = June

- 16 7 = July
- 8 8 = Aug
- 3 9 = Sept
- 2 10 = Oct
- 4 11 = Nov
- 20 12 = Dec

196. NUMBER OF DRY MONTHS

- 76 0 = None
- 8 1 =
- 13 2 =
- 10 3 =
- 19 4 =
- 13 5 =
- 15 6 =
- 10 7 =
- 8 8 =
- 1 9 =
- 3 10 =
- 1 11 =
- 9 12 =

197. HOTTEST MONTH

- 2 1 = Jan
- 5 2 = Feb
- 11 3 = Mar
- 23 4 = Apr
- 30 5 = May
- 13 6 = June
- 7 = July 66
- 8 = Aug 18
- 7 9 = Sept
- 2 10 = Oct
- 2 11 = Nov
- 24 12 = Dec

198. COLDEST MONTH

- 117 1 = Jan 14 2 = Feb 1 3 = Mar 1 4 = Apr - 5 = May 4 6 = June 7 7 = July 8 8 = Aug

 - 1 9 = Sept

2 10 = Oct

1 11 = Nov

22 12 = Dec

Note distribution of sample and earth's population is more towards the cold Northerly regions (coldest in January) than the cold Southerly regions (coldest in July).

199. NUMBER OF FROST MONTHS

158 0 = None1 1 = _ 2 = 3 = -4 = -1 5 = 6 = 1 7 7 = 8 = 3 6 9 = 2 10 = 5 11 = 2 12 =

notes on these codes

ETHNOGRAPHIC ATLAS. Ethnoatlas codes 200-291 were changed in the World Cultures revision by J. Patrick Gray, 1998 PDF Ethnographic Atlas Codebook]. World Cultures] 10(1):86-136. eclectic.ss.uci.edu Changes in this part of the codebook need to be checked and aligned with ATLAS CODES and frequencies recomputed. They. were partly corrected starting with v.208 on May 8, 2009). These still need extensive work to integrate the new codebook into this document.

Murdock, George P. 1962-1971. Installments in ETHNOLOGY.

 STDS09.DAT
 200-231

 STDS10.DAT
 232-268

 STDS11.DAT
 269

 STDS12.DAT
 270-292

200. REGION

28 1 = Africa

Exclusive of Madagascar and the Sahara

28 2 = Circum-Mediterranean

North Africa, Europe, Turkey, Caucasus, Semitic Near East

 34 3 = East Eurasia including Madagascar and Islands in Indian Ocean
 31 4 = Insular Pacific including Australia, Indonesia, Formosa, Phillipines

 33 5 = North America indigenous societies to the Isthmus of Tehuantepec
 32 6 = South America

including Antilles, Yucatan, Central America

201. AREA

1 - 10 (Murdock 1962, ETHNOLOGY 1: 124-134)

1 AFRICA 2 CIRCUM 3 E EUR 4 INS PAC 5 N AMER 6 S AMER 1 Afr. Hunters Ethiop-Horn Middle East Phl-Formosa Arctic Amer C.America 2 S.Afr. Bantu Mosl. Sudan Cntrl. Asia W.Indonesia N.W.Coast Caribbean 3 C. Bantu Sahara Arctic Asia E.Indonesia California Guiana 4 N.E.Bantu N. Africa East Asia New Guinea Gr.Basin-Pl Lower Amaz 5 Equit. Bantu S. Europe Himalayas Australia Plains Inner Amaz 6 Guinea Coast Overseas E. N.-C.India Micronesia Prarie Andes 7 W. Sudan N.W. Europe South India W.Melanesia E.Woodlands Chile-Pata 8 Nigerian Pt. E. Europe Indian Ocn. E.Melanesia Southwest Gran Chago Turk-Caus. Assam-Burma W.Polynesia N.W.Mexico Mato Grosso 9 E. Sudan 0 Upper Nile Sem.Near E. S.E.Asia E.Polynesia C.Mexico E. Brazil

202. EA NUMBER

1 - 51 (Within Area)

203-207: SUBSISTENCE ECONOMY: PERCENTAGE DEPENDENCE

- 203. DEPENDENCE ON GATHERING (Atlas 1)
- 204. DEPENDENCE ON HUNTING (Atlas 3)
- 205. DEPENDENCE ON FISHING (Atlas 3)
- 206. DEPENDENCE ON ANIMAL HUSBANDRY (Atlas 4)

*Correct Spss case 50: Basque: Husbandry should be 3 not 4

*Coding on 75: Khmer inconsistently coded 10235 sums to 110%

207. DEPENDENCE ON AGRICULTURE (Atlas 5)

Number of Cases for Each Variable:

	203	204	205	206	207
	Gath	Hunt	Fish	Anim	Agri
0 = 0 - 5% Dependence	86	64	57	77	44
1 = 6 - 15%	51	47	55	39	11
2 = 16 - 25%	23	33	29	29	4
3 = 26 - 35%	9	19	14	19	2
4 = 36 - 45%	9	11	12	7	16

5 = 46 - 55%	4	5	11	3	36
6 = 56 - 65%	3	3	5	2	39
7 = 66 - 75%	-	2	1	1	17
8 = 76 - 85%	1	1	1	4	13
9 = 86 - 100%	-	1	1	5	4

208. MODE OF MARRIAGE (Atlas 6)

209. MODE OF MARRIAGE (ALTERNATE) (Atlas 7)

	208	209		
	Mode	Alter	rn	
1 = Bride-Price or -Wealth, to bride's family		71	9	
2 = Bride-Service, to bride's family		9	3	
3 = Token Bride-price		42	-	
4 = Gift Exchange, reciprocal		16	4	
5 = Sister or Female Relative Exchanged for Bri	de	9	9	
6 = Absence of Consideration		15	-	
7 = Dowry, to bride from her family		24	15	

THE CODE ABOVE WAS REVISED TO FORM A CONTINUUM OF CONTRAST FROM BRIDE-PRICE WITH DOWRY

THE FOLLOWING CODE IS OBSOLETE and the code above was substituted May 9, 2009

208 209

A	Node Alte	ern		
1 = Bride-Price or -Wealth, to bride's family	71	9		
2 = Dowry, to bride from her family	24	15		
3 = Gift Exchange, reciprocal	16	4		
4 = Absence of Consideration	15	-		
5 = Bride-Service, to bride's family	9	3		
6 = Token Bride-price	42	-		
7 = Sister or Female Relative Exchanged for Bride	e 9	9		
9 = No Alternative		146		
PAT GRAY SAYS THE CODES SHOULD HAVE THESE FREQUEN	ICIES BUT	THE FREQS	ARE NOT CORRE	ст.
Bride-Price		71	L	

Bride-Price		71
Bride-Service		24
Token Bride-price	16	
Gift-Exchange		15
Sister		9
Absence		42
Dowry		9

210. DOMESTIC ORGANIZATION (Atlas 8)

1 . = Missing Data

- 14 1 = Independent Nuclear Family, Monogamous
- 43 2 = Independent Nuclear Family, occasional Polygyny
- 3 3 = Independent Polyandrous Families
- 6 4 = Polygynous: Unusual Co-wives Pattern (4, 6 below)
- 21 5 = Polygynous: Usual Co-Wife Pattern (3, 5 below)

- 12 6 = Minimal (stem) extended families
- 44 7 = Small Extended Families
- 42 8 = Large Extended Families
 - * ADD LABEL 8 to your Spss file v210
- 211. COMPOSITION OF DOMESTIC GROUP (Atlas 9 combined)
 - 1 . = Missing Data
 - 14 1 = Independent Nuclear, Monogamous
 - 43 2 = Independent Nuclear, Occasional Polygyny
 - 4 3 = Preferentially Sororal, Cowives in same dwelling
 - 1 4 = Preferentially Sororal, Cowives separate dwellings
 - 17 5 = Non-Sororal, Cowives in separate dwellings
 - 5 6 = Non-Sororal, Cowives in same dwelling
 - 3 7 = Independent Polyandrous Families
 - 98 8 = Extended Family
 - * 8 in Spss: was previously coded here as 9
- 212. MARITAL COMPOSITION WITHIN EXTENDED FAMILIES (Atlas 9 combined)
 - 21 1 = Monogamy
 - 39 2 = Occasional or limited polygyny
 - 12 3 = Preferentially sororal, co-wives in same dwelling
 - 1 4 = Preferentially sororal, co-wives separate dwelling
 - 16 5 = Non-sororal, co-wives separate dwelling
 - 9 6 = Non-sororal polygyny, co-wives in same dwelling
 - 88 7 = Polyandry, or no extended family
 - * 7 in Spss: was previously coded here as 9
- 213. MARITAL RESIDENCE WITH KIN: FIRST YEARS (Atlas 10 combined)
 - 1 . = Missing Data
 - 1 1 = Ambilocal: with either kin group
 - 4 2 = Nonestablishment of Common Household
 - 30 3 = Uxorilocal: with wife's parents
 - 4 4 = Virilocal: with husband's parents
 - 147 5 = Same as Prevalent Residence (#215)

THE CODE ABOVE WAS REVISED TO FORM A CONTINUUM FROM BILOCAL TO VIRILOCAL

EXCLUDING 5

- THE FOLLOWING CODE IS OBSOLETE and the code above was substituted May 9, 2009
- 1 . = Missing Data
- 147 -1 = Same as Prevalent Residence (#215)
- 4 0 = Nonestablishment of Common Household
- 30 2 = Uxorilocal: with wife's parents
- 1 4 = Bilocal: with either kin group
- 4 7 = Virilocal: with husband's parents
- 214. TRANSFER OF RESIDENCE AT MARRIAGE: FIRST YEARS (Atlas 10 combined)

- 1 . = Missing Data
- 3 1 = Wife to Husband's Group (7 in 213)
- 1 2 = Couple to either Group or Neolocal (4 in 213)
- 30 3 = Husband to Wife's Group (2 in 213)
- 4 4 = No Common Residence (0 in 213)
- 147 5 = Same as Prevalent Residence (#216)
 - * Note: get rid of this variable (redundant)

THE CODE ABOVE WAS REVISED TO FORM A CONTINUUM FROM BILOCAL TO VIRILOCAL

EXCLUDING 5

- THE FOLLOWING CODE IS OBSOLETE and the code above was substitute May 30, 2009
- 1 . = Missing Data
- 147 -1 = Same as Prevalent Residence (#216)
- 3 1 = Wife to Husband's Group (7 above)
- 1 2 = Couple to either Group or Neolocal (4 above)
- 30 3 = Husband to Wife's Group (2 above)
- 4 9 = No Common Residence (0 above)
 - * Note: get rid of this variable (redundant)
- 215. MARITAL RESIDENCE WITH KIN: AFTER FIRST YEARS (Atlas 11)
 - 1 . = Missing Data
 - 1 0 = Nonestablishment of Common Household
 - 16 1 = Matrilocal: with wife's unilineal kin group
 - 14 2 = Uxorilocal: with wife's parents
 - 1 3 = Optional avuncu- or uxori-local
 - 15 12 4 = Bilocal: with either kin group
 - 8 5 = Avunculocal: with husband's mother's brother
 - 1 6 = Optional avuncu-, viri-, or patri-locality
 - 41 48 7 = Virilocal: with husband's parents
 - 71 69 8 = Patrilocal: with husband's unilineal kin group
 - 17 15 9 = Neolocal: independent of kin

NEW FREQUENCIES FROM PATRICK GRAY ETHNOATLAS CORRECTIONS

- 216. TRANSFER OF RESIDENCE AT MARRIAGE: AFTER FIRST YEARS (Atlas 12***)
 - 1 . = Missing Data
 - 121126 1 = Wife to Husband's Group (5, 6, 7, 8 above)
 - 33 28 2 = Couple to either Group or Neolocal (3, 4, 9 above)
 - 30 3 = Husband to Wife's Group (1, 2 above)
 - 1 4 = No Common Residence (0 above)
 - * 4 in Spss: was previously coded here as 9
 - NEW FREQUENCIES FROM PATRICK GRAY ETHNOATLAS CORRECTIONS
- 217. MARITAL RESIDENCE WITH KIN: ALTERNATE FORM (Atlas 12***)
 - 1 . = Missing Data
 - 0 = Nonestablishment of Common Household
 - 1 = Matrilocal: with wife's unilineal kin group

- 28 2 = Uxorilocal: with wife's parents
- 1 3 = Optional avuncu- or uxori-local
- ? 2 4 = Bilocal: with either kin group
- 9 5 = Avunculocal: with husband's mother's brother
- 6 = Optional avuncu-, viri-, or patri-locality
- 16 7 = Virilocal: with husband's parents
- 2 8 = Patrilocal: with husband's unilineal kin group
- 20 9 = Neolocal: independent of kin
- 107 10 = Same as Prevalent Residence (#215)
 - * 10 in Spss: was previously coded here as -1
 - * 2 in original code RECODED IN PATRICK GRAY ETHNOATLAS CORRECTIONS
 - THE FOLLOWING CODE IS OBSOLETE and the code above was substituted May 9, 2009
- 1 . = Missing Data
- 107 -1 = Same as Prevalent Residence (#215)
 - 0 = Nonestablishment of Common Household
 - 1 = Matrilocal: with wife's unilineal kin group
- 28 2 = Uxorilocal: with wife's parents
- 1 3 = Optional avuncu- or uxori-local
- 2 4 = Bilocal: with either kin group
- 9 5 = Avunculocal: with husband's mother's brother
- 6 = Optional avuncu-, viri-, or patri-locality
- 16 7 = Virilocal: with husband's parents
- 2 8 = Patrilocal: with husband's unilineal kin group
- 20 9 = Neolocal: independent of kin
 - * 10 in Spss: was previously coded here as -1

218. TRANSFER OF RESIDENCE AT MARRIAGE: ALTERNATE FORM (Atlas 14)

- 1 . = Missing Data
- 27 1 = Wife to Husband's Group (5, 6, 7, 8 above)
- 23 2 = Couple to either Group or Neolocal (3, 4, 9 above)
- 28 3 = Husband to Wife's Group (1, 2 above)
- 107 4 = Same as Prevalent Residence (#215)
 - * 4 in Spss: was previously coded here as -1

219. COMMUNITY MARRIAGE ORGANIZATION (Atlas 15)

220. COMMUNITY MARRIAGE ORGANIZATION (Alternate) (Atlas 16)

219 220

	Cmnty. Al	tern.
. = Missing Data	4	-
1 = Demes (not segmented into clan barrios)	17	-
2 = Segmented communities without local exogamy	40	3
3 = Agamous communities	66	-
4 = Exogamous communities (not clans)	28	-
5 = Segmented communities (containing localized		
clans) with local exogamy	2	-
6 = Clan communities (or clan barrios)	29	-

9 = No secondary organization

- 183

- 221. LARGEST PATRILINEAL KIN GROUP (Atlas 17)
- 222. LARGEST PATRILINEAL EXOGAMOUS GROUP (IF DIFFERENT)
- 223. LARGEST MATRILINEAL KIN GROUP
- 224. LARGEST MATRILINEAL EXOGAMOUS GROUP (IF DIFFERENT)

	Patril	lineal	Matrilineal		
	221	222	223	224	
	Largest	Exog.			
. = Missing Data	1	-	1	-	
1 = None	104	-	144	-	
2 = Exogamous Group	-	-	3	-	
3 = Lineages in a Single Community	18	12	7	2	
4 = Sibs (Lineages in Multiple Communit	ies) 42	5	15	3	
5 = Phratries (Maximally Extended Sibs)	15	-	5	-	
6 = Moieties	6	-	11	-	
7 = No Difference		169		181	

225. COGNATIC KIN GROUPS

226. SECONDARY COGNATIC KIN GROUP: WHERE BOTH KINDREDS AND RAMAGES

	225	226
	Cogn.	2nd
. = Missing Data	1	-
1 = Bilateral descent	48	-
2 = Kindreds: ego-oriented bilateral kin-groups	27	2
3 = Ambilineal descent: lacking true ramages	-	-
4 = Ramages: ancestor oriented ambilineal groups	7	1
5 = Exogamous ramages	2	-
6 = Quasi-lineages: filiation based, not descent	4	-
9 = Unilineal descent groups	97	n.a.
9 = No Secondary cognatic group	n	183

227. NUMBER OF COUSIN MARRIAGES (Allowed)

228. NUMBER OF COUSIN MARRIAGES (Preferred)

* Note change in order from 227 229 228 230		239
	227	228 228
	Alwd.	Pref. GRAY
. = Missing Data	13	2 12*
1 = All four cousins	25	- 12*
2 = Three of four cousins	8	- 1*
3 = Two of four cousins (e.g., paternal)	44	19 38*
4 = One of four cousins (e.g., FaBrDa)	6	36 8*
5 = No first cousins	19	4 4*
6 = First and some second cousins excluded	2	2 2*
7 = No first, unknown for second	27	*

8 = No first or second cousins	42	*	
9 = No preferential or prescriptive unions		123 113	

*228 HAS MAJOR DISCREPANCIES WITH PATRICK GRAY ETHNOATLAS RECODES (SEEM CORRECT)

229. SUBTYPES OF COUSIN MARRIAGES (Allowed)

230.	SUBTYPES OF COUSIN MARRIAGES (Preferred)	228	
		229	230
		Alwd.	Pref.
	. = Missing Data	13	2
	1 = FaSiDa	-	5
	2 = Paternal (FBD if only one)	1	8
	3 = Uncle's Da	-	-
	4 = Other	165	25
	5 = Aunt's Da	-	-
	6 = Maternal	1	-
	8 = MoBrDa	6	23
	9 = No preferential or prescriptive unions		123

231. KIN TERMS FOR COUSINS

14 . = Missing Data

- 16 1 = Descriptive terms, e.g. 'mothers brothers son'
- 45 3 = Iroquois: Cross cousins versus parallel are siblings
- 4 4 = Mixed or deviant
- 14 5 = Omaha: Generational merging; MoBrCh up; FaSCh down
- 15 6 = Crow: Generational merging; MoBrCh down; FaSCh up
- 23 7 = Eskimo: Cousins versus siblings
- 54 8 = Hawaiian: Siblings plus cousins equated

notes on these codes

232. INTENSITY OF CULTIVATION

- 42 1 = No agriculture
- 10 2 = Casual agriculture, incidental to other subsistence modes
- 55 3 = Extensive or shifting agriculture, long fallow, and new fields cleared annually
- 18 4 = Horticulture, vegetal gardens or groves of fruit trees
- 32 5 = Intensive agriculture, using fertilization, crop rotation,
 - or other techniques to shorten or eliminate fallow period
- 29 6 = Intensive irrigated agriculture

233. MAJOR CROP TYPE

- 44 1 = None or none specified
- 2 = Non-food crops only, such as cotton or tobacco

- 3 = Vegetables
- 13 4 = Tree fruits
- 38 5 = Roots or tubers
- 91 6 = Cereal grains

234. SETTLEMENT PATTERNS

- 26 1 = Nomadic or fully migratory
- 24 2 = Seminomadic
- 13 3 = Semisedentary
- 3 4 = Compact but impermanent settlements
- 20 5 = Neighborhoods of dispersed family homesteads
- 17 6 = Separated hamlets, forming a single community
- 75 7 = Compact and relatively permanent settlements
- 8 8 = Complex settlements

235. MEAN SIZE OF LOCAL COMMUNITIES

- 38 . = Missing data
- 31 1 = Fewer than 50
- 29 2 = 50-99
- 24 3 = 100-199
- 17 4 = 200-399
- 12 5 = 400-1000
- 4 6 = 1,000 without any town of more than 5000
- 10 7 = One or more towns of 5,000-50,000
- 21 8 = One or more cities of more than 50,000

236. JURISDICTIONAL HIERARCHY OF LOCAL COMMUNITY

- 45 3 = Two levels (theoretical minimum, e.g., family and band)
- 117 4 = Three levels
- 24 5 = Four levels (e.g., nuclear family, extended family,
 - clan barrios, village levels)
 - * Note: Recode this variable 2-4

237. JURISDICTIONAL HIERARCHY BEYOND LOCAL COMMUNITY

- 2 . = Missing data
- 82 1 = No levels (no political authority beyond community)
- 48 2 = One level (e.g., petty chiefdoms)
- 23 3 = Two levels (e.g., larger chiefdoms)
- 19 4 = Three levels (e.g., states)
- 12 5 = Four levels (e.g., large states)

238. HIGH GODS

- 18 . = Missing data
- 68 1 = Absent or not reported
- 47 2 = Present but not active in human affairs
- 13 3 = Present and active in human affairs but not

supportive of human morality

40 4 = Present, active, and specifically supportive of human morality

239. GAMES

The code below can also be expressed in a semi-order or partial Guttman

scale, as there are five latent classes or dominant scale types:

for P C S, these are - - - + - - + + - + - + + + + +

- 14 . = Missing data
- 12 1 = None of the three types
- 64 2 = Physical skill
- 1 3 = Chance
- 4 4 = Strategy
- 47 5 = Skill and chance
- 22 6 = Skill and strategy
- 7 = Chance and strategy
- 22 8 = All

240. POST-PARTUM SEX TABOOS

- 79 . = Missing data
- 5 1 = None
- 24 2 = No longer than 1 month
- 33 3 = 1 to 6 months
- 8 4 = 6 months to 1 year
- 19 5 = More than one year to two years
- 18 6 = More than two years

241. MALE GENITAL MUTILATIONS

- 5 . = Missing data
- 131 0 = Absent
 - 5 1 = Within first two months after birth
- 1 2 = Two months to two years
- 5 3 = Two to five years
- 16 4 = Six to ten years
- 17 5 = 11 to 15 years
- 2 6 = 16 to 25 years
- 7 = 25 to 50 years
- 1 8 = After 50 years
- 3 9 = Normal age unclear

242. SEGREGATION OF ADOLESCENT BOYS

- 29 . = Missing data
- 108 1 = Absence
- 19 2 = Partial
- 8 3 = Complete, with relatives outside nuclear family
- 4 4 = Complete, with non-relatives

18 5 = Complete, with peers

243. ANIMALS AND PLOW CULTIVATION

- 153 1 = Absent (no plow animals)
 - 2 2 = Not aboriginal but well established at period of observation
- 31 3 = Prior to contract

244. PREDOMINANT TYPE OF ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

- 55 1 = Absence or near absence of large domestic animals
- 30 2 = Pigs the only large domestic animals
- 15 3 = Sheep and/or goats without larger domestic animals
- 10 4 = Equine animals (horses, donkeys)
- 3 5 = Deer (reindeer)
- 5 6 = Camels, alpacas, or llamas
- 68 7 = Bovine animals (cattle, mithun, water buffalo, yaks)

245. MILKING OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS

- 129 1 = Little or no milking, or insufficient information
- 57 2 = Milked more often than sporadically

246. SUBSISTENCE ECONOMY roughly equal to the categores below for 858. Subsistence Type

- Ecological Classification (858 categories)

15	1 = Gathering	1 Gathering
19	2 = Fishing	3 Fishing
12	3 = Hunting	2 Hunting, or Marine animals, or 5 Mounted Hunting
16	4 = Pastoral	6 Pastoralism
22	5 = Incipient agriculture	no such category in 858
45	6 = Extensive agriculture	7-9 Shifting Cultivation or Horticulture or Tree fruits
57	7 = Intensive agriculture	11-12 Intensive agriculture

Note: this is a poor code, not in the original EA; use with care given the categories

247. DESCENT: MAJOR TYPE (From Variables 121-126)

- 72 1 = Patrilineal
- 9 2 = Duolateral
- 27 3 = Matrilineal
- 5 4 = Quasi-lineages
- 8 5 = Ambilineal
- 65 6 = Bilateral
- 248. SEX DIFFERENCES IN METAL WORKING
- 249. SEX DIFFERENCES IN WEAVING
- 250. SEX DIFFERENCES IN LEATHER WORKING
- 251. SEX DIFFERENCES IN POTTERY MAKING

252. SEX DIFFERENCES IN BOAT BUILDING

253. SEX DIFFERENCES IN HOUSE CONSTRUCTION

*	Note	changes	in	order	from	248	250	252	254	256	258	
---	------	---------	----	-------	------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	--

*	248	249	250	251	252	253	
*	MET	WEA	LEA	POT	BOA	нои	
. = Missing data	2	13	48	15	26	35	
1 = Males alone or almost alone	79	20	32	10	75	91	м
2 = Males appreciably more	1	3	1	2	5	17	N
3 = Differentiation but equal participation	-	5	-	4	-	19	D
4 = Equal partic. w/out marked differentiation	n –	-	1	2	-	4	Е
5 = Females appreciably more	-	1	3	2	-	5	G
6 = Females alone or almost alone	-	48	32	72	1	14	F
7 = Gender irrelevant, esp. industrialized	1	-	-	1	-	-	I
8 = Activity present: sex partic. unspecified	1	9	22	20	19	1	P
9 = Activity absent or unimportant	102	87	47	58	60	-	0

254. AGE OR OCCUPATIONAL SPECIALIZATION IN METAL WORKING

255. AGE OR OCCUPATIONAL SPECIALIZATION IN WEAVING

256. AGE OR OCCUPATIONAL SPECIALIZATION IN LEATHER WORKING

257. AGE OR OCCUPATIONAL SPECIALIZATION IN POTTERY MAKING

258. AGE OR OCCUPATIONAL SPECIALIZATION IN BOAT BUILDING

259. AGE OR OCCUPATIONAL SPECIALIZATION IN HOUSE CONSTRUCTION

*	Note	changes	in	order	from	249	251	253	255	257	259	
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*	249	250	251	252	253	254
*	MET	WEA	LEA	POT	BOA	HOU
. = Missing data	2	13	48	15	26	35
0 = Performed by any or most adults	4	69	73	89	88	137
1 = Junior age specialization (before puberty) -	-	-	-	-	-
2 = Senior age specialization (beyond prime)	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 = Craft specialization	76	16	18	23	12	14
4 = Industrialized specialization	2	1	-	1	-	-
9 = Activity absent	102	87	47	58	60	-
* Note: check which is missing data						

260. SEX DIFFERENCES IN GATHERING

261. SEX DIFFERENCES IN HUNTING

262. SEX DIFFERENCES IN FISHING

263. SEX DIFFERENCES IN ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

264. SEX DIFFERENCES IN AGRICULTURE

* Note changes in order from 260 262 264 266 268

*	260	261	262	263	264	
*	GAT	HUN	FIS	ANI	AGR	
. = Missing data	23	6	12	21	7	
0					1	
1 = Males alone or almost alone	4	153	66	37	17	
2 = Males appreciably more	5	2	43	23	38	

3 = Differentiation but equal participation	3	-	10	18	14
4 = Equal partic. w/out marked differentiation	11	-	8	14	25
5 = Females appreciably more	24	-	5	4	36
6 = Females alone or almost alone	64	-	3	12	6
7 = Gender irrelevant, esp. industrialized					
8 = Activity present: sex partic. unspecified	4	-	1	2	-
9 = Activity absent or unimportant	48	25	38	55	42

265. AGE OR OCCUPATIONAL SPECIALIZATION IN GATHERING

- 266. AGE OR OCCUPATIONAL SPECIALIZATION IN HUNTING
- 267. AGE OR OCCUPATIONAL SPECIALIZATION IN FISHING

268. AGE OR OCCUPATIONAL SPECIALIZATION IN ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

AGRICULTURE (NOT CODED)

* Note changes in order from 261 263 265 267			
* 265	266	267	268
* GAI	HUN	FIS	ANI
. = Missing data 23	6	12	21
0 = Performed by any or most adults 114	147	126	104
1 = Junior age specialization (before puberty) 1	1	-	4
2 = Senior age specialization (beyond prime)			
3 = Craft specialization -	7	10	3
4 = Industrialized specialization -	-	-	-
9 = Activity absent or unimportant 48	25	38	55

notes on these codes

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269. Murdock's Language Code: Revised in a later issue; no codes here.

notes on these codes

270. CLASS STRATIFICATION

1.	CLASS STRATIFICATION, SECONDARY FEATURE		
	*	270	271
		Class	Secd.
	. = Missing data	-	-
	1 = Absence among freemen	76	-
	2 = Wealth distinctions	45	3
	3 = Elite (based on control of land		
	or other resources)	3	4
	4 = Dual (hereditary aristocracy)	37	4
	5 = Complex (social classes)	25	2
	9 = No second type or absence of stratification		173

271. CLASS STRATIFICATION, SECONDARY FEATURE

272. CASTE STRATIFICATION (ENDOGAMY)

273. CASTE STRATIFICATION, SECONDARY TYPE

*	272	273
	Caste	Secd.
. = Missing data	5	-
1 = Absent or insignificant	154	-
2 = Despised occupational group(s)	17	1
3 = Ethnic stratification	3	1
4 = Complex	7	-
9 = No second type or absence of stratification		184

274. TYPE OF SLAVERY

- 6 . = Missing data
- 100 1 = Absence or near absence
- 27 2 = Incipient or nonhereditary
- 9 3 = Reported but type not identified
- 44 4 = Hereditary and socially significant

275. FORMER PRESENCE OF SLAVERY

- 136 1 = Absent or no difference from preceding column
- 50 2 = Formerly present

276. SUCCESSION TO THE OFFICE OF LOCAL HEADMAN

- 23 . = Missing data
- 58 1 = Patrilineal heir
- 17 2 = Matrilineal heir
- 5 3 = Nonhereditary (appointed by higher authority)
- 7 4 = Nonhereditary on basis of seniority or age
- 9 5 = Nonhereditary through influence (wealth or social status)
- 24 6 = Nonhereditary through election or other

formal consensus

- 23 7 = Nonhereditary through informal consensus
- 20 9 = Absence of any such office

277. SUCCESSION TO OFFICE OF LOCAL HEADMAN, BREAKDOWN OF HEREDITARY SUCCESSION

- 23 . = Missing data
- 44 1 = Hereditary by a son (patrilineal)
- 14 2 = Hereditary by other patrilineal heir (e.g., YoBr)
- 8 3 = Hereditary by a sister's son (matrilineal)
- 9 4 = Hereditary by other matrilineal heir (e.g., YoBr)
- 88 9 = Nonhereditary or absence of any such office

278. INHERITANCE OF REAL PROPERTY (LAND)

279. INHERITANCE OF MOVABLE PROPERTY

* Note change in order from 278 280	278	279
	Land	Movables
. = Missing data	31	34
1 = Absence of individual property rights or rules	59	22
2 = Matrilineal (sister's sons)	4	5
3 = Other matrilineal heirs (e.g., younger brothers)) 9	9
4 = Children, with daughters receiving less	12	14
5 = Children, equally for both sexes	9	22
6 = Other patrilineal heirs (e.g., younger brothers)) 8	9
7 = Patrilineal (sons)	54	71

DISTRIBUTION OF INHERITANCE AMONG INDIVIDUALS OF SAME CATEGORY

280. INHERITANCE OF REAL PROPERTY

281. INHERITANCE OF MOVABLE PROPERTY

 Note change in order from 279 281 	280	281
	Land	Movables
. = Missing data or absense of rights (#1 above)	91	55
1 = Equal or relatively equal	54	86
2 = Exclusively or predominantly to		
the one adjudged best qualified	6	6
3 = Ultimogeniture (to the junior individual)	4	5
4 = Primogeniture (to the senior individual)	28	27
9 = Missing data Note: Change 9 to "."	3	7

282. NORMS OF PREMARITAL SEX BEHAVIOR OF GIRLS

- 40 . = Missing data
- 13 1 = Early marriage of females (at or before puberty)
- 38 2 = Insistence on virginity
- 37 3 = Prohibited but weakly censured and not infrequent
- 16 4 = Allowed, censured only if pregnancy results
- 5 5 = Trial marriage, promiscuous relations prohibited
- 37 6 = Freely permitted, even if pregnancy results

283. PREVAILING TYPE OF DWELLING: GROUND PLAN

- 4 . = Missing data
- 1 1 = Semicircular
- 59 2 = Circular
- 6 3 = Elliptical or elongated with rounded ends
- 4 = Polygonal
- 107 5 = Rectangular or square

- 9 6 = Quadrangular around (if only partially) inner court
- 284. PREVAILING TYPE OF DWELLING: FLOOR LEVEL
 - 5 . = Missing data
 - 13 1 = Subterranean or semi-subterranean (ignoring cellars)
 - 138 2 = Floor formed by ground
 - 12 3 = Elevated slightly or on raised platform
 - 18 4 = Raised substantially on piles, posts, or piers
- 285. PREVAILING TYPE OF DWELLING: WALL MATERIAL
 - 65 . = Missing data
 - 12 1 = Stone, stucco, concrete, or fired brick
 - 19 2 = Plaster, mud and dung, or wattle and daub
 - 33 3 = Wood, including logs, planks, poles, bamboo, or shingles
 - 1 4 = Bark
 - 1 5 = Hides or skin
 - 6 6 = Felt, cloth, or other fabrics
 - 17 7 = Mats, latticework, or wattle
 - 14 8 = Grass, leaves, or other thatch
 - 17 9 = Adobe, clay, or dried brick
 - 10)= Open walls, including temporary screens
 - *)= Walls indistinguishable from roof
 - * Note: disaggregate 9 and 10

286. PREVAILING TYPE OF DWELLING: SHAPE OF ROOF

- 10 . = Missing data
- 10 1 = Rounded or semi-cylindrical
- 20 2 = Dome or hemisphere
- 7 3 = Beehive with pointed peak
- 34 4 = Conical
- 2 5 = Semi-hemisphere
- 6 6 = Shad (one slope)
- 14 7 = Flat or horizontal
- 68 8 = Gabled (two slopes)
- 15 9 = Hipped or pyramidal (four slopes)

287. PREVAILING TYPE OF DWELLING: ROOFING MATERIALS

- 10 . = Missing data
- 2 1 = Stone or slate, or tile or fired brick
- 3 2 = Plaster, clay, mud and dung, or wattle and daub
- 10 3 = Wood, including logs, planks, poles, bamboo, or shingles
- 6 4 = Bark
- 5 5 = Hides or skin
- 5 6 = Felt, cloth, or other fabric
- 9 7 = Mats
- 118 8 = Grass, leaves, brush, or other thatch

- 18 9 = Earth or turf
 - 10)= Ice or snow (combined with 9)
 - * Note: disaggregate 9 and 10
- 288. SECONDARY OR ALTERNATIVE HOUSE TYPE: GROUND PLAN
 - 2 1 = Semicircular
 - 18 2 = Circular
 - 3 3 = Elliptical or elongated with rounded ends
 - 4 = Polygonal
 - 38 5 = Rectangular or square
 - 7 6 = Quadrangular around (or partially around) an inner court
 - 118 9 = No secondary type

289. SECONDARY OR ALTERNATIVE HOUSE TYPE: FLOOR LEVEL

- = Missing data
- 1 1 = Subterranean or semi-subterranean (ignoring cellars)
- 50 2 = Floor formed by ground
- 8 3 = Elevated slightly or on raised platform
- 8 4 = Raised substantially on piles, posts, or piers
- 118 9 = No secondary type

290. SECONDARY OR ALTERNATIVE HOUSE TYPE: WALL MATERIAL

- 145 . = Missing data or no secondary type
- 7 1 = Stone, stucco, concrete, or fired brick
- 5 2 = Plaster, mud and dung, or wattle and daub
- 10 3 = Wood, including logs, planks, poles, bamboo, or shingles
- 3 4 = Bark
- 5 = Hides or skin
- 2 6 = Felt, cloth, or other fabrics
- 3 7 = Mats, latticework or wattle
- 3 8 = Grass, leaves, or other thatch
- 8 9 = Adobe, clay, or dried brick
- 10)= Open walls, including temporary screens
 -)= Walls indistinguishable from roof
 - * Note: separate . and 0
 - Note: disaggregate 9 and 10

291. SECONDARY OR ALTERNATIVE HOUSE TYPE: SHAPE OF ROOF

- 119 . = Missing data or no secondary type
 - 1 = Rounded or semi-cylindrical
 - 1 2 = Dome or hemisphere
 - 3 = Beehive with pointed peak
- 16 4 = Conical
- 2 5 = Semi-hemisphere
- 2 6 = Shad (one slope)
- 7 7 = Flat or horizontal

- 31 8 = Gabled (two slopes)
- 8 9 = Hipped or pyramidal (four slopes)
 - * Note: separate . and 0

292. SECONDARY OR ALTERNATIVE HOUSE TYPE: ROOFING MATERIALS

- 120 . = Missing data or no secondary type
 - 3 1 = Stone or slate, or tile or fired brick
 - 1 2 = Plaster, clay, mud and dung, or wattle and daub
 - 3 3 = Wood, incl. logs, planks, poles, bamboo, or shingles
 - 1 4 = Bark
 - 5 5 = Hides or skin
 - 2 6 = Felt, cloth or other fabric
 - 4 7 = Mats
- 42 8 = Grass, leaves, brush, or other thatch
- 5 9 = Earth or turf
 - 10)= Ice or snow (combined with 9)
 - * Note: separate . and 0
 - * Note: disaggregate 9 and 10

notes on these codes

TRAITS INCULCATED IN CHILDHOOD

Barry, Herbert, III, Lili Josephson, Edith Lauer, and Catherine Marshall. 1976. ETHNOLOGY 15:83-114. Cross-Cultural Codes in Barry and Schlegel 1980 5.

STDS13.DAT Variables: 293-336

- 293. Duration of Early Childhood
 - 87 1 = short (ending at about 7 years of age)
 - 36 2 = medium (ending at about 9 years of age)
 - 56 3 = long (ending at about 11 years of age or later)
 - 7 . = Missing data

294. Fortitude: Early Boy

- 295. Fortitude: Early Girl
- 296. Fortitude: Late Boy
- 297. Fortitude: Late Girl

	Ea	rly	La	te	
	Воу	Girl	Воу	Girl	
. = Missing data	46	55	31	41	
0 = no inculcation, or opposite trait	-	-	-	-	
1 =	-	1	-	-	
2 =	17	19	3	5	

3 =	16	17	5	11
4 =	11	13	11	9
5 = moderately strong inculcation	61	60	40	50
6 =	24	15	49	44
7 =	3	1	14	12
8 =	6	3	24	12
9 =	2	2	8	12
extremely strong inculcation	-	-	1	-

298. Aggression: Early Boy

299. Aggression: Early Girl

300. Aggression: Late Boy

301. 2	Aggression:	Late	Girl
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. = Missing data	53	68	38	58
0 = no inculcation, or opposite trait	-	-	-	-
1 =	6	7	4	5
2 =	25	30	9	16
3 =	14	15	11	16
4 =	7	10	9	10
5 = moderately strong inculcation	40	30	40	38
6 =	28	17	43	26
7 =	1	2	5	5
8 =	8	5	19	10
9 =	3	1	6	1
extremely strong inculcation	1	1	2	1

302. Competitiveness: Early Boy

303. Competitiveness: Early Girl

- 304. Competitiveness: Late Boy
- 305. Competitiveness: Late Girl

•					
. = Missing data	75	80	51	60	
0 = no inculcation, or opposite trait	6	6	5	5	
1 =	-	-	-	-	
2 =	21	21	15	17	
3 =	15	15	18	16	
4 =	9	9	9	10	
5 = moderately strong inculcation	38	35	42	44	
6 =	18	18	30	25	
7 =	2	1	2	1	
8 =	-	-	11	7	
9 =	2	1	3	1	

306. Self-reliance: Early Boy

307. Self-reliance: Early Girl

- 308. Self-reliance: Late Boy
- 309. Self-reliance: Late Girl

. = Missing data	31	33	26	33
0 = no inculcation, or opposite trait	1	2	1	1
1 =	7	8	4	5
2 =	39	48	6	10
3 =	27	29	5	15
4 =	9	11	5	10
5 = moderately strong inculcation	42	35	34	48
6 =	16	12	39	34
7 =	2	4	6	6
8 =	10	4	48	19
9 =	2	-	11	4
extremely strong inculcation	-	-	1	1

310. Achievement: Early Boy

- 311. Achievement: Early Girl
- 312. Achievement: Late Boy
- 313. Achievement: Late Girl

. = Missing data	40	50	24	33
0 = no inculcation or opposite trait	1	1	-	-
1 =	3	2	1	2
2 =	49	49	14	7
3 =	23	24	16	16
4 =	4	4	8	8
5 = moderately strong inculcation	44	36	46	51
6 =	17	17	47	45
7 =	1	1	3	4
8 =	3	2	22	18
9 =	1	-	5	2

314. Industry: Early Boy

315. Industry: Early Girl

316. Industry: Late Boy

317. Industry: Late Girl

. = Missing data	20	21	11	11
0 = no inculcation or opposite trait	4	3	-	-
1 =	10	3	1	-
2 =	83	62	10	4
3 =	28	35	17	11
4 =	14	13	16	6
5 = moderately strong inculcation	20	35	69	41
6 =	6	14	37	63
7 =	-	-	3	8

8 =	1	-	19	38
9 =	-	-	3	4

extremely strong inculcation

318. Responsibility: Early Boy

319. Responsibility: Early Girl

320. Responsibility: Late Boy

321. Responsibility: Late Girl

. = Missing data	35	36	25	28
0 = no inculcation or opposite trait	11	4	3	-
1 =	8	5	-	-
2 =	73	63	15	3
3 =	23	32	20	11
4 =	6	5	15	12
5 = moderately strong inculcation	21	33	49	50
6 =	8	7	37	51
7 =	-	-	2	3
8 =	1	1	19	28
9 =	-	-	1	-

322. Obedience: Early Boy

323. Obedience: Early Girl

324. Obedience: Late Boy

325. Obedience: Late Girl

. = Missing data	26	25	24	24
0 = no inculcation or opposite trait	2	-	1	-
1 =	3	3	1	-
2 =	27	23	15	10
3 =	11	13	10	10
4 =	14	11	12	11
5 = moderately strong inculcation	45	44	45	45
6 =	27	31	33	36
7 =	2	2	2	3
8 =	22	25	32	32
9 =	4	5	8	11
extremely strong inculcation	3	4	3	4

326. Self-restraint: Early Boy

327. Self-restraint: Early Girl
328. Self-restraint: Late Boy
329. Self-restraint: Late Girl

. = Missing data 52 53 51 54
0 = no inculcation or opposite trait - - - 1 = 6 7 1 1

2 =	38	32	19	16
3 =	35	31	19	16
4 =	5	7	12	11
5 = moderately strong inculcation	29	34	35	45
6 =	13	14	26	26
7 =	-	-	2	1
8 =	8	7	20	13
9 =	-	1	1	3

330. Sexual restraint: Early Boy

331.	Sexual	restraint:	Early	Girl
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- 332. Sexual restraint: Late Boy
- 333. Sexual restraint: Late Girl

. = Missing data	30	32	22	21
0 = no inculcation or opposite trait	1	1	-	-
1 =	14	11	7	4
2 =	67	57	41	32
3 =	22	19	27	18
4 =	14	14	25	25
5 = moderately strong inculcation	30	32	41	24
6 =	7	14	15	27
7 =	-	1	2	6
8 =	1	5	6	18
9 =	-	-	-	5
extremely strong inculcation	-	-	-	6

334. Generosity

. = Missing data	82
0 = no inculcation or opposite trait	-
1 =	1
2 =	4
3 =	6
4 =	4
5 = moderately strong inculcation	24
6 =	31
7 =	2
8 =	27
9 =	4
extremely strong inculcation	1

335. Trust

. = Missing data	48
0 = no inculcation or opposite trait	1

1 =		6
2 =		19
3 =		5
4 =		15
5 = m	moderately strong inculcation	34
6 =		18
7 =		11
8 =		25
9 =		3
е	extremely strong inculcation	1

336. Honesty

. = Missing data	76
0 = no inculcation or opposite trait	1
1 =	5
2 =	18
3 =	15
4 =	12
5 = moderately strong inculcation	28
б =	16
7 =	5
8 =	8
9 =	1
extremely strong inculcation	1

notes on these codes

AGENTS AND TECHNIQUES OF CHILD TRAINING

Barry, Herbert,III, Lili Josephson, Edith Lauer, and Catherine Marshall 1977. ETHNOLOGY 16:191-230. Cross-Cultural Codes in Barry and Schlegel 1980 6.

STDS14.DAT Variables: 337-376	STDS15.DAT Variables: 377-404
STDS16.DAT Variables: 405-432	STDS17.DAT Variables: 433-460
STDS18.DAT Variables: 461-480	

- 337. Importance of Non-Family Companions: Early Boy
- 338. Importance of Non-Family Companions: Early Girl
- 339. Importance of Non-Family Companions: Late Boy
- 340. Importance of Non-Family Companions: Late Girl

	Ea	Early		te
	Воу	Girl	Воу	Girl
. = Missing data	6	6	6	8
1 = Parents predominantly	2	2	1	1

	2 = Siblings; not other children	11	12	3	8
	3 = Primarily siblings, secondarily				
	other children	104	105	80	91
	4 = Primarily other children, secondarily				
	siblings	45	44	47	37
	5 = Other children; not siblings	18	17	49	41
341.	Sex of Companions: Early Boy				
342.	Sex of Companions: Early Girl				
343.	Sex of Companions: Late Boy				
344.	Sex of Companions: Late Girl				
	. = Missing data	6	6	6	8
	1 = Male exclusively	6	-	58	-
	2 = Male predominantly	62	-	90	1
	3 = Both sexes equally	111	112	31	32
	4 = Female predominantly	1	62	1	84
	5 = Female exclusively	-	6	-	61
345.	Importance of Non-Parent in Residence: Ear	ly Boy	,		
346.	Importance of Non-Parent in Residence: Ear	ly Giı	-1		
347.	Importance of Non-Parent in Residence: Lat	е Воу			
348.	Importance of Non-Parent in Residence: Lat	e Girl	<u>.</u>		
	. = Missing data	4	4	4	5
	1 = Exclusively parental	56	62	44	48
	2 = Single atypical or occasional				
	category of non-parent	63	67	52	67
	3 = Two or more atypical or occasional				
	categories of non-parent	7	10	4	11
	4 = Single category that typical and freque	ent			
	but less important than parents	39	28	34	24
	5 = Two or more categories, at least oneof				
	which typical and frequent,				
	but less important than parents	14	12	19	14
	6 = More typical and frequent than parents			5	3
	7 = Exclusively non-parental	_	_	24	14
	, Exclusively non parental				
349.	Principal Category of Non-Parental Agent:	Farly	Boy		
350.	Principal Category of Non-Parental Agent:	-	-		
	Principal Category of Non-Parental Agent:	-			
			-		
352.	Principal Category of Non-Parental Agent:			E 2	E 4
	. = Missing data	60	66	53	54
	1 = Foster parent	99	90	77	74
	2 = Sibling	-	-	-	-
	3 = Grandparent	7	9	4	11
	4 = Uncle (mother's brother only)	4	2	5	2

5 = Relative (including father's brother)	10	7	15	13
6 = Child	2	3	20	9
7 = Nonrelative	3	9	12	23
8 = Teacher	1	-	-	-

- 353. Sex of Parents in Residence: Early Boy
- 354. Sex of Parents in Residence: Early Girl
- 355. Sex of Parents in Residence: Late Boy
- 356. Sex of Parents in Residence: Late Girl

. = Missing data	4	4	28	18
1 = Male exclusively	-	-	9	-
2 = Male predominantly	2	1	1	1
3 = Both sexes equally	135	135	124	127
4 = Female predominantly	22	21	13	16
5 = Female exclusively	23	25	11	24

- 357. Sex of Non-parents in Residence: Early Boy
- 358. Sex of Non-parents in Residence: Early Girl
- 359. Sex of Non-parents in Residence: Late Boy
- 360. Sex of Non-parents in Residence: Late Girl

. = Missing data	61	65	52	53
1 = Male exclusively	8	4	33	9
2 = Male predominantly	1	-	1	1
3 = Both sexes equally	114	107	98	105
4 = Female predominantly	-	1	-	-
5 = Female exclusively	2	9	2	18

361. Non-parental Involvement in Child Caring: Early Boy

- 362. Non-parental Involvement in Child Caring: Early Girl
- 363. Non-parental Involvement in Child Caring: Late Boy

364.	54. Non-parental Involvement in Child Caring: Late Girl				
	. = Missing data	7	6	26	23
	1 = Exclusively parental	33	35	34	39
	2 = Single atypical or occasional				
	category of non-parent	19	19	13	14
	3 = Two or more atypical or occasional				
	categories of non-parent	21	21	17	19
	4 = Single category that typical and freque	nt			
	but less important than parents	26	24	24	22
	5 = Two or more categories, at least one				
	of which typical and frequent,				
	but less important than parents	57	59	35	41
	6 = More typical and frequent than parents	17	17	9	10
	7 = Exclusively non-parental	6	5	28	18

365. Principal Category of Non-Parental Caretaker: Early Boy

- 366. Principal Category of Non-Parental Caretaker: Early Girl
- 367. Principal Category of Non-Parental Caretaker: Late Boy
- 368. Principal Category of Non-Parental Caretaker: Late Girl

. = Missing data	40	41	82	74
1 = Foster parent	-	-	-	-
2 = Sibling	58	59	40	42
3 = Grandparent	38	39	26	32
4 = Uncle (mother's brother only)	4	1	2	2
5 = Relative (including father's brother)	18	17	13	14
6 = Child	4	4	4	2
7 = Nonrelative	22	24	18	19
8 = Teacher	1	-	1	1
9 = No agent	1	1	-	-

369. Sex of Parental Caretakers: Early Boy

- 370. Sex of Parental Caretakers: Early Girl
- 371. Sex of Parental Caretakers: Late Boy
- 372. Sex of Parental Caretakers: Late Girl

. = Missing data	18	11	54	41
1 = Male exclusively	1	2	11	2
2 = Male predominantly	4	2	3	1
3 = Both sexes equally	26	25	17	17
4 = Female predominantly	35	29	22	22
5 = Female exclusively	102	117	79	103

373. Sex of Principal Non-Parental Caretakers: Early Boy

374. Sex of Principal Non-Parental Caretakers: Early Girl

375. Sex of Principal Non-Parental Caretakers: Late Boy

376. Sex of Principal Non-Parental Caretakers: Late Girl

. = Missing data	41	42	83	77
1 = Male exclusively	5	2	11	2
2 = Male predominantly	4	2	1	-
3 = Both sexes equally	59	54	43	42
4 = Female predominantly	12	11	7	6
5 = Female exclusively	65	75	41	59

notes on these codes

STDS15.DAT Variables: 377-404

377.	Non-Parental Involvement in Authority: Early Bo	оу			
378.	Non-Parental Involvement in Authority: Early Gi	irl			
379.	Non-Parental Involvement in Authority: Late Boy	У			
380.	Non-Parental Involvement in Authority: Late Gir	rl			
	. = Missing data 11	1	10	14	10

	1 = Exclusively parental	61	67	49	62
	2 = Single atypical or occasional category				
	of non-parent	13	15	12	13
	3 = Two or more atypical or occasional				
	categories of non-parent	8	10	5	9
	4 = Single category typical and frequent				
	but less important than parents	45	42	38	41
	5 = Two or more categories, at least one o	f which			
	typical and frequent, but less importa	nt 34	30	33	28
	than parents				
	6 = More typical and frequent than parents	11	9	10	7
	7 = Exclusively non-parental	3	3	25	16
381.	Principal Non-Parental Authority Figures:	Early B	оу		
382.	Principal Non-Parental Authority Figures:	Early G	irl		
383.	Principal Non-Parental Authority Figures:	Late Bo	У		
384.	Principal Non-Parental Authority Figures:	Late Gi	rl		
	. = Missing data	73	78	65	74
	1 = Foster parent	-	-	-	-
	2 = Sibling	33	34	32	32
	3 = Grandparent	26	28	22	26
	4 = Uncle (mother's brother only)	17	12	15	8
	5 = Relative (including father's brother)	24	23	19	22
	6 = Child	3	1	9	4
	7 = Nonrelative	9	9	17	15
	8 = Teacher	1	1	7	5
385.	Sex of Parental Authority Figures: Early B	оу			
386.	Sex of Parental Authority Figures: Early G	irl			
387.	Sex of Parental Authority Figures: Late Bo	У			
388.	Sex of Parental Authority Figures: Late Gi	rl			
	. = Missing data	14	13	39	26
	1 = Male exclusively	36	17	43	17
	2 = Male predominantly	66	58	53	50
	3 = Both sexes equally	55	59	43	52
	4 = Female predominantly	8	20	3	20
	5 = Female exclusively	7	19	5	21
389.	Sex of Principal Non-Parental Authority Fi	gures:	Early H	Воу	
390.	Sex of Principal Non-Parental Authority Fi	gures:	Early (Jirl	
391.	Sex of Principal Non-Parental Authority Fi	gures:	Late Bo	ру	
392.	Sex of Principal Non-Parental Authority Fi	gures:	Late G	irl	

73 78

37 35

65 112

29 14

80 36

6 5

. = Missing data

1 = Male exclusively

2 = Male predominantly

3 = Both sexes equally

4 = Female predominantly	2	2	2	4
5 = Female exclusively	4	18	4	15

393. Non-Parental Involvement in Discipline: Early Boy

394. Non-Parental Involvement in Discipline: Early Girl

395. Non-Parental Involvement in Discipline: Late Boy

396. Non-Parental Involvement in Discipline: Late Girl

. = Missing data	57	112	109	113
1 = Exclusively parental	70	32	25	28
2 = Single atypical or occasional category				
of non-parent	2	3	2	6
3 = Two or more atypical or occasional				
categories of non-parent	3	2	3	2
4 = Single category typical and frequent				
but less important than parents	12	11	18	14
5 = Two or more categories, at least one of				
which typical and frequent, but less				
important than parents	14	13	12	8
6 = More typical and frequent than parents	20	3	4	3
7 = Exclusively non-parental	8	10	13	12

397. Principal Non-Parental Disciplinarians: Early Boy

398. Principal Non-Parental Disciplinarians: Early Girl

399. Principal Non-Parental Disciplinarians: Late Boy

400. Principal Non-Parental Disciplinarians: Late Girl

. = Missing data	147	147	137	144
1 = Foster parent	-	-	-	-
2 = Sibling	12	13	10	13
3 = Grandparent	6	7	6	5
4 = Uncle (mother's brother only)	4	3	3	3
5 = Relative (including father's brother)	5	5	5	5
6 = Child	2	2	7	1
7 = Nonrelative	8	7	9	10
8 = Teacher	2	2	9	5

401. Sex of Parental Disciplinarians: Early Boy

402. Sex of Parental Disciplinarians: Early Girl

403. Sex of Parental Disciplinarians: Late Boy

404. Sex of Parental Disciplinarians: Late Girl

. = Missing data	118	122	122	125
1 = Male exclusively	18	8	24	7
2 = Male predominantly	9	7	8	6
3 = Both sexes equally	21	21	18	18
4 = Female predominantly	6	7	2	7
5 = Female exclusively	14	21	12	23

notes on these codes

STDS16.DAT Variables: 405-432

405.	Sex of Principal Non-Parental Disciplinarian	ns: Ea	rly Boy	ys	
406.	6. Sex of Principal Non-Parental Disciplinarians: Early Girls				
407.	Sex of Principal Non-Parental Disciplinaria	ns: La	te Boys	5	
408.	Sex of Principal Non-Parental Disciplinaria	ns: La	te Girl	ls	
	. = Missing data	147	147	137	144
	1 = Male exclusively	13	7	24	9
	2 = Male predominantly	1	-	1	-
	3 = Both sexes equally	20	21	20	21
	4 = Female predominantly	1	1	-	-
	5 = Female exclusively	5	10	4	12
409.	Non-Parental Involvement in Education: Early	y Boys			
410.	Non-Parental Involvement in Education: Early	y Girl	s		
411.	Non-Parental Involvement in Education: Late	Boys			
412.	Non-Parental Involvement in Education: Late	Girls			
	. = Missing data	10	10	9	9
	1 = Exclusively parental	36	51	23	53
	2 = Single atypical or occasional category				
	of non-parent	18	16	16	16
	3 = Two or more atypical or occasional				
	categories of non-parent	7	10	7	7
	4 = Single category typical and frequent				
	but less important than parents	26	30	31	26
	5 = Two or more categories, at least one of				
	which typical and frequent, but less				
	important than parents	46	42	50	44
	6 = More typical and frequent than parents	30	21	29	15
	7 = Exclusively non-parental	13	6	21	16
413.	Principal Category of Non-Parental Educators				
414.	Principal Category of Non-Parental Educators			ls	
415.	Principal Category of Non-Parental Educators		-		
416.	Principal Category of Non-Parental Educator:				
	. = Missing data	47	61	33	62
	1 = Foster parent	-	-	-	-
	2 = Sibling	28	28	21	21
	3 = Grandparent	18	23	13	15
	4 = Uncle (mother's brother only)	7	2	11	1
	5 = Relative (including father's brother)	19	20	13	19
	6 = Child	37	28	26	13
	7 = Nonrelative	21	20	34	33
	8 = Teacher	9	4	35	22

417. Sex of Parental Educators: Early Boys

418. Sex of Parental Educators: Early Girls

419. Sex of Parental Educators: Late Boys

420. Sex of Parental Educators: Late Girls

. = Missing data	23	16	31	26
1 = Male exclusively	58	4	117	3
2 = Male predominantly	27	2	18	1
3 = Both sexes equally	51	40	14	11
4 = Female predominantly	17	20	3	12
5 = Female exclusively	10	104	3	133

421. Sex of Principal Non-Parental Educators: Early Boys

422. Sex of Principal Non-Parental Educators: Early Girls

423. Sex of Principal Non-Parental Educators: Late Boys

424. Sex of Principal Non-Parental Educators: Late Girls

. = Missing data	46	61	32	60
1 = Male exclusively	67	5	106	6
2 = Male predominantly	6	1	3	-
3 = Both sexes equally	61	53	42	32
4 = Female predominantly	-	5	-	3
5 = Female exclusively	6	61	3	85

425. Guidance or Formal Schooling: Early Boys

426. Guidance or Formal Schooling: Early Girls

427. Guidance or Formal Schooling: Late Boys

428. Guidance or Formal Schooling: Late Girls

. = Missing data	9	9	8	13
1 = Informal training, with minimal guidance	47	45	14	15
2 = Apprenticeship atypical or occasional	20	11	6	1
3 = Apprenticeship typical and frequent but				
informal training more prevalent	79	87	42	55
4 = Apprenticeship predominant	8	11	44	46
5 = Formal schooling atypical or occasional	14	10	34	31
6 = Formal schooling typical and frequent	9	13	38	25

429. Use of Example: Early Boys

430.	Use	of	Example:	Early	Girls	

431. Use of Example: Late Boys

432. Use of Example: Late Girls

. = Missing data	34	33	33	31
2 = Childrens activities differ from adults				
are not expected to behave like them	-	-	-	-
3 =	-	-	-	-
4 =	-	-	-	-

5 = Children are expected to do things more

or less by example	25	24	20	20
6 =	22	23	23	23
7 =	2	2	2	2
8 = Children frequently shown example; consi-				
dered very important in socializing child	79	79	83	84
9 =	21	22	22	23
Example given as most important method				
of education, or adults are constantly				
showing children how to do things.	3	3	3	3

notes on these codes

STDS17.DAT Variables: 433-460

- 433. Control by Public Opinion: Early Boys
- 434. Control by Public Opinion: Early Girls
- 435. Control by Public Opinion: Late Boys
- 436. Control by Public Opinion: Late Girls

Public Opinion: degree to which approval by people in general controls the behavior of children

. = Missing data	95	94	91	92
2 =	3	3	2	2
3 =	2	2	2	2
4 =	2	2	2	2
5 =	20	20	21	20
6 =	28	28	29	30
7 =	2	2	2	2
8 =	30	30	33	31
9 =	4	5	4	5

437. Lecturing: Early Boys

- 438. Lecturing: Early Girls
- 439. Lecturing: Late Boys

440. Lecturing: Late Girls

. = Missing data	49	52	45	47
0 =	1	-	-	-
1 =	-	-	-	-
2 =	10	10	6	6
3 =	10	11	9	10
4 =	7	8	6	8
5 = Often, but not constant lectures / myths	48	46	44	42
6 =	25	24	31	28
7 =	4	4	5	5
8 = Almost daily	22	22	29	29
9 =	6	5	8	7

Constant and one of the most important

methods used in socializing child 4 4 3 4

- 441. Teasing: Early Boys
- 442. Teasing: Early Girls
- 443. Teasing: Late Boys
- 444. Teasing: Late Girls

Teasing: refers to shaming and exposure to ridicule for misconduct.

. = Missing data	85	85	73	74
2 =	9	8	5	5
3 =	8	10	8	9
4 =	4	4	4	4
5 =	34	33	39	38
6 =	24	23	31	30
7 =	2	2	2	2
8 =	19	20	23	23
9 =	1	1	1	1

- 445. Scolding: Early Boys
- 446. Scolding: Early Girls
- 447. Scolding: Late Boys
- 448. Scolding: Late Girls

Scolding: includes verbal reprimants, nagging, scolding for misbehavior.

. = Missing data	76	74	71	69
0 =	2	2	2	1
1 =	3	2	1	1
2 =	11	13	8	9
3 =	8	7	8	7
4 =	9	9	11	11
5 =	54	54	51	51
6 =	15	16	19	21
7 =	1	1	-	-
8 =	7	8	13	14
9 =	-	-	1	1

- 449. Warning: Early Boys
- 450. Warning: Early Girls
- 451. Warning: Late Boys
- 452. Warning: Late Girls

Warning: threats of punishment by supernatural beings or strangers.

. = Missing data	87	87	86	87
0 =	1	1	1	-
1 =	-	-	1	1
2 =	4	4	5	5
3 =	3	3	4	4

4 =	4	4	4	4
5 =	29	29	32	32
6 =	38	38	36	36
7 =	1	1	1	1
8 =	14	14	11	11
9 =	5	5	5	5

453. Corporal Punishment: Early Boys

454. Corporal Punishment: Early Girls

- 455. Corporal Punishment: Late Boys
- 456. Corporal Punishment: Late Girls

Corporal Punishment: whipping and any other pain-inflicting treatment.

. = Missing data	41	46	39	46
0 =	9	9	10	8
1 =	6	6	4	4
2 =	35	35	29	30
3 =	17	18	15	15
4 =	12	12	8	9
5 =	39	37	41	39
6 =	20	16	17	16
7 =	-	-	1	1
8 =	3	3	18	16
9 =	3	1	3	1

- 457. Ceremonies for Children: Early Boys
- 458. Ceremonies for Children: Early Girls
- 459. Ceremonies for Children: Late Boys
- 460. Ceremonies for Children: Late Girls

Ceremonies for Children: included are those for first animal killed or first basket woven by young child, or ceremonies like birthday

parties or children's days. Inclusion of children in cultural

ceremonies justifies only moderate scores.

. = Missing data	54	62	40	55
0 =	3	4	1	-
1 =	1	5	-	2
2 =	48	47	20	32
3 =	20	22	18	25
4 =	6	5	5	9
5 =	38	26	61	42
6 =	13	11	32	13
7 =	-	-	1	-
8 =	3	4	8	8

notes on these codes

STDS18.DAT Variables: 461-480

- 461. Gifts for Approved Behaviors: Early Boys
- 462. Gifts for Approved Behaviors: Early Girls
- 463. Gifts for Approved Behaviors: Late Boys
- 464. Gifts for Approved Behaviors: Late Girls

Gifts for Approved Behaviors: Material rewards for approved behaviors,

e.g., gifts or conferring of privileges.

. = Missing data	45	50	41	43
2 =	24	20	17	17
3 =	18	22	19	23
4 =	8	8	8	8
5 =	65	61	72	66
6 =	22	19	23	21
7 =	-	-	-	-
8 =	4	6	6	8

465. Permissiveness: Early Boys

466. Permissiveness: Early Girls

467. Permissiveness: Late Boys

468. Permissiveness: Late Girls

	. = Missing data	17	19	18	18
	0 = Harsh socialization by parents or other				
	authority figures with severe punishment	1	1	1	1
	1 =	1	1	5	7
	2 = Generally harsh treatment, not extreme	4	7	6	8
	3 =	9	7	10	13
	4 =	12	17	23	31
	5 = Generally moderate or balanced degree				
	of both harshness and permissiveness	31	37	52	61
	6 =	37	41	32	22
	7 =	31	29	14	9
	8 = Generally indulgent, not extreme	28	19	15	12
	9 =	10	6	8	3
	Generally lenient and indulgent				
	permissiveness, minimal punishment or				
	expression of disapproval	5	2	2	1
469.	Affection: Early Boys				
470.	Affection: Early Girls				

471. Affection: Late Boys

472. Affection: Late Girls

Affection: refers primarily to attention and positive interest

expressed toward child.

. = Missing data 31 31 32 33

0 = Minimal expression of affection,

attention, positive interest in child	-	-	-	-
1 =	-	1	-	1
2 = Generally low expression of affection	6	9	10	13
and attention				
3 =	3	3	4	4
4 =	16	19	20	24
5 = Moderate or sporadic expression of				
affection and attention	40	35	43	37
6 =	43	41	44	42
7 =	19	21	17	19
8 = Consistent, occasional strong expression	24	22	16	14
9 =	4	4	-	-

473. Evaluation by Society: Early Boys

474. Evaluation by Society: Early Girls

475. Evaluation by Society: Late Boys

476. Evaluation by Society: Late Girls

Evaluation by Society: degree to which children are desired and valued.

. = Missing data	14	15	15	15
0 = Children are viewed indifferently or				
as a liability by society and				
local community	-	-	-	-
1 =	-	1	-	1
2 = Only slight, sporadic expression of				
valuation of children	2	7	2	6
3 =	3	9	3	9
4 =	11	23	9	21
5 = Moderate or occasionally strong				
expression of value of children	39	30	39	35
6 =	46	50	48	49
7 =	32	25	32	26
8 = Strong, but no extreme valuation				
of children	26	18	27	17
9 =	12	9	11	8
Intense, repeated expression of cultural				
valuation for children	1	-	1	-

- 477. Incorporation into Society: Early Boys
- 478. Incorporation into Society: Early Girls
- 479. Incorporation into Society: Late Boys
- 480. Incorporation into Society: Late Girls

Incorporation into Society: refers to inclusion of children in adult activities.

. = Missing data 16 16 15 15

0 = Almost complete exclusion from adult

working, ceremonial, social activities	3	3	-	-
1 =	22	21	2	-
2 = Children are usually excluded from				
membership in adult activities	50	38	7	2
3 =	49	47	14	7
4 =	22	25	13	12
5 = Inconsistent but substantial participat:	ion			
by children in adult activities	19	32	54	40
6 =	4	3	37	44
7 =	-	-	27	37
8 = Children closely integrated in adult far	nily			
activities with substantial participation	on			
in adult community life	1	1	11	17
9 =	-	-	6	11
Almost complete, continual inclusion of				
children in adult activities	-	-	-	1

notes on these codes

PARENTAL ACCEPTANCE-REJECTION AND PARENTAL CONTROL

Rohner, Ronald P., and Evelyn C. Rohner. 1982. ETHNOLOGY 20:245-260.

STDS19.DAT Variables: 481-504

481.	Warmth and Affection of Caretakers - Mothe	er: Boy
482.	Warmth and Affection of Caretakers - Mothe	er: Girl
483.	Warmth and Affection of Caretakers - Mothe	er: Aver
484.	Warmth and Affection of Caretakers - Fathe	er: Boy
485.	Warmth and Affection of Caretakers - Fathe	er: Girl
486.	Warmth and Affection of Caretakers - Fathe	er: Aver
487.	Warmth and Affection of Caretakers - Other	s: Boy
488.	Warmth and Affection of Caretakers - Other	s: Girl
489.	Warmth and Affection of Caretakers - Other	s: Aver
490.	Warmth and Affection of Caretakers - Overa	ll: Boy
491.	Warmth and Affection of Caretakers - Overa	ll: Girl
492.	Warmth and Affection of Caretakers - Overa	ll: Aver

		Significant	
Maternal	Paternal	Others	Overall
Boy Grl Av.	Boy Grl Av.	Boy Grl Av.	Boy Grl Ave

. = Missing data 174 174 115 175 174 126 184 185 165 181 180 89

1 =	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
2 = Rarely	-	-	2	-	1	8	1	-	2	-	-	3
3 =	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
4 = Sometimes	-	3	2	4	1	3	-	-	1	-	-	3
5 =	1	-	3	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	4
6 = Frequently	2	2	10	1	5	5	-	1	7	-	3	14
7 =	1	1	7	3	1	5	-	-	2	2	2	16
8 = Almost Always	8	6	46	3	2	37	1	-	9	3	1	57

493.	Hostility	and Aggression	of Caretakers - Mother: Boy
494.	Hostility	and Aggression	of Caretakers - Mother: Girl
495.	Hostility	and Aggression	of Caretakers - Mother: Aver
496.	Hostility	and Aggression	of Caretakers - Father: Boy
497.	Hostility	and Aggression	of Caretakers - Father: Girl
498.	Hostility	and Aggression	of Caretakers - Father: Aver
499.	Hostility	and Aggression	of Caretakers - Others: Boy
500.	Hostility	and Aggression	of Caretakers - Others: Girl
501.	Hostility	and Aggression	of Caretakers - Others: Aver
502.	Hostility	and Aggression	of Caretakers - Overall: Boy
503.	Hostility	and Aggression	of Caretakers - Overall: Girl
504.	Hostility	and Aggression	of Caretakers - Overall: Aver

Significant

	Maternal			1	Pate	rnal	Others			Overall			
	воу	Grl	L Av.	Воз	y Gr	L Av.	Boy	g Grl	L Av.	Воз	y Grl	Ave	
. = Missing data 1	182	182	141	185	185	145	185	184	171	181	185	74	
1 =	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	
2 = Rarely	1	2	21	1	0	23	-	-	3	2	1	58	
3 =	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	9	
4 = Sometimes	2	2	13	-	1	11	-	1	6	2	0	31	
5 =	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	5	
6 = Frequently	1	-	3	-	-	4	-	-	2	-	-	5	
7 =	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	
8 = Almost Always	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	1	3	-	-	1	

notes on these codes

STDS20.DAT Variables: 505-528

505.	Indifference	of	Caretakers	-	Mother:	Воу
506.	Indifference	of	Caretakers	-	Mother:	Girl
507.	Indifference	of	Caretakers	-	Mother:	Aver
508.	Indifference	of	Caretakers	-	Father:	Воу

509.	Indifference of Caretakers - Father: Girl
510.	Indifference of Caretakers - Father: Aver
511.	Indifference of Caretakers - Others: Boy
512.	Indifference of Caretakers - Others: Girl
513.	Indifference of Caretakers - Others: Aver
514.	Indifference of Caretakers - Overall: Boy
515.	Indifference of Caretakers - Overall: Girl
516.	Indifference of Caretakers - Overall: Aver

	Significant												
	1	Matei	nal	1	Pater	ernal Others			ers	Overall			
	Boy	g Grl	L Av.	Boy	g Grl	L Av.	Bo	g Gr	Av.	Воу	Grl	Ave	
. = Missing data	178	169	134	169	181	146	181	183	171	171	182	88	
1 =	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
2 = Rarely	6	15	38	13	2	27	4	3	11	5	3	67	
3 =	-	-	2	1	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	5	
4 = Sometimes	1	1	5	1	-	6	-	-	1	-	1	18	
5 =	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
6 = Frequently	1	1	4	2	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	3	
7 =	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	2	
8 = Almost Always		-	1	-	3	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	

517.	Control by Caretakers - Mother: Boy
518.	Control by Caretakers - Mother: Girl
519.	Control by Caretakers - Mother: Aver
520.	Control by Caretakers - Father: Boy
521.	Control by Caretakers - Father: Girl
522.	Control by Caretakers - Father: Aver
523.	Control by Caretakers - Others: Boy
524.	Control by Caretakers - Others: Girl
525.	Control by Caretakers - Others: Aver
526.	Control by Caretakers - Overall: Boy
527.	Control by Caretakers - Overall: Girl

528. Control by Caretakers - Overall: Aver

. = Missing data	171	166	138	162	175	136	178	182	169	158	162	71	
1 =	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2 = No Control	4	1	10	-	-	9	-	1	2	6	1	23	
3 =	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	1	9	
4 = Lax Control	6	2	16	5	3	11	2	-	2	8	6	23	
5 =	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	1	7	
6 = Firm Control	3	9	11	12	4	19	4	2	10	6	9	34	
7 =	1	3	3	1	1	2	1	-	1	1	1	9	
8 = Restrictive	1	5	5	6	3	6	1	1	1	4	5	10	

notes on these codes

ADOLESCENT INITIATION CEREMONIES

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Schlegel, Alice, and Herbert Barry, III. 1979. Adolescent Initiation
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Ceremonies. ETHNOLOGY 18:199-210. Cross-Cultural Codes in Barry and Schlegel 1980.

STDS21.DAT Variables: 529-560

529. Initiation Occurrence: Boys

530. Initiation Occurrence: Girls

. = Missing data	4	3
0 = Absent for both boys and girls	80	81
1 = Absent for specified sex only	39	17
2 = Present	63	85

531. Initiation Time: Boys

532. Initiation Time: Girls

. = Missing data	4	3
0 = Absent	120	100
2 = before genital maturation	13	9
3 = at first signs of genital maturation	18	11
4 = at genital maturation	6	57
5 = within one year after genital maturation	17	5
6 = later (up to 18 years)	8	1

533. Number of Concurrent Initiates: Boys

534. Number of Concurrent Initiates: Girls

. = Missing data	4	3	
0 = Absent	119	99	
2 = Single	29	73	
3 = Small group	7	6	
4 = Large group	27	5	

535. Duration of Initiation Ceremony: Boys

536. Duration of Initiation Ceremony: Girls

. = Missing data	4	3
0 = Absent	119	99
2 = Short	28	36
3 = Medium	7	21
4 = Long	28	27

537. Number of Participants: Boys

538. Number of Participants: Girls

. = Missing data	4	3
0 = Absent	121	99
2 = Immediate family	7	40
3 = Local group	25	29
4 = Large group	29	15

539. Sexes of Participants: Boys

540. Sexes of Participants: Girls

•	= Missing data	4	3
0	= Absent	119	99
2	= Both sexes	12	11
3	= Partially limited to same sex as initiates	17	28
4	= Exclusively same sex as initiates	34	45

541. Primary Physical Components: Boys

542. Primary Physical Components: Girls

. = Missing data	4	3
0 = Absent	119	99
2 = None	6	11
3 = Manipulations or activities	17	45
4 = Pain other than genital operation	20	21
5 = Genital operation	13	7
6 = Genital operation and other pain	7	-

543. Secondary Physical Components: Boys

544. Secondary Physical Components: Girls

. = Missing data	4	3
0 = Absent	119	99
2 = Neither manipulations nor activities	15	20
3 = Activities	14	10
4 = Manipulation	9	26
5 = Both manipulations and activities	25	28

545. Primary Cognitive or Performance Components: Boys

546. Primary Cognitive or Performance Components: Girls

. = Missing data	4	3
0 = Absent	119	99

2 = Symbolic only	20	15
3 = Learning skills, sharing secrets, or other	3	3
4 = Observing taboos	8	1
5 = Seclusion	7	9
6 = Both seclusion and observing taboos	18	54
7 = Fear	7	2

547. Secondary Cognitive or Performance Components: Boys

548. Secondary Cognitive or Performance Components: Girls

. = Missing data	4	3
0 = Absent	118	100
2 = Neither learning skills nor sharing secret	s 43	60
3 = Sharing secrets	8	2
4 = Learning skills	4	11
5 = Both learning skills and sharing secrets	9	10

549. Primary Emic Interpretations: Boys

550. Primary Emic Interpretations: Girls

. = Missing data	4	3
0 = Absent	119	99
2 = None	4	5
3 = Status marker, physical change, or	41	75
behavior change		
4 = Spiritual change	11	2
5 = Death-rebirth	7	2

551. Secondary Emic Interpretations: Boys

552. Secondary Emic Interpretations: Girls

. = Missing data	4	3
0 = Absent	118	100
2 = No status marker	8	8
3 = General status marker	17	25
4 = Status marker for adolescence or youth	14	12
5 = Status marker for full adulthood	25	38

553. Tertiary Emic Interpretations: Boys

554. Tertiary Emic Interpretations: Girls

. = Missing data	4	3
0 = Absent	118	100
2 = Neither physical nor behavior change	31	48
3 = Behavior change	10	12

4 = Physical change	12	16
5 = Both physical and behavior change	11	7

555. Primary Social Consequences: Boys

556. Primary Social Consequences: Girls

. = Missing data	4	3	
0 = Absent	118	100	
2 = None	19	32	
3 = Familial integration, familial	14	20	
independence, or other			
4 = Heterosexual intercourse	8	25	
5 = Same-sex bonding	17	3	
6 = Both same-sex bonding and heterosexual	6	3	
intercourse			

557. Secondary Social Consequences: Boys

558. Secondary Social Consequences: Girls

. = Missing data	4	3	
0 = Absent	118	100	
2 = None	36	57	
3 = Other	6	8	
4 = Familial independence	13	9	
5 = Familial integration	9	9	

559. Principal Focus: Boys

560. Principal Focus: Girls

. = Missing data	4	3
0 = Absent	120	111
2 = Fertility	11	34
3 = Sexuality	10	18
4 = Valor	6	1
5 = Wisdom	7	1
6 = Responsibility	26	23
7 = Other	2	7

notes on these codes

notes on these codes

REPRODUCTIVE RITUALS

Paige, Karen Paige and Jeffrey Paige. 1981. THE POLITICS OF

REPRODUCTIVE RITUALS. University of California Press. Reprinted with Permission of Authors and Publishers.

STDS22.DAT Variables: 561-575

- 561. Menarcheal Ceremonies
 - 98 . = Missing data
 - 44 1 = Absent if onset of menstruation not marked by

special public ritual

44 2 = Present if onset of menstruation associated with either elaborate or limited rites

562. Circumcision

- 94 . = Missing data
- 70 1 = Superincision, or subincision, or absent
- 22 2 = Circumcision

563. Maternal Restrictions

- 97 . = Missing Data
- 43 1 = Absent
- 46 2 = Present

564. Husband Involvement Scale (Couvade)

- 99 . = Missing Data
- 51 1 = Minor Observance or informal
- 36 2 = Seclusion, or postpartum work taboo, or food taboo

565. Menstrual Segregation

Note: marginals off +-2 from here on

- 104 . = Missing data
- 54 1 = Absent
- 28 2 = Present (either menstrual hut or structural

isolation is reported)

566. Male Segregation Practices

- 105 . = Missing data
- 59 1 = Absent or Minor
- 22 2 = Present

567. Combined Segregation Practices

- 111 . = Missing data
- 41 1 = Absent
- 34 2 = Present
- 568. Compensation Demands
 - 119 . = Missing data
 - 34 2 = Present
 - 33 1 = Absent
- 569. Fraternal Interest Group Size
 - 103 . = Missing Data
 - 53 1 = Absent
 - 30 2 = Present

570. Fraternal Interest Group Strength

- 105 . = Missing data
- 33 1 = Both brideprice and patrilineality are absent, and
 - size of effective kin-based political subunit is less than 100
- 14 2 = Either brideprice or patrilineality; size of political subunit between 100 and 999
- 15 3 = a. Size of political subunit is 1,000 or greater, and
 - brideprice and patrilineality are absent; or
 - b. Size of political subunit is less than 100 and both
 - brideprice and patrilineality are present; or
 - c. Size of political subunit is between 100 and 999
 - and either brideprice or patrilineality is present
- 8 4 = a. Size of political subunit is between 100 and 999,
 - and both brideprice and patrilineality are present; or b. Size of political subunit is 1,000 or greater, and either brideprice or patrilineality is present

571. Resource Base

- 96 . = Missing data
- 18 1 = Low
- 34 2 = Unstable
- 38 3 = High

572. Residence Pattern

- 96 . = Missing data
- 56 1 = Not favoring formation of fraternal interest groups including:

- a. Matrilocal or Uxorilocal Residence
- b. Ambilocal Residence
- c. Neolocal Residence
- 34 2 = Favoring formation of fraternal interest groups: including
 - a. Avunculocal Residence
 - b. Patrilocal or Virilocal Residence
 - c. Optionally Patrilocal or Avunculocal Residence

573. Ritual Warfare

- 106 . = Missing data
- 50 1 = Absent
- 30 2 = Present

574. Achieved Leadership Through Wealth Distribution

- 107 . = Missing data
- 60 1 = Acts of wealth distribution which bring prestige to the giver are not one of the most important factors in attaining and maintaining the highest degree of political power in the society
- 19 2 = Acts of wealth distribution which bring prestige to the giver are one of the most important factors in attaining and maintaining the highest degree of political power in the society

575. Unstable Political Power Index

- 112 . = One, two, or three of the three variables have a score of 9
- 42 1 = All three variables--ritual warfare, achieved leadership, and social indebtedness--have a score of 0.
- 11 2 = Only one of the three variables has a score of 1; the other two score 0
- 16 3 = Two of the variables have a score of 1; the other has a score of 0
- 5 4 = All three variables have a score of 1

notes on these codes

THE RELATIVE STATUS OF WOMEN

Whyte, Martin K. 1978. ETHNOLOGY 17:211-237. Cross-Cultural Codes in Barry and Schlegel 1980.

STDS22.DAT Variables: 576-615 STDS23.DAT Variables: 616-636

Only the odd numbered societies are coded in this study.

Some of the even numbered societies, however, have been coded by undergraduates at U.C. Irvine. Many of these even-numbered societal codes are less reliable than the original codes, and it is advised that a sample of odd-numbered cases be selected for hypothesis testing.

576. Sex of Gods and Spirits and Other Super-Natural Beings

- 119 . = Missing data
- 10 1 = All male
- 24 2 = Male are more numerous or more powerful
- 13 3 = Male are more numerous while power equal or male are more powerful while numbers equal
- 20 4 = Both and equal in numbers of power or women more numerous while power equal, or women more powerful while numbers equal
 - : = Recode as Missing data, coder disagreement

577. Mythical Founders of the Culture

- 121 . = Missing Data
- 21 1 = All male
- 18 2 = Both sexes, but the role of men more important
- 19 3 = Both sexes, and the role of both sexes fairly equal
- 7 4 = Both sexes, but female role more important, or solely female
 - : = Recode as Missing data, coder disagreement

578. Sex of Shamans

- 113 . = Missing Data
- 14 1 = All male
- 26 2 = Male more numerous, or more powerful
- 26 3 = Male more numerous while power equal, or male more powerful while numbers equal, or about equal in both
- 7 4 = Female more powerful or more numerous or solely female shamans
 - : = Recode as Missing data, coder disagreement

579. Sex of Reputed Witches

- 118 . = Missing Data
- 16 1 = All male
- 21 2 = Male predominance in numbers or power
- 23 3 = Both, and equal in numbers or power
- 8 4 = Female predominance in numbers of power or only female witches
 - : = Recode as Missing data, coder disagreement

580. Participation in Collective Religious Ceremonies and Rituals

- 113 . = Missing Data
 - 4 1 = Only males
- 36 2 = Both, but males more commonly or more prominently
- 28 3 = Both, and fairly equal participation
- 5 4 = Both, but women more prominent

- : = Recode as Missing data, coder disagreement
- 581. Funeral or Burial Ceremonies Held
 - 102 . = Missing Data
 - 11 1 = Only for males, or for both, but male more elaborate
 - 73 2 = For both, and roughly equal
 - : = Recode as Missing data, coder disagreement
- 582. Intermediate or Local Political Leaders
 - 112 . = Missing Data
 - 65 1 = Only males
 - 7 2 = Both sexes, but males more numerous or more powerful
 - 2 3 = Both sexes, and males more numerous while females equally
 - powerful or males more powerful while females equally numerous
- 583. Leadership Posts in Kinship or Extended Family Units
 - 124 . = Missing Data
 - 52 1 = Include men only
 - 6 2 = Both, but men have more say and influence
 - 4 3 = Both, with roughly equal influence
 - : = Recode as Missing data, coder disagreement

584. Participation in Collective Fighting and Warfare

- 116 . = Missing Data
- 62 1 = Only men
- 8 2 = Both, but men do most fighting, women only aid
 - : = Recode as Missing data, coder disagreement

585. Proportional Contribution of Women to Overall Subsistence

- 94 . = Missing Data
- 2 1 = Low
- 2 2
- 14 3
- 23 4
- 27 5
- 18 6
- 2 7
- 4 8 = High
 - : = Recode as Missing data, coder disagreement

586. Relative Time and Effort Expended on Subsistence Activities

- 98 . = Missing Data
- 14 1 = Men clearly expend more
- 54 2 = Men and women expend roughly equal
- 20 3 = Women clearly expend more

587. Community-wide Exclusively Male Work Groups

108 . = Missing Data

- 20 1 = None
- 44 2 = For one activity
- 14 3 = For two or more activities

588. Community-wide Exclusively Female Work Groups

- 114 . = Missing data
- 45 1 = None
- 27 2 = For one or more activity

589. Degree of Segregation in Subsistence Activities

- 109 . = Missing Data
- 15 1 = Men and women are sharply segregated
- 41 2 = Some segregation
- 21 3 = Little or no segregation in these activities

590. Inheritance of Property of Some Economic Value

- 105 . = Missing Data
- 18 1 = Only males, or males except in unusual circumstances
- 27 2 = Both, but males have definite preference
- 22 3 = Roughly equal inheritance rights by sex
- 4 4 = Female preference, or exclusive female rights

591. Ownership or Control of the Use of Dwellings

- 114 . = Missing Data
- 22 1 = Solely by men
- 12 2 = Most owned by men
- 25 3 = Equal ownership, or no preferential rights
- 13 4 = Most or all owned or controlled by women

592. Control of Disposal and Use of Fruits of the Labor Done Solely by Men

- 94 . = Missing Data
- 30 1 = Men have virtually total say
- 41 2 = Men have predominant say, or no indication of preference
- 12 3 = Men and women have equal say
- 9 4 = Women have the predominant or total say

593. Control of Disposal and Use of Fruits of the Labor Done by Men and Women

- 105 . = Missing Data
 - 7 1 = Men have virtually total say
 - 6 2 = Men have the predominant say

- 60 3 = Men and women have equal say, or no indication of preference
- 8 4 = Women have the predominant or total say

594. Control of Disposal and Use of Fruits of the Labor Done Solely by Women

- 94 . = Missing Data
- 6 1 = Men have virtually total say or predominant say
- 10 2 = Men and women have equal say
- 62 3 = Women have the predominant say, or no indication of preference
- 14 4 = Women have virtually total say

595. Men's Domestic work

- 94 . = Missing Data
- 47 1 = Males do virtually none, females virtually all
- 45 2 = Males do some, but mostly done by females

596. (No) Double Standard in Regard to Premarital Sex (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 113 . = Missing Data
- 32 1 = Yes
- 41 2 = No, equal restrictions on male and female

597. (No) Double Standard in Regard to Extramarital Sex (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 111 . = Missing Data
- 32 1 = Yes
- 41 2 = No, equal restrictions
- 2 3 = Male punished more severely for transgression

598. Extramarital Affairs of Married Women

- 100 . = Missing Data
- 40 1 = Not allowed, and apparently rare
- 29 2 = Not allowed, but apparently not uncommon
- 17 3 = Allowed, or very common

599. Menstrual Taboos

- 124 . = Missing Data
- 11 1 = No menstrual taboos
- 15 2 = Rule vs. intercourse with menstruating woman
- 9 3 = Personal restrictions on menstruants, e.g., dietary
- 3 4 = Stated belief that menstrual blood is dangerous to men
- 3 5 = A rule that menstruating women may not cook for men
- 6 6 = Menstruating women are segregated from men,

perhaps in a menstrual hut

- 15 7 = A rule that menstruating women may not have contact with some male things, e.g., fishing gear, bows
- 600. The Role of Men and Women in Procreation Understood
 - 93 . = Missing Data
 - 7 1 = Men are thought to play the more important role
 - 80 2 = Belief in roughly equal contributions, or no evidence of greater contribution by either sex
 - 6 3 = Women are thought to play the more important role
- 601. Sexual Drives and Urges Understood
 - 93 . = Missing Data
 - 17 1 = Men are thought to have stronger urges
 - 71 2 = Belief that urges are roughly equal, or no evidence of belief in greater urges by either sex
 - 5 3 = Women are thought to have stronger urges
- 602. (No) Explicit View that Sexual Activity is Dangerous or Contaminating (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 118 . = Missing Data
 - 15 1 = Yes
 - 53 2 = No

603. Role of the Older Generation in Arranging Marriages (1st Marriages Only)

- 103 . = Missing Data
- 13 1 = Males monopolize arrangement
- 33 2 = Both males and females participate, males have more say
- 28 3 = Both participate, and with roughly equal say
- 9 4 = Both males and females participate, females have more say
- 604. Voice of the Potential Bride and Groom in Marriage Decisions
 - 106 . = Missing Data
 - 4 1 = Only the groom can initiate or refuse a match
 - 27 2 = Groom has more ability to initiate or refuse
 - 46 3 = Equal ability to initiate or refuse a match
 - 3 4 = Bride has more ability to initiate or refuse
- 605. Marriage Payments
 - 109 . = Missing Data
 - 5 1 = Woman exchange
 - 36 2 = Substantial bride price
 - 10 3 = Bride service
 - 10 4 = Token bride price

- 10 5 = Gift exchange
- 6 6 = Dowry

606. Preferred Marriage Forms

- 93 . = Missing Data
- 22 1 = Polygynous unions over 20%
- 36 2 = Polygynous unions under 20%
- 34 3 = Monogamy
- 1 4 = Polyandry

607. (No Male) Multiple Spouses (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 94 . = Missing Data
- 71 1 = Only for males
- 4 2 = For both, but more commonly for males
- 15 3 = For neither
- 2 4 = For both, but more commonly for females
- 608. (No) Levirate (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 110 . = Missing Data
 - 54 1 = Present
 - 22 2 = Absent
- 609. Relative Distances Moved by the Bride and Groom Away from their Families of Orientation at First Marriage
 - 102 . = Missing Data
 - 58 1 = The female moves farther away
 - 7 2 = About equal distance
 - 19 3 = The male moves farther away

610. Relative Ease of Initiating Divorce

- 93 . = Missing Data
- 5 1 = Divorce is in theory only available to male
- 12 2 = Divorce is possible for both, but more difficult for female
- 72 3 = Divorce equally possible, no indication of bias
- 4 4 = Divorce is possible for both, but more difficult for male, or in theory only available to female

611. Relative Ease of Remarriage

101 . = Missing Data

- 21 1 = Possible for both, but fewer obstacles for men
- 64 2 = Equally possible for both men and women

612. Average Relative Age at First Marriage of Men and of Women

- 116 . = Missing Data
 - 2 1 = Women generally older
 - 7 2 = Ages about equal
- 12 3 = Men 1-2 years older
- 18 4 = Men 3-4 years older
- 31 5 = Men more than 4 years older

613. Final Authority over the Care, Handling and Discipline of Infants

- 119 . = Missing Data
- 12 1 = monopolized by males, or males have more say
- 11 2 = is divided roughly equally
- 21 3 = is divided, but females have more say
- 23 4 = is monopolized by females
- 614. Final Authority over the Up-bringing and Discipline of Post-infant Unmarried Children Living in the Home
 - 118 . = Missing Data
 - 11 1 = is virtually monopolized by males
 - 14 2 = is divided, but males have more say
 - 34 3 = is divided roughly equally
 - 9 4 = is divided but females have more say, or final
 - say is virtually monopolized by females
- 615. Wife to Husband Institutionalized Deference (Guttman Scale)
 - 102 . = Missing Data
 - 29 1 = None of the following coded
 - 15 2 = Husband dominates domestic decision making
 - 21 3 = + Wife excluded from many social gatherings
 - 9 4 = + Wife rarely disputes husband
 - 7 5 = + Husband has seating priority
 - 3 6 = + Wife kneels and bows when greeting husband

notes on these codes

STDS23.DAT Variables: 616-636

616. A Stated Preference for Children of One Sex

- 93 . = Missing Data
- 28 1 = For males
- 54 2 = Equal, no preference
- 11 3 = For females

617. Any Evidence of Infanticide

- 115 . = Missing Data
 - 6 1 = Mostly for females
- 64 2 = For both, or for neither
- 1 3 = Mostly for males

618. Early Training for Adult Duties

- 93 . = Missing Data
- 1 1 = Boys are trained earlier generally
- 70 2 = Training begins at roughly equal ages, no stated bias by sex
- 22 3 = Girls are trained earlier generally
- 619. Punishment for Equal Misbehavior
 - 93 . = Missing Data
 - 3 1 = Boys are punished more severely
 - 82 2 = Punishment about equal, no stated bias by sex
 - 8 3 = Girls are punished more severely

620. Physical Punishment of the Spouse Condoned

- 123 . = Missing Data
- 39 1 = Only husband hitting wife generally
- 16 2 = Physical punishment by neither
- 8 3 = Either may hit the other, or only wife may hit husband

621. (No) Explicit View that Men Should and Do Dominate their Wives (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 123 . = Missing Data
- 42 1 = Yes
- 19 2 = No, evidence of rough equality
- 2 3 = No, evidence of wife dominance

622. Attendance and Participation in General Community Gathering

- 124 . = Missing Data
- 27 1 = Only men, or both, but men more often or more prominently
- 35 2 = Both equally, although perhaps segregated

623. Existence of General Female Initiation Ceremonies

- 110 . = Missing Data
- 36 1 = No initiations for females
- 8 2 = Customary minimal social recognition
- 10 3 = +Personal dramatization of the initiate
- 12 4 = +Organized social response
- 10 5 = +Affective social response (e.g., punishment or operations

624. Any Belief that the Status of Women has Changed in Folklore or History

- 93 . = Missing Data
- 6 1 = A belief it has declined
- 83 2 = No such belief, or no change
- 4 3 = A belief it has improved

625. High Value Placed on Males being Aggressive, Strong, and Sexually Potent

- 105 . = Missing Data
- 26 1 = Marked emphasis
- 33 2 = Moderate emphasis
- 22 3 = Little or no emphasis

626. (No) Belief that Women are Generally Inferior to Men (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

93 . = Missing Data

27 1 = Yes

- 66 2 = No such belief
- 627. A Statement that Women Have More Informal Influence than Formal Norms of the Society Would Make It Appear
 - 93 . = Missing Data
 - 49 1 = No such statement or implication
 - 25 2 = A statement or implication of somewhat more informal influence
 - 19 3 = A statement or implicaton of much more informal influence

628. Property Control Scale

- 93 . = Missing Data
 - 4 1 = Women have low control over property
 - 19 2
 - 60 3
 - 10 4 = Women have high control over property

629. Kin Power Scale

- 93 . = Missing Data
- 19 1 = Low power of women in kinship contexts

- 52 2
- 22 3 = High power of women in kinship contexts

630. Value of Life Scale

- 93 . = Missing Data
- 8 1 = Low value placed on women's lives
- 37 2
- 48 3 = High value placed on women's lives

631. Value of Labor

- 93 . = Missing Data
- 1 1 = Low value of women's labor
- 92
- 40 3
- 34 4
- 9 5 = High value of women's labor
- 632. Domestic Authority Scale
 - 97 . = Missing Data
 - 8 1 = Low women's domestic authority
 - 21 2 = Med-Low
 - 32 3 = Med-High
 - 28 4 = High women's domestic authority

633. Ritualized Female Solidarity Scale

- 93 . = Missing Data
- 26 1 = Low female solidarity
- 38 2
- 29 3 = High female solidarity

634. Control of Sex Scale

- 94 . = Missing Data
- 3 1 = Stricter controls over women's marital and sexual lives
- 56 2
- 33 3 = More equal controls over women's marital and sexual lives

635. Ritualized Fear Scale

- 93 . = Missing Data
- 6 1 = High ritualized fear of women
- 18 2

69 3 = Low ritualized fear of women

636. Joint Participation Scale

- 95 . = Missing Data
- 10 1 = Low joint participation of men and women
- 50 2
- 31 3 = High joint participation of men and women

notes on these codes

KIN TERM PATTERNS

Murdock, George P. 1970. ETHNOLOGY 9:165-207. Cross-Cultural Codes in Barry and Schlegel 1980. STDS25.DAT Variables 637-644 (not including 645-656)

637. PATTERNS FOR GRANDPARENTS

- 41 . = Missing Data
- 88 1 = Bisexual Pattern
- 25 2 = Merging Pattern
- 21 3 = Bifurcate Bisexual Pattern
- 4 4 = Matri-skewed Pattern
- 4 5 = Null Pattern
- 0 6 = Bifurcate Pattern
- 1 7 = Patri-Skewed Pattern
- 2 8 = Rare Patterns

638. PATTERNS FOR GRANDCHILDREN

- 45 . = Missing Data
- 74 1 = Merging Pattern
- 21 2 = Bisexual Pattern
- 21 3 = Self-Reciprocal Pattern
- 10 4 = Bifurcate Bisexual Pattern
- 5 5 = Null Pattern
- 4 6 = Speaker's Sex Pattern
- 2 7 = Bifurcate Pattern
- 4 8 = Bifuracte Speaker's Sex Pattern
- 0 9 = Rare Patterns

639. PATTERNS FOR UNCLES

- 41 . = Missing Data
- 44 1 = Simple Bifurcate Merging Pattern
- 42 2 = Simple Bifurcate Collateral Pattern
- 22 3 = Skewed Bifurcate Collateral Pattern

- 21 4 = Lineal Pattern
- 7 5 = Generation Pattern
- 2 6 = Age-Differentiated Bifurcate Collateral Pattern
- 5 7 = Relative Age Pattern
- 1 8 = Speaker-Differentiated Bifurcate Merging Pattern
- 1 9 = Speaker-Differentiated Bifurcate Collateral Pattern
- 0 10= Rare Patterns

640. PATTERNS FOR AUNTS

- 41 . = Missing Data
- 41 1 = Simple Bifurcate Collateral Pattern
- 41 2 = Bifurcate Merging Pattern
- 22 3 = Lineal Pattern
- 14 4 = Generation Pattern
- 16 5 = Skewed Bifurcate Collateral Pattern
- 5 6 = Relative Age Pattern
- 3 7 = Age-Differentiated Bifurcate Collateral Pattern
- 2 8 = Speaker-Differentiated Bifurcate Collateral Pattern
- 1 9 = Rare Patterns
- 641. PATTERNS FOR NEPHEWS AND NIECES (MALE SPEAKING)
 - 45 . = Missing Data
 - 30 1 = Simple Bifurcate Merging Pattern
 - 20 2 = Sex-Differentiated Bifurcate Merging Pattern
 - 19 3 = Simple Bifurcate Collateral Pattern
 - 17 4 = Simple Lineal Pattern
 - 17 5 = Generation Pattern
 - 15 6 = Sex-Differentiated Lineal Pattern
 - 14 7 = Sex-Differentiated Bifurcate Collateral Pattern
 - 3 8 = Age-Skewed Bifurcate Collateral Pattern
 - 1 9 = Age-Differentiated Bifurcate Collateral Pattern
 - 0 10 = Sister-Skewed Bifurcate Collateral Pattern
 - ? 11 = Brother-Skewed Bifurcate Collateral Pattern
 - 3 12 = Rare Pattern ElSbCh and YoSbCh distinguished by relative age
 - 1 13 = Rare Pattern between 5 and 7, distinguishing BrSo, SiSo, SbDa

642. PATTERNS FOR SIBLINGS

- 44 . = Missing Data
- 31 1 = Dravidian Pattern
- 22 2 = European Pattern
- 17 3 = Yoruban Pattern
- 14 4 = Algonkian Pattern
- 6 5 = Kordofanian Pattern
- 9 6 = Southern Bantu Pattern

- 8 7 = East Polynesian Pattern
- 8 8 = Quechuan Pattern
- 6 9 = Carolinian Pattern
- ? 10 = Siouan Pattern
- 6 11 = Caddoan Pattern
- ? 12 = Malagasy Pattern
- 3 13 = Jivaran Pattern
- ? 14 = Voltaic Pattern
- ? 15 = Yukian Pattern
- 6 16 = Rare Patterns

643. PATTERNS FOR CROSS-COUSINS

- 42 . = Missing Data
- 42 1 = Hawaiian Pattern
- 39 2 = Iroquois Pattern
- 20 3 = Eskimo Pattern
- 9 4 = Omaha Pattern
- 17 5 = Crow Pattern
- 10 6 = Descriptive Pattern
- 7 7 = Sudanese Pattern

644. PATTERNS FOR SIBLINGS-IN-LAW

- 77 . = Missing Data
- 19 1 = Merging Pattern
- 12 2 = Simple Bisexual Pattern
- 15 3 = Speaker's Sex Bisexual Pattern
- 14 4 = Opposite Sex Pattern
- 10 5 = Null Pattern
- 5 6 = Differentiated Pattern
- 5 7 = Strongly Differentiated Pattern
- 4 8 = Relative Sex Pattern
- 6 9 = Sex-of-link Bisexual Pattern
- ? 10 = Spouse's Sibling vs. Sibling's Spouse Pattern
- ? 11 = Skewed Bisexual Pattern
- 1 12 = Paired Bisexual Pattern
- 3 13 = Potential Spouse Pattern
- 4 14 = Same Sex Pattern

CULTURAL THEORIES OF ILLNESS

George P. Murdock and Suzanne Wilson. 1978. ETHNOLOGY 17:449-470. STDS25.DAT Variables 645-656 (not including 637-644)

645. Theories of Infection

- 64 . = Missing data
- 91 1 = Absence of such a cause
- 30 2 = Minor or relatively unimportant cause
- 0 3 = An important auxiliary cause
- 1 4 = Predominant cause recognized by the society
- 646. Theories of Stress
 - 59 . = Missing data
 - 56 1 = Absence of such a cause
 - 68 2 = Minor or relatively unimportant cause
 - 3 3 = An important auxiliary cause
 - 0 4 = Predominant cause recognized by the society
- 647. Theories of Deterioration
 - 58 . = Missing data
 - 99 1 = Absence of such a cause
 - 29 2 = Minor or relatively unimportant cause
 - 0 3 = An important auxiliary cause
 - 0 4 = Predominant cause recognized by the society
- 648. Theories of Accident
 - 58 . = Missing data
 - 91 1 = Absence of such a cause
 - 37 2 = Minor or relatively unimportant cause
 - 0 3 = An important auxiliary cause
 - 0 4 = Predominant cause recognized by the society
- 649. Theories of Fate
 - 59 . = Missing data
 - 99 1 = Absence of such a cause
 - 27 2 = Minor or relatively unimportant cause
 - 1 3 = An important auxiliary cause
 - 0 4 = Predominant cause recognized by the society

650. Theories of Ominous Sensation

- 59 . = Missing data
- 90 1 = Absence of such a cause
- 37 2 = Minor or relatively unimportant cause
- 0 3 = An important auxiliary cause
- 0 4 = Predominant cause recognized by the society

651. Theories of Contagion

- 58 . = Missing data
- 81 1 = Absence of such a cause
- 46 2 = Minor or relatively unimportant cause
- 1 3 = An important auxiliary cause
- 0 4 = Predominant cause recognized by the society

652. Theories of Mystical Retribution

- 55 . = Missing data
- 26 1 = Absence of such a cause
- 68 2 = Minor or relatively unimportant cause
- 32 3 = An important auxiliary cause
- 5 4 = Predominant cause recognized by the society

653. Theories of Soul Loss

- 59 . = Missing data
- 96 1 = Absence of such a cause
- 30 2 = Minor or relatively unimportant cause
- 1 3 = An important auxiliary cause
- 0 4 = Predominant cause recognized by the society

654. Theories of Spirit Aggression

- 55 . = Missing data
- 2 1 = Absence of such a cause
- 18 2 = Minor or relatively unimportant cause
- 37 3 = An important auxiliary cause
- 74 4 = Predominant cause recognized by the society

655. Theories of Sorcery

- 56 . = Missing data
- 16 1 = Absence of such a cause
- 45 2 = Minor or relatively unimportant cause
- 45 3 = An important auxiliary cause
- 24 4 = Predominant cause recognized by the society

656. Theories of Witchcraft

- 55 . = Missing data
- 81 1 = Absence of such a cause
- 24 2 = Minor or relatively unimportant cause
- 17 3 = An important auxiliary cause

9 4 = Predominant cause recognized by the society

notes on these codes

notes on these codes

FEMALE POWER AND MALE DOMINANCE

Sanday, Peggy. 1981. FEMALE POWER AND MALE DOMINANCE. Previously unpublished.

STDS26.DAT Variables 657-679

657. Flexible Marriage Mores (Divorce for both men and women: or mild punishment for adultery)

- 44 . = Missing data
- 28 1 = Absent
- 114 2 = Present

658. Females Produce Goods for Nondomestic Distribution

- 34 . = Missing data
- 27 1 = Absent
- 125 2 = Present

659. Demand for Female Produce beyond Household

- 51 . = Missing data
- 40 1 = Absent
- 95 2 = Present

660. Female Economic Control of Products of Own Labor

- 47 . = Missing data
- 41 1 = Absent
- 98 2 = Present

661. Female Political Participation, at least informal influence

- 41 . = Missing data
- 62 1 = Absent
- 83 2 = Present

662. Female Solidarity Groups, formal or informal

- 56 . = Missing data
- 93 1 = Absent
- 37 2 = Present

663. Female Power Guttman Scale constructed from 657-662

- 53 . = Missing data
- 11 1 = all items absent
- 9 2 = flexible marriage mores only (657)
- 5 3 = plus female nondomestic production (658)
- 13 4 = plus demand for female produce (659)
- 23 5 = plus female economic control (660)
- 41 6 = plus female political participation (661)
- 31 7 = plus female solidarity groups (662)

664. Ideology of Male Toughness

- 78 . = Missing data
- 21 1 = Absent
- 87 2 = Present

665. Male Segregation: One or more places where males congregate alone, or males occupy a separate part of the household, or there is sharp ceremonial segregation of the sexes.

- 75 . = Missing data
- 24 1 = Absent
- 87 2 = Present

666. Moderate or Frequent Interpersonal Violence

- 55 . = Missing data
- 43 1 = Absent
- 88 2 = Present

667. Rape: Incidents reports, or thought of as means of punishment women, or part of ceremony.

91 . = Missing data

- 45 1 = Absent
- 50 2 = Present

668. At least some Wives taken from Hostile Groups

55 . = Missing data

84 1 = Absent

- 47 2 = Present
- 669. Male Aggression Guttman Scale constructed from 664-668
 - 79 . = Missing data
 - 15 1 = no items present (none of 664-668)
 - 5 2 = ideology of male toughness only (664)
 - 18 3 = plus separate places for men (665)
 - 12 4 = plus interpersonal violence (666)
 - 19 5 = plus rape institutionalized or reported (667)
 - 38 6 = plus taking wives from hostile groups (668)
- 670. Composite of Male Dominance constructed from 663 plus 669 (657-669)
 - 47 . = Missing data
 - 45 1 = sexes `equal' -- i.e., female power scale 5 or above, and male aggression scale 4 or below
 - 55 2 = `mythical' male -- female power scale 5 or above, and male aggression scale 5 or above
 - 39 3 = sexes `unequal' -- female power scale 4 or below

`Pollution' Beliefs

671. Menstrual Taboos (H16)

- 76 . = Missing data
- 8 1 = no menstrual restrictions
- 26 2 = one restriction present
- 25 3 = two restrictions
- 17 4 = three
- 15 5 = four
- 19 6 = five

672. Male Avoidance of Female Sexuality (A11)

- * (check if correct assignment of codes)
- 76 . = Missing data
- 26 1 = none
- 51 2 = sexual intercourse prohibited during menstruation
- 31 3 = sexual intercourse prohibited at other times also
- 8 4 = men avoid or fear female genitals

Creation Stories

673. Sex of Creative Agent, Ancestor, or Culture-Hero

- 147 . = Missing data
 - 6 1 = Female
 - 2 2 = Sexless

6 3 = Couple

- 9 4 = Male
- 3 5 = Animal
- 13 6 = Supreme being or force

674. Origin of First Creator or Ancestor

- 147 . = Missing data, or no information
- 13 1 = From within (`feminine')
- 3 2 = From within and without
- 21 3 = From without (`masculine')
- 2 4 = Void

675. Mode of First-Mentioned Creation

- 147 . = Missing data
- 14 1 = From the body: Union and/or birth
- 2 2 = From the body: Self-propagation
- 20 3 = From other than the body
- 3 4 = Cannot be determined

676. Creation Stories (composite of 675 and 656, plus additional societies)

74 . = Missing

- 20 1 = feminine symbolism
- 36 2 = couple symbolism
- 56 3 = masculine symbolism
 - * Note: information in Table C.4 sufficient to distinguish:
- 74 . = Missing
 - 1 = feminine symbolism
 - 2 = masculine-feminine symbolism: ambiguous
 - 3 = couple symbolism
 - 4 = masculine symbolism: discrepant feminine element
 - also present
 - 5 = masculine symbolism

Predictor Variables

677. Migration

- 81 . = Missing data
- 47 1 = aboriginal area or migrated centures ago

58 2 = recent migration, within past 100-150 years, or

people are said to be migrating conquerors

678. Food Stress or Hunger

- 48 . = Missing data
- 47 1 = food constant
- 62 2 = occasional hunger or famine
- 26 3 = periodic or chronic hunger
- 3 4 = starvation or evidence of protein deficiency

(note: exact coding distinction between 3 and 4 unclear)

679. Warfare or Fighting

- 53 . = Missing data
- 41 1 = absent or occasional or periodical
- 92 2 = frequent or endemic

notes on these codes

FEMALE STATUS: INDEPENDENT VARIABLES

Whyte, Martin K. 1978. THE STATUS OF WOMEN IN PREINDUSTRIAL SOCIETIES. Princeton University Press. Previously Unpublished.

STDS27.DAT Variables 680-709

STDS28.DAT Variables 710-738

Only the odd numbered societies are coded in this study.

680. Plow

- 94 . = Missing data
- 66 1 = Absent
- 26 2 = Present

681. Irrigation

100 . = Missing data

- 55 1 = Absent
- 31 2 = Present

682. Cereal Grains the Principal Crop

94 . = Missing data

```
45 1 = Absent
   47
         2 = Present
683. Roots or Tubers the Principal Crop
   93
       . = Missing data
   71
        1 = Absent
   22 2 = Present
684. Tree Fruits and Starches the Principal Crops
   94
       . = Missing data
   82
        1 = Absent
   10
       2 = Present
685. Large Nonmilked Aboriginal Domestic Animals
   99
        . = Missing data
   75
        1 = Absent
   12 2 = Present
686. Large Milked Aboriginal Domestic Animals
   96
        . = Missing data
   61
       1 = Absent
   29
       2 = Present
687. Small Aboriginal Domestic Animals - excluding dogs, cats, fowl, guinea
     pigs
   98
       . = Missing data
   39
       1 = Absent
   49
         2 = Present
688. Large Domestic Animals, only since European contact
   94
       . = Missing data
   77
       1 = Absent
   12
         2 = Present
689. Small Domestic Animals, only since European contact
```

```
106 . = Missing data
```

```
71 1 = Absent
```

9 2 = Present

Hunting

690. Large Animals are Hunted and Important to the Diet

- 100 . = Missing data
- 44 1 = Absent
- 42 2 = Present

691. Small Animals are Hunted and Important to the Diet

104 . = Missing data
35 1 = Absent
47 2 = Present

692. Intermediate Animals are Hunted and Important to the Diet

104 . = Missing data
33 1 = Absent
49 2 = Present

Warfare

- 693. Frequency of Intercommunity Armed Conflict
 - 95 . = Missing data
 - 49 1 = Past, supralocal, or absent
 - 42 2 = Present and endemic local warfare (collapsed from an original five categories)

Male Solidarity

694. Male Initiation Ceremonies (Guttman Scale - see Frank Young, 1965)

- 111 . = Missing data
- 37 1 = No initiation
- 10 2 = Minimal social recognition
- 7 3 = Personal dramatization of the initiate
- 3 4 = Organized social response
- 18 5 = Affective social response: beating, hazing or operations (coefficient of scalability = .76)

695. Male Solidarity (Guttman Scale - see Young and Bacdayan 1965)

93 . = Missing data

- 57 1 = No institutionalized male solidarity
- 7 2 = Some exclusive male activity protected by physical or normative barriers
- 6 3 = Ritualization given to this activity
- 14 4 = Definite ranking of men within this activity
- 9 5 = War training or planning a part of this activity
 (scalability = .88)

Matrilineal Descent

- 696. Matrilineal Descent
 - 93 . = Missing data
 - 76 1 = Patrilineal, dual, bilateral, or other
 - 17 2 = Matrilineal

697. Matrilocal Residence

- 96 . = Missing data
- 72 1 = All other
- 18 2 = Matrilocal

Extended Families

- 698. Preferred Family Form (adapted from Murdock 1961)
 - 97 . = Missing data
 - 26 1 = Nuclear
 - 23 2 = Stem
 - 10 3 = Lineal
 - 30 4 = Extended

Political and Legal

699. Political Organization (adapted from Murdock 1961, p. 207)

93 . = Missing data

- 11 1 = Absence of local political integration family heads acknowledge no higher authority
- 40 2 = Autonomous local community -- population below 1500
- 13 3 = Minimal State -- political integration in independent units averaging 1500 - 10,000
- 27 4 = Little State -- political integration in independent units averaging 10,000 - 100,000
- 2 5 = State political integration in a unit of 100,000 plu

700. Crimes against Person Punished

- 94 . = Missing data
- 37 1 = By person or group wronged
- 55 2 = By government action

701. (No) Government full-time Bureaucrats (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

```
94 . = Missing data
```

- 62 1 = Full time bureaucrats unrelated to government head
- 30 2 = No full time bureaucrats, or only relatives of head

702. Community is part of a Kingdom (defined as a centralized political unit with centralized organs of political control, power to tax, and rule concentrated in a single office, which is hereditary -- following Stephens 1963)

99 . = Missing data
70 1 = No

17 2 = Yes

703. Community part of a Kingdom in the past that no longer exists

```
99 . = Missing data
74 1 = No
13 2 = Yes
```

Private Property

704. Private Property

102 . = Missing data

- 70 1 = Absent
- 14 2 = Present

Complexity

705. Settlement Type

- 93 . = Missing data
- 7 1 = Fully migratory or nomadic bands
- 21 2 = Seminomadic bands which wander for at least half the year, but occupy a fixed settlement for some season(s)
- 22 3 = Neighborhoods of dispersed family settlements
- 28 4 = Separated hamlets, where several form more or less

a single permanent community

- 12 5 = Compact and permanent village or town
- 3 6 = Complex settlements surrounded by homesteads or hamlets considered part of the community

706. Metalworking

- 100 . = Missing data
- 33 1 = Absent
- 53 2 = Present

707. Manufacture of Pottery

- 96 . = Missing data
- 26 1 = Absent
- 64 2 = Present

708. True Weaving

100 . = Missing data

- 43 1 = Absent
- 43 2 = Present

709. Social Stratification in the Larger Society

- 94 . = Missing data
- 24 1 = Lack of significant stratification among free men
- 31 2 = Differences in wealth and control, but not crystallized into distinct and hereditary social classes
- 11 3 = Dual stratification into hereditary elites and commoners
- 26 4 = Complex stratification into three or more classes/castes

notes on these codes

STDS28.DAT Variables 710-738

710. Social Stratification in the Local Community

- 93 . = Missing data
- 29 1 = Lack of significant stratification among free men
- 36 2 = Differences in wealth and control, but not crystallized into distinct and hereditary social classes
- 8 3 = Dual stratification into hereditary elites and commoners
- 18 4 = Complex stratification into three or more classes/castes

711. Societal Complexity (Guttman Scale - Freeman and Winch 1957)

- 93 . = Missing data
- 37 1 = Absence of all traits in scale
- 13 2 = Crimes punished by government (704)
- 9 3 = Full-time specialized priests
- 1 4 = Formal education
- 8 5 = Written language
- 25 6 = Full-time bureaucrats (705)
 - (scalability .643, a shade below accepted minimum of .65)
- 712. Institutionalized Envy (scaled by unweighted sum for presence or absence of four correlated indicators -- (a) men imitate women, (b) women imitate men, and (c) exclusive mother-infant sleeping, and (3) exclusive mother-child sleeping). Constructed arithmetically from means and cutting points.
 - 100 . = Missing data
 - 13 1 = No items present
 - 14 2 = One or two item present
 - 59 3 = Three of four items present

Classical Religion

- 713. (Pre-Classical) Religion (**inaccurate for 27, see 713rev from 1807: additional 85 coded) in a previous edition of the codebook codes 1-3 were reversed 3-1 as were the frequencies for the named categories.
 - 93 . = Missing data
 - 14 1 = Classical religion (Xianity, Islam, Hinduism, Buddhism)
 - 31 2 = Mixture of classical and preclassical
 - 48 3 = Preclassical

713rev. (Pre-Classical) Religion (retains 713 codes, takes new values from 2002-1807: additional 85 coded)

- 0 . = Missing data
- 39 1 = Classical religion (Xianity, Islam, Hinduism, Buddhism)
- 31 2 = Mixture of classical and preclassical
- 116 3 = Preclassical

SHOULD THIS BE?

- 8 . = Missing data
- 26 1 = Classical religion (Xianity, Islam, Hinduism, Buddhism)
- 36 2 = Mixture of classical and preclassical
- 116 3 = Preclassical

Female Shortage

. = Missing data

```
714. Sex Ratio
```

96

```
1 = Female excess
10
60
     2 = Roughly equal
20
    3 = Male excess
         N=90
     * Reliability high: Pearson R=-.595 as compared with N=59 v1689 cutpoints
         v1649:
                      1 < 95, 2 intermediate, 3 > 102.5
      crosstab
                       Male excess
                                    normal
                                                Female excess
     1 = Female excess
10
                          0
                                       3
                                                    5
     2 = Roughly equal
                       3
                                       2
60
                                                    4
20
     3 = Male excess
                          7
                                       2
                                                    0 Pvalue = 0.0000000083
       N=121 for a combination of both variables r=.956
```

715. Systematic Absences of Married Males (Military service, Labor elsewhere, Extended trade expeditions, etc.)

```
94 . = Missing data
```

- 38 1 = No systematic absences
 - 2 = Systematic absences -- not presently, but within
- 6 memory of present adults
- 48 3 = Systematic absences common presently

Quality Control Variables

716. Sex of Coders

- 93 . = Missing data
- 12 1 = Both male
- 43 2 = Male and female
- 38 3 = Both female

717. Number of Sources Consulted

93 . = Missing data

- 11 1 = One
- 23 2 = Two
- 27 3 = Three
- 21 4 = Four or five
- 11 5 = Six to nine

718. Number of Authorities Consulted

- 93 . = Missing data
- 27 1 = One
- 31 2 = Two
- 17 3 = Three
- 18 4 = Four to seven

719. Total Pages in Sources Consulted

- 93 . = Missing data
- 15 1 = Under 300
- 22 2 = 300-499
- 44 3 = 500-999
- 12 4 = Over 1000

720. Sex of Authorities

- 93 . = Missing data
- 66 1 = All males
- 23 2 = Mixed males and females
- 4 3 = All females

721. Nationality of Authorities

- 93 . = Missing data
- 28 1 = All Americans
- 28 2 = Some Americans
- 37 3 = None Americans

722. Occupation of Authorities

- 95 . = Missing data (or some or all unknown)
- 55 1 = No anthropologist
- 30 2 = Some anthropologists
- 6 3 = All anthropologists

723. Formal Fieldwork training of authorities

- 94 . = Missing data (or some or all unknown)
- 56 1 = All had some
- 29 2 = some had
- 7 3 = None had any

724. Knowledge of native language **(e.g., by ethnographers)

99 . = Missing data (or some or all unknown)

- 52 1 = All knew it well
- 33 2 = Some knew it well
- 2 3 = None knew it well

725. Total periods of fieldwork

- 97 . = Missing data (or some or all unknown)
- 11 1 = One year or less
- 36 2 = One to three years
- 42 3 = More than three years

726. Anthropological Present

- 93 . = Missing data
- 8 1 = Before 1800 A.D.
- 34 2 = 1801-1900
- 40 3 = 1901-1950
- 11 4 = After 1950 A.D.
- 727. Importance of Agriculture in Subsistence, including gardening
- 728. Importance of Animal Husbandry in Subsistence
- 729. Importance of Fishing, Shellfishing and Marine Hunting
- 730. Importance of Hunting and Gathering in Subsistence
- 731. Importance of Handicrafts, Manufacturing
- 732. Importance of Trade in Subsistence

728 (raising domestic animals, using milk, eggs, etc. -- even if this involves only the raising of draft animals for use in agriculture) 731 (insofar as they contribute to subsistence, defined as supplying the overall needs for food, clothing, and shelter of the community) 732 (include trade conducted to gain needed subsistence items, not simply exchange of ceremonial items; measure of extent to which members of the community depend upon trading in order to acquire items needed for subsistence that they do not produce themselves)

	727	7283	7293	730	7317	132
. = Missing data	93	93	93	93	93	93
1 = Dominant, the principal subsistence activity	43	6	4	12	0	0
2 = Co-dominant with one or more other categories	20	12	13	14	1	3
3 = Important, but not a major subsistence activity	6	32	26	28	42	33
4 = Present, but relatively unimportant	2	14	19	24	44	44
5 = Insignificant, sporadic, or absent	22	29	31	15	6	13

- 2 = Co-dominant, sharing position of principal subsistence activity with one or more other categories
- 4 = Present, but relatively unimportant as a subsistence activity

- 733. Contribution of the Sexes to Agriculture
- 734. Contribution of the Sexes to Animal Husbandry
- 735. Contribution of the Sexes to Fishing, Shellfishing, and Marine Hunting
- 736. Contribution of the Sexes to Hunting and Gathering
- 737. Relative Contribution of the Sexes to Handicrafts and Manufacture
- 738. Relative Contribution of the Sexes to Trade

	733	734	735	736	737	738
. = Missing data	93	93	93	93	93	93
1 = Male participation exclusively, or	6	12	25	10	4	16
female contribution negligible						
2 = Male participation appreciably greater	18	17	18	19	21	15
3 = Equal participation	22	11	13	37	44	24
4 = Female participation appreciably greater	17	7	2	6	10	5
5 = Female participation exclusively, or	3	4	2	1	1	3
male contribution negligible						
6 = Activity conducted solely by slaves or	27	42	33	20	13	30
members of servile classes,						
or does not apply, OR NO INFORMATION						

notes on these codes

HUSBAND-WIFE RELATIONSHIPS

Broude, Gwen, and Sarah J. Greene. 1983. ETHNOLOGY 22:263-280.

STDS29.DAT Variables 739-755

739. Marriage Arrangements

- 38 . = Missing data
- 46 1 = Individual selects and/or courts partner autonomously: approval by parents or others unnecessary
- 26 2 = Individual selects and/or courts partner autonomously: parental, kin, and/or community approval necessary or highly desireable
- 5 3 = Individual suggests partner to parents or others:

arrangements for courtship or marriage then proceed if choice is approved

OR parents ask approval of individuals to initiate

a match

OR individual is approached by parent or others on

behalf of suitor and can accept or reject the match

- 27 4 = Individual choice and arranged marriages are alternatives
- 25 5 = Parents choose partner: individual can object
- 19 6 = Parents choose partner: individual cannot easily object or rarely objects in fact

740. Marriage Arrangements (Female)

- 35 . = Missing data
- 12 1 = Individual selects and/or courts partner autonomously: approval by parents or others unnecessary
- 40 2 = Individual selects and/or courts partner authonomously: parental, kin, and/or community approval necessary or highly desireable
- 4 3 = Individual suggests partner to parents or others; arrangements for courtship or marriage then proceed if choice is approved
 - OR parents ask approval of individuals to initiate a match
 - OR individual is approached by parent or others on behalf of suitor and can accept or reject the match
- 27 4 = Individual choice and arranged marriages are alternatives
- 35 5 = Parents choose partner: individual can object
- 33 6 = Parents choose partner: individual cannot easily object or rarely objects in fact

741. Widow Remarriage: Choice of Partner

- 94 . = Missing data
- 28 1 = Widow chooses new husband herself with no outside interferences
- 27 2 = Remarriage into first husband's kin group usually or preferred, but widow can choose new husband from elsewhere if she wishes
- 4 3 = Widow chooses new husband herself, but from first husband's kin group or community
- 27 4 = Widow's husband's kin chooses new husband
- 6 5 = Remarriage is absent, uncommon, or strongly disapproved
- 742. Time of Mourning Before Remarriage of Widows
 - 147 . = Missing data
 - 4 1 = No period of mourning: remarriage as soon as possible

- 3 2 = One week to two months of mourning
- 9 3 = Over two months but less than one year of mourning
- 18 4 = One year or over of mourning
- 5 5 = No remarriage

743. (Neg) Attitude towards Divorce (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 126 . = Missing data
- 11 1 = Expected, accepted, tolerated, not disapproved
- 16 2 = Mildly disapproved, e.g., attempts by others to reconcile couple, marriages expected to be permanent but divorce accepted without stigma if inevitable
- 11 3 = Approved if reasons are considered justified; otherwise disapproved
- 11 4 = Expected, accepted, tolerated, not disapproved in first years of marriage and/or before children; otherwise disapproved
- 11 5 = Strongly disapproved; stigma attached to divorce
- 744. (Neg) Frequency of Divorce (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 101 . = Missing data
 - 8 1 = Universal or almost universal
 - 31 2 = Common, frequent, not uncommon
 - 11 3 = Moderate: a small minority of couples divorce
 - 10 4 = Frequent in first years of marriage and/or before children; rare thereafter
 - 25 5 = Rare, isolated instances, never
- 745. Grounds for Divorce (Male)
 - 105 . = Missing data
 - 54 1 = No grounds necessary for divorce; divorce equaly easy or difficult with out without justification
 - 17 2 = Grounds not absolutely necessary, but divorce is financially, legally and/or socially earlier with them
 - 7 3 = Divorce only with grounds
 - 3 4 = No divorce
- 746. Grounds for Divorce (Female)
 - 104 . = Missing data
 - 39 1 = No grounds necessary for divorce; divorce equally easy or difficult with or without justification
 - 30 2 = Grounds not absolutely necessary, but divorce is financially, legally and/or socially earier with them

- 9 3 = Divorce only with grounds
- 4 4 = No divorce
- 747. Honeymoon Customs
 - 134 . = Missing data
 - 6 1 = Couple goes off alone or is secluded for some period
 - 7 2 = Special schedules set up to allow couple to spend time together; e.g., coule given special dispensation to work together, visit or receive visitors together
 - 20 3 = Special schedules set up for newlyweds, but not necessarily for the purpose of allowing them time together, e.g., wife excused from housework, visitors received by spouses separately, wife secluded
 - 11 4 = No special arrangements for newlyweds
 - 8 5 = Newlyweds avoid each others, either by tradition or from shyness
- 748. Customs surrounding Consummation of Marriage
 - 120 . = Missing data
 - 21 1 = Socially recognized as a special occasion and couple granted privacy
 - 6 2 = Special occasion and private, but signal of consummation proof of potency, virginity awaited by others
 - 8 3 = Special occasion, others present
 - 31 4 = Not a special occasion
- 749. Living Arrangements for Newlyweds
 - 70 . = Missing data
 - 43 1 = Couple move into own house ideally or in reality
 - 12 2 = Couple move in with parents, but separate room or partitioned area is provided
 - 29 3 = Couple move in with parents for first year or so and then set up a separate household
 - 26 4 = Couple live permanently in extended family
 - setting; no special arrangements for newlyweds
- 750. (Distant) Sleeping Proximity between Husbands and Wives (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 76 . = Missing data
 - 43 1 = Same room and close proximity: e.g., same bed, same blanket, touching, back to back, adjacent sleeping

places allocated to spouses

- 15 2 = Same room but no close proximity: e.g., different beds, different hammocks, different sections of room
- 45 3 = Same room, proximity unknown
- 7 4 = Different rooms
- 751. (Low) Privacy in Sleeping for Husbands and Wives (VAR LABEL REVERSED) (Only if Husband and Wife sleep in Same Room)
 - 96 . = Missing data
 - 6 1 = Husband and wife sleep together alone or with infants
 - 13 2 = Husband and wife sleep with prepubescent children
 - 6 3 = Unmarried members of nuclear family sleep with husband and wife, but either sons or daughters sleep elsewhere after early childhood
 - 22 4 = All members of nuclear family below marriageable age sleep with husband and wife
 - 11 5 = Other adults occasionally sleep with husband and and wife; e.g., other adult dependents who are temporary members of the newlyweds household
 - 32 6 = Other adults permanently sleep with husband and wife
- 752. (No) Husband-Wife Eating Arrangements (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 76 . = Missing data
 - 71 1 = Husband and wife usually eat together
 - 11 2 = Husband and wife are together during meals; wife does not eat with husband, but serves him and/or converses
 - 28 3 = Husband and wife often, usually, or always eat apart

753. (No) Husband-Wife Leisure Time Activities (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 88 . = Missing data
- 4 1 = Husband and wife usually spend leisure time together and at home, alone or with nuclear or extended family members
- 21 2 = Husband and wife sometimes spend leisure time together at home, and sometimes together in a group (e.g., they go over or have visitors); same-sex activities may be present, but they are not salient
- 21 3 = Husband and wife usually spend leisure time together, but group activities are emphasized: e.g., couple go to dances together, spend their time habitually in camp with others
- 28 4 = Husband and wife sometimes spend leisure time

together as a couple or in a group, but sexsegregated activities are also salient: e.g., couple goes to dances, market together, but then join same-sex group

24 5 = Husband and wife generally spend leisure time apart: same-sex activities prgdominate

754. Wife-Beating

- 116 . = Missing data
- 14 1 = Absent
- 56 2 = Present

755. (No) Husband Attends Birth (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 118 . = Missing data
- 11 1 = Husbands expected or allowed to attend the births of their children and usually do
- 4 2 = No taboo against presence of husband at births but husbands often (?) or usually are absent
- 4 3 = Husbands attend births only in emergencies
- 8 4 = Husbands not allowed to attend births, but have specific tasks or roles associated with labor or delivery
- 41 5 = Husbands not allowed to attend births and are explicitly barred from playing any role in labor or delivery

notes on these codes

POLITICAL DECISION MAKING AND CONFLICT

Marc Ross, 1983. Political Decision Making and Conflict: Additional Cross-Cultural Codes and Scales. Ethnology 22: 169-192.

STDS30.DAT

- 756. (Low) Political Role Differentiation: Full Time Specialists and their Differentiation from Others in the Society (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 96 . = Missing data
 - 18 1 = Highly differentiated by wealth, special titles or life style
 - 10 2 = Moderately differentiated
 - 11 3 = Somewhat wealthier but share much of life style by age, gender

- 7 4 = Same life style, may be older and have somewhat more prestige
- 18 5 = Few exist but leadership roles present, wealthier than others
- 15 6 = Few exist but leadership roles present, same life style (as #4)
- 11 7 = None exist, no permanent leadership roles
- 757. Political and Religious Differentiation
 - 103 . = Missing data
 - 23 1 = Consider overlap between political and religious leaders
 - 30 2 = Some overlap
 - 30 3 = Distinct
- 758. Local Community Leadership Selection: Basis
 - 96 . = Missing data
 - 21 1 = Kinship; highly constrained
 - 25 2 = Kinship; broad choice within group
 - 31 3 = Non-hereditary, personal characteristics involved
 - 13 4 = Informal, shifts across situations

759. Perceptions of Political Leaders' Power as seen by Society

- 96 . = Missing data
- 24 1 = Very powerful
- 29 2 = Somewhat powerful, often variable across leaders, situations
- 37 3 = Limited

760. Perceptions of Political Leaders' Benevolence as seen by Society

- 120 . = Missing data
- 16 1 = Capricious and arbitrary, power used to further own interests
- 13 2 = Neither particularly malevolent nor benevolent in use of power
- 37 3 = Basically benevolent, working in interest of entire community

761. Checks on Leaders' Power

100 . = Missing data

- 5 1 = Few, or those which exist not invoked very often
- 24 2 = Checks exist which seem to make leaders sensitive to populace
- 38 3 = Leaders carefully secure substantial support before taking action
- 19 4 = No leaders act independently lest their community backing lost

762. (No) Removal of Leaders who are incompetent or disliked (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 109 . = Missing data
- 11 1 = No way other than rebellion or popular uprisings
- 18 2 = Institutionalized means invoked occasionally, possibly by elites
- 30 3 = Not removed in formal manner but lose influence and are ignored
- 18 4 = No formal leadership, loss of power when support diminishes
- 763. (Low) Leaders' Exercise of Authority (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 99 . = Missing data
 - 24 1 = Frequently act independently and make authoritative decisions
 - 26 2 = Make relatively few decisions on own without consultation
 - 37 3 = Use persuasion to help organized and structure group action
- 764. (Few) Decision Making Bodies: How most decisions are made (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 98 . = Missing data
 - 23 1 = Individual(s), perhaps with advice of few advisors
 - 16 2 = Individual(s), working with an elite council
 - 14 3 = Individual(s), working with a broad based council
 - 19 4 = Broad based community council
 - 16 5 = Few explicit decisions, some made by community at large
- 765. (Low) Political Participation: Range of Community Decision Making, or extent to which community control is exercised over different areas of life through collective decision making, which may be of a formal or informal nature. (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 98 . = Missing data
 - 26 1 = Collective decisions impinge on many aspects of people's lives
 - 18 2 = Collective decisions impinge on a moderate number of areas
 - 25 3 = Collective decisions impinge on few aspects of people's lives
 - 19 4 = Minimal collective decisions which impinge on people's lives
- 766. (Low) Political Participation: Extensivity of Adult Participation in Areas where collective Decision Making present (VAR LABEL REVERSED) .
 - 102 . = Missing data
 - 13 1 = Widespread: decision making forums open to all adults and involvement is relatively great
 - 31 2 = High or some: widespread for some groups, but exclusion of others on the basis of gender, age, or kinship status
 - 24 3 = Moderate: some consultation present but low input from community
 - 16 4 = Low or non-existent: Leaders make most decisions and involvement of average person highly limited or absent
- 767. (No) Conflict (Social or Political) in the Local Community (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 96 . = Missing data
- 4 1 = Endemic: a reality of daily existence (e.g., physical violence, feuding, bitter factionalism)
- 20 2 = High: Conflict present but not a pervasive aspect of daily life
- 46 3 = Moderate: Disagreements and differences do not result in high violence or severe disruption
- 20 4 = Mild or rare
- 768. (No) Conflict between Communities of the Same Society (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 97 . = Missing data
 - 25 1 = Endemic: High physical violence, feuding, and/or raiding occur regularly
 - 23 2 = Moderately High, often involving physical violence
 - 21 3 = Moderate: Disputes may occur regularly but tendency to manage them in a more or less peaceful manner
 - 20 4 = Mild or rare
- 769. Conflict Management in Local Community: Dominant Mode
 - 98 . = Missing data
 - 31 1 = Conflicting parties encouraged to find a solution on their own
 - 27 2 = Conflicting parties easily draw new parties in but pressures for resolving disputes using informal mechanisms
 - 30 3 = Authorities often get involved and work to achieve a settlement
- 770. (No) Resort to Physical Force by Disputants in settling disputes, Exclusive of Police or institutionalized force, (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 96 . = Missing data
 - 34 1 = Often used
 - 32 2 = Sometimes used
 - 24 3 = Rarely or never used
- 771. (No) Mediation/Negotiation/Arbitration: Third parties in disputes, unable to impose a binding decision, but may facilitate settlement (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 98 . = Missing data
 - 57 1 = Often used (to settle disputes)
 - 19 2 = Sometimes used
 - 12 3 = Rarely or never used
- 772. (No) Litigation: Use of third parties offering binding decisions, with or without formal court systems (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 97 . = Missing data
- 27 1 = Frequent involvement in litigation by society members
- 21 2 = Occasional involvement
- 41 3 = Rare or non-involvement

773. (No) Internal Warfare (Between communities of same society) (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 101 . = Missing data
- 31 1 = Frequent, occurring at least yearly
- 14 2 = Common, at least every five years
- 10 3 = Occasional, at least every generation
- 30 4 = Rare or never

774. (No) External Warfare (with other societies) (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 102 . = Missing data
- 45 1 = Frequent, occurring at least yearly
- 13 2 = Common, at least every five years
- 6 3 = Occasional, at least every generation
- 20 4 = Rare or never

775. (Low) Compliance of Individuals with Community Norms and Decisions (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 100 . = Missing data
- 43 1 = High
- 31 2 = Moderate
- 12 3 = Highly Variable

776. (Few) Formal Sanctions and Enforcement for Community Decisions (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 96 . = Missing data
- 23 1 = Great sanctioning power available
- 32 2 = Some
- 35 3 = Little or none

777. (No) Enforcement Specialists (VAR LABEL REVERSED) (e.g., Police, Tax Collectors)

- 97 . = Missing data
- 29 1 = Present
- 21 2 = Not specialized but done by leaders who do other things as well
- 39 3 = Absent, or carried out by social pressure of wider community

778. (Low) Loyalty to the Local Community (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

103 . = Missing data

- 30 1 = Especially high
- 33 2 = High
- 14 3 = Moderate
- 6 4 = Low

779. (Low) Loyalty to the Wider Society (in some cases indistinguishable from the local community) (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

102 . = Missing data

- 11 1 = Especially high -- uniformly high across groups
- 16 2 = High for the most part across groups in the society
- 33 3 = Moderate -- some noticeable variation across groups in society
- 24 4 = Low -- not terribly salient or rarely important as a concern

780. (Low) Hostility toward other Societies (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 112 . = Missing data
- 28 1 = Extensive: bitter feelings toward almost all outsiders
- 18 2 = High: bitter feelings toward outsiders, but not always
- 17 3 = Moderate: sometimes bitter feelings, but much differentiation
- 11 4 = Low: little hostility toward outsiders
- 781. (Un)Acceptability of Violence toward Members of the local Community (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 100 . = Missing data
 - 1 = Valued
 - 7 2 = Acceptable
 - 18 3 = Tolerated
 - 61 4 = Disapproved
- 782. (Un)Acceptability of Violence toward Members of the Same Society, but outside the Local Community (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 109 . = Missing data
 - 12 1 = Valued
 - 28 2 = Acceptable
 - 10 3 = Tolerated
 - 27 4 = Disapproved
- 783. (Un)Acceptability of Violence toward people in Other Societies (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 122 . = Missing data
 - 39 1 = Valued
 - 16 2 = Acceptable
 - 3 3 = Tolerated

- 6 4 = Disapproved
- 784. (No) Taxation Paid to Community (e.g., in agricultural produce, labor, finished goods) (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 101 . = Missing data
 - 31 1 = Regular and non-negligible taxes to community
 - 20 2 = Only in special situations or Modest level
 - 34 3 = None
- 785. (No) Local Political Fission of Dissatisfied Persons (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 122 . = Missing data
 - 30 1 = Often move to another community following disputes
 - 20 2 = Sometimes move to another community following disputes
 - 14 3 = Rarely or never move to another community following disputes
- 786. Adult Mobility
 - 107 . = Missing data
 - 18 1 = Adults generally attached to particular communities throughout their lives, especially after marriage
 - 22 2 = Individuals occasionally move to new communities as adults
 - 39 3 = Movement between communities is quite common for adults
- 787. (Low) Contact with Other Societies (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 99 . = Missing data
 - 45 1 = Frequent, through trade, warfare, travel, etc.
 - 28 2 = Occasional but not often
 - 14 3 = Rare or never
- 788. Cross-Cutting Ties: extent to which individuals living in different communities of the same society linked together in politically relevant ways
 - 97 . = Missing data
 - 34 1 = No politically relevant links, formal organizations, or strong informal obligations which extend beyond the local community
 - 30 2 = Some politically relevant ties, but wider society divided into some discrete groups not linked through cross-cutting ties
 - 25 3 = Cross-cutting ties link individuals throughout the society, cutting across territorial groups in one or more ways
- 789. Type of Cross-Cutting ties: Age Organizations (Grades, Sets) Cutting across Communities

- 97 . = Missing data
- 78 1 = Absent
- 5 2 = Present but not politically important
- 6 3 = Present and political important

790. Type of Cross-Cutting ties: Kinship Organizations cutting across

Communities

- 96 . = Missing data
- 23 1 = Absent
- 27 2 = Present but not politically important
- 40 3 = Present and political important
- 791. Type of Cross-Cutting Ties: Moieties cutting across Communities
 - 97 . = Missing data
 - 76 1 = Absent
 - 8 2 = Present but not politically important
 - 5 3 = Present and political important
- 792. Types of Cross-Cutting Ties: Ritual Organizations (Religious, Cult

Groups) cutting across Communities

- 97 . = Missing data
- 42 1 = Absent
- 27 2 = Present but not politically important
- 20 3 = Present and political important

793. (Low) Female Participation in Public Political Arenas, Relative to Males (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 106 . = Missing data
- 8 1 = High: in some situations equal to or greater than that of men
- 27 2 = Significant but not as high as male involvement
- 19 3 = Not great but clearly some role for women in public aspects of political life
- 26 4 = Women generally excluded from public aspects of politics
- 794. (Low) Female Participation in Private Political Arenas, Relative to Males (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 120 . = Missing data
 - 35 1 = High: in some situations equal to or greater than that of men
 - 15 2 = Significant but not as high as male involvement
 - 12 3 = Not great but clearly some role for women in private aspects of political life

- 4 4 = Women do not seem to get involved in political life in private arenas
- 795. (Low) Gender differences in Political or Quasi-Political Positions of Authority (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 102 . = Missing data
 - 8 1 = Women and men eligible for some of the same positions and women commonly do so
 - 18 2 = Women and men eligible for some of the same positions and women occasionally do so
 - 7 3 = Women rarely, if ever, hold some of the same positions regardless of rules of eligibility
 - 51 4 = The same political positions are not open to both women and men
- 796. (No) Separate Female Organizations and Positions (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 117 . = Missing data
 - 22 1 = Some associations or organizations under exclusive control of women
 - 15 2 = No associations but some positions of authority for which only women are eligible
 - 32 3 = No associations or positions exclusively controlled by women
- 797. (Low) Coder Assessment of Data Quality (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 96 . = Missing data
 - 14 1 = Especially high -- judgments not difficult to make
 - 31 2 = Good -- some missing data, those available seemed good
 - 34 3 = Moderate but acceptable -- a good deal of inference sometimes required
 - 11 4 = Weak for certain variables with much missing data and only the most general descriptions for some domains

notes on these codes

DATA QUALITY CONTROL VARIABLES FOR CHILD TRAINING

Ronald P. Rohner, D. Scott Berg, and Evelyn C. Rohner. 1982. Data Quality Control in the Standard Sample: Cross-Cultural Codes. Ethnology 21: 359-372.

STDS31.DAT

The references used for coding the sample were derived from Barry

and Paxson's (1971) research on infancy and childhood.

798. Date of Publication

- 1 78 = 1780-89
- 1 82 = 1820-29
- 3 85 = 1850-59
- 86 = 1860-69
- 1 87 = 1870-79
- 5 88 = 1880-89
- 2 89 = 1890-99
- 4 90 = 1900-09
- 8 91 = 1910-19
- 14 92 = 1920-29
- 34 93 = 1930-39
- 24 94 = 1940-49
- 48 95 = 1950-59
- 39 96 = 1960-69
- 2 97 = 1970-79

799. Number of Pages in the Book

38 0 = 0-99

- 28 1 = 100-199
- 38 2 = 200-299
- 32 3 = 300-399
- 21 4 = 400-499
- 10 5 = 500-599
- 11 6 = 600-699
- 3 7 = 700-799
- 8 = 800-899
 - 9 = 900-999
- 1 10 = 1000-1099
 - 11 = 1100 1199
 - 12 = 1200-1299
- 1 13 = 1300-1399
- 2 14 = 1400-1499

800. Number of Pages Related to Child Training Practices

- 130 0 = 0-9 29 1 = 10-19 8 2 = 20-29
 - 8 2 20-2
 - 3 3 = 30-39

- 3 4 = 40-49
- 2 5 = 50-59
- 4 6 = 60-69
- 2 7 = 70-79
- 3 8 = 80-89
 - 9 = 90-99
 - 10 = 100 109
 - 11 = 110-119
- 1 12 = 120-129
- 1 27 = 270-279

801. Proportion of Book Devoted to Child Training

0 - 99%

802. Year Fieldwork Began

- 113 . = missing data
 - 1 86 = 1860-69
 - 87 = 1870-79
 - 2 88 = 1880-89
 - 1 89 = 1890-99
 - 3 90 = 1900-09
- 5 91 = 1910-19
- 10 92 = 1920-29
- 18 93 = 1930-39
- 13 94 = 1940-49
- 17 95 = 1950-59
- 3 96 = 1960-69
 - 97 = 1970-79

803. Total Months of Fieldwork

103	•	=	missing data
7	2	=	
3	3	=	
3	4	=	
3	5	=	
4	6	=	
3	7	=	
2	8	=	
5	9	=	
6	10	=	
1	11	=	

7 12 =

- 1 13 =
- 2 14 =
- 2 15 =
- 1 16 =
- 17 =
- 4 18 =
- 31 19 = nineteen and over (up to 99)

```
804. Age of Informants
```

- 106 . = missing data
- 66 1 = Adults
- 14 2 = Children and Adults

805. Sex of Informants

```
106 . = missing data
39 1 = Males
6 2 = Females
```

35 3 = Both

806. Number of Informants

```
105 . = missing data
14 1 = 1
31 2 = 2 or 3
20 3 = 4 through 7
2 4 = 8 through 10
14 5 = 11 or more
```

807. Repeated Observation of Different Families' Socialization Practices

```
122 . = missing data
```

- 1 1 = No (but not distinguished from missing data)
- 63 2 = Yes

[Note: in this and the next three codes, missing data entries could not be clearly distinguished from cases where the verification efforts identified by the codes were not used.]

808. Use of Multiple Informants to collect data on Child Rearing

```
118 . = missing data
1 1 = No (but not distinguished from missing data)
67 2 = Yes
```

809. Use of Tests (e.g., Rorschach, TAT, sentence completion, I.Q.)

- 166 . = missing data
- 1 1 = No (but not distinguished from missing data)
- 19 2 = Yes

810. Other Verification Efforts

- 178 . = missing data
- 1 1 = No (but not distinguished from missing data)
- 7 2 = Yes

811. Number of Verification Efforts

90	. = missing data
5	0 = none
41	1
36	2
3	3
5	4
6	5 = 5 or more

812. Language Familiarity **(e.g., by ethnographers)

- 97 . = missing data
- 31 1 = Little or none
- 35 2 = Some
- 23 3 = Fluent

813. Community Involvement **(e.g., by ethnographers)

- 95 . = missing data
- 17 1 = Limited
- 38 2 = Intermediate
- 36 3 = Extensive

notes on these codes

SEXUAL DIVISION OF LABOR REVISITED

Herbert Barry III and Alice Schlegel. 1982. Cross-Cultural Codes

on Contributions by Women to Subsistence. Ethnology 21: 165-188.

STDS32.DAT Variables 814-826

Percent Importance in Contribution to Subsistence and Trade Computed indirectly from variables 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, and 1.

0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80

85+																			
		==	==	==	==	==	==	==	==	==			==	==		==		==	
814.	Imptnc Agriculture	38	17		2	3	7	2	18	10	12		26	23	13	4	7	2	1
815.	Imptnc Domes. Anir	ι 5 0	66	3	4	9	35		3				4	8	1	1		1	1
816.	Imptnc Fishing	30	78	2	5	8	39		1	5	3	2	3	1	3	4	2		
817.	Imptnc Hunting	25	85	2	3	11	36	2	2	7	4	2	1	1	1	1		1	
818.	Imptnc Gathering	20	116	1	1	10	22	2	2	3	5	1			1		2		
819.	Imptnc Trade	65	80	2	1	7	29						1		1				

814 815 816 817 818 819

0 = %	38	50	30	25	20	65
5 = %	17	66	78	85	116	80
10 = %		3	2	2	1	2
15 = %	2	4	5	3	11	11
20 = %	3	9	8	11	10	7
25 = %	7	35	39	36	22	29
30 = %	2			2	2	
35 = %	18	13	1	2	2	
40 = %	10		5	7	3	
45 = %	12		3	4	5	
50 = %			2	2	1	
55 = %	26	4	3	1		1
60 = %	23	8	1	1		
65 = %	13	1	3	1	1	1
70 = %	4	1	4	1		
75 = %	7		2		2	
80 = %	2	1		1		
85 = %	1					
90 = %		1				

820. Principal Subsistence Category

10	1 = G Gathering
16	2 = H Hunting
23	3 = F Fishing

- 18 4 = I Incipient Agriculture
- 16 5 = D Domestic Animals
- 46 6 = E Extensive Agriculture
- 55 7 = N Intensive Agriculture

```
2 8 = T Trade
```

```
Percent Female Contribution to Subsistence Tasks
```

Computed indirectly from the variables 108-112 (agriculture), 113-115 (domestic animals), 101, 104, 107 (Fishing), 103, 105, 106 (Hunting), and 99, 100, 102 (Gathering)

- 821. Percent Female Contribution to Agriculture
- 822. Percent Female Contribution to Domestic Animals
- 823. Percent Female Contribution to Fishing
- 824. Percent Female Contribution to Hunting
- 825. Percent Female Contribution to Gathering

. = Missing Data

- 0 = 0% 1 = 10%
- 2 = 20%
- --
- 3 = 30%
- 4 = 40%
- 5 = 50%
- 6 = 60%
- 7 = 70%
- 8 = 80%
- 9 = 90%
- 10 =100%

 .
 0
 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
 10
 100%

 --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---- --- ---- ---- ---- ---- ---- ---- ----- ----- ---------- ---- ----------------

Note: raw percentages for hunting as follows

138 0 = % dependence

2 33 = %

826. Average Female Contribution to Subsistence

- * Percentages, computed from weighted sum of variables:
- * 814x821 + 815x822 + 816x823 + 817x824 + 818x825
- * _____
- * 100 819

This differs from Barry's calculations by at most 1%. Two additional societies are coded with 50% or more trade dependence.

notes on these codes

ADOLESCENT SEXUAL BEHAVIOR

Herbert Barry, III, and Alice Schlegel. 1984. Measurements of Adolescent Sexual Behavior in the Standard Sample of Societies. Ethnology 23: 315-332.

STDS33.DAT Variables 827-832

827. Sexual Expression in Adolescent Boys and Girls:828. Sexual Expression in Adolescent Boys and Girls:

Encouragement of sexual behavior, taking into account its frequency, emotional intensity, importance, and variety (including range of partners) in adolescence. Heterosexual intercourse is the principal criterion, but heterosexual foreplay, masturbation, homosexuality, sexual jokes, and exposing the genitals were also considered.

Heterosexual intercourse and other forms of sexual expression are:

		Boys	Girls
. = missing data	32	28	
0	0	1	
1	9	23	
2 = Not approved or admired by parents or authorities	27	37	
Mild forms (e.g. sexual jokes) sometimes approved.			
3	5	3	
4	12	10	
5 = Normally and generally approved [by parents, etc.]	33	31	
Moderate frequency, intensity, importance, variety			
6	15	9	
7	7	7	
8 = Strongly approved and valued [by parents, etc.]	44	34	
High frequency, variety of sexual behavior admired.			

9	2	3
10	ο	0

829. Sexual Nonrestraint in Adolescent Boys and Girls:

830. Sexual Nonrestraint in Adolescent Boys and Girls:

The absence of sexual restraints such as taboos or restrictions on heterosexual intercourse and other erotic behavior, including heterosexual play, masturbation, and homosexuality. A high degree of modesty, such as the requirement to keep the genitals constantly covered in public, indicates moderate restraint. Incest taboos, if highly emphasized or widely extended, are considered as indicators of restraint.

Heterosexual intercourse and others forms of sexual expression are:

	Boys	Girls
	31	27
0	0	1
1	4	7
2 = Strictly and effectively prohibited	21	36
3	7	10
4	10	9
5 = Disapproved and punished mildly and inconsistent	30	32
6	13	9
7	5	3
8 = Condoned and not generally punished	45	37
9	20	15
10	0	0

Note: SN = SE + 1 more or less. The authors indicate the advisability of using the sum of the two scores as a "Sexual Freedom" index.

"Sexual Nonrestraint" variables for boys and girls in early and late childhood are formed by the following recodings of variables 326-329:

831. Differentiation of Adolescence from Childhood for Boys, Girls:

832. Differentiation of Adolescence from Childhood for Boys, Girls:

These variables were recoded on a three point scale, collapsed from a 0-10 rating. No cases of 0-1 or 9-10 ratings were reported.

Differentiation of adolescent from preadolescent activities, status, and all other attributes of behavior and self-concept: (codesheet definition)

	Boys	Girls
	20	22
1 = (2)Low, mostly the same, no formal transition	48	62
Frequent companionship between the two stages		
(3)		
(4)		
2 = (5)Substantial, but inconsistent, not formalized,	57	59
or companionship only for some activities		
(6)		
(7)		
3 = (8)High, with formal transition	61	43
Infrequent companionship with younger children	•	

notes on these codes

STANDARD CROSS-CULTURAL SAMPLE

George P. Murdock and Douglas R. White. 1969. Standard Cross-Cultural Sample. Ethnology 8: 329-369. Cross-Cultural Codes in Barry and Schlegel 1980 0.

STDS34.DAT Variables 833-850

0. Latitude in degrees

- = Southern

- + = Northern
- 0. Longitude in degrees
 - + = Eastern
 - = Western
- 833. Subsistence Economy: Dominant Mode
 - . = Missing data
 - 8 = Hunting

- 7 = Gathering
- 6 = Fishing
- 5 = Exchange
- 4 = Domestic Animals
- 3 = Simple or Shifting Cultivation
- 2 = Horticulture
- 1 = Advanced Agriculture
- 834. Subsistence Economy: Subsidiary Mode
 - . = Missing data
 - 8 = Hunting
 - 7 = Gathering
 - 6 = Fishing
 - 5 = Exchange
 - 4 = Domestic Animals
 - 3 = Simple or Shifting Cultivation
 - 2 = Horticulture
 - 1 = Advanced Agriculture
- 835. Political Integration
 - . = Missing data
 - 1 = Independent local communities
 - 2 = Single level of political integration
 - 3 = Two levels of supra-community integration
 - 4 = Three or more levels of supra-community integration
- 836. Rule of Descent: Primary
 - . = Missing data
 - 1 = Matrilineal, with non-avunculocal residence
 - 2 = Matrilineal, with predominantly avunculocal residence
 - 9 = Matrilineal, predominantly avunculocal residence, with Patrilineal secondary
 - 3 = Nonlineal or bilateral, i.e., without lineages though often with personal kindreds
 - 4 = Ambilineal, e.g., with nonunilineal ramages
 - 5 = Quasi-Patrilineal, incipient or decadent patrilineages
 - 6 = Patrilineal
 - 8 = Patrilineal, with Matrilineal secondary
 - 1 = Matrilineal, with non-avunculocal residence
 - 2 = Matrilineal, with predominantly avunculocal residence
 - 9 = Matrilineal, predominantly avunculocal residence, with
 - Patrilineal secondary

- 3 = Nonlineal or bilateral, i.e., without lineages though often with personal kindreds
- 6 = Ambilineal, e.g., with nonunilineal ramages
- 7 = Quasi-Patrilineal, incipient or decadent patrilineages
- 8 = Patrilineal, with Matrilineal secondary
- 4 = Patrilineal

[Note: 8 and 9 have secondary principle]

837. Adequacy of HRAF File

. = No File

- 1 = Inadequate
- 2 = Useful
- 3 = Satisfactory
 - 3 = Inadequate
 - 2 = Useful
 - 1 = Satisfactory
- 838. Pinpointing Date

by Year: Two dates should be negative BCE, 44_Hebrews -621, 45_Babylonians -1750

- 839. Pinpointing Date
- 840. Outline of World Cultures Region Code (Murdock 1975)
 - A 1 = Asia
 - E 2 = Europe
 - F 3 = Africa
 - M 4 = Middle East
 - N 5 = North America
 - 0 6 = Oceania
 - R 7 = Russia
 - S 8 = South America

841. Outline of World Cultures Country Code (Murdock 1975)

A-Z Subdivisions of the Above coded as numbers 1-26

842. Outline of World Cultures Ethnic Group Code (Murdock 1975)

1-99 Subdivisions of the Above

843. Ethnographic Atlas Region Code (Murdock 1962)

- A 1 = Asia
- C 2 = Circum-Mediterranean
- E 3 = East Eurasia
- I 4 = Insular Pacific
- N 5 = North America
- S 6 = South America

844. Ethnographic Atlas Sub-Region Code (Murdock 1962)

a-z Subdivisions of the Above coded as numbers 1-26

845. Ethnographic Atlas Societal Code (Murdock 1962)

1-99 Subdivisions of the Above

- 846. Ethnographic Atlas Sequence Number (Murdock 1962) part 1
- 847. Ethnographic Atlas Sequence Number (Murdock 1962) part 2
- 848. Atlas of World Cultures Region Code (Murdock 1981)

Same as 844

849. Atlas of World Cultures Sub-Region Code (Murdock 1981)

01-25 Subdivisions of the Above

850. Atlas of World Cultures Societal Code (Murdock 1981)

a-z Subdivisions of the Above coded as numbers 1-26

notes on these codes

LANGUAGE PHYLUM AND FAMILY MEMBERSHIP

Michael L. Burton, Douglas R. White, John W. M. Whiting John Sodergren, Cecil Brown. New Codes, revised from the Ethnographic Atlas.

STDS35.DAT Variables 851-853

- 851. Language Continent -----+
 - 0 = African Mideastern
 - 1 = East Asian
 - 2 = North Eurasian
 - 3 = North American

4 = South American

853. LANUTOUT FANULY PUTUN RECON PANULY RECON N 0 Artical (NOR) v GODE v I Artical (NOR) v GODE NOR (NOR) NOR NOR v GUD (NOR) NOR NOR NOR v GUD (NOR) NOR NOR NOR v GUD (NOR) NOR NOR NOR v I GUD (NOR) NOR NOR v NOR NOR NOR NOR <tr< th=""><th>852. Lai</th><th>nguage Phylum</th><th></th><th>+</th><th>I</th></tr<>	852. Lai	nguage Phylum		+	I
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023 ENTEN NCE 024 GUR NOLTAIC NCG 025 JJO (IJAN) NCI 026 KNA NCA 027 MANDE NCA 028 KOROPANIAN NCA 029 KOROPANIAN NCA 021 KOROPANIAN NCA 022 KOROPANIAN NCA 031 CENTERIA CNC 032 ENTENI CNC 033 KINAMAN CNC 034 KINAMAN CNC 035 SONGHAI X 036 FUR X 037 SARAN KA 038 KOMM KA 039 SARAN KA 041 ERBER AB 042 CISHITIC AGA 043 KIDIC AGA 044 GUPTIAN AGA 045 ERMA AGA 046 SINITIC SINITIC 111 TIBETO-BURNAN TISI 120 <td< td=""><td>021</td><td>ATLANTIC</td><td>NCA</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	021	ATLANTIC	NCA		
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031 CENTRAL CNC 032 EASTERN CNE 033 KURMAN CNC 034 KUBIAN CNN 035 SONGRAT XX 036 FUR XX 037 SAHARAN KA 038 KOMAM KM 039 KOMAM KM 031 KOMAM KM 032 KARAN KA 033 KOMAM KM 041 BERBER AB 042 CUSHITIC AAB 043 CHADIC AAB 044 EGYPTIAN AB 051 SEMITIC ABS 051 SEMITIC ADS 115 ISE ASIA AS 12 SINITIC SI 12 SINITIC TB- 12 SINITIC SI 12 SINITIC SI 12 SINITIC SI	028	KORDOFANIAN	ко		
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038 КОМАМ КМ 041 БЕКВЕК ААВ 042 CUSHITIC ААС 043 CHADIC ААС 044 GGYPTIAN ААС 045 SEMITIC ААС 051 SEMITIC ААС 051 SERMA ХХ 05 Zerma 152 SERMA ХХ 05 Zerma 153 SENTIC Y 1 SE Asia, 1 SE Asia 1 SE Asia 1 Sino-Tibetan 111 TIBETO-BURMAN TB- 112 SINITIC SI- 1 Sino-Tibetan					
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 641 BERBER 642 CUSHITC 643 CHADIC 644 GEYPTIAN 645 SEMITIC 645 SEMITIC 645 AAS 617 SERMA 718 SERMA 718 SINO-TIDETAN 718 SINOTIC 719 SINITIC 710 SINITIC 710 SINITIC 711 Diravidian 				04 Afro-A	siatic
 NAC NAC SENITIC AAC AAD AAC AAC<td>041</td><td>BERBER</td><td>AAB</td><td></td><td></td>	041	BERBER	AAB		
 644 EGYPTIAN ARE 655 SEMITIC 651 ZERMA 65 ZERMA 65 ZERMA 75 ZERMA <					
045 SEMITIC ARS 051 ZERMA XX 05 Zerma 1 SE Asia, 052 ASIA 1 SE Asia, 1 SE	043	CHADIC	AAD		
051 ZERMA XX 05 Zerma 1 SE Asia, Oceanea 111 TIBETO-BURMAN TB- 112 SINITIC SI- 12 Dravidian	044	EGYPTIAN	AAE		
1 SE Asia, Oceanea 11 Sino-Tibetan 111 TIBETO-BURMAN TB- 112 SINITIC SI- 12 Dravidian	045	SEMITIC	AAS		
1 SE Asia, Oceanea 11 Sino-Tibetan 111 TIBETO-BURMAN TB- 112 SINITIC SI- 12 Dravidian					
Oceanea 11 Sino-Tibetan 111 TIBETO-BURMAN TB- 112 SINITIC SI- 12 Dravidian	051	ZERMA	xx	05 Zerma	
11 Sino-Tibetan 111 TIBETO-BURMAN TB- 112 SINITIC SI- 12 Dravidian					1 SE Asia,
111 TIBETO-BURMAN TB- 112 SINITIC SI- 12 Dravidian	Oceanea				
112 SINITIC SI- 12 Dravidian				11 Sino-T	ibetan
12 Dravidian	111	TIBETO-BURMAN	TB-		
	112	SINITIC	SI-		
121 NORTH DR-				12 Dravid	ian
	121	NORTH	DR-		

122 CENTRAL DR-

123	SOUTH	DR-		
			13	Mon-Khmer
131	KHMER	МКС		
132	NICOBARESE	мкк		
133	MUNDA	мкм		
?134	SEMANG-SAKAI	MKS		
?135	ANNAMESE	АМ		
			14	Indo-Pacific
141		XY		
142	WEST PAPUAN	MP-		
143	CENTRAL PAPUAN	PA-		
144	BOUGAINVILLE	MP-		
?145	TASMANIAN	AU-		
			16	Australian
161	AUSTRALIAN	AU		
			17	Austronesian
171	INDONESIAN AUSTRONESIAN	MP-		
172	NORTHWEST AUSTRONESIAN	MP-		
173	OCEANIC	MP-		
174	FORMOSAN	MP-		
176	MOLUCCAN	MP-		
			18	Thai-Kadai
181	THAI	TK-		
182		TK-		
			1.	Isolated Families

1.. ANDAMANESE

2 Europe, N.

Asia

22 Indo-European

			-
221	ALBANIAN	IEA	
222	BALTIC	IEB	
223	CELTIC	IEC	
224	GERMANIC	IEG	
225	HELLENIC	IEH	
226	ARMENIAN	IEM	
227	INDO-IRANIAN	IEP,I	
228	ROMANCE	IER	
	SLAVIC	IES ???	
			23 Caucasian
231	NORTHWEST CAUCASIAN	AK	
232	NORTH CENTRAL CAUCASIAN	CL	
233	NORTHEAST CAUCASIAN	GR	
			24 Uralic
241	FINNO-UGRIC	UR	
242	SAMOYED	UR	

25 Altaic

251	TUNGUSIC	ALG	
252	MONGOLIAN	ALM	
253	TURKIC	ALT	
244	JAPANESEOREAN	JR	
245	KOREAN	xx	
?	RYUKUAN		
			27 Siberian Isolates
271	GILYAK	xx	
272	CHUCKCHEE-KAMCHATKA	LU	
273	YUKAGHIR	xx	
274	YENISEAN	xx	
			28 Miao-Yao
281	MIAO	мұ	
			2. Isolated Families
2	BASQUE	xx	
2	AINU	xx	
2	BURUSHO	xx	
			3 N. America
			31 Eskimo-Aleutian
311	ESKIMOAN	ES	
312	ALEUTIAN	xx	
			32 NaDene
321	N. ATHABASCAN	ATN	
322	S. ATHABASCAN	ATS	
323	PACIFIC "	ATP	
324	ЕУАК	xx	
325	TLINGIT	ATT	
			33 Wakashan
331	WAKASHAN	WA	
			34 Penutian
341	PENUTIAN	PE	
	COSTANOAN	PEC	
	MAIDU	PEM	
	мімок	PEN	
	WINTUN	PEW	
	YOKUTS	PEY	
342	OREGON PENUTIAN	OP	
	CHINOOKAN	OPC	
	KALAPOONIAN	ОРК	
	TAKELMAN	OPT	
343	SAHAPTIN	SH	
	LUTUAMIAN	SHL	
	SAHAPTIAN	SHS	
	WAILLARPUAN	SHW	
344	TSIMSIAN-YAKONAN	YA	
345	GULF PENUTIAN		

	NATCHEZ-MUSKOGAN	NM	
	TUNICAN	TN	
	YUKIAN	YU	
			35 Salishan
344	SALISHAN	SA	
			36 Macro-Algonkian
361	ALGONKIAN	AG	
	RITWAN	RI	
?	CHEMAKUAN	СМ	
			38 Macro-Siouan
	SIOUAN	SX	
	CADDOAN	CD	
383	IROQUOIS	IR	
?38.		XX	
?38.	KERESAN	KR	
			39 Macro-Hokan
?	HOKAN	но	
	CHIMARIKAN	HOC	
	ESSELENIAN	HOE	
	KAROK	HOK	
394	РОМО	HOP	
	SHASTAN	HOS	
399		HPY	
	YANAN	HOZ	
?	OTHER SUBFAMILIES		
	COAHUILTECAN		
	CHUMASH		
	JICAQUE		
	KARANKAWA		
	SALINA		
	SERI		
	SUPANEC		
	TEQUISTLALEC TONKAWA		
	WASHO		
	WASHO		30 Uto-Aztecan
301	AZTECAN	NA	JU ULU-AZCECAN
2302		PI,TC	
	TARACAHITIAN	TC	
	SHOSHONEAN	ss	
200			3? Kiowa-Tanoan
?3?1	KIOWAN	XY	
	TANOAN	та	
			3. Isolated Families

3.. ZUNI XX

4 C. & S.

Ame

erica			
			40 Mayan
401	MAYAN	МА	-
	MIZOCUAVEAN	MZ	
			41 Mesoam
411	OTO-MANGUEAN	ОМ	12 110000
	MIXE-ZOQUE	мі	
	ZAPOTECAN	ZA	
·	ZAPOIECAN	28	42 Macro-
421	CARIBAN	CA	42 Mac10-
?422	PEBAN	PB	
	СНОСО		
?423	WITOTAN	WI	
			43 Macro-
	CHIBCHAN	СН	
	MISUMALPAN	MS	
	PAEZAN	xx	
	YANOMAMAN	XX	
435	WARRAUAN	XX	
?	YUNGA-PURUHAN		
			44 Ge-Pan
441	GE	GE	
	BORORAN	во	
	CAINGANG	CG	
442	GUAYCURAN	GU	
	MATACO-MAGUAY	ММ	
	CHIQUITOAN	CÕ	
443	MASCOIAN	MN	
444	PANOAN	PN	
445	BOTOCUDO	xx	
?	ZAMUCOAN	ZM	
?	KATUKINIAN	кк	
?	CAHUAPANIAN	CP	
			45 Equito
451	TUPI-GUARANI	TG	
452	JIVAROAN	xx	
453	TUCANOAN	BE	
454	ARAWAKAN	AR	
	TACANA		
	TUCUNA	TU	
455	TIMOTE		
?	ZAPAROAN	ZP	
?	PUINAVEAN	PU	
			46 Andean
471	ARAUCANIAN	AC	

1			
american			

-Carib

-Chibchan

noan

orial

lean

- 472 YAHGAN
- 473 TEHUELCHEAN
- 474 QUECHUAN

KE - related to Hokan? see Steward 6:197

notes on these codes

CLIMATE AND SUBSISTENCE

Douglas R. White, John W. M. Whiting, and Michael L. Burton. 1986. New Codes.

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STDS36.DAT Variables 854-859

854. Niche Temperature (Approximate) Adapted from William Goode, World Atlas

129	1 = Very hot	Af Am Aw	Caf	Caw	BSh	BWh
9	2 = Hot		Caw	Hh<>	BWn Bw	
13	3 = Warm		Cs b	Cbw	Hk BWk	
14	4 = Mild		Cb f	Cc	BSk	
3	5 = Cool			Daf	Daw	
4	6 = Cold			Dbf		
11	7 = Very cold			Dcf	Dcw	
3	8 = Polar				ET	

< > coded as category but fall in this range

855. Niche Rainfall (Approximate) Adapted from William Goode, World Atlas

(see categories above) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

- 49 1 = Tropical rainforest
- 36 2 = Very wet
- 24 3 = Wet
- 20 4 = Moderately wet
- 35 5 = Dry
- 3 6 = Very dry
- 19 7 = Desert

856. Niches Adapted from William Goode, World Atlas

	<pre># Temperature (1 = Hot)</pre>		Atlas			
	<pre># Rainfall (1 = Wet)</pre>	Code				
				т	otal	
	11 Tropical Rain Forest		Af	Am	49	
4	1 Congo					
1	2 Gold Coast					
	3 Madagascar					

- 1 4 India
 - 5 Ceylon
- 1 6 Burma, Siam, Malaysia
 - 7 Cambodia
 - 8 Vietnam
 - 9 Hainan
- 31 10 Insular Pacific
 - 11 Australian Cairns Area (N.E.)
- 1 12 Brazilian S.E. Coast
- 5 13 Amazon Basin
- 4 14 Ecuadorian & Colombian W. Coast, C. American E. Coast
- 1 15 Dominican Republic & Antilles

12 Tropical Savannah

- 10 1 C. Africa
- 5 2 Sudan
 - 3 Madagascar
- 2 4 India
 - 5 Ceylon
- 5 6 S.E. Asia (Thailand, Cambodia)
- 2 7 Bali & Lesser Sundas
- 1 8 Australia
- 7 9 Brazil
- 2 10 Venezuela
- 1 11 S. W. Mexico and Veracruz
 - 12 Yucatan
- 1 13 Caribbean
 - 13 Continental Forest
 - 1 Durban
 - 2 North Italy
 - 3 Hungary
- 1 4 Yangtzi
- 1 5 Taiwan
- 1 6 S. Korea
- 1 7 S. Japan
- 8 Taiwan
 - 9 S.E. Australian Coast
- 3 10 Argentina
- 2 11 S.E. U.S.

14 Benares Type (Summer Rain Winter Drought)

- 4 1 North India Burma
 - 2 N.E. Coast of Australia

Caw 4

Caf

9

36

Aw

15 Tropical Steppe BSh 13 1 Barotseland 8 2 Sudan 1 3 Moroccan 4 S. W. Arabia 1 1 5 Iran - Afghanistan - Pakistan 6 India 7 Australia 8 Brazil - Recife area 9 Venezuela - Caracas area 1 10 Central & Northern Mexican and Southern U.S. Plains 1 17 Tropical Desert BWh 18 2 1 Kalahari 2 Somali - Kenya 1 3 Sahara 8 4 Arabia 5 Dashte Kavir (Iran) 6 Baluchistan - Indus 1 1 7 C. Australia 8 Southwest U.S. 4 9 Great Basin 1 25 Equitorial Highlands Hh 8 1 E. Africa 1 2 Ethiopia 4 3 Borneo 4 New Guinea 5 N. Andes 6 C. America 1 7 Meso-America 2 26 Coastal Desert BWn 1 S.W. Africa 2 S. American W. Coast 127 a Patagonian Desert BW 1 33 Mediterranean Cs, Cs 7 1 Capetown

- 3 2 Mediterranean
 - 3 S. Australia
- 1 4 Chile N. Coast
- 3 5 California

34 a Transvaal

	35 Temperate Highlands	Hh	6
2	1 Mongolia		
	2 Alps		
1	3 Caucasus		
2	4 S. Andes		
1	5 Rockies		
	36 Mid Latitude Desert	BWk	
	1 Gobi Desert		
	2 Aral Sea Deserts		
	43 Moderate Marine Forest	СЪ	8
	1 S. Africa - Port Elizabeth	Cbf	
2	2 N.W. Europe (incl. England & Ireland)		
	3 S.E. Australia		
	4 Tasmania		
1	5 New Zealand		
	6 S. Chile		
1	7 Parana (Sao Paolo)		
4	8 N.W. Coast		
1	44 Tierra del Fuego	Cc	1
	45 Middle Latitude Steppe	BSk	5
2	1 Anatolia		
2	2 Central Asian		
	3 Andean		
1	4 Williston		
	54 Humid Warm Continental	Daf	3
	1 Romania		
	2 N. Japan		
	3 N. China (Huan River)		
3	4 U.S. Midlands		
	55 Humid - Warm Summer Continental	Daw	
	1 N. China (Liao River)		
	64 Humid Cool Continental	Dbf	4
1	1 Russia		
1	2 Hokkaido		
2	3 Great Lakes		
	74 Subarctic Taiga (humid all year)	Dcf	8
1	1 Scandinavia - N. Russia		
	2 Wamehatha		

2 Kamchatka

```
7
          3 Canada
        75 Subarctic (humid summer)
                                                                       3
                                                              Dcw
         1 Siberia
    3
                                                              Ddw
        86 Tundra
                                                              ET
                                                                       3
          1 Old World Circumpolar
    2
    1
          2 New World Circumpolar
857. Climate Type - Ordered in terms of Open Access to Rich Ecological
                    D. White and M. Burton 1986
     Resources
    6
        1 = Polar
   38
         2 = Desert or cold steppe
   50
         3 = Tropical rainforest
         4 = Moist temperate
   39
   45
         5 = Tropical savanna
         6 = Tropical highlands
    8
858. Subsistence Type - Ecological Classification
     D. White, 1984, after Karen and Jeffrey Paige (1981)
              FORAGERS: 80% or more dependence on food collection
         1 = Gathering
    9
         2 = Hunting and/or Marine Animals
    9
   12
         3 = Fishing
         4 = Anadromous Fishing (spawning fish such as Salmon)
    8
              DOMESTICATED ANIMALS: Pastoralism >33% or Mounted Hunting
         5 = Mounted Hunting
    5
   18
         6 = Pastoralism
              SHIFTING CULTIVATION: new field cleared annually, cultivated
              for a year or two, then allowed to revert to forest
         7 = Shifting Cultivation, with digging sticks or wooden hoes
   33
   19
         8 = Shifting Cultivation, with metal hoes
              HORTICULTURE: semi-intensive agriculture limited mainly to
              vegetal gardens or groves of fruit trees rather than field crops
         9 = Horticultural Gardens or Tree Fruits
   18
    0 10 = Advanced Horticulture, with metal hoes
             INTENSIVE AGRICULTURE: permanent fields or short fallow and
              long period of use of fields, with fertilization by
              compost, animal manure, crop rotation, or other
```

23 11 = Intensive Agriculture, with no plow

- 32 12 = Intensive Agriculture, with plow
- 859. Resource Base Reclassification of above, as per Paige and Paige
 - . = Missing data
 - LOW RESOURCES
 - 9 1 = (2) Hunting and/or Marine Animals
 - 9 2 = (1) Gathering
 - 12 3 = (3) Fishing

UNSTABLE RESOURCES

- 5 4 = (5) Mounted Hunting
- 33 5 = (7) Shifting Cultivation, with digging sticks or wooden hoes
- 8 6 = (4) Anadromous Fishing
- 18 7 = (9) Horticultural Gardens or Tree Fruits
- 23 8 = (11) Intensive Agriculture, with no plow HIGH RESOURCES
- 0 9 = (10) Advanced Horticulture, with metal hoes
- 19 10 = (8) Shifting Cultivation, with metal hoes
- 18 11 = (6) Pastoralism
- 32 12 = (12) Intensive Agriculture, with plow
- 000. Mourning Behavior by Gender from Variables 27-30, Rosenblatt, Scaled from low to high male emotionality

Note: this variable out of sequence (variable 0 of 01N.DAT file)

- 128 . = Missing data
- 1 0 = No mourning
- 31 1 = Women cry more than men, and if any self-mutilation, women self-mutilate, not men
- 2 2 = Men self-mutilate more than women, crying equal
- 1 3 = Men self-mutilate more than women, and show more aggression, crying equal
- 2 4 = Men show more aggression than women, but women cry more
- 20 5 = Equal self-mutilation, if any, and equal crying
- 1 6 = Men show more aggression but not more self-mutilation, and equal crying

notes on these codes

POLYGYNY: FORM AND FREQUENCY

Douglas R. White. 1988. Rethinking Polygyny: Co-Wives, Codes, and Cultural Systems. CURRENT ANTHROPOLOGY 29:529-559.

(project begun in collaboration with Michael L. Burton, and John W. M. Whiting).

860. Cultural Basis of Polygyny

- 3 . = Missing data
- 27 1 = Monogamy prescribed
- 32 2 = Monogamy preferred, but exceptional cases of polygyny
- 45 3 = Polygyny preferred by individual men with leadership attributes (chiefs, medicine men, outstanding hunters)
- 33 4 = Polygyny preferred by men of a higher social class: men of wealth, rank, nobility, etc.
- 46 5 = Polygyny preferred by most men, and attained by most men of sufficient years or wealth to obtain wives. Thus: (a) older men usually have more wives; (b) polygyny is generally based on the accumulation of wealth; and (c) extra wives are an economic asset in terms of labor.
- 861. Standard Polygamy Code: Whyte, Murdock and Wilson, Murdock Atlas
 - 10 . = Missing data
 - 2 0 = Polyandry
 - 27 1 = Monogamy prescribed
 - 33 2 = Monogamy preferred, but exceptional cases of polygyny
 - 54 3 = Limited polygyny < 20% of married males
 - 60 4 = Full polygyny 20% or more of married males

862. Sororal Polygyny

NOTE: There is sufficient information for an exclusively non-sororal category, see especially Murdock's Africa (1959). Probably also sufficient for sororal preferred but not predominant.

- 24 . = Missing data
- 25 1 = No polygyny (M)
- 93 2 = Non-sororal polygyny predominant (Atlas PQ) (sororal may or may not be permitted)
- 35 3 = Sororal or marriage to wife's kin predominant (Atlas RS)
- 9 4 = Sororal or secondary marriage to wife's kin only

863. Distance between Co-Wives

- 32 . = Missing data
- 1 0 = One wife, multiple husbands
- 25 1 = One wife (Atlas M)
- 59 2 = Co-residence for multiple wives (Atlas PR)
- 25 3 = One wife resides with husband, others in separate houses

- 12 4 = One wife resides with husband, others in separate communities
- 30 5 = Separate housing in compound for every wife (Atlas QS)

864. Rooming Arrangement for Wives

- 6 . = Missing data
- 130 1 = Wife sleeps in same room with husband
- 50 2 = Wife sleeps in room apart from husband's room, including cases of men's dormitories or 30% or more polygynously married women if co-wives sleep apart (e.g., Trobriand chiefs' wives constitute circa 39% of the married women)

865. Rooming Arrangement for Husband

- 7 . = Missing data
- 141 1 = Husband has no room apart (dominant pattern, e.g., for Trobriand commoners)
- 38 2 = Husband has a room apart, even if rotates among wives
- 866. Higher rates of polygyny for men of wealth, rank, nobility, or higher social class.
 - * = merge 1-3: incomplete coding for categories 1,2
 - 33 . = Missing data
 - 63 0 = No Stratified polygyny
 - 10 1 = Hereditary upper social class (note: incompletely coded)
 - 9 2 = Achieved rank connected with groups (note: incompletely coded)
 - 71 3 = Achieved wealth due to contributions of wives
- 867. Multiple wives for skilled hunters
 - * = merge 1-3: incomplete coding for categories 2,3
 - 25 . = Missing data
 - 135 0 = No, or unimportant
 - 22 1 = exceptional skill in hunting
 - 2 2 = exceptional skill in cultivation
 - 2 3 = exceptional skill in pastoralism (herding)
- 868. Multiple wives for Leaders, Headmen, Chiefs
 - 26 . = Missing data
 - 95 0 = No, or unimportant
 - 65 1 = Yes, or Leaders have more wives than commoners

869. Multiple wives for Medicine Men or Shamans

NOTE: sometimes coded 0 for General polygyny although magicians also polygynous - unclear whether higher polygyny level should be required in this instance for this code

- 26 . = Missing data
- 140 0 = No, or unimportant
- 20 1 = Yes
- 870. Additional wives or concubines from Slavery or Capture in Warfare NOTE: It is often difficult to distinguish secondary wives taken as slave concubines, or marriage to freed slaves, and wives taken from capture in warfare, as slavery areas often capture slaves
 - 28 . = Missing data
 - 92 0 = No female captives
 - 8 1 = Women taken as captives but not married
 - 58 2 = Captives in war or slaves taken as wives or concubines
- 871. Percentage of Married Men with More than One Wife
 - 39 . = Missing data
 - 147 = Percentage given
- 872. Percentage of Married Women Polygynously Married (share husband with one or more co-wives)
 - 41 . = Missing data
 - 145 = Percentage given
- 873. Reliability of Data for Percentage Polygynously Married
 - 39 . = Missing data
 - 87 1 = Direct percentages: good quantitative data
 - 13 2 = Direct percentages for male polygyny, female polygyny estimated for minimum of two wives per man, where if P = % men married polygynously
 - then Q = 2P / 100+P is the % women married polygynously
 - 3 3 = percentage female polygyny estimated from ratios of men with different numbers of wives, provided by ethnographer
 - 2 4 = lower of two or more censuses used, or estimates where there is some other reason to believe that true percentages are higher for both males and females
 - 23 5 = estimates from 0 to 5% male polygyny inferred from statements about limited polygyny; these are doubled for female percentages (a minimal estimate)

- 19 6 = uncertain coding
- 874. Polygyny Data Source
 - 46 . = Missing data
 - 55 1 = Sample of over 100 married men
 - 29 2 = Sample of less than 100 married men, but of an entire settlement
 - 48 3 = Estimate from Ethnographer Statements
 - 8 4 = Estimate by Inference from Ethnographer Statements
- 875. Date for Polygyny Code
 - 62 . = Missing data
 - 1 11 = 110 AD
 - 1 29 = 1290-99
 - 1 55 = 1550-59
 - 1 63 = 1630-39
 - 2 75 = 1675-79
 - 1 82 = 1820-29
 - 1 83 = 1830-39
 - 2 84 = 1840-49
 - 5 85 = 1850-59
 - 4 86 = 1860-69
 - 4 87 = 1870-79
 - 3 88 = 1880-89
 - 8 89 = 1890-99
 - 4 90 = 1900-09
 - 6 91 = 1910-19
 - 14 92 = 1920-29
 - 25 93 = 1930-39
 - 20 94 = 1940-49
 - -- 95 = 1950-59
 - -- 96 = 1960-69
 - 97 = 1970-79

876. Polygyny Distributions

- 129 . = Missing data
- 27 0 = True Binomial
- 30 1 = Negative Binomial

877. Polygyny Guttman Scale I: "Co-Wife Autonomy" constructed from 854-852

- 7 . = Missing data
- 70 0 = None of the following
- 50 1 = Stratified Polygyny (854) only

- 5 2 = Negative binomial (855), plus above
- 14 3 = Marriage of female captives (858), plus above
- 6 4 = General polygyny (849), plus above
- 8 5 = Rooming apart (853), plus above
- 26 6 = Polygynous compounds (852), plus above
- 878. Polygyny Guttman Scale II: "Charismatic" constructed from 851-855
 - 3 . = Missing data
 - 38 0 = None of the following
 - 80 1 = Rooming together (853) only
 - 27 2 = Co-Wives same dwelling (852), plus above
 - 24 3 = Sororal (851), plus above
 - 8 4 = Polygynous hunters (855), plus above
 - 6 5 = Exclusive sororal polygyny (851), plus above

notes on these codes

MAGICO-RELIGIOUS PRACTITIONERS

Michael J. Winkelman and Douglas R. White. 1986. Cross Cultural Study of Magico-Religious Practitioners: Database.

World Cultures 2(3).

STDS38.DAT Variables 879-884

Samples every 4th society in the Standard Sample (1, 5, 9, ...), but societies 9 and 185 have insufficient data to code; 2 added

879. Shaman

- 139 . = Not Coded or Insufficient Data
- 34 0 = Absent
- 13 1 = Present

880. Shaman/Healer

- 139 . = Not Coded or Insufficient Data
- 36 0 = Absent
- 11 1 = Present

881. Healer

139 . = Not Coded or Insufficient Data

25 0 = Absent

- 17 1 = Present
- 5 2 = Present with characteristics of the Healer, but not
 - * included in the initial analyses used to determine the
 - * practitioner types, and therefore classified as a
 - * "Healer Complex" practitioner.

882. Medium

- 139 . = Not Coded or Insufficient Data
- 30 0 = Absent
- 17 1 = Present

883. Sorcerer/Witch

- 139 . = Not Coded or Insufficient Data
- 29 0 = Absent
- 17 1 = Present (Note: the Roman practitioner known as a
 - * sorcerer, witch, necromancer, etc. was clustered
 - * with the Shaman/Healers although the social role
 - * was much the same as the Sorcerer/Witch here)

884. Priest

- 139 . = Not Coded or Insufficient Data
- 19 0 = Absent
- 28 1 = Present

notes on these codes

FEMALE CONTRIBUTION TO SUBSISTENCE

Douglas R. White. Scales constructed from existing codes.

STDS39.DAT Variables 885-889

- 885. Female Contribution to Subsistence: Ethnographic Atlas
- 886. Female Contribution to Subsistence: Martin Whyte
- 887. Female Contribution to Subsistence: Barry and Schlegel
- 888. Female Contribution to Subsistence: Maximal Difference of Three Scores
- 889. Female Contribution to Subsistence: Average of Three Scores

* = 0-99 %

- * Variable 885 Reliability = .723
- * Variable 886 Reliability = .563 WARNING !
- * Variable 887 Reliability = .458 WARNING !

- * Variable 889 Reliability = .800
- * Variable 890 Reliability = .795

890. Female Contribution to Subsistence: Average of Three Scores

* Variable 890 Reliability = .800 0 = 0-4% 1 = 5-14% 2 = 15-24% 3 = 25-34% 4 = 35-44% 5 = 45-54% 6 = 55-64% 7 = 65-74% 8 = 75-84% 9 = 85-99%

notes on these codes

THE NATURE OF WARFARE

Valerie Wheeler [Nammour], 1974. Drums and Guns: A Cross-Cultural Study of the Nature of War. Ph. D. Dissertation, University of Oregon.

Datafile: STDS40.DAT Vars. 891-916. Warfare

The author's comments on reliability and validity are cited after each code, where relevant.

References cited:

Naroll, Raoul. 1966. Does military deterrence deter? Trans-Action 3(2): 14-20.

Otterbein, Keith F. 1970. The Evolution of War: A Cross-cultural study. HRAF Press.

891. FREQUENCY OF INTERNAL WAR (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

Otterbein's (1970: 3, 84, 143) definition of internal war excludes feuding: warfare between political communities within the cultural unit, i.e., continguous political communities that are culturally similar. p. 3: "Warfare is defined as armed combat between political communities. Armed combat, which is fighting with weapons, is performed by military organizations. When political communities within the same cultural unit engage in warfare, this is considered to be internal war." p. 143: "If there is more than one military organization within a political community, and these ... engage in armed combat, this is considered feuding or civil war, depending on the scope of the conflict."

- 26 . = Missing Data
- 17 1 = Continual
- 54 2 = Frequent
- 89 3 = Infrequent

892. FREQUENCY OF EXTERNAL WAR - ATTACKING (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

[Follows Otterbein 1970: 84, 143-144]

- 29 . = Missing Data
- 31 1 = Continual
- 61 2 = Frequent
- 65 3 = Infrequent
- 893. FREQUENCY OF EXTERNAL WAR BEING ATTACKED (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

[Follows Otterbein 1970: 84, 143-144]

- 33 . = Missing Data
- 26 1 = Continual
- 67 2 = Frequent
- 60 3 = Infrequent

894. FORM OF MILITARY MOBILIZATION (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

[Adapted from Otterbein 1970: 144]

- 26 . = Missing Data
- 60 1 = Age-grades, military societies, standing armies
- 86 2 = None of above: but men organized as friends, family, lineage, clan
- 14 3 = Absence of military organization altogether

895. DECISION TO ENGAGE IN WAR

[Follows Otterbein 1970: 28-29, 144]

- 49 . = Missing Data
- 102 1 = Taken by official or council of the political community
- 35 2 = Anyone

896. COMMENCEMENT OF WAR

[Follows Otterbein 1970: 32, 144]

- 53 . = Missing Data
- 21 1 = By announcement
- 8 2 = By mutual agreement

104 3 = By surprise attack

897. CONCLUSION OF WAR

[Follows Otterbein 1970: 35, 144]

- 53 . = Missing Data
- 61 1 = By negotiation
- 52 2 = By simply stopping
- 20 3 = War is not ended but is continual

898. PEACE CEREMONY (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 104 . = Missing Data
- 61 1 = Present
- 21 2 = Absent

899. MILITARY EXPECTATIONS I-PRE-STATE (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

[Follows Naroll 1966, with modifications by Otterbein 1970]

- 19 . = Missing Data
- 99 1 = High, with any one of the following present: Subjugation of territory or people (909) Collection of tribute (910) Land - fields, hunting/fishing territory, pastures (911) Trophies and honors (including captives for sacrifice) (913)
- 68 2 = Low, absence of any of the above

900. MILITARY EXPECTATIONS II-STATE (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

20 . = Missing Data

76 1 = High, with any one of the following present: Subjugation of territory or people (909) Collection of tribute (910) Land - fields, hunting/fishing territory, pastures (911)

90 2 = Low, absence of any of the above

901. CASUALTY RATE (VAR LABEL REVERSED) Poor correlation with Ember 2005 Male Mortality in war
[Follows Otterbein 1970: 81, 146] Ember 1=Lo 2=Hi
v901 1 Hi 1 6
107 . = Missing Data 2 Lo 3 2 p=0.15 (n.s. but positive)
35 1 = High (1/3rd or more of combatants)
44 2 = Low

"This has turned out to be a difficult variable to code; information does not exist in most cases." Wheeler 1974:270

902. LEADERSHIP DURING BATTLE

[Modified from Otterbein 1970: 23-28, 144]

- 44 . = Missing Data
- 62 1 = An official who could back up his decision by force
- 67 2 = An informal leader whom people obeyed because of respect, but who had no means to force warriors to obey
- 13 3 = Everyone is on his own

"When I drew up this variable, I neglected to allow for those cases where a leader has an official position -- appointed war chief, hereditary war chief -- and is very aware of the honor and respect of this office but still has no means to force followers to obey. His formality may be hollow if people choose to disregard his direction." Wheeler 1974:272

- 903. PRESTIGE ASSOCIATED WITH BEING A SOLDIER OR WARRIOR (VAR LABEL REVERSED)
 - 35 . = Missing Data
 - 61 1 = A great deal; important for every male
 - 64 2 = some, not necessary to be a warrior to have influence in the community
 - 26 3 = No special consideration, respect, or distinctions for a man who fights

904. COWARDICE: DEFINED AS

128 . = Missing Data

- 27 1 = Refusing to fight
- 29 2 = Leaving companions
- 2 3 = Running away

"This variable is a failure, but for an interesting reason. With very few exceptions, even including professionally trained ethnographers, observers simply do not state what action brings down an accusation of cowardice. Cowardice is often mentioned, but not what it is seen to be." Wheeler 1974: 273.

- 905. REWARDS (VAR LABEL REVERSED) (Special gifts, praises, or ceremonies, not including ritual purification for a man who has killed an enemy in battle or otherwise shown skill in war)
 - 77 . = Missing Data
 - 68 1 = Yes, usually or always
 - 16 2 = Sometimes
 - 25 3 = Rarely or never

"This variable augments variable [903]" Wheeler 1974:273

906. DID MEMBERS OF THE SOCIETY EXPECT VIOLENCE TO SOLVE THEIR PROBLEMS? (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

```
57 . = Missing Data
71 1 = Yes
58 2 = No
```

"My operationalization of this variable breaks all the methodological rules and consequently is vulnerable to attack... the coder has used his assessment of the material overall.... I think the variable is enormously important, and eventually I hope to build some rigor ... into it." Wheeler 1974:274-5.

907. VALUE OF WAR: VIOLENCE/WAR AGAINST NON-MEMBERS OF THE GROUP (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 40 . = Missing Data
- 72 1 = Enjoyed and considered to have high value
- 51 2 = Considered to be a necessary evil
- 23 3 = Consistently avoided, denounced, not engaged in

"This variable complements but does not duplicate, or resolve, variable [906].... Clumsy as this variable may seem, it was quite easy to code, largely due to clear observation by the ethnographer as to the value of war. The evidence may be comments by the observer, texts or poems and songs, or statements by the actors." Wheeler 1974: 275

908. MILITARY SUCCESS (VAR LABEL REVERSED): IS POLITICAL COMMUNITY/CULTURAL UNIT WINNING OR LOSING IN THE LONG RUN

[Modified from Otterbein 1970 to include population as well as territory]

- 14 . = Missing Data
- 42 1 = Yes -- its boundaries/population are expanding
- 63 2 = No change -- boundaries/population stationary (the population is able to replace those lost in war)
- 8 3 = Breaking even -- what it loses in territory it takes from others
- 59 4 = No -- its boundaries/population are shrinking

909. SUBJUGATION OF TERRITORY OR PEOPLE (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 18 . = Missing Data
- 35 1 = Present
- 133 2 = Absent or not mentioned

910. COLLECTION OF TRIBUTE (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

```
18 . = Missing Data
```

- 18 1 = Present
- 150 2 = Absent or not mentioned

911. ACQUISITION OF LAND (VAR LABEL REVERSED): FIELDS, HUNTING/FISHING TERRITORIES, PASTURES

- 18 . = Missing Data
- 50 1 = Present
- 118 2 = Absent or not mentioned

912. PLUNDER (VAR LABEL REVERSED) (INCLUDING CAPTIVES FOR SLAVES, HOSTAGES, ADOPTION)

- 18 . = Missing Data
- 104 1 = Present
- 64 2 = Absent or not mentioned

913. TROPHIES AND HONORS (VAR LABEL REVERSED) (INCLUDING CAPTIVES FOR SACRIFICE)

- 18 . = Missing Data
- 49 1 = Present
- 119 2 = Absent or not mentioned

914. REVENGE (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 17 . = Missing Data
- 111 1 = Present
- 58 2 = Absent or not mentioned

915. DEFENSE (VAR LABEL REVERSED)

- 18 . = Missing Data
- 97 1 = Present
- 71 2 = Absent or not mentioned

"The coding of defense was generally difficult because so few authors specifically mentioned it. Following the rule [of coding no mentions as absences], I marked it as absent, I simply do not know where it was truly absent and where the ethnographer assumed that any ninny would know that it [must] exist. Otterbein (1970) also had difficulty coding this attribute because of such an assumption. Therefore, I do not consider my quantitative results on defense to be reliable. Otterbein made one useful distinction that I could not implement satisfactorily. He coded the military expectations in order of importance -- first, second, third. There were too many cases where I could not make such a judgment, even if the data on expectations per se were good." Wheeler 1974:270.

916. AGGRESSIVE DEFENSE (VAR LABEL REVERSED) (PRE-EMPTIVE ATTACK IF ENEMY THOUGHT ABOUT TO ATTACK)

- 19 . = Missing Data
- 13 1 = Present
- 154 2 = Absent or not mentioned

notes on these codes

SLAVERY AND SOCIAL DEATH

Orlando Patterson. 1982. Slavery and Social Death: A Comparative Study. Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press.

Datafile: STDS41.DAT Vars. 917-920. Slavery

Definitions: Patterson defines slaveholding as "permanent dominant violation of natally alienated and generally dishonored persons." This excludes non-hereditary slavery, and thus does not include what Murdock (1967: 166) classifies as incipient slavery. His focus is on slaveholding societies, and excludes societies largely composed of former slaves.

917. Historical frame for pinpointing date where slaveholding present

1 . = Missing data

- 119 1 = No slaveholding
 - 1 2 = 1750 BC
 - 1 3 = 620 BC
 - 1 4 = Early 100s
 - 1 5 = 1292
 - 1 6 = Early 1500s
 - 1 7 = Mid 1500s
 - 1 8 = 1600-1650
 - 1 9 = Mid 1700s
 - 1 10 = Late 1700s
 - 1 11 = 1780-1820
 - 2 12 = Early 1800s
 - 1 13 = 1800-1910
 - 1 12 = 1850-1950
 - 2 15 = 1800s
 - 4 16 = Mid 1800s
- 15 17 = Late 1800s
- 7 18 = Late 1800s Early 1900s

- 1 19 = Late 1800s 1910
- 2 20 = Late 1800s 1930s
- 10 21 = Early 1900s
- 4 22 = 1900 1920s
- 5 23 = 1900 1930s
- 3 24 = 1900 1940s

For the most part these are historical periods in which slaveholding is present by Patterson's definition, and they contain the standard sample pinpointing date. However, Patterson is careful about his dates and his selective use of discrepancies from the standard sample temporal pinpointing should be carefully noted.

In the following cases, judging from those with large scale slaveholding, Patterson shifts to an earlier date when the slave system was operative or recently ceased. The focal period for the presence of slaveholding in these cases is usually fifty years (in one case 100 years, in another 200) prior to the standard sample focal date.

				Largescale
		STDS	Patterson	Slaveholding
		Foci	Foci	Era
20	Mende	1945	Early 1900s	Late 19th C.
21	Wolof	1950	Late 1800s-early 1900s	1300-1900
25	Wodaabe Fulani	1951	Late 1800s-early 1900s	1750-1900
27	Massa	1910	Late 1800s	1600-1800s
30	Otoro Nuba	1930	Late 1800s-early 1900s	None
40	Teda	1950	Early 1900's	None
85	Iban	1950	Early 1900's	None
112	Ifugao	1910	Early 1800's	None
116	Koreans	1947	Late 1800s	660-1700s
159	Goajiro	1947	Early 1900's	None

However, in the following cases with large scale slaveholding at an earlier date the pinpointing focus was not shifted, apparently because the Standard Sample focal groups were not slaveholders but formed either part of the slave population, or were peripheral to the slaveholding system:

Largescale

	STDS	Patterson	Slaveholding
	Foci	Foci	Era
17 Ibo	1935	1900-1935	18th & 19th C's
22 Bambara	1902	1800-1910	1464-1720

24 Songhai	1940		1464-1720
26 Hausa	1900	late 1800s-early 1900s	1600-1800
165 Saramacca	1928		1790-1862

The only other date discrepancy is for following:

38 Bogo	1855	Early 1900's	No data
Entries for slavehold	ing shou	ld be considered f	for the following:

37 A	mhara	1953	"Traditional"	Yes
------	-------	------	---------------	-----

918. Manumission of slaves

- 1 . = Missing Data
- 18 1 = Infrequent
- 10 2 = Not common
- 21 3 = Frequent
- 17 4 = No data on rates of manumission, but hereditary slaveholding is present by Patterson's definition
- 7 5 = Hereditary slaveholding not present by Patterson's definition, although present by Murdock's definition
- 5 6 = Hereditary slaveholding not present by Patterson's definition, although slavery present by Murdock's
 - definition, unascertained as to whether hereditary
- 8 7 = Hereditary slaveholding not present by Patterson's definition, although nonhereditary slavery present (e.g., slaves captured in warfare but not inherited) by Murdock's definition.
- 97 8 = Slavery not present by either definition
- 2 9 = Slavery not present by either definition, although the societies are largely composed of former slaves.

919. Large scale slaveholding systems: recency

- . = Missing Data
- 168 0 = Not present
 - 6 1 = Present at or immediate prior to pinpointing date
 - 6 2 = Present within past fifty years
 - 3 3 = Present within past one hundred yesrs
 - 2 4 = Present within past two hundred years
 - 1 5 = Present within past three hundred years

920. Large scale slaveholding systems: proportion of slaves

- . = Missing Data

168 0 = Not present

- 5 1 = 1/6 to 1/3 of society, sometimes more
- $6 \quad 2 = 1/3 \text{ or more}$
- 5 2 = more than 40 percent
- 1 2 = more than 50 percent
- 1 2 = more than 80 percent

notes on these codes

AGRICULTURAL POTENTIALS

Source: Frederic L. Pryor, 1986. The Adoption of Agriculture: Some Theoretical and Empirical Evidence. <u>American Anthropologist 88:894-897</u>.

Datafile: STDS42.DAT Vars. 921-930. Agricultural Potentials

The evaluations of data quality were made by the author, who notes that such judgements are highly subjective.

- 921. Agricultural Potential 1: Sum of Land Slope, Soils, Climate Scales [see below for definitions of components added]
 - 1 4 = Poorest potential
 - 5 = 5 1 6 = 6
 - -
 - 7 = 7
 - 5 8 = 8
 - 1 9 = 9
 - 2 10 = 10
 - 7 11 = 11
 - 8 12 = 12
 - 5 13 = 13
 - 14 14 = 14
 - 10 15 = 15
 - 16 16 = 16
 - 24 17 = 17
 - 25 18 = 18
 - 29 19 = 19
 - 24 20 = 20
 - 7 21 = 21
 - 5 22 = 22
 - 4 23 = Richest potential

922. Land Slope. Food and Agricultural Organization/UNESCO. 1971-78. Soil Maps of the World. UNESCO. [adjusted in some cases by information drawn from the ethnographies]

- 29 4 = Steeply dissected
- 15 5 =
- 36 6 = Rolling to hilly (8% to 30% slope)
- 30 7 =
- 76 8 = Level to gently undulating (0 to 8% slope)
- 923. Data Quality: Inferences
 - 169 0 = Good data
 - 17 1 = Inferential
- 924. Suitability of Soils for Agriculture. Food and Agricultural Organization/ UNESCO. 1971-78. Soil Maps of the World. UNESCO. [qualitative estimates from soil type discussions]
 - 4 0 = Very Poor 30 2 = Poor 3 3 99 4 = Fair 11 5 30 6 = Good 1 7
 - 8 8 = Very good
- 925. Data Quality: Inferences
 - 180 0 = Good data
 - 6 1 = Inferential
- 926. Climate. Papadakis, J. 1966. Climates of the World and their Agricultural Potential. Buenos Aires. [used to determine one of 73 climate types for each society] Papadakis, J. 1970. Agricultural Potentialities of World Climates. Buenos Aires. [used to classify potentiality of climate type for different types of crops. Crops were divided into five classes: winter cereals, mid-season crops (sugar, beets, potatoes), other summer crops (cotton, peanuts, cassava), tree crops (bananas, coconuts), and summer cereals. For each a numerical climate rating was taken; the ratings for the two most favorable crop classes were averaged. Since some of these climate ratings assumed the presence of irrigation the ratings were adjusted as follows: (a) if rain index is 2 or less, subtract 5; (b) if rain index 3 or 4, subtract 3; (c) if rain index is above 4 but both leading crops require irrigation, subtract 3; (d) if rain index above 4 but one leading crop requires irrigation, subtract 1]
 - 13 0 Non applicable, too cold for agriculture

2 = Poor

- 14 3 = Poor-Fair
- 8 4 = Fair
- 21 5 = Fair-Good
- 4 6 = Good
- 47 7 = Good-Very Good
- 79 8 = Very good

927. Data Quality: Inferences

- 182 0 = Good data
 - 4 1 = Inferential

928. Agricultural Potential 2: Lowest of Land Slope, Soils, Climate Scales [see above for definitions of components]

- 13 0 = Lowest
- 27 2 = Low
- 14 3 = Medium-Low
- 92 4 = Medium
- 16 5 = Medium-High
- 17 6 = High
- 3 7 = High-Very High
- 4 8 = Very High

929. Average Annual Rainfall. World Meteorological Organization. 1971. Climatological Norms (CLINO) for Climate and Climate Ship Stations for the period 1931-1960. Geneva. [corresponding to the weather station closed to the village or society]

15 . Missing data 4 0 = 0mm < rainfall < 20 mm 20mm < rainfall < 50 mm 2 1 2 = 50mm < rainfall < 100 mm 14 3 100mm < rainfall < 200 mm 17 4 = 200mm < rainfall < 400 mm 1 25 400mm < rainfall < 600 mm 5 6 = 600mm < rainfall < 800 mm 800mm < rainfall < 1000 mm 13 7 95 8 = 1000mm < rainfall

930. Data Quality: Inferences

184 0 = Good data

2 1 = Inferential

notes on these codes

VARIETIES OF SEXUAL EXPERIENCE

Suzanne G. Frayser. 1985. Varieties of Sexual Experience. HRAF Press.

STDS43.DAT vars 931-950 STDS44.DAT vars 951-970 STDS45.DAT vars 971-985

Note: In this dataset, 0's for some information, but insufficient to code are not as yet distinguished from .'s for no information or not coded. For several of the codes [931, 932, 941, 951, 958, 969, 975, 978, 979] the original source should be consulted as these are originally rankings of multiple factors and only the highest ranked item is coded here

I. Sexual Differentiation. This section deals with the pervasiveness of sexual differentiation in daily life as expressed by the person's physical appearance and the spatial organization of the living arrangements for males and females

- 931. Female physical appearance during the daily routine (not temporary occasions such as ceremonial gatherings). Ranked according to the severity of physical modification involved
 - 125 . = Missing Data
 - 14 1 = The amount, style, color, or material of the garment worn
 - 5 2 = Paraphernalia, e.g., belts, footwear, headgear and other accessories to the main garment, exclusive of jewelry
 - 18 3 = The amount, style, or placement of jewelry
 - 7 4 = The style, length, or color of head hair
 - 5 = The growth of facial hair, e.g., moustaches and beards
 - 5 6 = The use of cosmetics, i.e., preparations applied to specific parts of the body to enhance their attractiveness, e.g., facial makeup, body scents, body oils, body paints, tooth blackeners
 - 1 7 = The removal of body hair, exclusive of head hair coded under 4, e.g., the removal of facial, axillary, or pubic hair
 - 10 8 = The deformation or mutilization of the body, exclusive of the genitals, i.e., a change in the form or the removal of a material part of the body, e.g., tattooing, cicatrization, cranial deformation, ear piercing
 - 9 = The deformation or mutiliation of the genitals, e.g.,

clitoridectomy, circumcision, sewing the labia together

[Note: only the first of several items ranked are indicated in this code. Full appraisal would require all these items to be consulted.]

- 932. Male physical appearance during the daily routine (not temporary occasions such as ceremonial gatherings). Ranked according to the severity of physical modification involved
 - 127 . = Missing Data
 - 18 1 = The amount, style, color, or material of the garment worn
 - 7 2 = Paraphernalia, e.g., belts, footwear, headgear and other accessories to the main garment, exclusive of jewelry
 - 3 3 = The amount, style, or placement of jewelry
 - 9 4 = The style, length, or color of head hair
 - 8 5 = The growth of facial hair, e.g., moustaches and beards
 - 3 6 = The use of cosmetics, i.e., preparations applied to specific parts of the body to enhance their attractiveness, e.g., facial makeup, body scents, body oils, body paints, tooth blackeners
 - 3 7 = The removal of body hair, exclusive of head hair coded under 4, e.g., the removal of facial, axillary, or pubic hair
 - 8 = The deformation or mutilization of the body, exclusive of the genitals, i.e., a change in the form or the removal of a material part of the body, e.g., tattooing, cicatrization, cranial deformation, ear piercing

[Note: only the first of several items ranked are indicated in this code. Full appraisal would require all these items to be consulted.]

- 933. Sleeping Arrangements of Adolescent females: where unmarried but sexually mature females sleep in relation to sexually mature males in the living quarters. Ranked according to the degree of segregation of female from male adolescents
 - 129 . = Missing Data
 - 2 1 = Girls marry before or very soon after puberty and live in the dwelling of their prospective husband
 - 15 2 = Girls sleep in the same dwelling as their parents and sibs No special section reported for them
 - 5 3 = Girls sleep in the same dwelling as their parents but in a

particular section or partitioned area for them and/or their female siblings

- 2 4 = Girls sleep in the same dwelling as their parents but in a particular section for their mothers and female children Males sleep in a separate section
- 5 5 = Girls sleep in the same dwelling as their parents with no partition reported, but the adolescent males sleep in a separate section
- 12 6 = Girls sleep in the same dwelling as their parents with no partition reported, but the adolescent males sleep in a men's house or somewhere other than the natal dwelling
- 5 7 = Girls sleep in the same dwelling as their parents. There is a special or partitioned area for them. The adolescent males sleep elsewhere
- 4 8 = Girls sleep in the same dwelling as their mother, but adolescent and other mature males sleep elsewhere
- 7 9 = Girls sleep in their own hut or separate dwelling for adolescent girls. Adolescent boys sleep in a men's house or some dwelling other than the one in which their parents reside
- 934. Married women: where spouses sleep in the living quarters Ranked according to the degree of spatial separation between the spouses during sleep
 - 126 . = Missing Data
 - 17 1 = W (wife) sleeps with her H (husband) in their own dwelling No rooms or partitions between them are specified
 - 11 2 = W sleeps with her H in a dwelling that contains more than one conjugal family. No partitioned area reported for them
 - 13 3 = W sleeps with her H in a partitioned area in dwelling that contains more than one conjugal family
 - 4 4 = W sleeps with her H in her dwelling, but he has a dwelling of his own or spends most of his time in the men's house or elsewhere, e.g., with another wife
 - 5 5 = W sleeps with her H in her own room or section of the dwelling, separate from the section of her H
 - 11 6 = W sleeps in her dwelling, and her H sleeps in his dwelling or in a men's house except for the times when intercourse is desired
- 935. Eating arrangements: the spatial arrangement of the sexes during the main meal of the day, exclusive of arrangements operative during ceremonies or when guests are present. Ranked according to the degree of segregation between males and females during the meal.

- 139 . = Missing Data
- 14 1 = Men and women eat together. No particular arrangement is specified for the sexes
- 4 2 = Men and women eat together. There is a strict positioning of them in the eating area, e.g., positioning according to kinship
- 12 3 = Men and women do not eat together in public but certain kin may eat together in private, e.g., husband and wife
- 11 4 = Men and women do not eat together and eat in different areas
- 5 5 = Men and women do not eat together; the separation is accomplished by their eating at different times

II. The Reproductive Cycle. This section deals with the amount and type of social emphasis given to specific stages of a woman's reproductive cycle and to the importance of her having children

- 936. Individual ordeal involved at the onset of the menses. The categories are arranged according to the severity of the ordeal
 - 139 . = Missing Data
 - 14 1 = There is no ordeal reported although there may be a change in physical appearance, living arrangements, or name
 - 14 2 = Three is a slight ordeal involved, e.g., a very short or relaxed period of seclusion, a few minor eating taboos, etc
 - 7 3 = There is a moderate ordeal involved, e.g., a strict period of seclusion, restaints on movement, numerous eating taboos, etc
 - 12 4 = There is a severe ordeal involved, e.g., a painful physical operation such as clitoridectomy, a lengthy seclusion with numerous taboos on movement, eating and social contacts, etc
- 937. Social celebration involved at the onset of the menses. Arranged according to the amount of celebration and the extent of participation in it. If there are differences according to class level, code according to the celebrations for the average individual
 - 140 . = Missing Data
 - 26 1 = There is no celebration of any kind
 - 5 2 = There is a small celebration, e.g., the family group has a party
 - 11 3 = There is a moderate celebration, e.g., family, friends, and/or small kin group have a feast, dance, give gifts
 - 4 4 = There is an elaborate celebration, e.g., the community, a large kin group, or other large social grouping celebrate or a smaller group has a celebration for an extended period of time
- 938. The social significance of change in a woman's position with the onset of menstruation. The categories are ranked according to the degree of emphasis placed on her ability to bear children

- 144 . = Missing Data
 - 3 1 = It is not thought to be especially significant beyond a change in dress, name, etc
 - 7 2 = Its main significance is that she is an adult who has more social responsibilities
 - 6 3 = The main significance is that she is now capable of having intercourse, wehther or not she actually engages in it
 - 4 4 = Its main significance is that she is eligible for marriage and can engage in intercourse
- 12 5 = Its main significance is that she is eligible for marriage
- 4 6 = Its main significance is that she is eligible for marriage and is an adult
- 3 7 = Its main significance is that she is eligible for marriage and is capable of bearing children
- 3 8 = Its main significance is that she is capable of bearing children
- 939. Personal restrictions or regular menstruation. Ranked according to the degree to which the woman is socially isolated during her menses
 - 147 . = Missing Data
 - 2 1 = There is no restriction placed on her during this period, and she carries on her activities as usual
 - 5 2 = There are restrictions placed on her personal activities but not on her social contacts, e.g., cooking taboos, eating taboos, taboos on what she may touch
 - 3 = There are restrictions placed on her personal movements and social contacts, e.g., she must remain in her dwelling or in a certain area of the settlements, she should avoid certain people
 - 10 4 = There are few restrictions placed on her personal activities and social contacts
 - 10 5 = There are moderate restrictions placed on her movements and her personal activities, e.g., she is in a partitioned area of the dwelling, she may not cook, she may see only certain people, she cannot engage in her usual economic activities, relaxed seclusion
 - 8 6 = There are severe restrictions imposed on her movements and personal activities, e.g., she is isolated in a menstrual hut, she may see few if any people, she may not cook, she may not feed herself
- 940. Social danger: which person(s) would be most harmed if the woman did not adhere to her menstrual restrictions. Ranked according to how large a group is thought to be endangered by the woman's actions. If more than one category is involved, code the most important danger first, the second most important one, second

- 156 . = Missing Data
- 4 1 = No one is thought to be endangered during this period
- 5 2 = Only the menstruating woman is endangered
 - 3 = The woman endangers her husband
- 4 4 = The woman endangers men. If both 3 & 4, code as 4
- 1 5 = The woman endangers other women and/or children, e.g., the fertility of other women, newborn children
- 6 6 = The woman endangers anyone with whom she comes in contact
- 10 7 = The woman endangers her social group, e.g., the fertility of the crops, the response of the supernatural to them, harm to an important social functionary

notes on these codes

STDS44.DAT

- 941. Personal restrictions on pregnancy. Ranked according to the degree of segregation from social contacts that is involved
 - 134 . = Missing Data
 - 7 0 = Some information, but insufficient to code
 - 3 1 = No modification is reported
 - 2 2 = She modifies the usual garments she wears and/or the usual care of her body, e.g., she wears more loosefitting garments, wears amulets to ward off evil spirits, pays special attention to cleanliness, etc
 - 11 3 = She modifies the use of her sensory apparatus, e.g., she avoids hearing, seeing, or touching certain things
 - 17 4 = She modifies her diet, e.g., she avoids eating certain foods
 - 5 5 = She modifies her usual domestic or economic duties, e.g., she does not cook she has someone else care for the children
 - 6 = She modifies her suaul mobility, e.g., she should not leave the settlement, she avoids certain places
 - 2 7 = Her usual social relations and/or living arrangements are modifies, e.g., she may not sleep where she usually does, she cannot be near certain people, she must not behave in the usual manner
 - 1 8 = She modifies her participation in social groups and activities, e.g., religious events

[Note: only the first of several items ranked are indicated in this code. Full appraisal would require all these items to be consulted. This item was omitted from the punched-card version and added later.] of the social harm that may result from a woman not modifying her behavior along the expected lines. The code should indicate which person(s) the restrictions are most concerned with protecting

- 146 . = Missing Data
- 13 1 = They are to prevent harm to the baby
- 4 2 = They are to prevent harm to the mother, e.g, illness, difficult delivery
- 21 3 = They are to prevent harm to the baby and the mother, e.g., miscarriage, attacks from the spirits, etc
- 2 4 = They are to prevent harm to anyone with whom she comes in contact and/or the social group of which she is a part, e.g., to prevent failure of the crops, to prevent an epidemic
- 943. Special segregation at birth: Location of the woman when she gives birth: where the birth of the first child takes place. Ranked according to the degree of segregation in or from her ordinary dwelling when the woman gives birth
 - 139 . = Missing Data
 - 1 1 = No special place is prepared for the birth of the child; the woman gives birth wherever she happens to be
 - 10 2 = The woman gives birth in the dwelling where she usually resides, but no special partitions are set up
 - 11 3 = The woman gives birth in the dwelling where she usually resides but in a partitioned or otherwise demarcated area or room
 - 2 4 = The woman gives birth in an area near the dwelling where she usually resides, e.g., under the dwelling, in a lean-to near the dwelling
 - 4 5 = The woman does not give birth in a special dwelling but in a place outside of the area where most social activity occurs, e.g., on the fringes or outside of the dwelling area
 - 11 6 = The woman gives birth in a structure explicitly constructed for the purpose, e.g., a birth hut
 - 1 7 = The woman does not give birth in her usual residence but in the dwelling of an affinal relative
 - 7 8 = The woman does not give birth in her usual residence but in the dwelling of a consanguineal relative
- 944. Residence of the new parents at the birth of their first child
 - 130 . = Missing Data
 - 15 1 = Temporary matrilocality
 - 11 2 = Permanent matrilocality
 - 2 3 = Ambilocality
 - 4 4 = Neolocality
 - 24 5 = Patrilocality

- 945. Purpose of personal birth restrictions. Each category indicates why the taboos and restrictions on a woman's personal behavior are imposed after she bears a child Ranked according to the degree that the restrictions affect other people
 - 148 . = Missing Data
 - 13 1 = Restrictions are imposed on her to promote the well-being of her child, e.g., she is cared for so that she can produce milk for the baby
 - 4 2 = Restrictions are imposed on her to prevent harm to her and/or to promote her well-being, e.g., other people prepare and bring her food, she does not work, she is indulged
 - 14 3 = Restrictions are imposed to prevent harm to her and her baby
 - 7 4 = Restrictions are imposed on her to prevent harm to those with whom she comes in contact and/or to prevent harm to her social group
- 946. Duration of personal birth restrictions. Each category specifies a period of time after birth before the woman resumes her usual domestic and economic activities
 - 132 . = Missing Data
 - 5 0 = Some information, but insufficient to code
 - 21 1 = 0-7 days
 - 14 2 = 8-14 days
 - 6 3 = 15-30 days
 - 6 4 = 31-60 days
 - 3 5 = more than two months

[This item was omitted from the punched-card version and added later.]

Celebration of birth: The degree of social concern with the birth of a child as indicated by the amount of celebration after the birth and the extent of social participation in it. The codes apply to the largest social class and exclude such particular occasions as the celebratino of multiple births or the birth of an heir to a king. Coded for the first born if there is a difference in treatment for different births. Coded for the desired sex if there is a difference for males and females

947. Type of birth celebration

132 . = Missing Data

- 4 1 = There is no celebratin for the mother or child after birth
- 5 2 = There is no celebration after birth, but people do come to visit, offer congratulations, etc
- 21 3 = There is a minor celebration after the birth, e.g, a small meal, a few drinks, etc
- 9 4 = There is a moderate amount of celebration after the birth,

e.g., a feast, dancing

- 15 5 = There is an elaborate celebration after the birth, e.g., elaborate feasting, dancing, many rites performed
- 948. When the birth celebration occurs
 - 139 . = Missing Data
 - 4 0 = Some information, but insufficient to code
 - 20 1 = Immediately or a few days after delivery
 - 1 2 = After the mother comes out of confinement
 - 14 3 = When the baby is named or baptized
 - 5 4 = When the baby and mother come out of confinement
 - 3 5 = Other

[This item was omitted from the punched-card version and added later.]

- 949. Participants in the birth celebration. The code indicates the most extensive group which participates in the celebration of birth. Ranked according to the extensiveness of the group
 - 150 . = Missing Data
 - 5 1 = No one is involved in a celebration
 - 1 2 = The husband's family
 - 7 3 = Friends and neighbors
 - 1 4 = The wife's kin unit
 - 8 5 = Friends of the H and W and "relatives"
 - 6 6 = The wife's and husband's kin units or relatives of a group more extensive than the family
 - 8 7 = The community or large social, group to which the H and W belong

Children. This section deals with the ways in which childbearing is socially encouraged or curtailed

- 950. Preferred sex and number of children
 - 139 . = Missing Data
 - 1 1 = They want very few children, regardless of sex
 - 19 2 = They prefer to have males rather than females, regardless of sex
 - 7 3 = They prefer to have females rather than males, regardless of number
 - 7 4 = Either sex is acceptable, e.g., the father wants a boy, the mother wants a girl, or they don't care as long as the child is healthy
 - 13 5 = They prefer a large number of children, regardless of their sex

Barrenness. This part deals with the amount of social stigma that a woman bears if she is incapable of producing children

- 951. Explanation of barrenness. Ranked according to the degree to which the woman is blamed for her barrenness
 - 156 . = Missing Data
 - 1 = Barrenness is regarded as the fault of a sterile or impotent husband
 - 6 2 = Barrenness is regarded as an unfortunate physical condition that has befallen a woman through no fault of her own
 - 7 3 = Barrenness is regarded as the fault of others who bear malice towards the woman, e.g., witches
 - 7 4 = Barrenness is regarded as the fault of others who break taboos that have ramifications for her fertility
 - 7 5 = Barrenness is regarded as the fault of supernatural forces or supernatural beings who are generally malevolent
 - 1 6 = Barrenness is regarded as the fault of the woman who is being punished for committing some offense which is not sexual in nature
 - 2 7 = Barrenness is regarded as punishment to a woman who has committed some sexual offense, e.g., adultery, incest

[Note: only the first of several items ranked are indicated in this code. Full appraisal would require all these items to be consulted.]

- 952. Penalties for barrenness. Ranked according to the severity of the penalty the woman incurs if she is barren
 - 134 . = Missing Data
 - 1 1 = No penalties are reported
 - 13 2 = Remedies are actively sought to correct the condition, e.g., amulets, potions, ceremonies
 - 12 3 = Provision is made for a child by adoption for fosterage
 - 7 4 = Provision is made for a child by the husband taking an additional wife to bear children or by the wife getting another woman to bear children for her husband
 - 15 5 = The woman's husband can or does divorce her
 - 4 6 = The woman is ostracized because she has no children, e.g., jokes are made about her. She is given a subsidiary role in domestic tasks

[Note: only the first of several items ranked are indicated in this code. Full appraisal would require all these items to be consulted.]

- 953. Contraception: knowledge and use of means to prevent the conception of children. Ranked according to the degree to which the responsibility for contraception devolves upon the woman
 - 145 . = Missing Data
 - 9 1 = No contraception is known about or used

- 3 2 = Contraception is present, but there is no information on the method
- 1 3 = There is a rudimentary form of contraception, e.g., abstention when the woman is thought most likely to conceive, coitus interruptus
- 12 4 = Contraception is present by implication, e.g., a long post-partum sex taboos or abstention while nursing
- 4 5 = There is a long post-partum sex taboos and rudimentary contraception
- 3 6 = There is a long post-partum sex taboos and the woman practices some intentional form of contraception
- 9 7 = The woman is primarily responsible for contraception, e.g., she has knowledge of rites she can perform to prevent offspring or she has knowledge of rites she can perform to prevent offspring or she swallows a drug
- 954. Social approval for Abortion: approval of and rationale for action taken to prevent the birth of a child by expelling the fetus before it is viable. Ranked according to the amount of social disapproval towards abortion
 - 139 . = Missing Data
 - 17 1 = Abortions occur, but there is no information on frequency
 - 12 2 = Abortions are permitted and occur frequently
 - 3 = Abortions are permitted and occur infrequently
 - 4 = Abortions are disapproved of but do occur. If they are infrequent and there is no information on approval, code in this category
 - 9 5 = Abortions are strongly disapproved of and occur rarely or never
- 955. Rationale for abortions: If there is more than one reason, indicate the most frequent reason first on the code sheet, second, etc. up to four important reasons. Ranked according to the degree to which social rather than personal considerations lead to the abortion
 - 152 . = Missing Data
 - 7 1 = No abortions
 - 6 2 = Concern for the psychological or pgysical state of the mother, e.g., she does not want more children, she is concerned about her beauty, or she does not want to lose her husband
 - 3 3 = Revenge, e.g., the woman is angry with her husband
 - 3 4 = Concern for the child's welfare, e.g., the mother is nursing another which would leave no milk for another, or the couple cannot afford more children
 - 9 5 = The child was conceived out of wedlock

4 6 = The child was conceived in an illicit sexual relationship, e.g., adulterous, incestuous, or with a man of the wrong social class or ethnic group

1 7 = Other

Infanticide. This part deals with the approval of and rationale for killing an infant after he is born

- 956. Social approval. Ranked according to the amount of social disapproval incurred if infanticide occurs
 - 146 . = Missing Data
 - 19 1 = Infanticide occurs, but there is no information on frequency
 - 3 2 = Infanticide is permitted and occurs frequently
 - 4 3 = Infanticide is permitted and occurs infrequently
 - 5 4 = Infanticide is disapproved of but does occur. If it occurs, and there is no information on approval, code here
 - 10 5 = Infanticide is disapproved and does not occur
- 957. Rationale for infanticide. Each category indicates a reason for which an infant might be killed. Ranked according to the degree to which social rather than personal reasons lead to the infanticide
 - 147 . = Missing Data
 - 8 1 = No infanticide
 - 4 2 = The mother's welfare, e.g., she does not want more children, she is afraid of losing her charms, etc
 - 1 3 = Revenge, e.g., due to argument with husband
 - 2 4 = Concern for the child's welfare, e.g., the couple cannot support more children or there is ni one to suckle the child
 - 7 5 = The child was born in an unusual position, exhibited some unusual behavior or physical trait at birth, or was deformed, e.g., hair was already present on the child, or the child was born feet first
 - 8 6 = The child was one of a multiple birth
 - 2 7 = The child was a female
 - 6 8 = The child was born of an illicit sexual relationship, i.e., premarital, adulterous, or incestuous
 - 1 9 = Other

III. Sexual Relations and their Social Context. This section deals with sexual relations from two perspectives. The first focuses on intercourse and the restrictions that are placed on it. The second focuses on marriage as the most common context within which intercourse and childbearing occur

- 958. Restrictions on the occasion of intercourse. Each category specifies an occasion when intercourse is proscribed or strongly preferred not to take place. Ranked according to the degree to which the occasion for intercourse is tied to a social rather than n individual state or activity
 - 130 . = Missing Data
 - 2 1 = It cannot occur during menstruation
 - 16 2 = It cannot occur for some period after childbirth whether because of nursing or a postpartum sex taboo and/or during pregnancy
 - 12 3 = It cannot occur during mensturation and after childbirth and/or during pregnancy
 - 3 4 = It cannot occur before, during, or after life cycle events, e.g., after the death of a spouse or at initiation
 - 5 = Other
 - 6 = It cannot occur before, during, and/or after a military expedition
 - 11 7 = It cannot occur before, during and/or after a major economic activity and/or a manufacturing operation
 - 6 8 = It cannot occur before, during and/or after a ritual program of some sort, e.g., days of abstinence of power seeking
 - 3 9 = It cannot occur before, during and/or after non-life cycle ceremonial events, e.g., harvest festivals

[Note: only the first of several items ranked are indicated in this code. Full appraisal would require all these items to be consulted.]

- 959. Extensions of the incest taboo. Each category specifies an extension of the incest taboo beyond the nuclear family. Ranked according to the degree to which the emphasis is on nonkinship considerations. The coding should indicate the focus of the strongest extension of the incest taboo
 - 144 . = Missing Data
 - 5 1 = No extension beyond the nuclear family is reported. Note in the comments if the strongest prohibition in the family is Br-Si, Mo-So, or Fa-Dau
 - 2 2 = Bilateral extensions by cross or parallel cousins
 - 17 3 = Bilateral extension by degree of cousinage from ego
 - $1 \quad 4 = 0$ ther
 - 5 = Matrilineal extensions, with or without other bilateral extensions 6 = Patrilineal extensions, with or without other bilateral extensions
 - 1 7 = Extensions based on nonkinship considerations, e.g., ritual bonds, household composition, locality, or social class
- 960. Violation of the incest taboo. Ranked according to the extent of the consequences of violating the incest taboo

- 157 . = Missing Data
- 8 1 = None or mild punishment, e.g., ostracism or a fine
- 3 2 = Moderate punishment, e.g., offenders meet with misfortune such as sickness or bad luck
- 9 3 = Severe punishment, e.g., death, barrenness, or expulsion from the community
- 5 4 = Punishment to others than the offenders, e.g., their family or kin group
- 3 6 = Punishment that affects the offenders as well as their social group, i.e., category `2` or `3` in combination with `5` category

notes on these codes

STDS45.DAT

- 961. Restrictions on Premarital Sex. Ranked according to the degree of prohibition against premarital sex
 - 125 . = Missing Data
 - 17 1 = It is permitted for both sexes
 - 1 2 = It is permitted for both but in limited contexts, e.g., with prostitutes or as part of a ceremony
 - 9 3 = It is permitted and not punished unless pregnancy results
 - 12 4 = It is permitted for males but no females
 - 9 5 = Premarital relations are disapproved but no infrequent in fact
 - 4 6 = Insistence on virginity for the woman. There is no
 - information on restrictions on the male
 - 9 7 = Premarital relations are strongly disapproved and rare
- 962. Violation of restrictions on premarital sex. Each category specifies the consequences a woman faces if she violates a premarital sex prohibition
 - 135 . = Missing Data
 - 19 1 = Neither she nor her partner face punishment
 - 13 2 = Her partner is punished, but she is not
 - 4 3 = Mild punishment for the women, e.g., temporary ostracism
 - 8 4 = Moderate punishment for the woman, e.g., marriage is more difficult or physical punishment

 - 5 6 = [Kenuzi, Gheg, Kurd, Manus, Mbau] Severe or killed ?

- 963. Restrictions and Extramarital Sex. Ranked according to the strength of the prohibition against extramarital sex
 - 128 . = Missing Data
 - 3 1 = Permitted for both H and W
 - 11 2 = Permitted for both but only in limited contexts, e.g., with particular relatives of the spouse, ceremonial license
 - 1 3 = Permitted and not punished unless pregnancy results
 - 15 4 = Permitted for the husband but not for the wife
 - 15 5 = Weakly prohibited, e.g., frequent violations or weak punishment
 - 13 6 = Strongly prohibited, e.g., occurs rarely or severe punishment
- 964. Punishment for extramarital sex. Ranked according to the severity of punishment that a woman receives if she commits adultery
 - 132 . = Missing Data
 - 5 1 = No punishment or mild punishment, e.g., a warning or a fine
 - 3 2 = Generally mild punishment, but she can be killed for it
 - 6 3 = Moderate punishment, e.g., a beating or incarceration
 - 14 4 = Generally moderate punishment, but she can be killed or divorced for it
 - 8 5 = The woman is divorced
 - 5 6 = She is generally divorced, but she can be killed for it
 - 8 7 = Severe punishment, e.g., permanent physical damage, but she can be killed or divorced for it
 - 5 8 = The woman is killed or commits suicide
- 965. Violation: who is punished for adultery. Ranked according to the degree to which the woman is punished
 - 138 . = Missing Data
 - 1 = No one is punished
 - 2 2 = Only the lover is punished
 - 15 3 = Both the woman and her lover are punished, but the lover is punished more severely than the woman
 - 19 4 = Both the woman and her lover are punished by almost equally severe punishment
 - 6 5 = Both the woman and her lover are punished, but the woman is punished more severely than her lover
 - 6 6 = Only the woman is punished
- 966. Violation: who punishes adultery. Ranked according to the degree to which responsibility for punishment of the woman resides with the social group

- 132 . = Missing Data
 - 1 0 = Some information, but insufficient to code
 - 2 1 = No punishment for the women
- 39 2 = The husband punishes his wife and/or her lover, if the wife is not punished
 - 3 = A representative of the family or kin group of the husband punishes her
- 3 4 = A representative of the family or kin group of the wife punishes her
- 8 5 = The community as a whole or its representative punishes her
- 2 6 = Supernatural consequences fall upon the woman, e.g., mystical retribution or punishment by the ancestral gods

[This item was omitted from the punched-card version and added later.]

Marriage. This part focuses on the establishment, characteristics, and dissolution of marriage, the most prominent form of legitimate sexual relationship and context for the birth of children

967. Age of Woman at Establishment of marriage: first marriage

- 141 . = Missing Data
 - 2 1 = Under 12 years
- 11 3 = 16-17 years
- 10 4 = 18-21 years
- 3 5 = 22-25 years
- 1 6 = 26 years and older

968. Age of Man at Establishment of marriage: first marriage

- 144 . = Missing Data
 - 1 = Under 12 years
 - 4 2 = 12-15 years (if the source says that boys or girls marry at puberty, code it here)
 - 7 3 = 16-17 years
- 15 4 = 18-21 years
- 6 5 = 22-25 years
- 10 6 = 26 years and older
- 969. Choice of spouse: social restrictions which limit an individual's choice of whom he can marry. Ranked according to the degree that nonkinship considerations play an important role

- 127 . = Missing Data
- 18 1 = Bilateral considerations, including not marrying a "relative"
 - 2 = Bilateral considerations, specifically cross and parallel cousins
- 10 3 = Kinship of a matrilineal or matrilateral nature
- 16 4 = Kinship of a patrilineal or patrilateral nature
- 2 5 = Locality where the potential spouse lives
- 1 6 = The tribe to which the potential spouse belongs
- 5 7 = The age or generation of the potential spouse
 - 8 = The status of the potential spouse

[Note: only the first of several items ranked are indicated in this code. Full appraisal would require all these items to be consulted.]

Agreement to marry. This deals with the extent to which marriage is a transaction between social groups rather than the couple

- 970. Marriage proposal: Besides the groom, whose proposal is regarded as most necessary in initiating marriage. Ranked according to how extensive a group is involved in initiating marriage
 - 128 . = Missing Data
 - 6 1 = The bride's family or a relative of the bride
 - 30 2 = The bride's and groom's families
 - 2 3 = The groom's kin group and the bride's family 4 = The bride's kin group and the groom's family
 - 20 5 = The kin groups of the bride and groom
- 971. Consent to marry: how necesary is the consent of the prospective wife for marriage arrangements to proceed
 - 129 . = Missing Data
 - 19 1 = Propective spouse's consent is necessary, i.e., the marriage cannot take place without it
 - 22 2 = The prospective spouse is consulted
 - 16 3 = The prospective spouse is not consulted
- 972. Consent to marry: how necesary is the consent of the prospective Husband for marriage arrangements to proceed
 - 132 . = Missing Data
 - 23 1 = Propective spouse's consent is necessary, i.e., the marriage cannot take place without it
 - 22 2 = The prospective spouse is consulted
 - 9 3 = The prospective spouse is not consulted

973. Degree of marriage celebration

- 129 . = Missing Data
- 4 1 = There is no celebration
- 15 3 = There is a moderate celebration, e.g., a feast, dancing, dramatic performances, or extensive gift exchange
- 22 4 = There is an elaborate celebration, e.g., it lasts a long period of time, is characterized by lavish dress, has elaborate performances, etc
- 974. Type of participants in the wedding. Ranked according to how extensive the group is
 - 136 . = Missing Data
 - 2 1 = Friends of the couple
 - 4 2 = The family of the bride or the groom
 - 4 3 = The kin group of the bride or groom
 - 9 4 = The families of the bride and groom
 - 19 5 = The kin groups or "relatives" of the bride and groom
 - 12 7 = The community
- 975. The rights transferred by women at marriage

136 . = Missing Data

- 9 1 = Rights concerning priority of sexual access
- 10 2 = Rights concerning offspring
- 6 3 = Rights concerning choice of residence
- 8 4 = Rights concerning domestic services
- 12 5 = Rights concerning economic labor
- 5 6 = Rights concerning choice of residence and economic labor

[Note: only the first of several items ranked are indicated in this code. Full appraisal would require all these items to be consulted.]

976. The rights transferred by men at marriage

149 . = Missing Data

- 1 1 = Rights concerning priority of sexual access
- 2 2 = Rights concerning offspring
- 1 3 = Rights concerning choice of residence
 - 4 = Rights concerning domestic services
- 22 5 = Rights concerning economic labor
- 11 6 = Rights concerning choice of residence and economic labor

- 977. Finality: factors that are important for the firm establishment of a marriage. Ranked according to the degree to which its establishment depends on the groom. The code reflects the most important obligation that must be met before the marriage is considered final
 - 141 . = Missing Data
 - 18 1 = After children or children of the appropriate sex are born
 - 2 2 = After cohabitation and the birth of children
 - 4 3 = After cohabitation
 - 6 4 = After children are born and after bride price is paid
 - 5 5 = After a marriage ceremony
 - 10 6 = After bride-price has been paid
- 978. Grounds for divorce: wife's reasons given for dissolving a marriage
 - 138 . = Missing Data
 - 5 1 = There is no divorce
 - 3 2 = Reproductive problems, e.g., barrenness or impotence
 - 5 3 = Illicit sexual relationship, e.g., adultery
 - 7 4 = Physical violence, e.g., beatings
 - 11 5 = Incompatibility
 - 1 6 = Desertion or extreme neglect
 - 2 7 = Incompatibility with affines
 - 9 8 = Failure in economic or domestic duties, e.g., laziness, poor provider or nonpayment of marriage payments
 - 5 9 = None or trivial grounds, e.g., another woman or man is more desirable or he or she does not like his or her current spouse

[Note: only the first of several items ranked are indicated in this code. Full appraisal would require all these items to be consulted.]

979. Grounds for divorce: husband's reasons given for dissolving a marriage

- 130 . = Missing Data
- 4 1 = There is no divorce
- 16 2 = Reproductive problems, e.g., barrenness or impotence
- 9 3 = Illicit sexual relationship, e.g., adultery
 - 4 = Physical violence, e.g., beatings
- 12 5 = Incompatibility
- 3 6 = Desertion or extreme neglect
- 1 7 = Incompatibility with affines
- 8 8 = Failure in economic or domestic duties, e.g., laziness, poor provider or nonpayment of marriage payments
- 3 9 = None or trivial grounds, e.g., another woman or man is

more desirable or he or she does not like his or her current spouse

[Note: only the first of several items ranked are indicated in this code. Full appraisal would require all these items to be

consulted.]

- 980. Restrictions on divorce. Ranked according to the difficulty a woman has in obtaining a divorce
 - 141 . = Missing Data
 - 17 1 = Divorce is allowed for both the H and W
 - 7 2 = Divorce is more difficult for a man to obtain. There is a prohibition against his obtaining one or a low frequency of men who obtain a divorce
 - 8 3 = Divorce is difficult and/or has a low frequency for both men and women
 - 14 4 = Divorce is more difficult for the wife to obtain. There is a prohibition against her obtaining one or a low frequency of wives obtaining a divorce
- 981. Rights over offspring after divorce. Ranked according to the degree to which the husband retains custody over the children after a divorce
 - 141 . = Missing Data
 - 4 1 = No divorce
 - 8 2 = The wife keeps all of the children
 - 11 3 = Who has custody of the children depends on the age and/or wishes of the children, e.g., the mother may take the infants
 - 5 4 = Each spouse has custody of some of the children, e.g., the wife keeps the girls and the husband the boys
 - 7 5 = Custody of the children depends on the circumstances of the divorce
 - 9 6 = The husband has custody of all of the children

982. Remarriage after divorce. Ranked according to how difficult it is

- to remarry after a divorce
- 145 . = Missing Data
- 29 1 = Both the H and W may remarry
- 7 2 = Both the H and W may remarry, but it is easier for the H
- 1 3 = It is difficult for both the H and W to remarry after divorce
- 4 4 = No divorce
- 983. Property exchanges after divorce. Ranked in order of the amount of financial loss incurred by the wife when a divorce occurs

- 143 . = Missing Data
 - 4 1 = There is no divorce
 - 8 2 = No financial transactions occur after a divorce, or there is an equal division of property
 - 6 3 = The H or his kin pay compensation
- 16 4 = The transactions that occur depend on the circumstances of the divorce
 - 5 = Other
- 9 6 = The wife and/or her kin group pay compensation, e.g., return brideprice
- 984. Remarriage of widows. The categories are ranked in order of the
 - degree of restriction a woman faces to remarry after her husband's death
 - 129 . = Missing Data
 - 14 1 = She may marry anyone she chooses
 - 7 2 = She may remarry but often chooses not to, e.g., she would suffer financial loss or her children can care for her
 - 3 = She may remarry, but her choice is constrained by the wishes of her family and/or kin group
 - 20 4 = She may remarry, but first priority is given to marrying a specific relative of her husband's or someone chosen by her husband's kin group, e.g., levirate
 - 13 5 = She must marry a specific relative of the husband's or someone chosen by her husband's kin group or not remarry
 - 3 6 = She may not remarry

985. Length of time before a widow remarries

- 152 . = Missing Data
 - 5 0 = Some information, but insufficient to code
 - 1 = 0-6 months
 - 5 2 = 6 months to less than a year
- 10 3 = 1 year to less than 2 years
- 4 4 = More than two years
- 1 5 = No remarriage
- 1 6 = Undefined [coded for Mbau Fijians]

[This item was omitted from the punched-card version and added later.]

notes on these codes

ENCULTURATIVE CONTINUITY AND IMPORTANCE OF CARETAKERS

Ronald P. Rohner and Evelyn C. Rohner, 1982, BEHAVIOR SCIENCE RESEARCH

STDS46.DAT

This and subsequent contributions are provided by arrangement with editors of the journal BEHAVIOR SCIENCE RESEARCH

- 986. Importance of Mothers for boys
- 987. Importance of Mothers for girls
- 988. Importance of Mothers for both boys and girls, without regard to gender (Sum of 2 rater's ratings on 1-4 point scale)

86

- . = Missing data
- 2 = Rarely the major caretaker
- 4 = Sometimes the major caretaker
- 5 = Often ?
- 6 = Frequently the major caretaker
- 7 = Very Frequent ?
- 8 = Almost always the major caretaker
- 989. Importance of Fathers for boys
- 990. Importance of Fathers for girls
- 991. Importance of Fathers for both boys and girls, without regard to gender

86

- . = Missing data
- 2 = Rarely the major caretaker
- 3 = Occasional ?
- 4 = Sometimes the major caretaker
- 5 = Often ?
- 6 = Frequently the major caretaker
- 7 = Very Frequent ?
- 8 = Almost always the major caretaker
- 992. Importance of Others for boys
 - . = Missing data
 - 2 = Rarely the major caretaker
 - 4 = Sometimes the major caretaker
 - 6 = Frequently the major caretaker
 - 8 = Almost always the major caretaker
- 993. Identification of Others for boys
 - . = Missing data
 - A 1 = Adults in household or community (other than parents)
 - E 2 = Elders in community (often elder males for boys, elder

females for girls)

- G 3 = Grandparents, usually grandmother
- M 4 = Mother's brother or mother's sister

- P 5 = Peers, age-mates, older youths, but not siblings
- S 6 = Siblings (usually older sisters)
- 994. Importance of Others for girls
 - . = Missing data
 - 2 = Rarely the major caretaker
 - 5 = Often ?
 - 4 = Sometimes the major caretaker
 - 6 = Frequently the major caretaker
 - 8 = Almost always the major caretaker
- 995. Identification of others for girls
 - 86 . = Missing data
 - A 1 = Adults in household or community (other than parents)
 - E 2 = Elders in community (often elder males for boys, elder females for girls)
 - G 3 = Grandparents, usually grandmother
 - M 4 = Mother's brother or mother's sister
 - P 5 = Peers, age-mates, older youths, but not siblings
 - S 6 = Siblings (usually older sisters)
- 996. Importance of Siblings (usually older sisters) for both boys and girls
- 997. Importance of Grandparents for both boys and girls, without regard to gender
- 998. Importance of Others for both boys and girls, without regard to gender
 - * 996-8 without regard to gender
 - * 997 usually Grandmothers
 - 86 . = Missing data
 - 2 = Rarely the major caretaker
 - 3 = Occasional ?
 - 4 = Sometimes the major caretaker
 - 5 = Often ?
 - 6 = Frequently the major caretaker
 - 7 = Very Frequent ?
 - 8 = Almost always the major caretaker
- 999. Identification of Others for boys and girls, without regard to gender
 - 86 . = Missing data
 - A 1 = Adults in household or community (other than parents)
 - E 2 = Elders in community (often elder males for boys, elder females for girls)

- G 3 = Grandparents, usually grandmother
- M 4 = Mother's brother or mother's sister
- P 5 = Peers, age-mates, older youths, but not siblings
- S 6 = Siblings (usually older sisters)
- 1000. Enculturative Continuity for boys
 - 86 . = Missing data
 - 2 = Discontinuity, fundamental
 - 4 = Discontinuity, significant
 - 5 = both elements ?
 - 6 = Significant continuity (Minor elements only of discontinuity)
 - 7 = Very Significant ?
 - 8 = Fundamental continuity

1001. Incomplete Continuity for boys: age

- 86 . = Missing data
 - A 1 = around age five (or slightly younger)
 - B 2 = around age six
 - C 3 = around age seven
 - D 4 = around age eight
 - E 5 = around age nine
 - F 6 = around age ten

1002. Enculturative Continuity for girls

86 . = Missing data

- 2 = Fundamental discontinuity
- 4 = Significant discontinuity
- 5 = both elements ?
- 6 = Significant continuity (Minor elements only of discontinuity)
- 7 = Very Significant ?
- 8 = Fundamental continuity

1003. Incomplete Continuity for girls: age

- 86 . = Missing data
 - A 1 = around age five (or slightly younger)
 - B 2 = around age six
 - C 3 = around age seven
 - D 4 = around age eight
 - E 5 = around age nine
 - F 6 = around age ten
- 1004. Enculturative Continuity for both boys and girls without regard for gender

- 86 . = Missing data
 - 2 = Fundamental discontinuity
 - 4 = Significant discontinuity
 - 5 = both elements ?
 - 6 = Significant continuity (Minor elements only of discontinuity)
 - 7 = Very Significant ?
 - 8 = Fundamental continuity

1005. Incomplete Continuity for both boys and girls without regard for gender:

age

- 86 . = Missing data
 - A 1 = around age five (or slightly younger)
 - B 2 = around age six
 - C 3 = around age seven
 - D 4 = around age eight
 - E 5 = around age nine
 - F 6 = around age ten

notes on these codes

STDS47.DAT

Finished Variable Codebook	Filename: SYSEC.COD	Diskette: Worldsys
from 3-16-87 1:36p	DATASET: SYSEC	
Coding Problems:	Society Name:	Number:

Addl Research on Questions: _____ Date of Observation _____

1006. Classification of World System Position

	Marke	ts Labor	Agricult.	Commodities
	& Tra	de Coercion Wage	Productn Tax	Import/Export
	. = Missing data			
	1 = Core 1 Centr	al - +	Agribus. +	/
	2 = Core 2 Centr	al – +	Commerc. +	/
2	3 = Semiperip 1 Mediat	ors Slavery	Spec.Cash +	Weapons /Hierl
2	4 = Semiperip 2 Mediat	ors - +	Spec.Cash +	Weapons /Hier2
2	5 = Periphery 1a Expor	-t - +	Spec.Cash +	Tools /Agri
4	6 = Periphery 1b Expor	t + -	Sharecrop +	Tools /Agri
7	7 = Periphery 1c Expor	t + -	Mixed +	Tools /Agri
5	8 = Periphery 1d Expor	t	Mixed -	Weap /Agri
12	9 = Periphery 2a Trade	ers + or +	Incipient -	Weap
Food/Priz	ed			
5	10 = Periphery 2c Marke	ts - kind	Non-cash -	Weap

Food/Prized

:	8	11	= Periphery 2b Traders - kind Non-cash - Weap	
Food/P	rize	ed		
			Anomalous: +/-Alcohol/	
			* (Mbuti) Symbiotic - kind Non-cash -	
Utilit	ies/	Pri	zed	
!	5	12	= Marginal 1 Partners - kind Non-cash - Utilities/None	
:	1	13	= Marginal 2 Raiding P plunder Non-Cash - None /None	
1007.	Tra	ıde	and Markets	
		•	= Missing data	
:	1	1	= External to world economy	
	4	2	= External Trade "Partners" (missions, settlers, etc.) not traders	
23	3	3	= No Marketplace, but incoming traders for bulk goods	
2	1	4	= Marketplace, market effects for bulk goods	
	4	5	= Entrepreneurs & Creditors for other areas; Intermediaries	
		6	= Central trading	
1008.	Cro	ppi	Jà	
		•	= Missing data	
1	7	0	= No agriculture or unimportant	
7 1 = Subsistence Agriculture only				
	4 2 = Sale of subsistence crop but unimportant			
	6 3 = Sale of subsistence crop important			
!	5 4 = Specialized Cash Crops present but unimportant			
1	9 5 = Specialized Cash Crops important () monoculture			
5 6 = Sharecropping				
		7	= Commercial farming	
		8	= Industrial Agriculture	
1009.	Lab	or		
13	4	•	= Missing data	
13	3	1	= No wage or coerced labor	
:	3	2	= Coerced labor - internal ([large scale] slavery, vassals,	
		cor	zee)	
:	2	3	= Coerced labor - external	
10	0	4	= Labor hired - local service occupations	

- 12 5 = Migrant wage labor (cash) -
- 9 6 = Local wage labor (cash/kind) partial (incl. crafts, traps)
- 3 7 = Market for all types of labor

1010. Labor Recoding

. = Missing data

13 0 = No wage labor, no coerced labor, or

- 8 1 = labor hired in kind or local service occupations only
- 5 2 = Internal coerced labor only
 - ([modify to: large scale] slavery, vassals, corvee)
- 4 3 = External coerced labor -
- 9 4 = Sporadic wage labor (5,6,7 above)
- 2 5 = Divided or exempted wage labor (5,6,7 above) see notes
- 12 6 = Important wage labor (5,6,7 above) includes sale, craft

1011. Tool Categories Imported: (19 17 21 18 9)

. = Missing data

- 14 0 =
- 26 1 =
- 9 2 =
- 2 3 =
- 2 4 =

1012. Foods/Animals Categories Imported: (13 5 3 4 2)

- . = Missing data
- 23 0 =
- 11 1 =
- 10 2 =
- 7 3 =
- 1 4 =
- -
- 1 5 =

1013. Consumer Goods Categories Imported: (16 12 10)

- . = Missing data
- 6 0 =
- 33 1 =
- 12 2 =
- 2 3 =

1014. Weapons Categories Imported: (20 8)

- . = Missing data
- 21 0 =
- 22 1 =
- 9 2 =
- _

1015. Hieratic Goods Categories Exported: (10, 1)

- . = Missing data
- 37 0 =
- 13 1 =
- 2 2 =

1016. Stimulants Categories Exported: (13, 12)

- . = Missing data
- 45 0 =
- 6 1 =
- 1 2 =

1017. Prized Raw Goods Categories Exported: (4, 6)

- . = Missing data
- 29 0 = 16 1 =
- 7 2 =

1018. Local Wares Categories Exported: (11, 2, 14)

- . = Missing data
- 30 0 =
- 18 1 =
- 3 2 =
- 1 3 =

1019. Consumable Categories Imported (4 5 6 7 9 10 11 12 13 14 16)

. = Missing d	ata
---------------	-----

- 3 0 =
- 6 1 =
- 2 = 13
- 12 3 =
- 7 4 =
- 6 5 =
- 4 6 =
- 1 7 =
- 1 8 =

1020. Durable Categories Imported (8 17 18 19 20 21)

- . = Missing data
- 0 = 4
- 17 1 =
- 17 2 =
- 13 3 =
- 1 4 =
- 5 =
- 1 6 =

1021. Consumable Categories Exported (4 5 6 7 9 10 11 12 13 14 16)

- . = Missing data
- 0 = 3
- 21 1 =
- 12 2 =

9 3 =

- 4 4 =
- 3 5 =

1022. Durable Categories Exported (8 17 18 19 20 21) [and manufactured?]

- . = Missing data
- 49 0 =
- 3 1 =

1023. Throughputs: total number of categories both imported and exported

. = Missing data

43 0 =

4 1 =

- 2 2 =
- 1 3 =
- 1 4 =
- 5 =
- 1 7 =

1024. Imported Goods <- list if both -> Exported Goods

. = Missing data		
1 = Slaves	1	PEOPLE
2 = Small animals	2	ANIMALS
3 = Large animals	3	
4 = Meat/dairy, furs, skins	4	FOOD
5 = Cereal grains, cash crops>	5	
6 = Salt, spices	6	
7 = Wood, fuel, construction mat.	7	MATERIALS
8 = Ores	8	
9 = Agricultural Inputs	9	
10 = Prestige goods (Ivory, Gold, etc)	10	
11 = Craft goods	11	
12 = Alcohol	12	INDUSTRIAL
13 = Stimulants (tobacco, tea, coffee)	13	GOODS
14 = Pots, beads, cooking utensils,etc	14	
15 = Books, magazines, newspapers	15	
16 = Clothing, cloth, blankets	16	
17 = Bicycles, cars, power boats	17	
18 = Radios, lamps, Electricity	18	
19 = Metal tools, traps	19	CAPITAL
20 = Weapons, ammunition	20	INPUTS
21 = Tractors, pumps, machines	21	

1025. Slaves

1026. Small animals

- 1027. Large animals
 1028. Meat/dairy, furs, skins
 1029. Cereal grains, cash crops -->
 1030. Salt, spices
 1031. Wood, fuel, construction mat.
 1032. Ores
 1033. Agricultural Inputs
 1034. Prestige goods (Ivory, Gold, etc)
 1035. Craft goods
 1036. Alcohol
 1037. Stimulants (tobacco, tea, coffee)
 1038. Pots, beads, cooking utensils, etc
- 1039. Books, magazines, newspapers
- 1040. Clothing, cloth, blankets
- 1041. Bicycles, cars, power boats
- 1042. Radios, lamps, Electricity
- 1043. Metal tools, traps
- 1044. Weapons, ammunition
- 1045. Tractors, pumps, machines
 - * IMPORTED GOOD
 - . = Missing Data
 - 0 = Absent
 - 1 = Present

1046. Slaves

- 1047. Small animals
- 1048. Large animals
- 1049. Meat/dairy, furs, skins
- 1050. Cereal grains, cash crops -->
- 1051. Salt, spices
- 1052. Wood, fuel, construction mat.
- 1053. Ores
- 1054. Agricultural Inputs
- 1055. Prestige goods (Ivory, Gold, etc)
- 1056. Craft goods
- 1057. Alcohol
- 1058. Stimulants (tobacco, tea, coffee)
- 1059. Pots, beads, cooking utensils, etc
- 1060. Books, magazines, newspapers
- 1061. Clothing, cloth, blankets
- 1062. Bicycles, cars, power boats
- 1063. Radios, lamps, Electricity
- 1064. Metal tools, traps
- 1065. Weapons, ammunition
- 1066. Tractors, pumps, machines

- * EXPORTED GOOD
- . = Missing Data
- 0 = Absent
- 1 = Present

```
notes on these codes
```

```
STDS48.DAT
```

Finished Variable Co	debook	Filename: R	ENTAX	Diskette: Worldsys
from 3-16-87 12:43p				
	VERSION:	()A1 ()A2	()B()C	Cother()
VERSIONS ARE LISTED				
A1/2 First	Society M	lame:	Nu	umber:
** means A has, C does	sn't			
C Second	Needs Add	ll Research ()¥ ()N	on Questions:
* means C has, A does	n't Coding	g Problems:		·····

```
Date of Observation (Pinpointed)
```

```
Cover
```

1066. Changes in Land Tenure Affecting Entire Community SINCE time of

first non-local contact [48]

3C/B

```
5F * . = Missing data
```

2 0 = No Land Ownership

```
27 1 = No Change
```

2 = Land Sold () voluntarily to colonizers/settlers

() under duress to colonizers/settlers

- 9 3 = Land Confiscated with compensation () partial compensation
- 8 4 = Land Confiscated without compensation
- Mixed 1

1067. Taxes or tribute paid per Unit (MULTIPLE RESPONSES !!!!) [53]

4B/A 6A 3 24 1 = None 12

2 = Individual

. = Missing data

- 6 3 = Household
 - 4 = 2&3
- 5 = Kin Group 1
- 6 = Community 3
- 2 7 = Supra-Community (non-kin corp.)

```
-- Mixed
```

```
1068. Form of Tax Payment (Per Unit Taxes) [54]
```

4A

- 6A . = Missing data
- 23 1 z None
- 4 2 x Goods
- 8 3 y Currency
- 4 4 xzLabor or Corvee
- 2 5 yzGoods and currency
- 3 6 xyLabor and goods
- 1 7xyzLabor and currency
- 2 8 = Goods, labor, currency

1069. Locus of Taxation (to whom paid): [55]

4AB/4

- 6A3 . = Missing data
- 24 0 = No Taxation even locally
- 7 1 = Local Taxation e.g., local hamlet, irrig. society
- 12 2 = Outside Power e.g., colonial govt., state

1070. Gender of Tax Payee [56]

(4B/*)

- ?? . = Missing data
- 23 0 = No taxes
- 11 1 = Males only
- 4 2 = Males and Females

1071. Rents [57]

*/4A4

- 6A4 . = Missing data
- 38 1 = None 1a() Reciprocal patron/client exchange with outsiders
 - 2 = Sharecropping in connection with land
- 4 3 = Currency paid to landowner
 - 4 = Currency paid to church
- 3 5 = Currency paid to Govt

notes on these codes

```
CODES NOT YET DEVELOPED
```

1067. Changes in Land Tenure due to Land Registration [4-]

5F

- * . = Missing data
 - 0 = No Land Ownership
 - 1 = No Land Registration

- 2 = No Change: Registered prior to WS contact
- 3 = No Change: Registered after to WS contact
- 4 = Land registration: positive effects on retention
- 1 5 = Land registration: negative effect, leading to loss of land

NOT CODED: 3ABD/* **

- *;5G Loss of Indigenous forms of Subsistence SEE SUBSISTENCE CODES
- 1068. Effects on Gender in Land Ownership [49]
- 3E/A
- ** . = Missing data
- 1 0 = No land Changes
 - 2 a Effect to restrict women's ownership / usufruct (circle one)
 - 3 b No effect of changes
- 1 4 c Effect to restrict men's ownership / usufruct (circle one)
- 1069. Presence of Landless People [50]

*/3C

- ** . = Missing data
- 1 1 = All or almost all have rights to land
 - 2 = Fewer than half have no rights to land
 - 3 = More than half have no rights to land
 - 4 = Most of the population has no rights to land
- 1070. Taxes or tribute paid on Capital Goods [51]

4A

- ** . = Missing data
- 13 1 = None
 - 2 = Land and/or farms
 - 3 = Tools
 - 4 = Animals
 - 5 = 2&3
 - 6 = 2&4
 - 7 = 3&4
 - 8 = 234
- 1071. Taxes or tribute paid on Transactions [52]

?/4A

- ** . = Missing data
- 12 1 = None
 - 2 = Sales
- 1 3 = Tolls
 - 4 = 2&3
 - 5 = Parastatals
 - 6 = 5&2 and/or 3
 - 7 = Other:

Data from "A Cross-Cultural Historical Analysis of Subsistence Change" by Candice Bradley, Carmella C. Moore, Michael L. Burton, and Douglas R. White. 1990. <u>American Anthropologist, 92:2:447-457</u> (June 1990).

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This project was funded by NSF grant BNS-83-04782 to Michael Burton and Douglas White and by NSF grant BNS-85-07685 to Douglas White and Michael Burton.

STDS49.DAT Variables 1072 - 1085 Description of study Reliability of study variables

1072. Date of Observation

99 . = Missing data

1073. Change in 100 years prior to observation

- 99 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = No change
- 73 1 = Change as result of world-system contact
- 0 2 = Change, but not result of world-system contact

1074. Extent of Change in Subsistence or Supportive System

- 99 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = No change
- 65 1 = Partial
- 6 2 = Total Change in subsistence system
- 2 3 = Total Change: anihilation
- 1075. Agricultural Intensification: Increase in inputs without increasing Land area of Food Production
 - 100 . = Missing data
 - 57 0 = No change/Not applicable
 - 29 1 = Change in intensification

1076. Non-agricultural Intensification

101 . = Missing data 71 0 = No change/Not applicable 14 1 = Change in intensification 1077. New Crops 101 . = Missing data 0 = No 62 23 1 = Yes 1078. New Animals 101 . = Missing data 70 0 = No 15 1 = Yes 1079. Change in Settlement Patterns 101 . = Missing data 0 = No change/Not applicable 67 18 1 = Change in settlement patterns 1080. Expansion of Land utilized in Subsistence or Supportive Practices 105 . = Missing data 64 0 = No change/Not applicable 17 1 = Change in expansion 1081. Major Loss of Subsistence Mode 99 . = Missing data 60 0 = No change/Not applicable 27 1 = Major loss 1082. Wage Labor Introduced 101 . = Missing data 58 0 = No 27 1 = Yes 1083. Wage Labor Increased 100 . = Missing data

64 0 = No

22 1 = Yes

1084. Introduction to Trade

```
101 . = Missing data
```

63 0 = No

22 1 = Yes

```
1085. Trade Increased
```

- 100 . = Missing data
- 53 0 = No
- 33 1 = Yes

notes on these codes

WORLD SYSTEM TURBULENT CHANG	E		
STDS50.DAT 1086,-1112 White and Burton, NSF coding project, coders			
Candice Bradley, Carmella C.	Moore, Douglas R. White		
Finished Variable Codebook	Filename: TURB.COD Diskette: Worldsys		
from 3-21-87 7:50p			
	VERSION: ()A1 ()A2 ()B ()C other()		
VERSIONS ARE LISTED			
A1/2 First	Society Name: Number:		
** means A has, C doesn't			
C Second	Needs Addl Research ()Y ()N on Questions:		
* means C has, A doesn't			
	Coding Problems:		
1086. Date of Observation (Pinpo	inted) [20]		
Cover			
1087. Political Entities Conquored, Colonized or Displaced			
in last 100 Years (earlie:	r conquests in footnotes) [21]		
1E/F			
2A . = Missing data			
40 0 = None			

- 1 = Peaceful colonization or displacement (expansionist migration, assimilation or intermarriage)
- 9 2 = Warlike expansion and displacement without conquest or colonization
- 1 3 = Conquest but not colonization distance:
- 2 4 = Conquest and colonization distance:

1088. Frequency of successful expansions into another society in past 100 years

[22]

*/1F

- 2A . = Missing data
- 41 0 = None
- 2 1 = Once
- 4 2 = Several times no more than 4 = episodes
- 6 3 = Very frequent or continual

1089. Estimate of Distance to Furthest Society Conquored: [24]

*/1F

- 2A . = Missing data
- 42 0 = None
 - 1 = Neighboring
- 1 2 = Less than two hundred miles (10-200) but not neighboring
- 2 3 = Over 200 miles, same continent
 - 4 = Different Continents

1090. Society was Conquored, Colonized or Displaced by political entities

in last 100 Years prior to observation (note earlier conquests) [25] download SCCS50.sav

2B

- * . = Missing data
- 11 0 = None
- 4 1 = Peaceful colonization or displacement (expansionist migration, assimilation, intermarriage or annexation with effective sovereignty and administration)
- 2 2 = Warlike expansion and displacement without conquest or colonization
- 7 3 = Conquest but not colonization distance:
- 17 4 = Conquest and colonization distance: _____
- 2 5 = Colonization but not conquest distance: _____

1091. Frequency of successful expansions into this society in past 100 years

2B [26]

- * . = Missing data
- 15 0 = None
- 9 1 = Once
- 6 2 = Several times no more than 4 = episodes
- 7 3 = Very frequent or continual

1092. Catastrophic Shifts Causing Depopulation (last 50 years): [35]

2L

5A . = Missing data

- 25 1 = None
- 1 2 = Animal Disease (* if non-domestic)
 - 3 = Crop Disease
- 21 4 = Human () Disease () Starvation () Warfare with State Level
 - () Intensification of Local (esp. Non-State) Warfare

```
1 5() 2&3
4 6() 2&4 7() 3&4 8() All three
```

1093. Number of Years prior to observation for beginning of problem(s) causing depopulation [36]

```
2L
5A . = Missing data
31 0 = None Population: _____
24 ____
```

1094. Number of Years prior to observation for ending of problem(s) [37]

causing depopulation (i.e., before population stable or increasing)

2L	
5A	. = Missing data
17	0 = None Population:
13	1 = Had not recovered
1	< = less than 10 years before observation
1	> = less than 10 years after observation
4	

1095. Percentage of Population Lost (100% minus popul in 37 as % of that in

36)[38]

2L 5A . = Missing data 39 0 = None 17 _____

1096. Percentage Recovery (popul at observation in 39a as % of that in 36)

[39] *

- ** . = Missing data
 11 0 = None
 7 1 = Had not recovered
 ??
- ____

1097. Population at date of observation: [39a]

```
1098. Population at date of observation: [39a]
```

```
1099. Population at date of observation: [39a]
```

```
. = Missing data
```

```
_____ persons
```

1100. Societal Migration or Relocation in past 100 years [40]

2M

- 5B . = Missing data
- 27 1 = None
 - 1a Movement restricted by pre-state groups

- 4 2 = Voluntary Migration, not the effect of world market
 - 2a Forced migration by pre-state groups
- 6 3 = Voluntary migration as a world market response
 - 3a Movement restricted by state-level groups
 - 3b Voluntary migration a world system not world market response
- 14 4 = Forced Migration as a result of colonial power of state

1101. Other Societal Migration, Relocation or Settlement in past 500 years

[41]

```
2М
```

- 5B . = Missing data
- 25 1 = None
 - 1a Movement restricted by pre-state groups
- 4 2 = Voluntary Migration, not the effect of world market
 - 2a Forced migration by pre-state groups (give reason in #44)
- 2 3 = Voluntary migration as a world market response
 - 3a Movement restricted by state-level groups
 - 3b Voluntary migration a world system not world market response
- 12 4 = Forced Migration as a result of colonial power of state

1102. Time in New location until date of observation [42]

2М

5B . = Missing data

29	0 = None	problem: what if relatively

26 _____ years continuous over a period (e.g. Kikuyu)?

1103. Distance Migrated (miles) [43]

2М

5B . = Missing data

37 0 = None

16 _____ miles; Other: _____

1104. Reason for Migration or Relocation [44]

2М

```
5B . = Missing data
```

- 28 0 = N.A.
 - 1 =
- 4 2 = Expansion to new areas due to population pressure,
 - * intensification
 - 3 = Expansion to depopulated areas
- 1 4 = Expansive, in conflict with other groups, trade access
- 3 5 = Defensive, in peaceful competition with other groups
- 8 6 = Defensive, in violent conflict with other groups
- 5 7 = Gvmt resettlement for labor, pacification, colonizing,
 - * agriculture
- 3 8 = Other:

1105. Effects of Relocation on (a) trade or position in world system;

2N (b) gender roles; (c) Social Structure, Land tenure, etc. (REVISE) [45]

5C

- 5 . = Missing data
- 29 0 = N.A.
- 8 1 = Positive Effect (e.g., Trade Networks Expanded)
- 3 2 = Little or None
- 1 3 = Transformation of agriculture to private ownership
- 1 4 = Increased stratification, warfare (e.g., due to horse)
- 1 5 = Grouped into villages to resist attack
- 1 6 = Weakened
- 3 7 = Displaced trad'l groups, or fragmentation into smaller groups
- 3 8 = Disrupted lifestyle or subsistence base

1106. Reservation or Reserve Status at time of Observation [46]

20/2P----v

- 5D . = Missing data
- 35 0 = No
- 10 1 b Granted Original lands, right to live there and move about 1b b Granted "current" lands, as above, but migrations restricted
- 1 2 c Original Lands; must carry pass or id when not there
 - 3 d Original Lands; No right to live elsewhere permanently
- 4 4 abResettlement on Marginal Lands: right to live there and move about
 - 5 acResettlement; must carry pass or id when not there
- 1 6 adResettlement; No right to live elsewhere permanently

1107. Society unintentionally caught up in state level warfare [47]

```
4C?/*
```

5E	. = Missing data	War:
29	1 = No	Dates:
3	2 = Yes, minor	Involvement:
2	3 = Yes, moderate	
4	4 = Yes, major	
1	6 ?	

1108. Years before (or after) observation when warfare first stopped [58]1109. Years before (or after) observation when warfare first stopped [58]

4С/В 6В

. = Missing data	
0 = No Warfare to Restrict OR	0
1 = Warfare not restricted	11
2 = Warfare informally restricted	1
years () before () after observation (check one)	9

() if gradual reduction beginning at this date

1110. Restrictions on Warfare in effect at time of observation (including

restriction by sheer influx of colonists or settlers) [59]

4C/B

- 6B . = Missing data
- 11 0 = No Warfare to Restrict
- 14 1 = Warfare present and not restricted
 - 2 = Warfare discouraged but not stopped
- 13 3 = Warfare restricted and reduced but not stopped
- 15 4 = Warfare restricted and stopped () check here if defensive only
 - () if restricted by influx of colonists or settlers

1111. Effects of restriction above (either) on Men and Women [60]

4D/C

- 6C . = Missing data
- 11 0 = No Warfare to Restrict
- 11 1 = Warfare not restricted
- 4 2 = No or little Effect (e.g.,had been fairly peaceful, or battles prearranged)
- 1 3 = Women not enslaved, men not killed
- 1 4 = Men's trade up, women's contribution reduced
- 1 5 = More feasting among men
- 3 6 = Men's labor free for cash cropping, wage labor, or agriculture, animal husbandry
- 2 7 = New means of dispute settlement, including reliance on new govt.
- 1 8 = Broke up age grading
- 2 9 = Broke up stratification, slavery, or political stratification
 - * = Other _____

1112. Number or Type of Turbulent Changes

- . = Missing data
- 8 0 = None
- 5 1 = Migration
- 4 2 = Disease and Depopulation
- 3 3 = Conquest
- 5 4 = Conquest and Colonization (SHOULD COUNT AS TWO!)
- 2 5 = Resettlement on Reservation or Land Grant
- 8 6 = Two of the above
- 8 7 = Three of the above
- 9 8 = Four of the above
- 2 9 = Five of the above

notes on these codes

WORLD SYSTEM FRONTIER CHARACTERISTICS

STDS51.DAT 1113,-1114 White and Burton SEE CONTACT.COD from 3-22-87 12:36

- 1113. Contact Characteristics, regardless of Advancing Frontier,
- 1114. Advancing Frontier movement of people or cultural shift -
 - . = Missing data
 - 1 = No absent
 - 2 = Miners, Rubber extractors, Labor recruiters
 - 3 = Traders, irregardless of 2, and govt' officials
 - 4 = Extensive labor recruitment
 - 5 = Missions, irregardless of 3: Traders, Gov't officials
 - 6 = New Settlers
 - 7 = Symbiotic no advancing frontier settled by outsiders
 - * long ago, focal group resides in marginal area

where codes differ, 1st code is characteristics present,

2nd code those that have impacted as frontier

notes on these codes

WORLD SYSTEM CONTACT

STDS52.DAT 1115 White and Burton

Finished Variable Codebook	Filename: CONTACT	Diskette: Worldsys
made from 3-22-87 1:08p	FRONTIER / CONTACT	datasets
	VERSION: ()A1 ()A2 (()B ()C other()

VERSIONS ARE LISTED

A1/2 First

Society Name: _____ Number:

** means A has, C doesn't

Needs Addl Research ()Y ()N on

Questions:

C Second

* means C has, A doesn't

Coding Problems:_____

Date of Observation (Pinpointed)

Cover

. Type of Contact [34]

129 . = Missing data

4 ? 0 =

- 2A3 1 = Military expedition
- 3A 2 = Military-explorers
- 7 3 = Peaceful Explorers
- 1 4 = Administrators or Diplomats
- 4 5 = Missionaries
 - 6 = Traders or trappers
 - 7 = Slave Traders
- 1 8 = Scholars
- 3 Mixed without missionaries [27, 34, 36]
- 4 Mixed with missionaries [15, 25, 35]

1113. Current Contact Characteristics, regardless of Advancing Frontier

- 133 . = Missing data
 - 1 = None
- 10 2 = Traders, irregardless of 2, and govt' officials
- 1 3 = Extensive labor recruitment
- 3 4 = Miners, Rubber extractors, Labor recruiters
- 27 5 = Missions, irregardless of 3: Traders, Gov't officials
- 11 6 = New Settlers
- 1 7 = Symbiotic no advancing frontier settled by outsiders long ago, focal group reside in marginal area
- 1114. Advancing Frontier Contact charateristics -- movement of people or

cultural shift - code 1 if absent. Where codes differ, 1st code is characteristics present, 2nd code those that have impacted as frontier

- 133 . = Missing data
- 10 1 = No
- 8 2 = Traders, irregardless of 2, and govt' officials
- 2 3 = Extensive labor recruitment
- 8 4 = Miners, Rubber extractors, Labor recruiters
- 14 5 = Missions, irregardless of 3: Traders, Gov't officials
- 7 6 = New Settlers
- 1 7 = Symbiotic no advancing frontier settled by outsiders long ago, focal group reside in marginal area

1115. Non-indigenous peoples living in the Society [31]

* . = Missing data

Yes:

2E 0 = None

. First Known Contact With Non-Local State-Level Entity (within home area)
[32]

_____/ _____/

2A . = Missing data

3A	Am America	Ja Japan
	Au Australia	Ma Mali (Islamic Kingdom)
	Br Britain	No Norway
	Ch Chinese	Nr Norsemen
	Eg Egypt	Po Portugal
	Es Europeans from S or SW Africa	Ru Russians
	Et Ethiopia	Sn Sweden
	Fr French	Sp Spain
	Gr Germany	Sw Swahili
	Other:	

. Number of Years prior to Observation [33]

. = Missing data

2A4

3A Check: Date of Contact = Variable 27

notes on these codes

POPULATION CODES FOR THE STANDARD SAMPLE

Douglas R. White

STDS53.DAT

These data are mostly from Standard Sample pinpointing sheets (White and Murdock, World Cultures 4#4); 14 cases are from coded the Ethnographic Atlas, as noted.

1122. log10 of Total Population

- 10 . = Missing data
- 2 1 = 10-99
- 20 2 = 100-999
- 45 3 = 1000-9999
- 32 4 = 10000-99999
- **35 5 = 100000-999999**
- **17 6 = 1000000-9999999**
- 8 7 = 1000000-99999999
- 1 8 = 10000000-999999999

notes on these codes

TYPE OF AGRICULTURE

Frederic L. Pryor, 1985. The Invention of the Plow. Comparative Studies in Society and History 27: 740-744.

Frederic L. Pryor, 1984. The Transition to Agriculture: Some Empirical Evidence. Ms.

These data are reprinted with permission of the author and the publisher. (c) University of Cambridge Press.

STDS54.DAT Variables 1123 - 1131

Description of study Reliability of study variables

1123. Major Agricultural Staple

- 2 . = Missing Data
- 38 0 = Agriculture not practiced or confined to non-food crops
- 1 10 = Buckwheat
- 14 11 = Wheat
- 4 12 = Barley
- 15 13 = Millet
- 30 14 = Sorghum
- 9 15 = Maize
- 10 16 = Dry Rice
- 9 17 = Wet Rice
- 1 18 = Rye
- 1 19 = Teff
- 9 21 = Yam
- 10 22 = Taro or Okuma
- 4 23 = White Potato
- 16 24 = Cassava (Manioc)
- 2 25 = Sweet Potato
- 12 26 = Tubers in general
- 4 31 = Bananas or Plantains
- 2 32 = Breadfruit
- 2 33 = Coconut
- 1 34 = Ensete
 - 35 = Sago and other Palms
 - 36 = Pandanus
- 1 40 = Industrial Crops, e.g., cotton

1124. Agricultural Staple Data Quality: Inferences

- 40 . = Missing Data
- 137 0 = Good data
 - 9 1 = Inferential

1125. Second Agricultural Staple

- 2 . = Missing Data
- 38 0 = Agriculture not practiced or confined to non-food crops
- 117 1 = No secondary agricultural staple
 - 10 = Buckwheat
 - 11 = Wheat
 - 2 12 = Barley
 - 2 13 = Millet
 - 5 14 = Sorghum
 - 3 15 = Maize
 - 2 16 = Dry Rice
 - 3 17 = Wet Rice
 - 18 = Rye
 - 19 = Teff
 - 21 = Yam
 - 1 22 = Taro or Okuma
 - 1 23 = White Potato
 - 3 24 = Cassava (Manioc)
 - 25 = Sweet Potato
 - 26 = Tubers in general
 - 3 31 = Bananas or Plantains
 - 32 = Breadfruit
 - 33 = Coconut
 - 34 = Ensete
 - 3 35 = Sago and other Palms
 - 1 36 = Pandanus

40 = Industrial Crops, e.g., cotton

1126. Second Agricultural Staple Data Quality: Inferences

40 . = Missing Data

- 143 0 = Good data
 - 3 1 = Inferential

1127. Crop Type Plow-Positive or -Negative

- 2 . = Missing Data
- 38 0 = Agriculture not practiced or confined to non-food crops
- 112 1 = Plow-negative (Millet, Sorghum, Maize, Dry Rice,
 - * Root/Tree Crops)
- 34 2 = Plow-positive (Buckwheat, Wheat, Barley, Wet Rice, Rye,
 - Teff, Industrial Crops)
- 1128. Cropping Index (Rough indicator of Fallowing) for Major Crops Percentage of total land used for major crops used in any given year (Tree crops are considered to have no fallow)
 - 24 . = Missing Data
 - 38 0 = Agriculture not practiced or confined to non-food crops
 - 22 1 = less than 10% of land used per year
 - 26 2 = 10% 29% of land used per year
 - 15 3 = 30% 49% of land used per year
 - 32 4 = 50% 99% of land used per year
 - 29 5 = 100% or more of land used per year, (over 100% due to double cropping)

1129. Cropping Index Data Quality: Inferences

- 62 . = Missing Data
- 94 0 = Good data
- 30 1 = Inferential

1130. Population Density

. = Missing Data

- 51 2 = less than 1 per square mile 28 3 = 1 - 4.9 per square mile 35 4 = 5 - 24.9 per square mile
- 37 5 = 25 99.9 per square mile
- 24 6 = 99 499.9 per square mile
- 11 7 = 500 or more per square mile

1131. Population Density Data Quality: Inferences

. = Missing Data

- 146 0 = Good data
- 40 1 = Inferential

notes on these codes

STATE ORGANIZATION

George Peter Murdock, 1957. World Ethnographic Sample. American Anthropologist 59: 664-687.

STDS55.DAT

1132. POLITICAL INTEGRATION (WES COL 15; EA VAR 89)

- 12 . = Missing data
- 48 0 = Insufficient information, or not coded
- 10 1 = Absence, even at local level
- 46 2 = Autonomous local communities (not > 1,500)
- 4 3 = Peace groups transcending local community
- 27 4 = Minimal States (1500-10,000)
- 9 5 = Little States (10,000-100,000)
- 22 6 = States (at least 100,000)
- 8 8 = Dependent societies

notes on these codes

DESPOTISM AND HAREM SIZE

Laura Betzig. 1986. Despotism and Differential Reproduction: A Darwinian View of History. New York: Aldine. Introductions and explanations of the variables by the author were published in World Cultures, 1988, Volume 4, Number 4.

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STDS56.DAT Variables 1133 - 1135

Description of study Reliability of study variables

- 1133. Maximum Harem Size: Simultaneous conjugal relations with concubines and wives which the individual at the head of the social hierarchy (or, where there is no hierarchy, the most polygynous man), enjoys.
 - 88 . = Missing data
 - 40 1 = 3 conjugal relationships or less
 - 37 2 = 4-10 conjugal relationships
 - 13 3 = 11-100 conjugal relationships

- 8 4 = More than 100 conjugal relationships
- 1134. Despotic Bias in Conflict Resolution: Degree of Despotism, or the extent to which one individual, at the head of the social hierarchy, is able to exploit his position of strength when a conflict of interest arises, effecting a biased result in his favor. It does not include such asymmetry over slaves nor over members of the household.
 - 82 . = Missing data
 - 90 1 = Despotism absent: bias in the resolution of individual
 - * conflicts is not extreme, usually being effected by
 - * differences in strength, kinship connections, or wealth
 - between the individuals involved.
 - 14 2 = Despotism present: Conflicts of interest among individuals
 - * are resolved with extreme bias, one individual being
 - * immune from sanction or even from accusation for major
 - * offenses (such as murder), while the other may incur
 - * severe punishment, even death, for trivial offenses (such
 - * as insult), or for no reason at all.

1135. Jurisdictional Perquisites: A measure of the extent to which individuals in the jurisdictional hierarchy exploit their positions to accrue rewards in the form of fines, bribes, and confiscations, in connection with dispute resolution.

- 152 . = Missing data
- 25 1 = Perquisites are small, the reward in a single case being
 - * roughly less than a bride price or a bride.
- 9 2 = Perquisites are substantial, reward in a single case is
 - * roughly greater than or equal to a bride price or a bride.

notes on these codes

DIVORCE

Laura Betzig. 1989. Causes of Conjugal Dissolution: A Cross-Cultural Study. Current Anthropology 30: 654-676.

Reprinted with permission of the author and the Editor of Current Anthropology.

STDS57.DAT Variables 1136 - 1163 - deals with causes listed under Infidelity (III), Infertility (IV), Personality (V), and Economics (VI) Description of study Reliability of study variables STDS58.DAT deals with causes listed under Conflicts with In-Laws (VII), Ritual (VIII), Absence or Desertion (IX), Health (X), and Politics (XI)

1136.	Divorce Causes- Infidelity: Adultery	a	1
1137.	Divorce Causes- Infidelity: Lack of Virginity	v	25
1138.	Divorce Causes- Infidelity: Polygamy	p	8
1139.	Divorce Causes- Infidelity: Cruelty or Maltreatment	с	3
1140.	Divorce Causes- Infidelity: Disobedience or Disrespect	d	14
1141.	Divorce Causes- Infidelity: Repressiveness	r	37
1142.	Divorce Causes- Infidelity: Jealousy	j	25
1143.	Divorce Causes- Infidelity: Another lover	1	6
1144.	Divorce Causes- Infertility: Sterility	s	2
1145.	Divorce Causes- Infertility: Sexual Neglect	n	13
1146.	Divorce Causes- Infertility: Refusal to have Sex	r	17
1147.	Divorce Causes- Infertility: Death of Children	đ	14
1148.	Divorce Causes- Infertility: Old Age	o	21
1149.	Divorce Causes- Infertility: Absence of Male Children	m	31
1150.	Divorce Causes- Infertility: Exchange wife has too few children	e	37
1151.	Divorce Causes- Personality: Mutual Consent	m	5
1152.	Divorce Causes- Personality: Displeasingness	d	4
1153.	Divorce Causes- Personality: Quarrelsomeness or Talkativeness	q	17
1154.	Divorce Causes- Personality: Bad Temper	b	18
1155.	Divorce Causes- Personality: Other Personality Problems	o	37
1156.	Divorce Causes- Economic: Laziness	1	7
1157.	Divorce Causes- Economic: Inadequate Support	s	12
1158.	Divorce Causes- Economic: Inadequate Housing	h	31
1159.	Divorce Causes- Economic: Inadequate Food	f	25
1160.	Divorce Causes- Economic: Inadequate Clothing	с	31
1161.	Divorce Causes- Economic: Inadequate Food Preparation	p	25
1162.			
	Divorce Causes- Economic: Inadequately serving Spouse	v	22
1163.	Divorce Causes- Economic: Inadequately serving Spouse Divorce Causes- Economic: Other Economic Problems	v o	22 37

. = Missing Data

- 0 = Not mentioned as cause of divorce
- * = Cause of Divorce Attributed to:
- 1 = Husband
- 2 = Both
- 3 = Unspecified
- 4 = Wife

notes on these codes

DIVORCE, Continued

Laura Betzig. 1989. Causes of Conjugal Dissolution: A Cross-Cultural Study. Current Anthropology 30: 654-676.

Reprinted with permission of the author and the Editor of Current Anthropology.

STDS57.DAT deals with causes listed under Infidelity (III), Infertility (IV), Personality (V), and Economics VI)

STDS58.DAT Variables 1164 - 1178 deals with causes listed under Conflicts with In-Laws (VII), Ritual (VIII), Absence or Desertion (IX), Health (X), and Politics (XI) <u>Description of study</u> <u>Reliability of study variables</u>

1164.	Divorce Causes- In-Law Conflicts: Conflicts with in-laws	с	8
1165.	Divorce Causes- In-Law Conflicts: Inadequately serving in-laws	s	22
1166.	Divorce Causes- In-Law Conflicts: Bridewealth or Dowry Disputes	b	25
1167.	Divorce Causes- In-Law Conflicts: Disrespect for in-Laws	đ	34
1168.	Divorce Causes- In-Law Conflicts: Spouse Favors Kin	k	22
1169.	Divorce Causes- In-Law Conflicts: Other In-Law Problems	o	37
1170.	Divorce Causes- Ritual: Witchcraft or Sorcery	w	16
1171.	Divorce Causes- Ritual: Broken Taboo	t	25
1172.	Divorce Causes- Ritual: Bad Dream of Omen	d	35
1173.	Divorce Causes- Ritual: Other Ritual Problems	o	37
1174.	Divorce Causes- Absence or Desertion:	a	10
1175.	Divorce Causes- Health:	h	11
1176.	Divorce Causes- Politics: Theft	t	18
1177.	Divorce Causes- Politics: Confiction or Incarceration	с	35
1178.	Divorce Causes- Politics: Other Political Problems	o	37

- . = Missing Data
- 0 = Not mentioned as cause of divorce
- * = Cause of Divorce Attributed to:
- 1 = Husband
- 2 = Both
- 3 = Unspecified
- 4 = Wife

notes on these codes

RAPE

Patricia D. Roze-Koker. 1987. Cross-Cultural Codes on Seven Types of Rape Behavior Science Research 21: 101-117.

STDS59.DAT

Variables 1179-1187 use the following definitions, designed to clarify instances of rape that would be "hidden" by Western or male-oriented definitions of rape. By these definitions, all of the societies in the sample coded had one or more types of rape -

Rape: Genital contact that is unchosen by the woman, as indicated by one or more of (a) statement that female is given no choice in the matter, (b) use or threat of force or coercion, (c) presence of multiple males with one (or few) females, (d) contact is described as physically painful, or would be thought to be so, or when the contact has consequences which would indicate painfulcontact, such as loss of consciousness or death, (e) when nonparticipation would result in some form of punishment or other negative outcomes

- . = Missing data or genital contact by uncertain as to whether the female lacked choice, or no description of one or more of the following: sex offenses, sexual deviance, sexuality, marital relations, and ceremonies
- 0 = Absent if lack of choice but no genital contact, or contact that is chosen or consented to by the female. Inferred if unchosen genital contact is not mentioned but there is a description of sex offenses, sexual deviance, sexuality, marital relations and ceremonies
- 1 = Present if (1) a female experiences genital contact (includes buttocks) from a male using penis, fingers, or objects, and (2) such contact involves a lack of choice on the part of the female

1179. Non-Normative Rape: Unchosen Genital Contact, Socially Disapproved

- 160 . = Missing data, including cases where rape is present but it is uncertain whether there is any non-normative rape
 - 4 0 = Absent: if rape is present, it is always normative (approved, not considered illegal, immoral or deviant, and offenders go unpunished)
- 22 1 = Present: some rapes are (a) publically disapproved, or (b)
 - * the genital contact is considered illegal, immoral, or
 - deviant, or (c) offenders are punished

1180. Normative Rape: Unchosen Genital Contact, Socially Approved

151 . = Missing data

1 0 = Absent: if rape is present, it is always non-normative

(disapproved, considered illegal, immoral and deviant, and offenders are punished

- 34 1 = Present: some rapes are (a) publically approved, or (b)
 - * the genital contact is considered legal, moral, or non-
 - * deviant, or (a) offenders go unpunished

1181. Marital (Normative) Rape

- 169 . = Missing data: no description of marriage rituals and subsequent sexual relations within marriage
 - 3 0 = Absent: description of marriage rituals and subsequent sexual relations within marriage, but marital rape not mentioned
- 14 1 = Present: unchosen genital contact at consummation or
 - * subsequently (excludes virginity tests)

1182. Exchange (Normative) Rape

- 152 . = Missing data: no accounts of social practices
- 9 0 = Absent: accounts of social practices, but no exchange rape
- 25 1 = Present: males use genital contact [unchosen by female] as
 - * a bargaining tool as in woman-exchange, woman-sharing,
 - * woman-loaning, women as stakes in gaming, or trading
 - * female genital contact for money, services of another
 - * woman, or as a conciliatory gift

1183. Punitive (Normative) Rape

- 153 . = Missing data: no accounts of social practices
- 10 0 = Absent: accounts of social practices, but no punitive rape
- 23 1 = Present: unchosen genital contact the vehicle by which a
 - * woman is punished or disciplined for (a) going against
 - * male authority, or (b) breaking social rules, or (c)
 - * scorning or rejecting a male who has "rightful" access to
 - * her, or for any other discernible discliplinary purpose.
 - * Includes situations where a husband punishes his wife by
 - * sending her to the men's house to be "common property" to
 - * all males therein, either permanently or temporarily

1184. Theft (Normative) Rape

- 158 . = Missing data: no accounts of social practices
- 12 0 = Absent: accounts of social practices, but no theft rape
- 16 1 = Present: either (a) women involuntarily abducted from
 - * their places of residence to be used primarily or
 - * secondarily as sexual (or reproductive) objects, as in
 - * capture of women a slaves, prostitutes, or concubines, or
 - * "spoils of war," wife-or woman stealing, marriage
 - * commissions, adbudctions and raiding for wives, or (b)

- * unchosen genital contact accomplished by stealth, as in
- * sleepcrawling or nightcrawling.
- 1185. Ceremonial (Normative) Rape
 - 153 . = Missing data: no accounts of ceremonial practices
 - 27 0 = Absent: accounts of ceremonial practices, but no
 - * ceremonial rape
 - 6 1 = Present: unchosen genital contact in ceremonies such as
 - * (a) defloration rituals (includes virginity tests), (b)
 - manhood rituals require a male to gain sexual experience,
 - * even if the female is unwilling, (c) sexual intercourse as
 - * part of the ceremony where females are expected to
 - * participate as a matter of course, willing or not

1186. Status (Normative) Rape

- 151 . = Missing data: not applicable, since coded present or
 - * absent from the "unclassifiable" category
- 24 0 = Absent: if not originally coded as "unclassifiable"
- 11 1 = Present: unchosen genital contact as a result of acknow-
 - * ledged differences in status between the individuals in-
 - volved, such as a master and slave, chief and clanswoman,
 - * nobleman and commoner, or priest and parishioner

1187. Unclassifiable Normative Rape

- 151 . = Missing data: not applicable, since coded present or
- 28 0 = Absent: if all instances of normative rape classified
- 7 1 = Present: some instances of normative rape unclassified

notes on these codes

EVIL EYE

John M. Roberts, 1976. Belief in the Evil Eye in World Perspective. In Clarence Maloney, ed. The Evil Eye. Columbia University Press. pp. 223-278.

Copyright c.(1976) Columbia University Press, New York. Used by permission.

STDS60.DAT Variables 1188 - 1189 Description of study Reliability of study variables

No Definition of evil eye is given in this chapter, but see other

chapters of the book.

1188. Evil Eye Scaled Rating:

- 1 1 = Absent, incontrovertibly
- 45 2 = Absent, almost certainly
- 46 3 = Absent, probably
- 27 4 = Absent, possibly
- 8 5 = Present, possibly
- 13 6 = Present, probably
- 16 7 = Present, almost certainly
- 30 8 = Present, incontrovertibly

1189. Evil Eye Belief

- 119 0 = Absent
- 67 1 = Present

notes on these codes

KIN AVOIDANCE

Douglas R. White. n.d. Kinship Avoidance. Codes compiled and recoded from unpublished kinship sheets by G. P. Murdock.

STDS61.DAT Variables 1190 - 1225 Description of study Reliability of study variables

Kin Avoidance defined as reciprocal communicative avoidance: neither on can talk to the other.

1190. Sororate

1191. Levirate

- . = Missing data
- 0 = Not Present in either optional or obligatory form
- 1 = Junior sibling only (WyZ, HyB)
- 2 = Half sibling only
- 3 = Full Sororate or Levirate

1192. Structurally Opposed Kin Groups

- . = Missing data
- 0 = Localized kin groups, not effectively exogamous

- 1 = Nonlocalized kin groups, not effectively exogamous
- 2 = Localized kin groups, effective kin exogamy
- 3 = Nonlocalized kin groups, effective kin exogamy
- 4 = Segmentary Organization
- 5 = Quasi-unilineal kin groups, effective kin exogamy

1193. Exogamous Nonlocalized Descent Groups

- . = Missing data
- 0 = Bilateral (with second degree exogamy)
- 1 = Nonexclusive ambilineal
- 2 = Exclusive ambilineal
- 3 = Exclusive unilineal
- 4 = Quasi-unilineal

1194. Indirect Exchange of Wives

- . = Missing data
- 0 = Direct exchange, i.e., duo- or patrilateral cross-cousin marriage, sister exchange, or symmetric exchange
- 1 = No first or second cross-cousin marriage
- 2 = Matrilateral second cross-cousin marriage tendency
- 3 = Matrilateral first cross-cousin marriage tendency

1195. Bridewealth

- . = Missing data
- 0 = Dowry (even as alternate, e.g., Bd)
- 1 = No exchange at marriage, and gift exchange or token bridewealth if descent not matrilineal
- 2 = Gift exchange or token bridewealth if descent matrilineal
- 3 = Brideprice or brideservice
- 4 = Not Applicable: sister exchange

1196.	Avoidance:	m-WBW	/*f-HZH	Wife's Brother's Wife
1197.	Avoidance:	m–WM	*/ f-DH	Mother-in-Law
1198.	Avoidance:	m-WF	*/ m-DH	Wife's Father
1199.	Avoidance:	m–WB	/*f-ZH	Wife's Brother
1200.	Avoidance:	m-WBD	/*f-FZH	Wife's Brother's Daughter
1201.	Avoidance:	m-WeZ	*/ f-yZH	Wife's Sister
1202.	Avoidance:	m-WyZ	/*f-eZH	Wife's Sister
1203.	Avoidance:	m-WZD	/ f-MZH	Wife's Sister's Daughter
1204.	Avoidance:	f-HF	*/ m-SW	Father-in-law
1205.	Avoidance:	f-HM	*/ m-SW	Husband's Mother
1206.	Avoidance:	f-HZ	*/ f-BW	Husband's Sister
1207.	Avoidance:	f-HZS	/*m-MBW	Husband's Sister's Husband

```
1208. Avoidance: f-HeB */ m-yBW
                                  Husband's Brother
1209. Avoidance: f-HyB */ m-eBW
                                   Husband's Brother
1210. Avoidance: f-HBS /*m-FBW
                                  Husband's Brother's Son
1211. Avoidance: f-eB /*m-yZ
                                  Brother-Sister
1212. Avoidance: m-eZ */ f-YB
                                   Brother-Sister
1213. Avoidance: f-FS /*m-FD
                                  Half-Sibling
1214. Avoidance: f-MS /*m-MD
                                  Half-Sibling
1215. Avoidance: f-MeZS /*m-MyZD
                                  Matrilateral Parallel Cousin
1216. Avoidance: f-MyZS /*m-MeZD
                                  Matrilateral Parallel Cousin
1217. Avoidance: f-FeBS /*m-FyBD
                                  Patrilateral Parallel Cousin
1218. Avoidance: f-FyBS /*m-FeBD
                                  Patrilateral Parallel Cousin
1219. Avoidance: f-MBS /*m-FZD
                                   Patrilateral Cross-Cousin
1220. Avoidance: f-FZS */ m-MBD
                                  Matrilateral Cross-Cousin
1221. Avoidance: m-FZS */ m-MBS
                                  Male Cross-Cousins
1222. Avoidance: f-FZD */ f-MBD
                                  Female Cross-Cousins
1223. Avoidance: m-FZ */ f-BS
                                   Paternal Aunt-Nephew
1224. Avoidance: f-MB */ m-ZD
                                  Maternal Uncle-Neice
1225. Avoidance: f-HZD */ m-MBW
                                  Maternal Uncle's Wife
```

- . = Missing data
- 0 = Absent
- 1 = Present

KINSHIP BEHAVIORS

George P. Murdock. 1971. Cross-Sex Kinship Behavior. Ethnology 10:359-368. Cross-Cultural Codes in Barry and Schlegel 1980.

STDS62.DAT Vars. 1126-1237 cross-sex kin behaviors

- 1226. Sister and Brother
- 1227. Wife's Mother and Daughter's Husband
- 1228. Husband's Mother and Son's Wife
- 1229. Mother's Brother's Wife and Husband's Sister's Son
- 1230. Wife's Brother's Daughter and Father's Sister's Husband
- 1231. Mother's Brother's Son and Father's Sister's Son
- 1232. Father's Sister's Daughter and Mother's Brother's Son
- 1233. Elder Brother's Wife and Husband's younger Brother
- 1234. Younger Brother's Wife and Husband's elder Brother
- 1235. Wife's elder Sister and younger Sister's Husband
- 1236. Wife's younger Sister and elder Sister's Husband
- 1237. Wife's Brother's Wife and Husband's Sister's Husband
 - . = Missing data
 - 1 = Avoidance
 - 2 = Respect

- 3 = Informality
- 4 = Forbidden sex relations
- 5 = Joking
- 6 = Sex privleged relationship

notes on these codes

MARRIAGE TRANSACTIONS

Alice Schlegel and Rohn Eloul. 1987 A New Coding of Marriage Transactions. Behavior Science Research 21: 118-140.

STDS63B.COD

STDS62.DAT

- 1238. EA Marriage Transactions, Primary (Recoding Variable 208) Practice
- 1239. EA Marriage Transactions, Secondary (Recoding Variable 209) Practice
- 1240. Revised Marriage Transactions
 - . = Missing data
 - 0 = None (secondary only)
 - 1 = Bride-Price
 - 2 = Bride-Service
 - 3 = Token Bride-Price
 - 4 = Gift Exchange
 - 5 = Woman Exchange
 - 6 = Absence
 - 7 = Dowry
 - 8 = Indirect Dowry or Bride-Price plus Dowry (Variable 1228)
 - * = category 8 conceptually modifies Murdock's variables 208-209

notes on these codes

FEMALE BEAUTY AND ADOLESCENT SEXUALITY CODES

Judith L. Anderson, Charles B. Crawford, Joanne Nadeau, and Tracy Lindberg. 1992 Was the Duchess of Windsor Right? A Cross-Cultural Review of the Socioecology of Ideals of Female Body Shape. ETHOLOGY AND SOCIOBIOLOGY 13:197-227.

STDS63.DAT Vars. 1248-1252 sexuality <u>Description of study</u> <u>Reliability of study variables</u>

1248. FEMALE BODY TYPE CONSIDERED MOST ATTRACTIVE

128 . = Missing Data

- 20 1 = Plump or fat (original code 1)
- 6 2 = (original code 1.5)
- 20 3 = Moderate degree of fatness (original code 2)
- 12 4 = Slim or slender (original code 3)

1249. EXPOSURE OF ADOLESCENT GIRLS TO MALE SEXUAL ADVANCES

- 137 . = Missing Data
 - 0 1 = Continuous formal chaperonage (original code 1)
 - 5 2 = Protection by adult groups (original code 2)
 - 2 3 = (original code 2.5)
- 17 4 = Protection by parents only (original code 3)
- 2 5 = Protection by peers (original code 4)
- 1 6 = (original code 4.5)
- 22 7 = No protection (original code 5)

1250. CONSEQUENCES FOR ADOLESCENT GIRLS PREGNANT BEFORE MARRIAGE

. comment:: in the original journal publication society 7 (Bemba) is listed with a score of 5 on this variable. The correct code of 4 was substituted in STDS63.DAT

136 . = Missing Data

- 7 1 = No bad consequences; mother supported by family, community, and or father of baby (original code 1)
- 12 2 = Illegitimacy disapproved. Parental disapproval, or hasty arrangement of marriage. No serious diminution of support (original code 2)
- 6 3 = (original code 2.5)
- 16 4 = Public disapproval, significant diminution of support
 - (original code 3)
- 2 5 = (original code 3.5)
- 9 6 = Ostracism, permanent loss of status and support (original code 4)

1251. DEGREE OF PUBLIC AWARENESS OF MENARCHE

```
135 . = Missing Data
```

- 16 1 = Only mother and daughter know, no public announcement (original code 1)
- 7 2 = Family knowledge, recognition within family (original code 2)
- 1 3 = (original code 2.5)
- 5 4 = Quiet segregation and/or recognition among women outside
- 1 5 = (original code 3.5)

family (original code 3)

21 6 = Public ceremony (original code 4)

1252. AVERAGE NUMBER OF YEARS BETWEEN MENARCHE AND MARRIAGE.

. comment: Where age of menarche not specificed, 14 years used as default

- 135 . = Missing data
- 10 1 = 0
- 6 2 = 0.5 years
- 8 3 = 1.0 years
- 2 4 = 1.25 years
- 1 5 = 1.5 years
- 1 6 = 1.75 years
- 2 7 = 2.0 years
- 2 8 = 2.5 years
- 3 9 = 3.0 years
- 1 10 = 3.25 years
- 1 11 = 3.5 years
- 4 12 = 4.0 years
- 1 13 = 4.25 years
- 2 14 = 5.0 years
- 3 15 = 5.5 years
- 4 16 = 6.0 years

notes on these codes (none as yet) PATHOGEN STRESS CROSS-CULTURALLY: CODES

Bobbi S. Low. 1988. Pathogen Stress and Polygyny in Humans. In, HUMAN REPRODUCTIVE BEHAVIOR: A DARWINIAN PERSPECTIVE. (L. Betzig, M. Borgerhoff Mulder, and P. Turke, eds.). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Pp. 115-127.

The for the odd-numbered SCCS societies were originally in this article. The STDS64.DAT contains scores the full sample.

STDS64.DAT Vars. 1253-1260 Disease

Description of study Reliability of study variables

1253. LEISHMANIAS

- 117 1 = Absent or not recorded
- 35 2 = Present, no indication of severity
- 34 3 = Present and serious, widespread, or endemic

1254. TRYPANOSOMES

- 134 1 = Absent or not recorded
- 38 2 = Present, no indication of severity
- 14 3 = Present and serious, widespread, or endemic

1255. MALARIA

- 55 1 = Absent or not recorded
- 20 2 = Present, no indication of severity
- 111 3 = Present and serious, widespread, or endemic

1256. SCHISTOSOMES

- 129 1 = Absent or not recorded
- 16 2 = Present, no indication of severity
- 41 3 = Present and serious, widespread, or endemic

1257. FILARIAE

- 89 1 = Absent or not recorded
- 1 2 = Present, no indication of severity
- 96 3 = Present and serious, widespread, or endemic

1258. SPIROCHETES

- 76 1 = Absent or not recorded
- 45 2 = Present, no indication of severity
- 65 3 = Present and serious, widespread, or endemic

1259. LEPROSY

- 70 1 = Absent or not recorded
- 72 2 = Present, no indication of severity
- 44 3 = Present and serious, widespread, or endemic

1260. TOTAL PATHOGEN STRESS

- 30 7 = Sum of variables 1253-1259 is 7
- 9 8 = Sum of variables 1253-1259 is 8
- 9 9 = Sum of variables 1253-1259 is 9
- 4 10 = Sum of variables 1253-1259 is 10
- 20 11 = Sum of variables 1253-1259 is 11
- 20 12 = Sum of variables 1253-1259 is 12
- 13 13 = Sum of variables 1253-1259 is 13
- 20 14 = Sum of variables 1253-1259 is 14
- 16 15 = Sum of variables 1253-1259 is 15
- 16 16 = Sum of variables 1253-1259 is 16
- 9 17 = Sum of variables 1253-1259 is 17

- 9 18 = Sum of variables 1253-1259 is 18
- 6 19 = Sum of variables 1253-1259 is 19
- 3 20 = Sum of variables 1253-1259 is 20
- 2 21 = Sum of variables 1253-1259 is 21

notes on these codes (none as yet)

STARVATION AND FAMINE AMONG SCCS SOCIETIES: CODES

Robert Dirks. 1993. Starvation and Famine: Cross-Cultural and Some Hypothesis Tests. CROSS-CULTURAL RESEARCH 27:28-69. Variables 1261 to 1269 were published in this article. STDS65.DAT contains some scores that were reported as missing in the article. The scale for recurrence of famine (Variable 1269) is revised and does not match the scale in the article. Variable 1270 was previously unpublished.

STDS65.DAT Vars. 1261-1270 Hunger and Famine Description of study Reliability of study variables

1261. ORDINARY NUTRITIONAL CONDITIONS AND ENDEMIC STARVATION

- 85 . = Missing data
- 38 1 = Very Low
- 35 2 = Low
- 23 3 = High
- 5 4 = Very High

1262. OCCURRENCE OF SHORT-TERM STARVATION

- 17 . = Missing Data
- 21 1 = Low
- 133 2 = Moderate
- 15 3 = High

1263. OCCURRENCE OF SEASONAL STARVATION

- 18 . = Missing Data
- 35 1 = Very Low
- 5 2 = Low
- 64 3 = Moderate
- 29 4 = High
- 35 5 = Very High

1264. TEMPORAL CONTROL CODES FOR SEASONAL STARVATION

- 123 . = Missing Data
 - 5 0 = Post-dates ethnographic present.
 - 4 1 = Remote: more than 20 years prior to the focus date.
- 54 2 = Proximate: no more than 20 years prior to the focus date.
- 1265. OCCURRENCE OF FAMINE
 - 16 . = Missing Data
 - 16 1 = Very Low
 - 28 2 = Low
 - 12 3 = High
 - 114 4 = Very High

1266. TEMPORAL CONTROL CODES FOR THE OCCURRENCE OF FAMINE

- 62 . = Missing Data
- 6 0 = Post-dates ethnographic present.
- 6 1 = Very Remote: more than 200 years prior to the focus date.
- 4 2 = Remote: between 100 and 200 years prior to the focus date.
- 27 3 = Proximate: between 20 and 100 years prior to focus date.
- 81 4 = Very Proximate: within 20 years of focus date.

1267. SEVERITY OF FAMINE

- 76 . = Missing Data
- 16 1 = Very Low
- 7 2 = Low
- 33 3 = High
- 54 4 = Very High

1268. PERSISTENCE OF FAMINE

- 81 . = Missing Data
- 29 1 = Low
- 27 2 = Moderate
- 49 3 = High

1269. RECURRENCE OF FAMINE

- 57 . = Missing Data
- 28 1 = Low
- 87 2 = Intermediate
- 14 3 = High

1270. CONTINGENCY OF FAMINE

- 85 . = Missing Data
- 16 0 = Absent
- 13 1 = Low
- 45 2 = Intermediate
- 27 3 = High

notes on these codes (none as yet) HOUSEHOLD DIVISION OF WORK 1

Candice Bradley. 1987. Women, Children and Work. Unpublished Ph.D. dissertation. University of California, Irvine. UMI 8893611.

STDS66.DAT Vars. 1271-1305 Household division of work 1

1271. ADULT LAND CLEARANCE--PRIMARY CROP

- 115 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 29 1 = Men Only
- 13 2 = Men Predominant
- 4 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 3 4 = Women Predominant
- 2 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1272. ADULT SOIL PREPARATION--PRIMARY CROP

- 119 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 21 1 = Men Only
- 11 2 = Men Predominant
- 6 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 5 4 = Women Predominant
- 4 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex

- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1273. ADULT PLANTING--PRIMARY CROP

- 115 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 10 1 = Men Only
- 9 2 = Men Predominant
- 10 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 10 4 = Women Predominant
- 10 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 1 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1274. ADULT CROP TENDING--PRIMARY CROP

- 119 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 6 1 = Men Only
- 8 2 = Men Predominant
- 8 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 10 4 = Women Predominant
- 15 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1275. ADULT HARVESTING--PRIMARY CROP

- 115 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 5 1 = Men Only
- 11 2 = Men Predominant
- 13 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 12 4 = Women Predominant
- 10 5 = Women Only

- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1276. ADULT AGRICULTURAL TASK UNSPECIFIED--PRIMARY CROP

147 . = Missing data

- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 2 1 = Men Only
- 7 2 = Men Predominant
- 4 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 5 4 = Women Predominant
- 1 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1277. ADULT OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES--PRIMARY CROP

- 166 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 0 1 = Men Only
- 0 2 = Men Predominant
- 0 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 0 4 = Women Predominant
- 0 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1278. CHILD LAND CLEARANCE--PRIMARY CROP

- 130 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 13 1 = Boys Only
- 3 2 = Boys Predominant
- 5 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 0 4 = Girls Predominant
- 3 5 = Girls Only
- 5 6 = Not a Child's Task

- 4 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 2 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 1 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1279. CHILD SOIL PREPARATION--PRIMARY CROP

- 133 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 13 1 = Boys Only
- 3 2 = Boys Predominant
- 5 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 0 4 = Girls Predominant
- 4 5 = Girls Only
- 2 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 4 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 1 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1280. CHILD PLANTING--PRIMARY CROP

- 129 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 5 1 = Boys Only
- 2 2 = Boys Predominant
- 9 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 1 4 = Girls Predominant
- 8 5 = Girls Only
- 6 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 4 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 1 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1281. CHILD CROP TENDING--PRIMARY CROP

- 125 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 5 1 = Boys Only
- 5 2 = Boys Predominant
- 13 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 3 4 = Girls Predominant
- 5 5 = Girls Only
- 3 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 5 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

- 1 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 1 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1282. CHILD HARVESTING--PRIMARY CROP

- 126 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 5 1 = Boys Only
- 3 2 = Boys Predominant
- 10 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 4 4 = Girls Predominant
- 8 5 = Girls Only
- 1 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 6 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 2 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 1 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 1 10 = Slaves Only
- 1283. CHILD AGRICULTURAL TASK UNSPECIFIED--PRIMARY CROP
 - 147 . = Missing data
 - 19 0 = Activity not present
 - 3 1 = Boys Only
 - 2 2 = Boys Predominant
 - 5 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
 - 2 4 = Girls Predominant
 - 3 5 = Girls Only
 - 0 6 = Not a Child's Task
 - 2 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 2 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
 - 0 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
 - 1 10 = Slaves Only

1284. CHILD OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES--PRIMARY CROP

- 164 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 1 1 = Boys Only
- 0 2 = Boys Predominant
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 0 4 = Girls Predominant
- 1 5 = Girls Only
- 0 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls

- 0 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1285. CHILDREN UNDER 6 CLEAR LAND--PRIMARY CROP

- 143 . = Missing data
- 40 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 2 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1286. CHILDREN UNDER 6 SOIL PREPARATION--PRIMARY CROP

- 145 . = Missing data
- 39 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 1 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1287. CHILDREN UNDER 6 PLANTING--PRIMARY CROP

- 144 . = Missing data
- 39 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 1 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1288. CHILDREN UNDER 6 CROP TENDING--PRIMARY CROP

- 143 . = Missing data
- 37 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 1 1 = Boys this age

- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 3 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1289. CHILDREN UNDER 6 HARVESTING--PRIMARY CROP

- 145 . = Missing data
- 38 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 1 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1290. CHILDREN UNDER 6 AGRICULTURAL TASKS UNSPECIFIED--PRIMARY CROP

- 157 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1291. CHILDREN UNDER 6 OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES--PRIMARY CROP

- 164 . = Missing data
- 21 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1292. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 CLEAR LAND--PRIMARY CROP

145 . = Missing data

- 32 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 2 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 5 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 2 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1293. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 SOIL PREPARATION--PRIMARY CROP

- 147 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 3 1 = Boys this age
- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 6 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 1 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1294. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 PLANTING--PRIMARY CROP

- 144 . = Missing data
- 27 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 2 1 = Boys this age
- 3 2 = Girls this age
- 9 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 1 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1295. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 CROP TENDING--PRIMARY CROP

- 144 . = Missing data
- 24 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 1 1 = Boys this age
- 3 2 = Girls this age
- 14 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1296. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 HARVESTING--PRIMARY CROP

- 146 . = Missing data
- 23 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 4 1 = Boys this age
- 4 2 = Girls this age
- 9 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys
- 1297. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 AGRICULTURAL TASKS UNSPECIFIED--PRIMARY CROP
 - 159 . = Missing data
 - 20 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
 - 0 2 = Girls this age
 - 6 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1298. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES--PRIMARY CROP

- 165 . = Missing data
- 20 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 1 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1299. CHILDREN OVER 10 CLEAR LAND--PRIMARY CROP

- 142 . = Missing data
- 20 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 13 1 = Boys this age
- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 7 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 2 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1300. CHILDREN OVER 10 SOIL PREPARATION--PRIMARY CROP

- 144 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 12 1 = Boys this age
- 2 2 = Girls this age
- 7 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 1 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1301. CHILDREN OVER 10 PLANTING--PRIMARY CROP

- 143 . = Missing data
- 20 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 5 1 = Boys this age
- 5 2 = Girls this age
- 11 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 1 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1302. CHILDREN OVER 10 CROP TENDING--PRIMARY CROP

- 142 . = Missing data
- 21 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 4 1 = Boys this age
- 4 2 = Girls this age
- 13 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 1 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1303. CHILDREN OVER 10 HARVESTING--PRIMARY CROP

- 145 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 4 1 = Boys this age
- 5 2 = Girls this age
- 12 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

- 1 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1304. CHILDREN OVER 10 AGRICULTURAL TASKS UNSPECIFIED -- PRIMARY CROP

- 158 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 1 1 = Boys this age
- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 6 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1305. CHILDREN OVER 10 OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES--PRIMARY CROP

- 165 . = Missing data
- 20 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 1 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

notes on these codes (none as yet) HOUSEHOLD DIVISION OF WORK 2

Candice Bradley. 1987. Women, Children and Work. Unpublished Ph.D. dissertation. University of California, Irvine. UMI 8893611.

STDS67.DAT Vars. 1306-1341 Household division of work 2

1306. USES OF FRUITS OF LABOR--PRIMARY CROP

- 121 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 0 1 = Product consumer is child only
- 36 2 = Product consumer is household or community
- 0 3 = Wage labor/product sold
- 9 4 = Household and wage labor or product sold
- 1 5 = 1 & 2 above

0 6 = All of above

1307. CHILDREN CLEAR LAND ALONE--PRIMARY CROP

- 137 . = Missing data
- 20 0 = Activity not present
- 2 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 27 2 = No, Children do not do this

1308. CHILDREN PREPARE SOIL ALONE--PRIMARY CROP

- 138 . = Missing data
- 20 0 = Activity not present
- 4 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 24 2 = No, Children do not do this

1309. CHILDREN PLANT ALONE--PRIMARY CROP

- 135 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 3 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 29 2 = No, Children do not do this

1310. CHILDREN TEND CROPS ALONE--PRIMARY CROP

- 135 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 3 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 29 2 = No, Children do not do this

1311. CHILDREN HARVEST ALONE--PRIMARY CROP

- 134 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 2 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 31 2 = No, Children do not do this

1312. CHILDREN DO UNSPECIFIED AGRICULTURAL TASKS ALONE--PRIMARY CROP

- 148 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 1 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 18 2 = No, Children do not do this

1313. CHILDREN DO OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES ALONE--PRIMARY CROP

161 . = Missing data

- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 1 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 5 2 = No, Children do not do this

1314. CHILDREN CLEAR LAND WITH OTHER KIDS--PRIMARY CROP

- 136 . = Missing data
- 20 0 = Activity not present
- 7 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 23 2 = No, Children do not do this

1315. CHILDREN PREPARE SOIL WITH OTHER KIDS--PRIMARY CROP

- 138 . = Missing data
- 20 0 = Activity not present
- 5 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 23 2 = No, Children do not do this

1316. CHILDREN PLANT WITH OTHER KIDS--PRIMARY CROP

- 136 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 7 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 24 2 = No, Children do not do this

1317. CHILDREN TEND CROPS WITH OTHER KIDS--PRIMARY CROP

- 134 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 12 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 21 2 = No, Children do not do this

1318. CHILDREN HARVEST WITH OTHER KIDS--PRIMARY CROP

- 134 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 6 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 27 2 = No, Children do not do this

1319. CHILDREN DO UNSPECIFIED CHORES WITH OTHER KIDS--PRIMARY CROP

- 150 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 5 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 12 2 = No, Children do not do this

1320. CHILDREN DO OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES WITH OTHER KIDS--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 162 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 1 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 4 2 = No, Children do not do this

1321. CHILDREN CLEAR LAND WITH ADULTS--PRIMARY CROP

- 137 . = Missing data
- 20 0 = Activity not present
- 24 1 = Yes, Children do this (codes not ordered)
- 5 2 = No, Children do not do this
- 1322. CHILDREN PREPARE SOIL WITH ADULTS--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 138 . = Missing data
 - 20 0 = Activity not present
 - 23 1 = Yes , Children do this
 - 5 2 = No, Children do not do this

1323. CHILDREN PLANT WITH ADULTS--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 136 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 25 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 6 2 = No, Children do not do this

1324. CHILDREN TEND CROPS WITH ADULTS--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 135 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 23 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 9 2 = No, Children do not do this

1325. CHILDREN HARVEST WITH ADULTS--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 134 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present
- 28 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 5 2 = No, Children do not do this

1326. CHILDREN DO UNSPECIFIED AGRICULTURAL TASKS WITH ADULTS--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 150 . = Missing data
- 19 0 = Activity not present

- 14 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 3 2 = No, Children do not do this
- 1327. CHILDREN DO OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES WITH ADULTS--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 164 . = Missing data
 - 19 0 = Activity not present
 - 2 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 1 2 = No, Children do not do this
- 1328. IMPORTANCE OF BOY CLEARING--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 146 . = Missing data
 - 21 0 = Boys do not do this task
 - 3 1 = The most important task for boys
 - 16 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 0 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1329. IMPORTANCE OF BOY PREPARING SOIL--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 147 . = Missing data
- 22 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 4 1 = The most important task for boys
- 13 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 0 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1330. IMPORTANCE OF BOY PLANTING--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 144 . = Missing data
- 27 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 2 1 = The most important task for boys
- 11 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 2 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1331. IMPORTANCE OF BOY TENDING CROPS--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 143 . = Missing data
- 23 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 4 1 = The most important task for boys
- 14 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 2 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1332. IMPORTANCE OF BOY HARVESTING--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 142 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Boys do not do this task

- 2 1 = The most important task for boys
- 15 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 2 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls
- 1333. IMPORTANCE OF BOY UNSPECIFIED AGRICULTURAL TASKS--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 157 . = Missing data
 - 20 0 = Boys do not do this task
 - 2 1 = The most important task for boys
 - 7 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 0 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls
- 1334. IMPORTANCE OF BOY OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES -- PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 165 . = Missing data
 - 19 0 = Boys do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for boys
 - 2 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 0 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls
- 1335. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL CLEARING--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 146 . = Missing data
 - 29 0 = Girls do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for girls
 - 11 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by girls
- 1336. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL PREPARING SOIL--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 149 . = Missing data
 - 27 0 = Girls do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for girls
 - 10 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by girls

1337. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL PLANTING--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 143 . = Missing data
- 24 0 = Girls do not do this task
- 0 1 = The most important task for girls
- 19 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by girls

1338. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL TENDING CROPS--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 143 . = Missing data
- 22 0 = Girls do not do this task
- 1 1 = The most important task for girls
- 19 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 1 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by girls
- 1339. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL HARVESTING--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 142 . = Missing data
 - 23 0 = Girls do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for girls
 - 20 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 1 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by girls
- 1340. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL UNSPECIFIED AGRICULTURAL TASKS--PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 155 . = Missing data
 - 20 0 = Girls do not do this task
 - 1 1 = The most important task for girls
 - 9 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 1 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by girls
- 1341. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES -- PRIMARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 165 . = Missing data
 - 19 0 = Girls do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for girls
 - 2 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by girls

notes on these codes (none as yet)

HOUSEHOLD DIVISION OF WORK 3

Candice Bradley. 1987. Women, Children and Work. Unpublished Ph.D. dissertation. University of California, Irvine. UMI 8893611.

STDS68.DAT Vars. 1342-1366 Household division of work 3

1342. ADULT PREFERENCE IN LAND CLEARING--PRIMARY CROP

- 121 . = Missing data
- 21 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 43 1 = Common or important adult task
- 0 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task

- 1 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent
- 1343. ADULT PREFERENCE IN SOIL PREPARATION--PRIMARY CROP
 - 124 . = Missing data
 - 21 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
 - 40 1 = Common or important adult task
 - 0 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
 - 1 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent
- 1344. ADULT PREFERENCE IN PLANTING--PRIMARY CROP
 - 121 . = Missing data
 - 21 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
 - 42 1 = Common or important adult task
 - 1 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
 - 1 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1345. ADULT PREFERENCE IN CROP TENDING--PRIMARY CROP

- 123 . = Missing data
- 21 0 = None (e.g.,Activity not present)
- 37 1 = Common or important adult task
- 4 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 1 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1346. ADULT PREFERENCE IN HARVESTING--PRIMARY CROP

- 118 . = Missing data
- 21 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 46 1 = Common or important adult task
- 0 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 1 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1347. ADULT PREFERENCE IN UNSPECIFIED AGRICULTURAL TASKS--PRIMARY CROP

- 150 . = Missing data
- 21 0 = None (e.g.,Activity not present)
- 14 1 = Common or important adult task
- 0 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 1 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1348. ADULT PREFERENCE IN OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES--PRIMARY CROP

- 164 . = Missing data
- 21 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 1 1 = Common or important adult task
- 0 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 0 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1349. PRIMARY CROP NAME

- 105 . = Missing data
- 21 0 = No agriculture
- 2 1 = Barley
- 10 2 = Maize
- 8 3 = Millet
- 3 4 = Dry rice
- 7 5 = Wet rice
- 0 6 = Sorghum
- 5 7 = Wheat
- 0 8 = Buckwheat
- 0 11 = Groundnut
- 0 12 = Beans
- 1 13 = Breadfruit
- 5 14 = Cassava
- 2 15 = Potato
- 1 16 = Sweet potato
- 0 17 = Squashes
- 4 18 = Taro
- 5 19 = Yams
- 0 20 = Bananas
- 2 21 = Plantains
- 1 22 = Dates
- 0 23 = Mango
- 0 24 = Other fruit trees
- 2 31 = Coconut
- 0 32 = Peanut
- 0 41 = Cocoa
- 0 42 = Cotton
- 0 43 = Sesame
- 0 44 = Sugarcane
- 0 45 = Cardamum
- 0 46 = Tobacco
- 0 47 = Rubber
- 2 51 = Animal fodder

1350. OTHER PRIMARY CROP NAME

- 114 . = Missing data
- 66 0 = No agriculture
- 2 1 = Barley
- 0 2 = Maize
- 0 3 = Millet
- 0 4 = Dry rice
- 1 5 = Wet rice
- 2 6 = Sorghum
- 0 7 = Wheat
- 0 8 = Buckwheat
- 0 11 = Groundnut
- 0 12 = Beans
- 1 13 = Breadfruit
- 0 14 = Cassava
- 0 15 = Potato
- 0 16 = Sweet potato
- 0 17 = Squashes
- 0 18 = Taro
- 0 19 = Yams
- 0 20 = Bananas
- 0 21 = Plantains
- 0 22 = Dates
- 0 23 = Mango
- 0 24 = Other fruit trees
- 0 31 = Coconut
- 0 32 = Peanut
- 0 41 = Cocoa
- 0 42 = Cotton
- 0 43 = Sesame
- 0 44 = Sugarcane
- 0 45 = Cardamum
- 0 46 = Tobacco
- 0 47 = Rubber
- 0 51 = Animal fodder

1351. IRRIGATION USED--PRIMARY CROP

- 113 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 51 0 = None/Absent
- 22 1 = Yes/Present

1352. HAND PLOW USED--PRIMARY CROP

- 113 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 70 0 = None/Absent
- 3 1 = Yes/Present

1353. ANIMAL PLOW USED--PRIMARY CROP

- 114 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 56 0 = None/Absent
- 15 1 = Yes/Present

1354. TERRACES AND MOUNDS USED--PRIMARY CROP

- 120 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 46 0 = None/Absent
- 20 1 = Yes/Present

1355. FENCES USED--PRIMARY CROP

- 127 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 47 0 = None/Absent
- 12 1 = Yes/Present

1356. GREEN MANURE AND MULCH USED--PRIMARY CROP

- 128 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 53 0 = None/Absent
- 5 1 = Yes/Present

1357. ANIMAL MANURE USED--PRIMARY CROP

- 129 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 48 0 = None/Absent
- 9 1 = Yes/Present

1358. HUMAN MANURE USED--PRIMARY CROP

- 129 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 54 0 = None/Absent
- 3 1 = Yes/Present

1359. PESTICIDES USED--PRIMARY CROP

- 122 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 64 0 = None/Absent
- 0 1 = Yes/Present

1360. EXTENT OF WEEDING--PRIMARY CROP

- 126 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 26 0 = None/No weeding/crops not weeded
- 1 1 = Crop weeded once
- 4 2 = Crop weeded twice
- 6 3 = Crop weeded three times
- 2 4 = Weeding, but not extensively, no data on # times
- 13 5 = Extensive weeding, no data on # times
- 8 6 = Weeding, no data on extent or # times
- 1361. CROP SUPERVISION--PRIMARY CROP
 - 122 . = No data
 - 22 0 = No agriculture
 - 27 1 = Crops supervised from homestead
 - 15 2 = Distant crops supervised, e.g. huts built in fields

1362. PLANTING TECHNIQUES--PRIMARY CROP

- 129 . = No data
- 21 0 = No agriculture
- 3 1 = Seeds broadcast
- 14 2 = Seeds planted by hand/manually
- 6 3 = Seedlings transplanted
- 9 4 = Cuttings planted
- 1 5 = 1 and 2 above
- 3 6 = 2 and 3 above

1363. SHORTEST LENGTH OF FALLOW--PRIMARY CROP

- 130 . = No data
- 21 0 = No agriculture
- 15 1 = 0 years (permanent cultivation)
- 4 2 = 2 years
- 2 3 = 3 years
- 2 4 = 4 years
- 3 5 = 5 years
- 3 6 = 6 years
- 1 7 = 7 years
- 2 10 = 10 years
- 2 15 = 15 years
- 1 20 = 20 years
- 1 10 10 jeurs

1364. SOIL TREATMENTS/SANDS USED--PRIMARY CROP

- 128 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 53 0 = None/Absent
- 5 1 = Yes/Present

1365. CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS USED--PRIMARY CROP

- 124 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 59 0 = None/Absent
- 3 1 = Yes/Present

1366. STAKES AND TRELLISES USED--PRIMARY CROP

- 137 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 45 0 = None/Absent
- 4 1 = Yes/Present

notes on these codes (none as yet)

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HOUSEHOLD DIVISION OF WORK 4
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Candice Bradley. 1987. Women, Children and Work. Unpublished Ph.D. dissertation. University of California, Irvine. UMI 8893611.

STDS69.DAT Vars. 1367-1401 Household division of work 4

1367. ADULT LAND CLEARANCE--SECONDARY CROP

- 122 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Activity not present
- 17 1 = Men Only
- 11 2 = Men Predominant
- 4 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 1 4 = Women Predominant
- 3 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1368. ADULT SOIL PREPARATION--SECONDARY CROP

- 125 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Activity not present
- 13 1 = Men Only
- 8 2 = Men Predominant
- 3 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 4 4 = Women Predominant
- 5 5 = Women Only

- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1369. ADULT PLANTING--SECONDARY CROP

- 127 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 7 1 = Men Only
- 1 2 = Men Predominant
- 8 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 6 4 = Women Predominant
- 9 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 2 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1370. ADULT CROP TENDING--SECONDARY CROP

- 125 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Activity not present
- 6 1 = Men Only
- 2 2 = Men Predominant
- 9 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 6 4 = Women Predominant
- 10 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1371. ADULT HARVESTING--SECONDARY CROP

- 125 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 5 1 = Men Only
- 5 2 = Men Predominant
- 8 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 9 4 = Women Predominant
- 7 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task

- 1 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1372. ADULT AGRICULTURAL TASK UNSPECIFIED--SECONDARY CROP

147 . = Missing data

- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 1 1 = Men Only
- 3 2 = Men Predominant
- 4 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 2 4 = Women Predominant
- 2 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 1 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1373. ADULT OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES--SECONDARY CROP

- 160 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 0 1 = Men Only
- 0 2 = Men Predominant
- 0 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 0 4 = Women Predominant
- 0 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1374. CHILD LAND CLEARANCE--SECONDARY CROP

- 135 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Activity not present
- 9 1 = Boys Only
- 1 2 = Boys Predominant
- 3 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 0 4 = Girls Predominant

- 3 5 = Girls Only
- 3 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 1 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1375. CHILD SOIL PREPARATION--SECONDARY CROP

- 136 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Activity not present
- 7 1 = Boys Only
- 1 2 = Boys Predominant
- 3 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 0 4 = Girls Predominant
- 5 5 = Girls Only
- 2 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 3 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 1 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1376. CHILD PLANTING--SECONDARY CROP

- 138 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 3 1 = Boys Only
- 1 2 = Boys Predominant
- 6 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 1 4 = Girls Predominant
- 3 5 = Girls Only
- 2 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 4 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 1 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1377. CHILD CROP TENDING--SECONDARY CROP

- 132 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Activity not present
- 3 1 = Boys Only
- 1 2 = Boys Predominant
- 10 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 2 4 = Girls Predominant
- 3 5 = Girls Only

- 3 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 3 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 1 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1378. CHILD CROP HARVESTING--SECONDARY CROP

- 134 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 5 1 = Boys Only
- 1 2 = Boys Predominant
- 6 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 2 4 = Girls Predominant
- 4 5 = Girls Only
- 1 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 6 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 1 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1379. CHILD AGRICULTURAL TASK UNSPECIFIED--SECONDARY CROP

- 147 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 1 1 = Boys Only
- 1 2 = Boys Predominant
- 4 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 1 4 = Girls Predominant
- 3 5 = Girls Only
- 0 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 2 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 1 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1380. CHILD OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES--SECONDARY CROP

- 160 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 0 1 = Boys Only
- 0 2 = Boys Predominant
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 0 4 = Girls Predominant
- 0 5 = Girls Only

- 0 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 0 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1381. CHILDREN UNDER 6 CLEAR LAND--SECONDARY CROP

- 147 . = Missing data
- 39 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1382. CHILDREN UNDER 6 SOIL PREPARATION--SECONDARY CROP

- 147 . = Missing data
- 39 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1383. CHILDREN UNDER 6 PLANTING--SECONDARY CROP

- 148 . = Missing data
- 38 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1384. CHILDREN UNDER 6 CROP TENDING--SECONDARY CROP

- 145 . = Missing data
- 39 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 2 3 = Boys and Girls this age

- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1385. CHILDREN UNDER 6 HARVESTING--SECONDARY CROP

- 149 . = Missing data
- 37 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1386. CHILDREN UNDER 6 AGRICULTURAL TASKS UNSPECIFIED--SECONDARY CROP

- 155 . = Missing data
- 31 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1387. CHILDREN UNDER 6 OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES--SECONDARY CROP

- 160 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1388. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 CLEAR LAND--SECONDARY CROP

- 146 . = Missing data
- 35 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 1 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 3 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1389. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 SOIL PREPARATION--SECONDARY CROP

- 147 . = Missing data
- 31 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 2 1 = Boys this age
- 2 2 = Girls this age
- 3 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1390. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 PLANTING--SECONDARY CROP

- 148 . = Missing data
- 31 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 1 1 = Boys this age
- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 4 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1391. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 CROP TENDING--SECONDARY CROP

- 147 . = Missing data
- 30 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 1 1 = Boys this age
- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 6 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1392. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 HARVESTING--SECONDARY CROP

- 149 . = Missing data
- 30 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 1 1 = Boys this age
- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 3 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 2 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1393. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 AGRICULTURAL TASKS UNSPECIFIED--SECONDARY CROP
 - 155 . = Missing data
 - 27 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
 - 0 2 = Girls this age
 - 3 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task

1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1394. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES--SECONDARY CROP

- 160 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 1 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1395. CHILDREN OVER 10 CLEAR LAND--SECONDARY CROP

- 146 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 8 1 = Boys this age
- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 4 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1396. CHILDREN OVER 10 SOIL PREPARATION--SECONDARY CROP

- 147 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 6 1 = Boys this age
- 3 2 = Girls this age
- 4 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1397. CHILDREN OVER 10 PLANTING--SECONDARY CROP

- 148 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 3 1 = Boys this age
- 2 2 = Girls this age
- 7 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1398. CHILDREN OVER 10 CROP TENDING--SECONDARY CROP

146 . = Missing data

- 26 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 3 1 = Boys this age
- 3 2 = Girls this age
- 7 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1399. CHILDREN OVER 10 HARVESTING--SECONDARY CROP

- 150 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 4 1 = Boys this age
- 2 2 = Girls this age
- 4 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1400. CHILDREN OVER 10 AGRICULTURAL TASKS UNSPECIFIED--SECONDARY CROP

- 156 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 1 1 = Boys this age
- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 3 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

1401. CHILDREN OVER 10 OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES--SECONDARY CROP

- 160 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 1 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

notes on these codes (none as yet)

HOUSEHOLD DIVISION OF WORK 5

Candice Bradley. 1987. Women, Children and Work. Unpublished Ph.D. dissertation. University of California, Irvine. UMI 8893611.

STDS70.DAT Vars. 1402-1437 Household division of work 5

1402. USES OF FRUITS OF LABOR--SECONDARY CROP

- 127 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 0 1 = Product consumer is child only
- 28 2 = Product consumer is household or community
- 2 3 = Wage labor/product sold
- 3 4 = Household and wage labor or product sold
- 1 5 = 1 & 2 above
- 0 6 = All of above
- 1403. CHILDREN CLEAR LAND ALONE--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 142 . = Missing data
 - 26 0 = Activity not present
 - 1 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 17 2 = No, Children do not do this
- 1404. CHILDREN PREPARE SOIL ALONE--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 143 . = Missing data
 - 26 0 = Activity not present
 - 1 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 16 2 = No, Children do not do this

1405. CHILDREN PLANT ALONE--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 142 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 1 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 18 2 = No, Children do not do this

1406. CHILDREN TEND CROPS ALONE--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 140 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Activity not present
- 1 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 19 2 = No, Children do not do this

1407. CHILDREN HARVEST ALONE--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 140 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 2 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 19 2 = No, Children do not do this

1408. CHILDREN DO UNSPECIFIED AGRICULTURAL TASKS ALONE--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 147 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 1 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 13 2 = No, Children do not do this
- 1409. CHILDREN DO OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES ALONE--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 157 . = Missing data
 - 25 0 = Activity not present
 - 1 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 3 2 = No, Children do not do this

1410. CHILDREN CLEAR LAND WITH OTHER KIDS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 141 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Activity not present
- 5 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 14 2 = No, Children do not do this

1411. CHILDREN PREPARE SOIL WITH OTHER KIDS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 143 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Activity not present
- 3 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 14 2 = No, Children do not do this

1412. CHILDREN PLANT WITH OTHER KIDS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 142 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 5 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 14 2 = No, Children do not do this

1413. CHILDREN TEND CROPS WITH OTHER KIDS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 140 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Activity not present
- 9 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 11 2 = No, Children do not do this

1414. CHILDREN HARVEST WITH OTHER KIDS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

140 . = Missing data

- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 7 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 14 2 = No, Children do not do this

1415. CHILDREN DO UNSPECIFIED CHORES WITH OTHER KIDS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 149 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 4 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 8 2 = No, Children do not do this

1416. CHILDREN DO OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES WITH OTHER KIDS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 158 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 1 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 2 2 = No, Children do not do this
- 1417. CHILDREN CLEAR LAND WITH ADULTS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 142 . = Missing data
 - 26 0 = Activity not present
 - 14 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 4 2 = No, Children do not do this
- 1418. CHILDREN PREPARE SOIL WITH ADULTS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 143 . = Missing data
 - 26 0 = Activity not present
 - 14 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 3 2 = No, Children do not do this

1419. CHILDREN PLANT WITH ADULTS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 142 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 15 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 4 2 = No, Children do not do this

1420. CHILDREN TEND CROPS WITH ADULTS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 140 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Activity not present
- 13 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 7 2 = No, Children do not do this

1421. CHILDREN HARVEST WITH ADULTS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 140 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 16 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 5 2 = No, Children do not do this

1422. CHILDREN DO UNSPECIFIED AGRICULTURAL TASKS WITH ADULTS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 150 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Activity not present
- 7 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 4 2 = No, Children do not do this
- 1423. CHILDREN DO OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES WITH ADULTS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 160 . = Missing data
 - 25 0 = Activity not present
 - 0 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 1 2 = No, Children do not do this

1424. IMPORTANCE OF BOY CLEARING--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 150 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 0 1 = The most important task for boys
- 10 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 0 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1425. IMPORTANCE OF BOY PREPARING SOIL--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 150 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 1 1 = The most important task for boys
- 7 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 0 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1426. IMPORTANCE OF BOY PLANTING--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 148 . = Missing data
- 27 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 0 1 = The most important task for boys
- 9 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 2 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1427. IMPORTANCE OF BOY TENDING CROPS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 148 . = Missing data
- 27 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 0 1 = The most important task for boys
- 10 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 1 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1428. IMPORTANCE OF BOY HARVESTING--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 145 . = Missing data
- 27 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 0 1 = The most important task for boys
- 13 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 1 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1429. IMPORTANCE OF BOY UNSPECIFIED AGRICULTURAL TASKS -- SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 154 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 1 1 = The most important task for boys
- 5 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 0 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1430. IMPORTANCE OF BOY OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 160 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 0 1 = The most important task for boys
- 1 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 0 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1431. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL CLEARING--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 148 . = Missing data
- 30 0 = Girls do not do this task
- 0 1 = The most important task for girls
- 8 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by girls
- 1432. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL PREPARING SOIL--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 150 . = Missing data
 - 27 0 = Girls do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for girls
 - 9 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by girls

1433. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL PLANTING--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 147 . = Missing data
- 27 0 = Girls do not do this task
- 0 1 = The most important task for girls
- 11 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 1 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by girls

1434. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL TENDING CROPS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 147 . = Missing data
- 27 0 = Girls do not do this task
- 1 1 = The most important task for girls
- 11 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by girls

1435. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL HARVESTING--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 144 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = Girls do not do this task
- 1 1 = The most important task for girls
- 13 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by girls

1436. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL UNSPECIFIED AGRICULTURAL TASKS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 151 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Girls do not do this task
- 1 1 = The most important task for girls
- 8 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by girls

1437. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES -- SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 160 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = Girls do not do this task
- 0 1 = The most important task for girls
- 1 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by girls

notes on these codes (none as yet) HOUSEHOLD DIVISION OF WORK 6

Candice Bradley. 1987. Women, Children and Work. Unpublished Ph.D.

dissertation. University of California, Irvine. UMI 8893611.

STDS71.DAT Vars. 1438-1462 Household division of work 6

1438. ADULT PREFERENCE IN LAND CLEARING--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 125 . = Missing data
- 29 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 31 1 = Common or important adult task
- 0 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 1 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1439. ADULT PREFERENCE IN SOIL PREPARATION--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 126 . = Missing data
- 29 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 30 1 = Common or important adult task
- 0 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 1 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1440. ADULT PREFERENCE IN PLANTING--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 128 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 29 1 = Common or important adult task
- 0 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 1 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1441. ADULT PREFERENCE IN CROP TENDING--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 128 . = Missing data
- 29 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 26 1 = Common or important adult task
- 2 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 1 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1442. ADULT PREFERENCE IN HARVESTING--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 127 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 30 1 = Common or important adult task
- 0 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 1 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1443. ADULT PREFERENCE IN UNSPECIFIED AGRICULTURAL TASKS--SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)

- 146 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 12 1 = Common or important adult task
- 0 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 0 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent
- 1444. ADULT PREFERENCE IN OTHER AGRICULTURAL CHORES -- SECONDARY CROP (codes not ordered)
 - 156 . = Missing data
 - 28 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
 - 2 1 = Common or important adult task
 - 0 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
 - 0 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1445. SECONDARY CROP NAME

- 107 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = No agriculture
- 3 1 = Barley
- 7 2 = Maize
- 4 3 = Millet
- 3 4 = Dry rice
- 0 5 = Wet rice
- 0 6 = Sorghum
- 1 7 = Wheat
- 1 8 = Buckwheat
- 2 11 = Groundnut
- 4 12 = Beans
- 0 13 = Breadfruit
- 3 14 = Cassava
- 3 15 = Potato
- 1 16 = Sweet potato
- 0 17 = Squashes
- 6 18 = Taro
- 3 19 = Yams
- 0 20 = Bananas
- 2 21 = Plantains
- 1 22 = Dates
- 0 23 = Mango
- 1 24 = Other fruit trees
- 0 31 = Coconut
- 0 32 = Peanut
- 1 41 = Cocoa
- 1 42 = Cotton
- 0 43 = Sesame
- 1 44 = Sugarcane

- 1 45 = Cardamum
- 1 46 = Tobacco
- 1 47 = Rubber
- 0 51 = Animal fodder

1446. OTHER SECONDARY CROP NAME

- 115 . = Missing data
- 57 0 = No agriculture
- 0 1 = Barley
- 0 2 = Maize
- 0 3 = Millet
- 0 4 = Dry rice
- 1 5 = Wet rice
- 3 6 = Sorghum
- 1 7 = Wheat
- 0 8 = Buckwheat
- 0 11 = Groundnut
- 0 12 = Beans
- 1 13 = Breadfruit
- 0 14 = Cassava
- 0 15 = Potato
- 0 16 = Sweet potato
- 4 17 = Squashes
- 1 18 = Taro
- 1 19 = Yams
- 0 20 = Bananas
- 1 21 = Plantains
- 0 22 = Dates
- 1 23 = Mango
- 0 24 = Other fruit trees
- 0 31 = Coconut
- 0 32 = Peanut
- 0 41 = Cocoa
- 0 42 = Cotton
- 0 43 = Sesame
- 0 44 = Sugarcane
- 0 45 = Cardamum
- 0 46 = Tobacco
- 0 47 = Rubber
- 0 51 = Animal fodder
- 1447. IRRIGATION USED--SECONDARY CROP
 - 118 . = Missing data/No agriculture
 - 53 0 = None/Absent

```
15 1 = Yes/Present
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1448. HAND PLOW USED--SECONDARY CROP
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- 116 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 67 0 = None/Absent
- 3 1 = Yes/Present

1449. ANIMAL PLOW USED--SECONDARY CROP

- 117 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 58 0 = None/Absent
- 11 1 = Yes/Present

1450. TERRACES AND MOUNDS USED--SECONDARY CROP

- 125 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 47 0 = None/Absent
- 14 1 = Yes/Present

1451. FENCES USED--SECONDARY CROP

- 125 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 48 0 = None/Absent
- 13 1 = Yes/Present

1452. GREEN MANURE AND MULCH USED--SECONDARY CROP

- 128 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 53 0 = None/Absent
- 5 1 = Yes/Present

1453. ANIMAL MANURE USED--SECONDARY CROP

- 129 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 48 0 = None/Absent
- 9 1 = Yes/Present

1454. HUMAN MANURE USED--SECONDARY CROP

- 129 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 55 0 = None/Absent
- 2 1 = Yes/Present

1455. PESTICIDES USED--SECONDARY CROP

- 122 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 64 0 = None/Absent
- 0 1 = Yes/Present

1456. EXTENT OF WEEDING--SECONDARY CROP

- 129 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 32 0 = None/No weeding/crops not weeded
- 1 1 = Crop weeded once
- 2 2 = Crop weeded twice
- 4 3 = Crop weeded three times
- 3 4 = Weeding, but not extensively, no data on # times
- 8 5 = Extensive weeding, no data on # times
- 7 6 = Weeding, no data on extent or # times

1457. CROP SUPERVISION--SECONDARY CROP

- 124 . = No data
- 32 0 = No agriculture
- 20 1 = Crops supervised from homestead
- 10 2 = Distant crops supervised, e.g. huts built in fields

1458. PLANTING TECHNIQUES--SECONDARY CROP

130 . = No data

- 28 0 = No agriculture
- 2 1 = Seeds broadcast
- 12 2 = Seeds planted by hand/manually
- 2 3 = Seedlings transplanted
- 11 4 = Cuttings planted
- 1 5 = 2 and 3 above
- 0 6 = 3 and 4 above
- 0 7 = 2 and 4 above

1459. SHORTEST LENGTH OF FALLOW--SECONDARY CROP

137 . = No	data
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- 28 0 = No agriculture
- 12 1 = 0 years (permanent cultivation)
- 1 2 = 2 years
- 1 3 = 3 years
- 1 4 = 4 years
- 2 5 = 5 years
- 2 6 = 6 years
- 0 7 = 7 years
- 1 10 = 10 years
- 0 15 = 15 years

```
1 20 = 20 years
```

1460. SOIL TREATMENTS/SANDS USED--SECONDARY CROP

- 126 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 56 0 = None/Absent
- 4 1 = Yes/Present

1461. CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS USED--SECONDARY CROP

- 122 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 62 0 = None/Absent
- 2 1 = Yes/Present

1462. STAKES AND TRELLISES USED--SECONDARY CROP

- 134 . = Missing data/No agriculture
- 48 0 = None/Absent
- 4 1 = Yes/Present

notes on these codes (none as yet)

HOUSEHOLD DIVISION OF WORK 7

Candice Bradley. 1987. Women, Children and Work. Unpublished Ph.D. dissertation. University of California, Irvine. UMI 8893611.

STDS72.DAT Vars. 1463-1490 Household division of work 7

1463. ADULTS HERD SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 142 . = Missing data
- 27 0 = Activity not present
- 7 1 = Men Only
- 3 2 = Men Predominant
- 0 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 0 4 = Women Predominant
- 5 5 = Women Only
- 1 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 1 10 = Slaves Only

1464. ADULTS CARE FOR SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 130 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Activity not present
- 3 1 = Men Only
- 3 2 = Men Predominant
- 5 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 6 4 = Women Predominant
- 12 5 = Women Only
- 1 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 0 10 = Slaves Only

1465. CHILDREN HERD SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 139 . = Missing data
- 27 0 = Activity not present
- 7 1 = Boys Only
- 5 2 = Boys Predominant
- 2 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 0 4 = Girls Predominant
- 3 5 = Girls Only
- 0 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 2 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 0 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 0 10 = Slaves Only

1466. CHILDREN CARE FOR SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 138 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Activity not present
- 4 1 = Boys Only
- 4 2 = Boys Predominant
- 2 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 3 4 = Girls Predominant
- 5 5 = Girls Only
- 0 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 2 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 2 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 0 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 0 10 = Slaves Only

1467. CHILDREN UNDER 6 HERD SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 147 . = Missing data
- 35 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 2 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 2 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys
- 1468. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 HERD SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)
 - 145 . = Missing data
 - 26 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 7 1 = Boys this age
 - 1 2 = Girls this age
 - 4 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 3 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1469. CHILDREN OVER 10 HERD SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 145 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 6 1 = Boys this age
- 2 2 = Girls this age
- 4 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 3 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1470. CHILDREN UNDER 10 CARE FOR SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

145 . = Missing data

- 37 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 1 1 = Boys this age
- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 2 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1471. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 CARE FOR SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 145 . = Missing data
- 27 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 2 1 = Boys this age
- 2 2 = Girls this age
- 8 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 2 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1472. CHILDREN OVER 10 CARE FOR SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 145 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 4 1 = Boys this age
- 4 2 = Girls this age
- 5 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 2 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1473. PRODUCT USE OF SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 138 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = None (e.g., activity not present)
- 0 1 = Product consumer is child only
- 16 2 = Product consumer is household or community
- 0 3 = Wage labor/product sold
- 5 4 = Household and wage labor or product sold
- 2 5 = 1 and 2 above
- 0 6 = All of above

1474. CHILDREN HERD SMALL ANIMALS ALONE (codes not ordered)

- 151 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = None (e.g., activity not present)
- 2 1 = Yes, children do this
- 8 2 = No, children do not do this

1475. CHILDREN HERD SMALL ANIMALS WITH CHILDREN

- 151 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = None (e.g., activity not present) (codes not ordered)
- 9 1 = Yes, children do this

- 1 2 = No, children do not do this
- 1476. CHILDREN HERD SMALL ANIMALS WITH ADULTS (codes not ordered)
 - 150 . = Missing data
 - 25 0 = None (e.g., activity not present)
 - 8 1 = Yes, children do this
 - 3 2 = No, children do not do this

1477. CHILDREN CARE FOR SMALL ANIMALS ALONE (codes not ordered)

- 152 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = None (e.g., activity not present)
- 1 1 = Yes, children do this
- 8 2 = No, children do not do this
- 1478. CHILDREN CARE FOR SMALL ANIMALS WITH CHILDREN (codes not ordered)
 - 152 . = Missing data
 - 25 0 = None (e.g., activity not present)
 - 5 1 = Yes, children do this
 - 4 2 = No, children do not do this

1479. CHILDREN CARE FOR SMALL ANIMALS WITH ADULTS (codes not ordered)

- 151 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = None (e.g., activity not present)
- 9 1 = Yes, children do this
- 1 2 = No, children do not do this

1480. IMPORTANCE OF BOY HERDING SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 147 . = Missing data
- 26 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 9 1 = The most important task for boys
- 4 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 0 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1481. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL HERDING SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 149 . = Missing data
- 30 0 = Girls do not do this task
- 0 1 = The most important task for girls
- 6 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 1 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by boys

1482. IMPORTANCE OF BOY CARE FOR SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 150 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 1 1 = The most important task for boys
- 6 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 1 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls
- 1483. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL CARE FOR SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)
 - 149 . = Missing data
 - 26 0 = Girls do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for girls
 - 11 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by boys

1484. ADULT PREFERENCE IN HERDING SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 143 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 12 1 = Common or important adult task
- 6 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 0 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1485. ADULT PREFERENCE IN CARING FOR SMALL ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 139 . = Missing data
- 25 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 19 1 = Common or important adult task
- 3 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 0 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1486. GOATS PRESENT

- 108 . = Missing data
- 51 0 = Absent
- 0 1 = Present, minor
- 27 2 = Present, important

1487. SHEEP PRESENT

- 108 . = Missing data
- 52 0 = Absent
- 0 1 = Present, minor
- 26 2 = Present, important

1488. PIGS PRESENT

108 . = Missing data

50 0 = Absent

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2 1 = Present, minor
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26 2 = Present, important

1489. RABBITS AND GUINEA PIGS PRESENT

108 . = Missing data

- 76 0 = Absent
- 0 1 = Present, minor
- 2 2 = Present, important

1490. SLED AND PACK DOGS PRESENT

108 . = Missing data

- 74 0 = Absent
- 0 1 = Present, minor
- 4 2 = Present, important

notes on these codes (none as yet)

HOUSEHOLD DIVISION OF WORK 8

Candice Bradley. 1987. Women, Children and Work. Unpublished Ph.D. dissertation. University of California, Irvine. UMI 8893611.

STDS73.DAT Vars. 1491-1521 Household division of work 8

1491. ADULTS HERD LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

128 . = Missing data

- 29 0 = Activity not present
- 16 1 = Men Only
- 9 2 = Men Predominant
- 1 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 0 4 = Women Predominant
- 1 5 = Women Only
- 1 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 0 10 = Slaves Only

1492. ADULTS CARE FOR LARGE ANIMALS

- 126 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = Activity not present
- 7 1 = Men Only

- 11 2 = Men Predominant
- 6 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 5 4 = Women Predominant
- 1 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 1 9 = Women, No Data on Men
- 0 10 = Slaves Only
- 1493. CHILDREN HERD LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)
 - 125 . = Missing data
 - 28 0 = Activity not present
 - 17 1 = Boys Only
 - 11 2 = Boys Predominant
 - 1 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
 - 0 4 = Girls Predominant
 - 0 5 = Girls Only
 - 0 6 = Not a Child's Task
 - 3 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 1 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
 - 0 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
 - 0 10 = Slaves Only

1494. CHILDREN CARE FOR LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 127 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = Activity not present
- 10 1 = Boys Only
- 12 2 = Boys Predominant
- 1 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 2 4 = Girls Predominant
- 1 5 = Girls Only
- 0 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 3 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 2 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 0 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 0 10 = Slaves Only

1495. CHILDREN UNDER 6 HERD LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 132 . = Missing data
- 52 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 2 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age

- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys
- 1496. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 HERD LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)
 - 132 . = Missing data
 - 37 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 8 1 = Boys this age
 - 0 2 = Girls this age
 - 6 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 3 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys
- 1497. CHILDREN OVER 10 HERD LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)
 - 131 . = Missing data
 - 29 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 17 1 = Boys this age
 - 0 2 = Girls this age
 - 6 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 3 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1498. CHILDREN UNDER 6 CARE FOR LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 133 . = Missing data
- 51 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 1 1 = Boys this age
- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1499. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 CARE FOR LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 133 . = Missing data
- 34 0 = Children this age do not do task

- 7 1 = Boys this age
- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 10 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1500. CHILDREN OVER 10 CARE FOR LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 133 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 13 1 = Boys this age
- 2 2 = Girls this age
- 9 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1501. PRODUCT USE OF LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 130 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = None (e.g., activity not present)
- 0 1 = Product consumer is child only
- 19 2 = Product consumer is household or community
- 0 3 = Wage labor/product sold
- 7 4 = Household and wage labor or product sold
- 2 5 = 1 and 2 above
- 0 6 = All of above

1502. CHILDREN HERD LARGE ANIMALS ALONE (codes not ordered)

- 138 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = None (e.g., activity not present)
- 5 1 = Yes, children do this
- 15 2 = No, children do not do this

1503. CHILDREN HERD LARGE ANIMALS WITH CHILDREN

- 138 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = None (e.g., activity not present) (codes not ordered)
- 17 1 = Yes, children do this
- 3 2 = No, children do not do this

1504. CHILDREN HERD LARGE ANIMALS WITH ADULTS

- 138 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = None (e.g., activity not present)
- 16 1 = Yes, children do this
- 4 2 = No, children do not do this

1505. CHILDREN CARE FOR LARGE ANIMALS ALONE (codes not ordered)

- 141 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = None (e.g., activity not present)
- 3 1 = Yes, children do this
- 14 2 = No, children do not do this

1506. CHILDREN CARE FOR LARGE ANIMALS WITH CHILDREN (codes not ordered)

- 141 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = None (e.g., activity not present)
- 14 1 = Yes, children do this
- 3 2 = No, children do not do this

1507. CHILDREN CARE FOR LARGE ANIMALS WITH ADULTS (codes not ordered)

- 141 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = None (e.g., activity not present)
- 15 1 = Yes, children do this
- 2 2 = No, children do not do this

1508. IMPORTANCE OF BOY HERDING LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 136 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 16 1 = The most important task for boys
- 5 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 1 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1509. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL HERDING LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

138 . = Missing data

- 39 0 = Girls do not do this task
- 1 1 = The most important task for girls
- 5 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 3 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by boys

1510. IMPORTANCE OF BOY CARE FOR LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

144 . = Missing data

- 29 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 6 1 = The most important task for boys
- 5 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 2 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls
- 1511. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL CARE FOR LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)
 - 144 . = Missing data
 - 33 0 = Girls do not do this task
 - 2 1 = The most important task for girls
 - 5 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 2 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by boys
- 1512. ADULT PREFERENCE IN HERDING LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)
 - 132 . = Missing data
 - 28 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
 - 19 1 = Common or important adult task
 - 7 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
 - 0 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1513. ADULT PREFERENCE IN CARING FOR LARGE ANIMALS (codes not ordered)

- 134 . = Missing data
- 28 0 = None (e.g.,Activity not present)
- 22 1 = Common or important adult task
- 2 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 0 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1514. CATTLE PRESENT

- 109 . = Missing data
- 42 0 = Absent
- 3 1 = Present, minor
- 32 2 = Present, important

1515. HORSES PRESENT

- 110 . = Missing data
- 52 0 = Absent
- 2 1 = Present, minor
- 22 2 = Present, important

1516. DONKEYS/MULES PRESENT

109 . = Missing data

61 0 = Absent

- 0 1 = Present, minor
- 16 2 = Present, important

1517. CAMELS PRESENT

- 109 . = Missing data
- 72 0 = Absent
- 0 1 = Present, minor
- 5 2 = Present, important

1518. REINDEER PRESENT

- 109 . = Missing data
- 75 0 = Absent
- 0 1 = Present, minor
- 2 2 = Present, important

1519. YAKS PRESENT

- 109 . = Missing data
- 75 0 = Absent
- 0 1 = Present, minor
- 2 2 = Present, important

1520. BUFFALO PRESENT

- 109 . = Missing data
- 74 0 = Absent
- 0 1 = Present, minor
- 3 2 = Present, important

1521. LLAMA PRESENT

- 109 . = Missing data
- 76 0 = Absent
- 0 1 = Present, minor
- 1 2 = Present, important

notes on these codes (none as yet)

HOUSEHOLD DIVISION OF WORK 9

Candice Bradley. 1987. Women, Children and Work. Unpublished Ph.D. dissertation. University of California, Irvine. UMI 8893611. STDS74.DAT Vars. 1522-1557 Household division of work 9

1522. ADULTS DO WAGE LABOR (codes not ordered)

- 129 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Activity not present
- 17 1 = Men Only
- 10 2 = Men Predominant
- 7 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 1 4 = Women Predominant
- 0 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 8 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men

1523. CHILDREN DO WAGE LABOR (codes not ordered)

- 148 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Activity not present
- 10 1 = Boys Only
- 5 2 = Boys Predominant
- 1 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 0 4 = Girls Predominant
- 0 5 = Girls Only
- 8 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 0 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys

1524. CHILDREN UNDER 6 DO WAGE LABOR (codes not ordered)

- 170 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 2 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1525. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 DO WAGE LABOR (codes not ordered)

- 169 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Children this age do not do task

- 1 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 2 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1526. CHILDREN OVER 10 DO WAGE LABOR (codes not ordered)

- 162 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 6 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 2 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 1 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1527. WHO CONTROLS THE EARNINGS OF WAGE LABOR? (codes not ordered)

- 161 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = None
- 7 1 = Child
- 2 2 = Parents
- 0 3 = Other
- 2 4 = Child and Parents

1528. CHILDREN DO WAGE LABOR ALONE (codes not ordered)

- 170 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Activity not present
- 1 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 1 2 = No, Children do not do this

1529. CHILDREN DO WAGE LABOR WITH CHILDREN (codes not ordered)

- 170 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Activity not present
- 0 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 2 2 = No, Children do not do this

1530. CHILDREN DO WAGE LABOR WITH ADULTS (codes not ordered)

- 170 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Activity not present
- 1 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 1 2 = No, Children do not do this

1531. IMPORTANCE OF BOY DOING WAGE LABOR (codes not ordered)

- 165 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 1 1 = The most important task for boys
- 4 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 2 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1532. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL DOING WAGE LABOR (codes not ordered)

- 170 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Girls do not do this task
- 0 1 = The most important task for Girls
- 1 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 1 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by boys

1533. ADULT PREFERENCE WAGE LABOR (codes not ordered)

- 151 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 18 1 = Common or important adult task
- 2 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 1 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1534. ADULTS TRADE (codes not ordered)

- 138 . = Missing data
 - 2 0 = Activity not present
 - 8 1 = Men Only
 - 5 2 = Men Predominant
- 22 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 5 4 = Women Predominant
- 2 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 4 9 = Women, No Data on Men

1535. CHILDREN TRADE (codes not ordered)

156 . = Missing data

- 2 0 = Activity not present
- 4 1 = Boys Only
- 1 2 = Boys Predominant
- 3 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 0 4 = Girls Predominant
- 4 5 = Girls Only
- 14 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 2 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 0 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys

1536. CHILDREN UNDER 6 TRADE (codes not ordered)

- 180 . = Missing data
 - 2 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
 - 1 2 = Girls this age
 - 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 3 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1537. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 TRADE (codes not ordered)

- 176 . = Missing data
 - 2 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
 - 5 2 = Girls this age
 - 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 3 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1538. CHILDREN OVER 10 TRADE (codes not ordered)

- 170 . = Missing data
 - 2 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 4 1 = Boys this age
 - 4 2 = Girls this age
 - 3 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 3 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1539. WHO CONTROLS THE CASH FROM TRADE? (codes not ordered)

- 173 . = Missing data
 - 3 0 = None
 - 7 1 = Child
 - 1 2 = Parents
 - 0 3 = Other
 - 2 4 = Child and Parents

1540. CHILDREN TRADE ALONE (codes not ordered)

- 176 . = Missing data
 - 3 0 = Activity not present
 - 4 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 3 2 = No, Children do not do this

1541. CHILDREN TRADE ALONGSIDE OTHER CHILDREN (codes not ordered)

- 176 . = Missing data
 - 3 0 = Activity not present
 - 0 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 7 2 = No, Children do not do this

1542. CHILDREN TRADE ALONGSIDE ADULTS (codes not ordered)

- 176 . = Missing data
 - 3 0 = Activity not present
 - 5 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 2 2 = No, Children do not do this

1543. IMPORTANCE OF BOY TRADING (codes not ordered)

- 176 . = Missing data
 - 3 0 = Boys do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for boys
 - 7 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 0 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls
- 1544. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL TRADING (codes not ordered)
 - 176 . = Missing data
 - 3 0 = Girls do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for Girls
 - 7 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by boys

1545. ADULT PREFERENCE IN TRADE (codes not ordered)

- 131 . = Missing data
 - 2 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 33 1 = Common or important adult task
- 0 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 0 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1546. ADULTS GATHER (codes not ordered)

- 133 . = Missing data
- 11 0 = Activity not present
- 0 1 = Men Only
- 0 2 = Men Predominant
- 4 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 9 4 = Women Predominant
- 26 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 1 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 1 9 = Women, No Data on Men

1547. CHILDREN GATHER (codes not ordered)

- 151 . = Missing data
- 11 0 = Activity not present
- 1 1 = Boys Only
- 1 2 = Boys Predominant
- 4 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 5 4 = Girls Predominant
- 9 5 = Girls Only
- 0 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 3 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 1 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys

1548. CHILDREN UNDER 6 GATHER (codes not ordered)

- 173 . = Missing data
- 11 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 1 2 = Girls this age
- 1 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1549. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 GATHER (codes not ordered)

- 162 . = Missing data
- 11 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 1 1 = Boys this age
- 4 2 = Girls this age
- 5 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 2 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1550. CHILDREN OVER 10 GATHER (codes not ordered)

- 159 . = Missing data
- 11 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 2 1 = Boys this age
- 7 2 = Girls this age
- 4 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 1 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 2 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1551. WHO CONTROLS THE PRODUCTS OF GATHERING? (codes not ordered)

- 156 . = Missing data
- 11 0 = None (e.g., activity not present)
- 0 1 = Product consumer is child only
- 12 2 = Product consumer is household or community
- 0 3 = Wage labor/product sold
- 0 4 = Household and wage labor or product sold
- 7 5 = 1 and 2 above

1552. CHILDREN GATHER ALONE (codes not ordered)

- 158 . = Missing data
- 11 0 = Activity not present
- 0 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 17 2 = No, Children do not do this

1553. CHILDREN GATHER WITH CHILDREN (codes not ordered)

- 158 . = Missing data
- 11 0 = Activity not present
- 5 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 12 2 = No, Children do not do this

1554. CHILDREN GATHER WITH ADULTS (codes not ordered)

- 158 . = Missing data
- 11 0 = Activity not present
- 15 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 2 2 = No, Children do not do this

1555. IMPORTANCE OF BOY GATHERING (codes not ordered)

- 164 . = Missing data
- 11 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 0 1 = The most important task for boys
- 7 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 4 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1556. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL GATHERING (codes not ordered)

- 160 . = Missing data
- 11 0 = Girls do not do this task
- 0 1 = The most important task for Girls
- 14 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 1 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by boys

1557. ADULT PREFERENCE GATHERING (codes not ordered)

- 139 . = Missing data
- 11 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 36 1 = Common or important adult task
- 0 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 0 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

notes on these codes (none as yet)

HOUSEHOLD DIVISION OF WORK 10

Candice Bradley. 1987. Women, Children and Work. Unpublished Ph.D. dissertation. University of California, Irvine. UMI 8893611.

STDS75.DAT Vars. 1558-1591 Household division of work 10

1558. ADULTS HUNT (codes not ordered)

- 117 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Activity not present
- 41 1 = Men Only
- 12 2 = Men Predominant
- 2 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 0 4 = Women Predominant
- 0 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 0 9 = Women, No Data on Men

1559. CHILDREN HUNT (codes not ordered)

- 129 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Activity not present
- 31 1 = Boys Only
- 4 2 = Boys Predominant
- 3 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 0 4 = Girls Predominant
- 0 5 = Girls Only
- 2 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 2 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 0 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys

1560. CHILDREN UNDER 6 HUNT (codes not ordered)

- 169 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 0 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 1 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 2 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1561. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 HUNT (codes not ordered)

- 152 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 14 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age

- 3 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 2 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1562. CHILDREN OVER 10 HUNT (codes not ordered)

- 144 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 21 1 = Boys this age
- 0 2 = Girls this age
- 5 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 2 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1563. WHO CONTROLS THE PRODUCTS OF HUNTING? (codes not ordered)

- 142 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = None (e.g., activity not present)
- 3 1 = Product consumer is child only
- 10 2 = Product consumer is household or community
- 0 3 = Wage labor/product sold
- 3 4 = Household and wage labor or product sold
- 12 5 = 1 and 2 above
- 2 6 = All

1564. CHILDREN HUNT ALONE (codes not ordered)

- 144 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Activity not present
- 7 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 21 2 = No, Children do not do this

1565. CHILDREN HUNT WITH CHILDREN (codes not ordered)

- 143 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Activity not present
- 19 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 10 2 = No, Children do not do this

1566. CHILDREN HUNT WITH ADULTS (codes not ordered)

145 . = Missing data

- 14 0 = Activity not present
- 20 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 7 2 = No, Children do not do this

1567. IMPORTANCE OF BOY HUNTING (codes not ordered)

- 146 . = Missing data
 - = Activity not present ?
- 14 0 = Boys do not do this task
- 4 1 = The most important task for boys
- 18 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 4 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1568. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL HUNTING

- 167 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Girls do not do this task
- 0 1 = The most important task for Girls
- 5 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by boys

1569. ADULT PREFERENCE HUNTING (codes not ordered)

- 129 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 40 1 = Common or important adult task
- 3 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 0 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1570. ADULTS DO CHILD CARE (codes not ordered)

- 122 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present
 - 0 1 = Men Only
 - 0 2 = Men Predominant
 - 4 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 24 4 = Women Predominant
- 33 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 3 9 = Women, No Data on Men

1571. CHILDREN DO CHILD CARE (codes not ordered)

138 . = Missing data

- 0 0 = Activity not present
- 0 1 = Boys Only
- 0 2 = Boys Predominant
- 10 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 13 4 = Girls Predominant
- 13 5 = Girls Only
- 1 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 7 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 4 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys
- 1572. CHILDREN UNDER 6 DO CHILD CARE (codes not ordered)
 - 181 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
 - 3 2 = Girls this age
 - 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 2 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1573. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 DO CHILD CARE (codes not ordered)

- 156 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
 - 9 2 = Girls this age
- 14 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 2 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 5 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1574. CHILDREN OVER 10 DO CHILD CARE (codes not ordered)

- 159 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
 - 9 2 = Girls this age
- 10 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls

7 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1575. CHILDREN DO CHILD CARE ALONE (codes not ordered)

- 172 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present
 - 4 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 10 2 = No, Children do not do this

1576. CHILDREN DO CHILD CARE ALONG WITH OTHER CHILDREN (codes not ordered)

- 173 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present
- 8 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 5 2 = No, Children do not do this

1577. CHILDREN DO CHILD CARE WITH ADULTS (codes not ordered)

- 174 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present
 - 9 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 3 2 = No, Children do not do this

1578. IMPORTANCE OF BOY DOING CHILD CARE (codes not ordered)

- 167 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Boys do not do this task
 - 2 1 = The most important task for boys
- 11 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 6 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1579. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL DOING CHILD CARE (codes not ordered)

- 152 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Girls do not do this task
 - 3 1 = The most important task for Girls
- 30 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 1 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by boys
- 1580. ADULT PREFERENCE IN CHILD CARE (codes not ordered)
 - 129 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
 - 56 1 = Common or important adult task
 - 1 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
 - 0 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1581. ADULTS DO HOUSEKEEPING (codes not ordered)

- 135 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Activity not present
 - 0 1 = Men Only
 - 0 2 = Men Predominant
 - 1 3 = Men and Women Equal
 - 7 4 = Women Predominant
- 39 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 3 9 = Women, No Data on Men

1582. CHILDREN DO HOUSEKEEPING (codes not ordered)

- 144 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Activity not present
 - 0 1 = Boys Only
 - 0 2 = Boys Predominant
 - 1 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
 - 9 4 = Girls Predominant
- 27 5 = Girls Only
- 0 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 2 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 2 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys

1583. CHILDREN UNDER 6 DO HOUSEKEEPING

- 183 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
 - 1 2 = Girls this age
 - 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 1 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1584. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 DO HOUSEKEEPING (codes not ordered)

- 162 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age

- 17 2 = Girls this age
- 5 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 1 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1585. CHILDREN OVER 10 DO HOUSEKEEPING (codes not ordered)

- 161 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
- 17 2 = Girls this age
- 6 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 1 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1586. CHILDREN DO HOUSEKEEPING ALONE (codes not ordered)

- 165 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Activity not present
 - 4 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 16 2 = No, Children do not do this

1587. CHILDREN DO HOUSEKEEPING WITH CHILDREN (codes not ordered)

- 163 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Activity not present
 - 2 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 20 2 = No, Children do not do this

1588. CHILDREN DO HOUSEKEEPING WITH ADULTS (codes not ordered)

- 163 . = Missing data
- 1 0 = Activity not present
- 22 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 0 2 = No, Children do not do this

1589. IMPORTANCE OF BOY HOUSEKEEPING (codes not ordered)

- 178 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Boys do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for boys
 - 4 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important

- 3 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls
- 1590. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL HOUSEKEEPING (codes not ordered)
 - 159 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Girls do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for Girls
 - 26 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by boys

1591. ADULT PREFERENCE HOUSEKEEPING (codes not ordered)

- 140 . = Missing data
- 1 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 45 1 = Common or important adult task
- 0 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 0 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

notes on these codes (none as yet)

HOUSEHOLD DIVISION OF WORK 11

Candice Bradley. 1987. Women, Children and Work. Unpublished Ph.D. dissertation. University of California, Irvine. UMI 8893611.

STDS76.DAT Vars. 1592-1614 Household division of work 11

1592. ADULTS COOK (codes not ordered)

- 110 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present
 - 0 1 = Men Only
- 1 2 = Men Predominant
- 1 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 25 4 = Women Predominant
- 44 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 1 9 = Women, No Data on Men

1593. CHILDREN COOK (codes not ordered)

- 136 . = Missing data
- 0 0 = Activity not present
- 0 1 = Boys Only

- 1 2 = Boys Predominant
- 2 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 12 4 = Girls Predominant
- 31 5 = Girls Only
- 2 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 1 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 1 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys

1594. CHILDREN UNDER 6 COOK (codes not ordered)

- 180 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
 - 3 2 = Girls this age
 - 1 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 2 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1595. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 COOK (codes not ordered)

- 159 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
- 17 2 = Girls this age
- 7 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 2 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 1 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1596. CHILDREN OVER 10 COOK (codes not ordered)

153		=	Missing	data
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- 0 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 1 1 = Boys this age
- 21 2 = Girls this age
- 8 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 2 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 1 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1597. WHO CONTROLS THE PRODUCTS OF COOKING? (codes not ordered)

- 147 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = None (e.g., activity not present)
 - 0 1 = Product consumer is child only
 - 0 2 = Product consumer is household or community
 - 1 3 = Wage labor/Product sold
 - 0 4 = Household and wage labor or product sold
- 37 5 = 1 and 2 above
- 1 6 = All

1598. CHILDREN COOK ALONE (codes not ordered)

- 162 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present
 - 2 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 22 2 = No, Children do not do this

1599. CHILDREN COOK WITH CHILDREN (codes not ordered)

- 162 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present
 - 5 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 19 2 = No, Children do not do this

1600. CHILDREN COOK WITH ADULTS (codes not ordered)

- 162 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present
- 24 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 0 2 = No, Children do not do this

1601. IMPORTANCE OF BOY COOKING (codes not ordered)

- 176 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Boys do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for boys
 - 5 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 5 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls
- 1602. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL COOKING (codes not ordered)
 - 148 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Girls do not do this task
 - 1 1 = The most important task for Girls
 - 37 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by boys

1603. ADULT PREFERENCE COOKING (codes not ordered)

- 119 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 66 1 = Common or important adult task
- 1 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 0 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1604. ADULTS TEND FIRES (codes not ordered)

- 156 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present
 - 0 1 = Men Only
 - 0 2 = Men Predominant
 - 4 3 = Men and Women Equal
 - 6 4 = Women Predominant
- 15 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 2 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 3 9 = Women, No Data on Men

1605. CHILDREN TEND FIRES (codes not ordered)

- 172 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present
 - 0 1 = Boys Only
 - 0 2 = Boys Predominant
 - 1 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
 - 3 4 = Girls Predominant
 - 4 5 = Girls Only
 - 0 6 = Not a Child's Task
 - 3 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 0 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
 - 3 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys

1606. CHILDREN UNDER 6 TEND FIRES (codes not ordered)

- 186 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
 - 0 2 = Girls this age
 - 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex

- 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1607. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 TEND FIRES (codes not ordered)

- 179 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
 - 4 2 = Girls this age
 - 2 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 1 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1608. CHILDREN OVER 10 TEND FIRES (codes not ordered)

- 178 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 1 1 = Boys this age
 - 4 2 = Girls this age
 - 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 2 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 1 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1609. CHILDREN TEND FIRES ALONE (codes not ordered)

- 182 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present
 - 0 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 4 2 = No, Children do not do this

1610. CHILDREN TEND FIRES ALONG WITH OTHER CHILDREN (codes not ordered)

182 . = Missing data

- 0 0 = Activity not present
- 1 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 3 2 = No, Children do not do this

1611. CHILDREN TEND FIRES WITH ADULTS (codes not ordered)

- 182 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present

- 4 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 0 2 = No, Children do not do this
- 1612. IMPORTANCE OF BOY TENDING FIRES (codes not ordered)
 - 181 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Boys do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for boys
 - 3 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 2 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1613. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL TENDING FIRES (codes not ordered)

- 178 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Girls do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for Girls
 - 8 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by boys
- 1614. ADULT PREFERENCE IN TENDING FIRES
 - 167 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
 - 18 1 = Common or important adult task
 - 1 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
 - 0 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

notes on these codes (none as yet) HOUSEHOLD DIVISION OF WORK 12

Candice Bradley. 1987. Women, Children and Work. Unpublished Ph.D. dissertation. University of California, Irvine. UMI 8893611.

STDS77.DAT Vars. 1615-1647 Household division of work 12

1615. ADULTS GATHER FUEL (codes not ordered)

- 135 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present
 - 0 1 = Men Only
 - 5 2 = Men Predominant
 - 2 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 13 4 = Women Predominant
- 27 5 = Women Only

- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 3 9 = Women, No Data on Men

1616. CHILDREN GATHER FUEL (codes not ordered)

- 138 . = Missing data
- 0 0 = Activity not present
- 2 1 = Boys Only
- 4 2 = Boys Predominant
- 5 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
- 6 4 = Girls Predominant
- 21 5 = Girls Only
- 0 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 7 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 2 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys

1617. CHILDREN UNDER 6 GATHER FUEL (codes not ordered)

- 180 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 1 1 = Boys this age
 - 2 2 = Girls this age
 - 2 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 1 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1618. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 GATHER FUEL (codes not ordered)

- 164 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
 - 9 2 = Girls this age
 - 8 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 1 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 1 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 3 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1619. CHILDREN OVER 10 GATHER FUEL (codes not ordered)

164 . = Missing data

- 0 0 = Children this age do not do task
- 1 1 = Boys this age
- 10 2 = Girls this age
- 7 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 3 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1620. CHILDREN GATHER FUEL ALONE (codes not ordered)

- 173 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present
- 3 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 10 2 = No, Children do not do this

1621. CHILDREN GATHER FUEL WITH CHILDREN (codes not ordered)

- 172 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present
 - 4 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 10 2 = No, Children do not do this

1622. CHILDREN GATHER FUEL WITH ADULTS (codes not ordered)

- 173 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Activity not present
- 13 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 0 2 = No, Children do not do this

1623. IMPORTANCE OF BOY GATHERING FUEL (codes not ordered)

- 172 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Boys do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for boys
- 10 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 4 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1624. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL GATHERING FUEL (codes not ordered)

- 158 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = Girls do not do this task
 - 1 1 = The most important task for Girls
- 26 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 1 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by boys

1625. ADULT PREFERENCE FUEL GATHERING (codes not ordered)

- 145 . = Missing data
 - 0 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 36 1 = Common or important adult task
- 3 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 2 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1626. ADULTS CARRY BURDENS (codes not ordered)

- 135 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Activity not present
 - 2 1 = Men Only
 - 5 2 = Men Predominant
 - 9 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 15 4 = Women Predominant
- 7 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 2 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 10 9 = Women, No Data on Men

1627. CHILDREN CARRY BURDENS (codes not ordered)

- 161 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Activity not present
 - 1 1 = Boys Only
 - 1 2 = Boys Predominant
 - 6 3 = Boys and Girls Equal
 - 3 4 = Girls Predominant
 - 5 5 = Girls Only
 - 1 6 = Not a Child's Task
 - 4 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 1 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
 - 2 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys

1628. CHILDREN UNDER 6 CARRY BURDENS (codes not ordered)

- 182 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
 - 0 2 = Girls this age
 - 1 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls

2 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1629. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 CARRY BURDENS (codes not ordered)

- 181 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
 - 0 2 = Girls this age
 - 3 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 1 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1630. CHILDREN OVER 10 CARRY BURDENS (codes not ordered)

- 177 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 1 1 = Boys this age
 - 2 2 = Girls this age
 - 3 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 1 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 1 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1631. CHILDREN CARRY BURDENS ALONE (codes not ordered)

180 . = Missing data

- 1 0 = Activity not present
- 1 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 4 2 = No, Children do not do this

1632. CHILDREN CARRY BURDENS ALONG WITH OTHER CHILDREN (codes not ordered)

- 180 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Activity not present
 - 2 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 3 2 = No, Children do not do this

1633. CHILDREN CARRY BURDENS WITH ADULTS (codes not ordered)

- 180 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Activity not present
 - 5 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 0 2 = No, Children do not do this

1634. IMPORTANCE OF BOY CARRYING BURDENS (codes not ordered)

- 180 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Boys do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for boys
 - 4 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 1 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1635. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL CARRYING BURDENS (codes not ordered)

- 174 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = Girls do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for Girls
- 11 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by boys

1636. ADULT PREFERENCE IN CARRYING BURDENS (codes not ordered)

- 158 . = Missing data
 - 1 0 = None (e.g.,Activity not present)
- 26 1 = Common or important adult task
- 1 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 0 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

1637. ADULTS CARRY WATER (codes not ordered)

135 . = Missing data

- 2 0 = Activity not present
- 0 1 = Men Only
- 1 2 = Men Predominant
- 2 3 = Men and Women Equal
- 5 4 = Women Predominant
- 39 5 = Women Only
- 0 6 = Not an Adult Task
- 0 7 = Adult Task, No Data on Sex
- 0 8 = Men, No Data on Women
- 2 9 = Women, No Data on Men

1638. CHILDREN CARRY WATER (codes not ordered)

- 137 . = Missing data
 - 2 0 = Activity not present
 - 1 1 = Boys Only
 - 0 2 = Boys Predominant
 - 3 3 = Boys and Girls Equal

- 10 4 = Girls Predominant
- 26 5 = Girls Only
- 0 6 = Not a Child's Task
- 5 7 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 8 = Boys, No Data on Girls
- 1 9 = Girls, No Data on Boys

1639. CHILDREN UNDER 6 CARRY WATER (codes not ordered)

- 180 . = Missing data
 - 2 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
 - 4 2 = Girls this age
 - 0 3 = Boys and Girls this age
 - 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
 - 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
 - 0 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
 - 0 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1640. CHILDREN 6 TO 10 CARRY WATER (codes not ordered)

- 156 . = Missing data
 - 2 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 0 1 = Boys this age
- 16 2 = Girls this age
- 9 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 2 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1641. CHILDREN OVER 10 CARRY WATER

- 154 . = Missing data
 - 2 0 = Children this age do not do task
 - 1 1 = Boys this age
- 20 2 = Girls this age
- 6 3 = Boys and Girls this age
- 0 4 = Not a Child's Task
- 0 5 = Child Task, no Data on Sex
- 1 6 = Boys this age, No Data on Girls
- 2 7 = Girls this age, No Data on Boys

1642. CHILDREN CARRY WATER ALONE (codes not ordered)

- 172 . = Missing data
 - 2 0 = Activity not present

- 1 1 = Yes, Children do this
- 11 2 = No, Children do not do this

1643. CHILDREN CARRY WATER ALONG WITH OTHER CHILDREN (codes not ordered)

- 171 . = Missing data
 - 2 0 = Activity not present
 - 8 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 5 2 = No, Children do not do this

1644. CHILDREN CARRY WATER WITH ADULTS (codes not ordered)

- 172 . = Missing data
 - 2 0 = Activity not present
 - 9 1 = Yes, Children do this
 - 3 2 = No, Children do not do this

1645. IMPORTANCE OF BOY CARRYING WATER (codes not ordered)

- 172 . = Missing data
 - 2 0 = Boys do not do this task
 - 0 1 = The most important task for boys
 - 7 2 = Boys commonly do the task, but not their most important
 - 5 3 = Boys rarely do, or usually done by girls

1646. IMPORTANCE OF GIRL CARRYING WATER (codes not ordered)

155 . = Missing data

- 2 0 = Girls do not do this task
- 2 1 = The most important task for Girls
- 27 2 = Girls commonly do the task, but not their most important
- 0 3 = Girls rarely do, or usually done by boys

1647. ADULT PREFERENCE IN CARRYING WATER (codes not ordered)

- 148 . = Missing data
 - 2 0 = None (e.g., Activity not present)
- 31 1 = Common or important adult task
- 4 2 = Not preferred by adults, considered child's task
- 1 3 = Usually adult task; kids do only if suitable adult absent

notes on these codes (none as yet)

WARFARE, AGGRESSION, AND RESOURCE PROBLEMS CODES

Ember, Carol R. and Melvin Ember. 1992. Codebook for "Warfare, Aggression, and Resource Problems: Cross-Cultural Codes". Behavior Science Research; Vol 26: 169-186.

STDS78.DAT Vars. 1648-1691 Warfare, Aggression, Resource Problems

1648. Overall frequency of warfare (resolved rating) (codes not ordered)

- 19 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
- 39 1 = Warfare seems to be absent or rare (original code 1)
- 2 2 = original code 1.25
- 5 3 = original code 1.5
- 1 4 = original code 1.625
- 2 5 = original code 1.75
- 9 6 = Warfare seems to occur once every 3 to 10 years
 - * (original code 2)
- 3 7 = original code 2.25
- 6 8 = original code 2.5
- 4 9 = original code 2.75
- 4 10 = Warfare seems to occur at least once every 2 years
 - * (original code 3)
- 4 11 = original code 3.25
- 9 12 = original code 3.5
- 5 13 = original code 3.75
- 5 14 = Warfare seems to occur every year, but usually only
- * during a particular season (original code 4)
- 1 15 = original code 4.25
- 12 16 = original code 4.5
- 5 17 = original code 4.75
- 44 18 = Warfare seems to occur almost constantly and at any
 - * time of the year (original code 5)
- 7 88 = Don't know or unclear (original code 8)

1649. Frequency of internal warfare (resolved rating) (codes not ordered)

- 23 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
- 60 1 = Internal warfare seems to be absent or rare
- * (original code 1)
- 4 2 = original code 1.25
- 5 3 = original code 1.5
- 4 4 = original code 1.75
- 7 5 = Internal warfare seems to occur once every 3 to 10
 - * years (original code 2)
- 3 6 = original code 2.25
- 5 7 = original code 2.5
- 2 8 = original code 2.75

- 4 9 = Internal warfare seems to occur once every 2 years
 - * (original code 3)
- 3 10 = original code 3.25
- 6 11 = original code 3.5
- 2 12 = original code 3.75
- 8 13 = Internal warfare seems to occur every year, but
 - * usually only during a particular season (original code 4)
- 1 14 = original code 4.25
- 10 15 = original code 4.5
- 1 16 = original code 4.75
- 27 17 = Internal warfare seems to occur almost constantly and
 - * at any time of the year (original code 5)
- 11 88 = Don't know or unclear (original code 8)
- 1650. Frequency of external warfare (resolved rating) (codes not ordered)
 - 26 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
 - 52 1 = External warfare seems to be absent or rare (original code 1)
 - 2 2 = original code 1.25
 - 8 3 = original code 1.5
 - 1 4 = original code 1.75
 - 10 5 = External warfare seems to occur once every 3 to 10
 - * years (original code 2)
 - 3 6 = original code 2.25
 - 7 7 = original code 2.5
 - 2 8 = original code 2.75
 - 6 9 = External warfare seems to occur at least once every
 - * two years (original code 3)
 - 3 10 = original code 3.25
 - 3 11 = original code 3.5
 - 3 12 = original code 3.75
 - 5 13 = External warfare seems to occur every year, but
 - * usually only during a particular season (original code 4)
 - 1 14 = original code 4.25
 - 7 15 = original code 4.5
 - 4 16 = original code 4.75
 - 37 17 = External warfare seems to occur almost constantly and
 - * at any time of the year (original code 5)
 - 6 88 = Don't know or unclear (original code 8)
- 1651. Reliability of Overall Warfare Ratings (codes not ordered)
 - 11 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 * for reasons)
 - 80 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the
 - * situation when they both said "don't know")

- 21 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 point apart on the original scale
- 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart 24
 - * on the original scale

*

- 4 = One of the first two coders says "don't know" and the
 - * other two coders would have received a reliability
 - score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
- 11 5 = The coders are more than 1 point apart on the original
 - scale, but the ratings do not cross the dichotomy on
 - frequency (greater than or equal to once every two years
 - * vs. less often) that we have used in previous studies of warfare
- 6 = One coder says "don't know" and the two others would 2
 - * have received a reliability score of 5 if they had
 - * been the only raters
- 31 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart and do not meet * the condition mentioned in reliability score 5
- 8 = One rater says "don't know" and does not meet the
 - conditions specified in reliability scores 4 or 6

1652. Reliability of Internal Warfare Ratings (codes not ordered)

- 12 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL * for reasons)
- 84 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the * situation when they both said "don't know")
- 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 point apart 11
 - * on the original scale
- 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart 19 * on the original scale

 - 4 = One of the first two coders says "don't know" and the
 - * other two coders would have received a reliability
 - score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
- 5 = The coders are more than 1 point apart on the original
 - * scale, but the ratings do not cross the dichotomy on
 - frequency (greater than or equal to once every two years
 - vs. less often) that we have used in previous studies of warfare *
- 6 = One coder says "don't know" and the two others would 2
 - have received a reliability score of 5 if they had
 - * been the only raters
- 35 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart and do not meet
 - * the condition mentioned in reliability score 5
- 8 = One rater says "don't know" and does not meet the 10
 - * conditions specified in reliability scores 4 or 6

1653. Reliability of External Warfare Ratings (codes not ordered)

- 14 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 * for reasons)
- 84 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the * situation when they both said "don't know")
- 13 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 point apart
- 20 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart
- 4 4 = One of the first two coders says " don't know" and the
 - * other two coders would have received a reliability
 - * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
- 11 5 = The coders are more than 1 point apart, but the
 - * ratings do not cross the dichotomy on frequency
 - * (greater than or equal to once every two years vs.
 - * less often) that we have used in previous studies of
 - * warfare
- 3 6 = One coder says "don't know" and the two others would
 - * have received a reliability score of 5 if they had
 - * been the only raters
- 23 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart and do not meet * the condition mentioned in reliability score 5
- 14 8 = One rater says "don't know" and does not meet the
 - * conditions specified in reliability scores 4 or 6

1654. Pacification

- 73 1 = Not pacified for all or part of the twenty-five-year
 - * time period (as reported by ethnographer)
- 41 2 = Inferred to be unpacified because warfare frequency is
 - * greater than or equal to 3
- 9 3 = Not completely pacified: some indication that warfare * has decreased because of pacification attempts
- 28 4 = Pacified before the twenty-five-year ethnographic * present
 - -
- 3 6 = The culture is part of a state society; since the
 - culture is not independent, pacification cannot be
 judged
- 19 7 = Ambiguous or contradictory information
- 13 9 = Not enough information to judge
- 1655. Outcomes regarding land in internal warfare (codes not ordered)
 - 32 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
 - 27 1 = The defeated are never driven from their territory
 - * (original code 1)
 - 1 2 = original code 1.25

- 2 3 = original code 1.5
- 4 4 = The defeated are sometimes driven from their
 - * territory, and the victorious rarely use the land of
 - * the defeated (original code 2)
- 3 5 = original code 2.5
- 16 6 = The defeated are sometimes driven from their
 - * territory, and the victorious sometimes use the land
 - * of the defeated (original code 3)
- 1 7 = original code 3.75
- 2 8 = The defeated are usually driven from their territory,
 - * and the victorious sometimes use the land of the
 - * defeated (original code 4)
- 1 9 = original code 4.5
- 1 10 = original code 4.75
- 10 11 = The defeated are usually driven from their territory,
 - * and the victorious usually use the land of the
 - defeated (original code 5)
- 2 12 = Land is taken, but apparently not used (original code 7)
- 30 88 = Don't know (original code 8)
- 54 99 = Not applicable (there is no or rare warfare of this type)
 - * (original code 9)
- 1656. Outcomes regarding land in external warfare (codes not ordered)
 - 41 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
 - 21 1 = The defeated are never driven from their territory
 * (original code 1)
 - 2 2 = original code 1.5
 - 6 3 = The defeated are sometimes driven from their
 - * territory, and the victorious rarely use the land of
 - * the defeated (original code 2)
 - 3 4 = original code 2.5
 - 10 5 = The defeated are sometimes driven from their
 - * territory, and the victorious sometimes use the land
 - * of the defeated (original code 3)
 - 1 6 = original code 3.25
 - 2 7 = original code 3.5
 - 4 8 = The defeated are usually driven from their territory,
 - * and the victorious sometimes use the land of the
 - * defeated (original code 4)
 - 5 9 = original code 4.5
 - 17 10 = The defeated are usually driven from their territory,
 - * and the victorious usually use the land of the
 - * defeated (original code 5)
 - 25 88 = Don't know (original code 8)
 - 49 99 = Not applicable (there is no or rare warfare of this type)

- * (original code 9)
- 1657. Outcomes regarding land in war overall combined scale scores (codes not ordered) from Vars 1655 and 1656 according to the rules following this section:
 - 106 0 = No score (original code 0)
 - 22 1 = Original score 1
 - 2 2 = Original score 1.5
 - 5 3 = Original score 2
 - 2 4 = Original score 2.5
 - 17 5 = Original score 3
 - 1 6 = Original score 3.25
 - 5 7 = Original score 4
 - 5 8 = Original score 4.5
 - 21 9 = Original score 5

If both internal and external warfare were present, and if the coders made a resolved rating for both types of outcomes, we used the higher scale score of Vars 1655 or 1656 for the rating of Var 1657. If there was only one resolved rating (between 1 and 5 on the original scale) and the other rating was 8 ("don't know"), we used the former, but only if that score was in the high categories (3-5); if the former scale was in the low categories (1-2), the case was listed as uncodable in Var 1657. If there was only 1 resolved rating between 1 and 5, and if the other rating was 9 ("not applicable"), we used the former for Var 1657. If the case could not be coded for the above rules, or if the scores for internal and external warfare were 8 or 9, the case was scored as 0.

1658. Outcomes regarding nonland resources in internal warfare (codes not ordered)

- 33 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
- 7 1 = Nonland resources are never taken from the defeated
 - * (original code 1)
- 1 2 = original code 1.25
- 1 3 = original code 1.75
- 4 4 = Nonland resources are sometimes taken from the
 - * defeated (original code 2)
- 2 5 = original code 2.25
- 4 6 = original code 2.5
- 1 7 = original code 2.75
- 3 8 = Nonland resources are usually taken from the defeated
 - * (original code 3)

- 1 9 = original code 3.25
- 12 10 = original code 3.5
- 1 11 = original code 3.75
- 38 12 = Nonland resources are always taken from the defeated
 - * (original code 4)
- 25 88 = Don't know (original code 8)
- 53 99 = Not applicable (there is no warfare of this type)
 - * (original code 9)
- 1659. Outcomes regarding nonland resources in external warfare (codes not ordered)
 - 34 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
 - 2 1 = Nonland resources are never taken from the defeated
 - * (original code 1)
 - 1 2 = original code 1.5
 - 1 3 = original code 1.75
 - 1 4 = Nonland resources are sometimes taken from the
 - * defeated (original code 2)
 - 2 5 = original code 2.25
 - 4 6 = original code 2.5
 - 1 7 = original code 2.75
 - 4 8 = Nonland resources are usually taken from the defeated
 - * (original code 3)
 - 13 9 = original code 3.5
 - 5 10 = original code 3.75
 - 49 11 = Nonland resources are always taken from the defeated
 - * (original code 4)
 - 20 12 = Don't know (original code 8)
 - 49 88 = Not applicable (there is no or rare warfare of this type)
 - * (original code 9)
- 1660. Outcomes regarding nonland resources in war overall combined scale (codes not ordered) scores from Vars 1658 and 1659 according to the rules following this section:
 - 89 0 = No score (original code 0)
 - 3 1 = Original score 1
 - 2 2 = Original score 1.75
 - 1 3 = Original score 2
 - 2 4 = Original score 2.25
 - 3 5 = Original score 2.5
 - 2 6 = Original score 2.75
 - 3 7 = Original score 3
 - 16 8 = Original score 3.5
 - 4 9 = Original score 3.75
 - 61 10 = Original score 4

If both internal and external warfare were present,

and if the coders made a resolved rating for both types of outcomes, we used the higher scale score of Var 1658 or 1659 for the rating of Var 1660. If there was only one resolved rating (between 1 and 5 on the original scale) and the other rating was 8 ("don't know"), we used the former, but only if that score was in the high categories (3-4); if the former scale was in the low categories (1-2), the case was listed as uncodable in Var 1660. If there was only 1 resolved rating between 1 and 5, and if the other rating was 9 ("not applicable"), we used the former for Var 1660. If the case could not be coded for the above rules, or if the original scores for internal and external warfare were 8 or 9, the case was scored as 0.

1661. Reliability of Outcomes of Internal Warfare Ratings (Var. 1655) (codes not ordered)

- 17 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 - for reasons)
- 89 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the
 - * situation when they both said "don't know")
- 2 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 apart
 - * on the original scale
- 5 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart * on the original scale
- 11 4 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable" and
 - * the other two coders would have received a reliability
 - * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
- 5 5 = The coders are more than 1 point apart on the original scale
 - * (from 1-5), but the ratings do not cross the dichotomy
 - * between scores 2 and 3 on Var. 1655
- 12 6 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable", and
 - * the two others would have received a reliability score
 - * of 5 if they had been the only raters. Also scored as
 - * 6: one coder said "don't know" and the other said "not
 * applicable"
- 7 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart on the original scale
 - * and their scores are not on one side of the dichotomy
 - * mentioned in reliability score 5
- 38 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know" or
 - * "not applicable", and the second one (if only two
 - * raters) assigned a score of 1-5 to the case; if there
 - * are three raters, the other two do not meet the
 - * reliability conditions of reliability scores 4 or 6

1662. Reliability of Outcomes of External Warfare Ratings (Var. 1656) (codes not ordered)

- 18 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 - for reasons)
- 65 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the * situation when they both said "don't know")
 - -----,
- 1 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 apart
 - * on the original scale
- 6 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart
 - on the original scale
- 10 4 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable" and
 - * the other two coders would have received a reliability
 - * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
- 7 5 = The coders are more than 1 point apart on the original scale
 - * (from 1-5), but the ratings do not cross the dichotomy
 - * between scores 2 and 3 on Var. 1656
- 14 6 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable", and
 - * the two others would have received a reliability score
 - * of 5 if they had been the only raters. Also scored as
 - * 6: one coder said "don't know" and the other said "not
 - * applicable"
- 16 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart on the original scale
 - * and their scores are not on one side of the dichotomy
 - * mentioned in reliability score 5
- 49 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know" or
 - * "not applicable", and the second one (if only two
 - * raters) assigned a score of 1-5 to the case; if there
 - * are three raters, the other two do not meet the
 - * reliability conditions of reliability scores 4 or 6
- 1663. Reliability of Outcomes of Internal Warfare Ratings (Var. 1658) (codes not ordered)
 - 18 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 - * for reasons)
 - 83 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the
 - * situation when they both said "don't know")
 - 3 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 apart
 - * on the original scale
 - 15 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart
 * on the original scale
 - 17 4 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable" and
 - * the other two coders would have received a reliability
 - * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
 - 4 5 = The coders are more than 1 point apart on the original scale
 - * (from 1-5), but the ratings do not cross the dichotomy
 - * between scores 1 and 2 on Var. 1658

- 11 6 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable", and
 - * the two others would have received a reliability score
 - * of 5 if they had been the only raters. Also scored as
 - * 6: one coder said "don't know" and the other said "not
 - * applicable"
 - 4 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart on the original scale
 - * and their scores are not on one side of the dichotomy
 - * mentioned in reliability score 5
- 31 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know" or
 - * "not applicable", and the second one (if only two
 - * raters) assigned a score of 1-5 to the case; if there
 - * are three raters, the other two do not meet the
 - * reliability conditions of reliability scores 4 or 6
- 1664. Reliability of Outcomes of External Warfare ratings (Var. 1659) (codes not ordered)
 - 18 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 - * for reasons)
 - 79 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the
 - * situation when they both said "don't know")
 - 4 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 apart
 - * on the original scale
 - 12 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart
 - * on the original scale
 - 21 4 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable" and
 - * the other two coders would have received a reliability
 - score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
 - 3 5 = The coders are more than 1 point apart on the original scale
 - * (from 1-5), but the ratings do not cross the dichotomy
 - * between scores 1 and 2 on Var. 1659
 - 13 6 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable", and
 - * the two others would have received a reliability score
 - * of 5 if they had been the only raters. Also scored as
 - * 6: one coder said "don't know" and the other said "not
 - * applicable"
 - 0 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart on the original scale
 - * and their scores are not on one side of the dichotomy
 - * mentioned in reliability score 5
 - 36 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know" or
 - * "not applicable", and the second one (if only two
 - * raters) assigned a score of 1-5 to the case; if there
 - * are three raters, the other two do not meet the
 - * reliability conditions of reliability scores 4 or 6

1665. Individual Aggression - Homicide (codes not ordered)

- 31 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
- 45 1 = Low (original code 1)
- 8 2 = original code 1.25
- 10 3 = original code 1.5
- 2 4 = original code 1.75
- 25 5 = Moderate (original code 2)
- 6 6 = original code 2.25
- 7 7 = original code 2.5
- 5 8 = original code 2.75
- 13 9 = High (original code 3)
- 34 88 = Don't know (original code 8)

1666. Individual Aggression - Assault (codes not ordered)

- 31 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
- 29 1 = Low (original code 1)
- 7 2 = original code 1.25
- 13 3 = original code 1.5
- 2 4 = original code 1.75
- 20 5 = Moderate (original code 2)
- 4 6 = original code 2.25
- 7 7 = original code 2.5
- 6 8 = original code 2.75
- 25 9 = High (original code 3)
- 42 88 = Don't know (original code 8)

1667. Individual Aggression - Theft (codes not ordered)

- 32 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
- 37 1 = Low (original code 1)
- 4 2 = original code 1.25
- 14 3 = original code 1.5
- 2 4 = original code 1.75
- 21 5 = Moderate (original code 2)
- 1 6 = original code 2.25
- 8 7 = original code 2.5
- 2 8 = original code 2.75
- 23 9 = High (original code 3)
- 42 88 = Don't know (original code 8)

1668. Individual Aggression - Trespass (codes not ordered)

- 47 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
- 21 1 = Low (original code 1)
- 1 2 = original code 1.25
- 9 3 = original code 1.5

- 1 4 = original code 1.75
- 10 5 = Moderate (original code 2)
- 0 6 = original code 2.25
- 2 7 = original code 2.5
- 1 8 = original code 2.75
- 9 9 = High (original code 3)
- 76 88 = Don't know (original code 8)
- 9 99 = Not applicable (used only in the case of trespass)
- 1669. Individual Aggression Suicide (resolved ratings) (codes not ordered)
 - 27 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
 - 46 1 = Low (original code 1)
 - 1 2 = original code 1.25
 - 5 3 = original code 1.5
 - 3 4 = original code 1.75
 - 19 5 = Moderate (original code 2)
 - 0 6 = original code 2.25
 - 7 7 = original code 2.5
 - 0 8 = original code 2.75
 - 6 9 = High (original code 3)
 - 72 88 = Don't know (original code 8)

1670. Reliability of Individual Aggression Ratings-Homicide (Var. 1665) (codes not ordered)

- 14 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 - for reasons)
- 81 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the
 - * situation when they both said "don't know")
- 12 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 apart
 - * on the original scale
- 15 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart
 - * on the original scale
- 14 4 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable" and
 - * the other two coders would have received a reliability
 - * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
- 11 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart
 - * on the original scale
- 39 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know" or
 - * "not applicable", and the second one (if only two
 - * raters) assigned a score of 1-3 to the case; if there
 - * are three raters, the other two do not meet the
 - * reliability conditions of reliability score 4

1671. Reliability of Individual Aggression Ratings-Assault (Var. 1666) (codes not ordered)

14 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL

for reasons)

- 81 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the
 - * situation when they both said "don't know")
- 17 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 apart
 - * on the original scale
- 26 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart
 - * on the original scale
- 9 4 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable" and
 - * the other two coders would have received a reliability
 - * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
- 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart
- * on the original scale
- 30 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know" or
 - * "not applicable", and the second one (if only two
 - * raters) assigned a score of 1-3 to the case; if there
 - * are three raters, the other two do not meet the
 - * reliability conditions of reliability score 4
- 1672. Reliability of Individual Aggression Ratings-Theft (Var. 1667) (codes not ordered)
 - 14 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 - for reasons)
 - 93 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the * situation when they both said "don't know")
 - 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 apart
 - * on the original scale
 - 21 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart
 - * on the original scale
 - 7 4 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable" and
 - * the other two coders would have received a reliability
 - * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
 - 17 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart
 - * on the original scale
 - 28 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know" or
 - * "not applicable", and the second one (if only two
 - * raters) assigned a score of 1-3 to the case; if there
 - * are three raters, the other two do not meet the
 - * reliability conditions of reliability score 4
- 1673. Reliability of Individual Aggression Ratings-Trespass (Var. 1668) (codes not ordered)
 - 35 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 - * for reasons)
 - 80 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the
 - * situation when they both said "don't know")

- 1 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 apart
 - * on the original scale
- 7 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart
 - * on the original scale
- 8 4 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable" and
 - * the other two coders would have received a reliability
 - * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
- 4 6 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable"
- 1 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart
 - * on the original scale
- 50 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know" or
 - * "not applicable", and the second one (if only two
 - * raters) assigned a score of 1-3 to the case; if there
 - * are three raters, the other two do not meet the
 - * reliability conditions of reliability scores 4 or 6
- 1674. Reliability of Individual Aggression Ratings-Suicide (Var. 1669) (codes not ordered)
 - 15 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 - for reasons)
 - 111 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the
 - * situation when they both said "don't know")
 - 3 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 apart
 - * on the original scale
 - 17 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart
 * on the original scale
 - 6 4 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable" and
 - * the other two coders would have received a reliability
 - * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
 - 3 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart
 - * on the original scale
 - 31 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know" or
 - * "not applicable", and the second one (if only two
 - * raters) assigned a score of 1-3 to the case; if there
 - * are three raters, the other two do not meet the
 - * reliability conditions of reliability score 4
- 1675. Socially Organized Homicide (codes not ordered)
 - 83 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
 - 23 1 = Low (original code 1)
 - 4 2 = original code 1.25
 - 5 3 = original code 1.5
 - 2 4 = original code 1.75
 - 8 5 = Moderate (original code 2)
 - 5 6 = original code 2.25

- 6 7 = original code 2.5
- 5 8 = original code 2.75
- 9 9 = High (original code 3)
- 36 88 = Don't know (original code 8)

1676. Socially Organized Assault (codes not ordered)

- 80 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
- 13 1 = Low (original code 1)
- 3 2 = original code 1.5
- 5 3 = Moderate (original code 2)
- 2 4 = original code 2.25
- 9 5 = original code 2.5
- 3 6 = original code 2.75
- 11 7 = High (original code 3)
- 60 8 = Don't know (original code 8)

1677. Socially Organized Theft (codes not ordered)

- 81 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
- 22 1 = Low (original code 1)
- 1 2 = original code 1.75
- 2 3 = Moderate (original code 2)
- 1 4 = original code 2.25
- 3 5 = original code 2.5
- 1 6 = original code 2.75
- 8 7 = High (original code 3)
- 67 8 = Don't know (original code 8)

1678. Socially Organized Trespass (codes not ordered)

- 88 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
- 11 1 = Low (original code 1)
- 2 2 = original code 1.5
- 5 3 = High (original code 3)
- 71 8 = Don't know (original code 8)
- 9 9 = Not applicable (used only in the case of trespass)
 - * (original code 9)
- 1679. Reliability of Socially Organized Homicide Ratings (Var. 1675) (codes not ordered)
 - 70 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 - * for reasons)
 - 43 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the
 - * situation when they both said "don't know")
 - 8 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 apart

- * on the original scale
- 7 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart
 - * on the original scale
- 12 4 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable" and
 - * the other two coders would have received a reliability
 - * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
- 7 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart
 - on the original scale
- 39 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know" or
 - * "not applicable", and the second one (if only two
 - * raters) assigned a score of 1-3 to the case; if there
 - * are three raters, the other two do not meet the
 - * reliability conditions of reliability score 4
- 1680. Reliability of Socially Organized Assault Ratings (Var. 1676) (codes not ordered)
 - 68 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 - * for reasons)
 - 47 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the
 - * situation when they both said "don't know")
 - 2 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 apart
 - * on the original scale
 - 10 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart
 - * on the original scale
 - 6 4 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable" and
 - * the other two coders would have received a reliability
 - * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
 - 4 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart
 - * on the original scale
 - 49 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know" or
 - * "not applicable", and the second one (if only two
 - * raters) assigned a score of 1-3 to the case; if there
 - * are three raters, the other two do not meet the
 - * reliability conditions of reliability score 4
- 1681. Reliability of Socially Organized Theft Ratings (Var. 1677) (codes not ordered)
 - 68 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 - for reasons)
 - 53 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the
 - * situation when they both said "don't know")
 - 2 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 apart
 - * on the original scale
 - 1 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart
 - * on the original scale
 - 9 4 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable" and

- * the other two coders would have received a reliability
- * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
- 3 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart
- 50 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know" or
 - * "not applicable", and the second one (if only two
 - * raters) assigned a score of 1-3 to the case; if there
 - * are three raters, the other two do not meet the
 - * reliability conditions of reliability score 4
- 1682. Reliability of Socially Organized Trespass Ratings (Var. 1678) (codes not ordered)
 - 73 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 - * for reasons)
 - 54 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the
 - * situation when they both said "don't know")
 - 0 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 apart
 - * on the original scale
 - 0 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart
 - * on the original scale
 - 7 4 = One coder says "don't know" or "not applicable" and
 - * the other two coders would have received a reliability
 - * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
 - 6 6 = One coder says "don't know," and the other said
 - * "not applicable"
 - 46 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know" or
 - * "not applicable", and the second one (if only two
 - * raters) assigned a score of 1-3 to the case; if there
 - * are three raters, the other two do not meet the
 - * reliability conditions of reliability scores 4

1683. Threat of Famine (resolved rating) (codes not ordered)

- 17 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
- 47 1 = Low threat of famine in the 25-year time period food is
 - * reported to be ample or adequate, with no report of famine;
 - * or famine occurred only in the past; or occasional periods
 - * of food shortage are reported, but the scare foods are
 - * reported to be replaced by other available foods; or
 - * there may be chronic hunger in the absence of the
 - * conditions immediately below (original scores 2-4)
 - * (original code 1)
- 1 2 = original code 1.5
- 39 3 = Moderate threat of famine there is no reported
 - * famine during the 25-year time period, but the
 - * ethnographer states that there is an ever present
 - threat of famine (original code 2)

- 21 4 = Moderately high threat of famine one famine occurred
 - * during the 25-year time period (original code 3)
- 2 5 = original code 3.5
- 9 6 = High more than one famine occurred during the
 - * 25-year time period (original code 4)
- 50 8 = Don't know (original code 8)

1684. Threat of weather or pest disasters (codes not ordered)

- 17 0 = No resolved rating
- 29 1 = Low threat of severe natural disrupters of the food
 * supply
- 33 2 = Moderate threat of severe natural disrupters of food
 * supply
- 20 3 = Moderately high threat of severe natural disrupters of
 - * food supply
- 32 4 = High
- 55 8 = Don't know

1685. Chronic resource problems (resolved ratings) (codes not ordered)

- 16 0 = No resolved rating (original code 0)
- 73 1 = Low or rare (original code 1)
- 6 2 = original code 1.5
- 44 3 = There are some "hungry times" during the year when
 - * people complain that they do not have enough food or
 - enough of a particular food (original code 2)
- 14 4 = Some members of the population usually do not have
 - * enough to eat (original code 3)
- 7 5 = Most members of the population usually do not have
 - * enough to eat i.e., they are chronically
 - * undernourished (original code 4)
- 26 8 = Don't know (original code 8)

1686. Reliability of Threat of Famine Ratings (Var. 1683) (codes not ordered)

- 15 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 - * for reasons)
- 102 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the
 - * situation when they both said "don't know")
 - 0 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 point apart
 - * on the original scale (except that the difference between
 - * 1.0 and 1.5 is coded as 7 because 1.5 suggests some
 - * problem, whereas 1.0 suggests no problem)
- 14 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart,
 - * on the original scale and ratings do not cross the

- * boundary between 1.0 (no problem), and some problem
- * (1.5 and higher) on the original scale
- 12 4 = One of the first two coders says "don't know", and the
 - * other two raters would have received a reliability
 - * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
 - 5 = The coders are more than 1 point apart on the original * scale, but the ratings do not cross the dichotomy between
 - * 1.0 and more than 1.0 on the original scale
- 0 6 = One coder says "don't know" and the other two raters
 - * would have received a reliability score of 5 if they
 - * had been the only raters
- 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart and their scores
 - * are not on one side of the dichotomy mentioned in
 - reliability score 5
- 31 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know", and
 - * the second one (if there are only two raters) is
 - * assigned a score of 1-5; if there are three raters,
 - * the other two do not meet the reliability conditions
 - * of reliability score 4 or 6
- 1687. Reliability of Threat of Natural and Pest Disaster Rating (Var 1684) (codes not ordered)
 - 15 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 - * for reasons)
 - 99 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the
 - * situation when they both said "don't know")
 - 1 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 point apart
 - * on the original scale (except that the difference between
 - * 1.0 and 1.5 is coded as 7 because 1.5 suggests some
 - * problem, whereas 1.0 suggests no problem)
 - 13 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart,
 - * $\,$ on the original scale and ratings do not cross the
 - * boundary between 1.0 (no problem), and some problem
 - * (1.5 and higher) on the original scale
 - 7 4 = One of the first two coders says "don't know", and the
 - * other two raters would have received a reliability
 - * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
 - 9 5 = The coders are more than 1 point apart on the original
 - * scale, but the ratings do not cross the dichotomy between
 - 1.0 and more than 1.0 on the original scale
 - 0 6 = One coder says "don't know" and the other two raters
 - * would have received a reliability score of 5 if they
 - * had been the only raters
 - 11 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart on the original
 - * scale and their scores are not on one side of the
 - dichotomy mentioned in reliability score 5

- 31 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know", and
 - * the second one (if there are only two raters) is
 - assigned a score of 1-5; if there are three raters,
 - * the other two do not meet the reliability conditions
 - * of reliability score 4
- 1688. Reliability of Chronic Scarcity Ratings (Var. 1685) (codes not ordered)
 - 12 0 = No reliability score (see Variable 1651 in STDS78.REL
 - for reasons)

4

- 106 1 = The different coders agree perfectly (including the
 - * situation when they both said "don't know")
 - 2 = The different coders are not more than .5 point apart
 - * on the original scale (except that the difference between
 - * 1.0 and 1.5 is coded as 7 because 1.5 suggests some
 - * problem, whereas 1.0 suggests no problem)
 - 8 3 = The different coders are not more than 1 point apart,
 - * on the original scale and ratings do not cross the
 - * boundary between 1.0 (no problem), and some problem
 - * (1.5 and higher) on the original scale
 - 9 4 = One of the first two coders says "don't know", and the
 - * other two raters would have received a reliability
 - * score of 1, 2, or 3 if they had been the only raters
 - 3 5 = The coders are more than 1 point apart on the original
 - * scale, but the ratings do not cross the dichotomy between
 - * 1.0 and more than 1.0 on the original scale
 - 0 6 = One coder says "don't know" and the other two raters
 - * would have received a reliability score of 5 if they
 - * had been the only raters
- 24 7 = Two coders are more than 1 point apart on the original
 - * scale and their scores are not on one side of the
 - * dichotomy mentioned in reliability score 5
- 20 8 = One of the two or three raters says "don't know", and
 - * the second one (if there are only two raters) is
 - * assigned a score of 1-5; if there are three raters,
 - * the other two do not meet the reliability conditions
 - * of reliability score 4
- 1689. Sex Ratio (males/females * 1000)--First two digits
- 1690. Sex Ratio (males/females * 1000)--Second two digits
 - * Can use variable v714 N=90 instead (tricotomized)
 - N=59: can impose these cutpoints
 - * Reliability high: Pearson R=-.595 as compared with N=59 v1689 cutpoints
 - v1649: 1 < 95, 2 intermediate, 3 > 102.5
 - v714 crosstab Male excess normal Female excess
 - 10 1 = Female excess 0 3 5

60	2 = Roughly equal	3	2	4
20	3 = Male excess	7	2	0 Pvalue = 0.00000000083
	N=121 for a combin	nation of	both variables r= -	.716

1691. Sex Ratio Unit (codes not ordered)

- 126 0 = No sex ratio calculated
- 30 1 = The whole society
- 3 2 = The "breeding population"
- 7 3 = The district, but not known whether or not the
 - * breeding unit
- 9 4 = The local group or community
- 11 8 = Not sure what unit

<u>notes on these codes</u> (none as yet)

SCARIFICATION, PATHOGEN LOAD AND BIOME CODES

Lisa R. Ludvico. "Scarification, Pathogen Load and Biome: Cross-Cultural Codes" Unpublished codes discussed in "Symbolic or Not-So-Symbolic Wounds: The Behavioral Ecology of Human Scarification." by L. R. Ludvico and J. A. Kurland in Ethology and Sociobiology 16:155-172, 1995.

STDS79.DAT Vars. 1692-1709 Scarification, Pathogen Load and Biome

1692. Scarification 1: Males

- 41 . = no data
- 50 1 = no scarification
- 83 2 = tattooing and cicatrization
- 5 3 = scarification includes removal of skin

1693. Scarification 1: Females

- 56 . = no data
- 57 1 = no scarification
- 72 2 = tattooing and cicatrization
- 1 3 = scarification includes removal of skin

1694. General Scarification: Males

- 13 . = no data
- 82 1 = no scarification
- 11 2 = ear, nose piercing
- 77 3 = tattooing and cicatrization

3 4 = scarification includes removal of skin

1695. General Scarification: Females

- 15 . = no data
- 73 1 = no scarification
- 13 2 = ear, nose piercing
- 81 3 = tattooing and cicatrization
- 4 4 = scarification includes removal of skin

1696. Biome

- 20 1 = tundra, taiga, boreal forest
- 19 2 = temperate deciduous, scrub, or temperate rain forest
- 55 3 = tropical or temperate grassland
- 69 4 = tropical rain forest
- 23 5 = desert

1697. Wound opportunistic typhus

- 33 . = missing data or unreliable disease dates
- 98 1 = absent or not recorded
- 7 2 = present, no indication of severity
- 48 3 = present and serious, widespread or endemic

1698. Wound opportunistic bejel

- 30 . = missing data or unreliable disease dates
- 156 1 = absent or not recorded
- 0 2 = present, no indication of severity
- 0 3 = present and serious, widespread or endemic

1699. Wound opportunistic pinta

- 29 . = missing data or unreliable disease dates
- 147 1 = absent or not recorded
 - 3 2 = present, no indication of severity
 - 7 3 = present and serious, widespread or endemic
 - 8

1700. Wound opportunistic yaws

- 29 . = missing data or unreliable disease dates
- 99 1 = absent or not recorded
- 24 2 = present, no indication of severity
- 34 3 = present and serious, widespread or endemic

1701. Wound opportunistic leprosy

- 29 . = missing data or unreliable disease dates
- 71 1 = absent or not recorded
- 54 2 = present, no indication of severity
- 32 3 = present and serious, widespread or endemic

1702. Wound opportunistic leishmania

- 29 . = missing data or unreliable disease dates
- 121 1 = absent or not recorded
- 2 2 = present, no indication of severity
- 34 3 = present and serious, widespread or endemic

1703. Wound opportunistic spirochetes

- 30 . = missing data or unreliable disease dates
- 109 1 = absent or not recorded
- 21 2 = present, no indication of severity
- 26 3 = present and serious, widespread or endemic

1704. Tick vector typus

- 32 . = missing data or unreliable disease dates
- 103 1 = absent or not recorded
- 4 2 = present, no indication of severity
- 47 3 = present and serious, widespread or endemic

1705. Tick vector spirochetes

- 29 . = missing data or unreliable disease dates
- 117 1 = absent or not recorded
- 2 2 = present, no indication of severity
- 38 3 = present and serious, widespread or endemic

1706. Trypanosomas

- 29 . = missing data or unreliable disease dates
- 130 1 = absent or not recorded
- 3 2 = present, no indication of severity
- 24 3 = present and serious, widespread or endemic

1707. Malaria

29 . = missing data or unreliable disease dates

- 44 1 = absent or not recorded
- 2 2 = present, no indication of severity
- 111 3 = present and serious, widespread or endemic

1708. Schistosomes

- 29 . = missing data or unreliable disease dates
- 108 1 = absent or not recorded
- 9 2 = present, no indication of severity
- 40 3 = present and serious, widespread or endemic

1709. Filariae

- 30 . = missing data or unreliable disease dates
- 78 1 = absent or not recorded
- 1 2 = present, no indication of severity
- 77 3 = present and serious, widespread or endemic

notes on these codes (none as yet)

SLEEPING ARRANGEMENTS OF CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS

Divale, William, Noelle Abrams, Jennifer Barzola, Estelle Harris, and Fred-Michael Henry. 1998. Sleeping Arrangements of Children and Adolescents: SCCS Sample Codes. World Cultures 9(2):3-12.

STDS80.DAT Vars. 1710-1713 Sleeping Arrangements of Children

1710. Person(s) Infants and Children Sleep with

- 81 . = no data
- 28 1 = mother alone
- 0 2 = father alone
- 29 3 = mother and father
- 6 4 = grandparents
- 4 5 = other siblings
- 0 6 = other relatives
- 26 7 = entire family
- 12 8 = alone

1711. Where Adolescents Sleep

- 90 . = no data
- 56 1 = entire family together
- 11 2 = separate room in parent's house
- 5 3 = outside of parent's house, but near, e.g., porch

- 22 4 = separate dwelling
- 2 5 = other relatives

1712. Sex Segregation in Sleeping Areas of Children

- 98 . = no data
- 63 1 = boys & girls in same room or bed
- 23 2 = boys & girls in separate rooms or separate beds
- 2 3 = boys & girls in separate houses

1713. Sex Segregation in Sleeping Areas of Adolescents and Teens

- 95 . = no data
- 33 1 = boys & girls in same room or bed
- 31 2 = boys & girls in separate rooms or separate beds
- 27 3 = boys & girls in separate houses

notes on these codes

CONAN Data-Base

Lang, Hartmut. 1998. CONAN: An Electronic Code-Text Data-Base for Cross-Cultural Studies. World Cultures 9(2):13-56.

STDS81.DAT Vars. 1714-1747 CONAN data base Part I

1714. First two digits of focus date

- 87 . = missing data (original code = 0)
- 1 12 = 12
- 1 15 = 15
- 1 16 = 16
- 2 17 = 17
- 46 18 = 18
- 48 19 = 19

1715. Second two digits of focus date

1716. Primary source of subsistence

- 85 . = missing data
- 26 1 = intensive agriculture
- 37 2 = extensive agriculture
- 9 3 = animal husbandry
- 11 4 = fishing
- 9 5 = hunting

- 8 6 = gathering
- 0 7 = trade
- 1 8 = wage labor

1717. Secondary source of subsistence

- 86 . = missing data
- 0 1 = intensive agriculture
- 9 2 = extensive agriculture
- 22 3 = animal husbandry
- 19 4 = fishing
- 25 5 = hunting
- 10 6 = gathering
- 13 7 = trade
- 2 8 = wage labor

1718. Sharing of food

- 97 . = missing data
- 7 1 = sharing of food among nuclear family
- 14 2 = sharing of food among kin residing in local community
- 9 3 = sharing of food among kin, not restricted to local community
- 4 4 = sharing of food among non-kin within local community
- 21 5 = sharing of food among all members of local community
- 6 = sharing of food among groups within unit of maximal political authority or ethnic group
- 10 7 = sharing of food among other than mentioned groups
- 1719. Periodical variation of food scarcity
 - 95 . = missing data
 - 26 1 = food supply constant, no scarcity (original code 10)
 - 20 2 = periodical food scarcity (original code 20)

 - 7 4 = seldom (occurrence uncommon) (original code 31)
 - 6 5 = often (occurrence common) (original code 32)
 - 2 6 = periodical as well as aperiodical food scarcity
 (original code 40)
 - 1 7 = chronic food scarcity (original code 50)
 - 19 8 = food scarcity occurs, no further information on frequency (original code 60)

1720. Causes of land shortage

- 104 . = missing data
- 54 1 = no land shortage
- 19 2 = population pressure (caused by humans or animals)
- 8 3 = territorial invasions
- 1 4 = more than one of the above

1721. Number of rich people (wealthy)

- 88 . = missing data
- 27 1 = absence of rich (original code 10)
- 41 2 = presence of rich, no information on numbers (original code 20)
- 27 3 = few rich (original code 21)
- 3 4 = many rich (original code 22)

1722. Sources of wealth

- 91 . = missing data
- 27 0 = absence of rich, variable 1717 coded 1 (original code 88)
- 5 1 = presence of rich, no information on sources of wealth (original code 10)
- 4 2 = acquired wealth of land (through buying or skill) (original code 11)
- 8 3 = inheritance of land (original code 12)
- 6 4 = acquired wealth of cattle (through buying or skill) (original code 13)
- 1 5 = inheritance of cattle (original code 14)
- 7 6 = acquired wealth (means of production other than cattle or land)
 (original code 15)
- 1 7 = inherited wealth (means of production other than cattle or land)
 (original code 16)
- 36 8 = more than one of the above (original code 177)

1723. Number of poor

- 98 . = missing data
- 32 1 = absence of poor (original code 10)
- 41 2 = presence of poor, no information on percentage (original code 20)
- 8 3 = few poor (original code 21)
- 7 4 = many poor (original code 22)

1724. Number of dispossessed

- 98 . = missing data
- 57 1 = no dispossessed (original code 10)

- 12 3 = few dispossessed (original code 21)
- 4 4 = many dispossessed (original code 22)
- 1725. Possibility for peaceful territorial expansion
 - 101 . = missing data
 - 42 0 = no need for expansion: variable 1716 coded as 1
 (original code 88)

 - 7 3 = access to land of good quality (original code 21)
 - 1 4 = access to land of restricted quality (original code 22)
- 1726. Communality of land
 - 88 . = missing data
 - 22 1 = land predominantly private property
 - 24 2 = land partially communally used
 - 52 3 = communal land use rights only
- 1727. Resource acquisition as motive for violent conflict management
 - 96 . = missing data
 - 7 0 = absence of violent conflict management (original code 88)
 - 31 1 = resource acquisition no motive
 - 52 2 = resource acquisition motive for violent conflict management

1728. Rich, poor, or dispossessed as one party in violent conflicts

- 128 . = missing data
- 26 0 = equal distribution of resources (original code 88)
- 27 1 = rare or never
- 3 2 = occasional
- 1 3 = often
- 1 4 = permanent

1729. Presence of an overarching political unit (codes not ordered)

- 85 . = missing data
- 13 1 = local community autonomous (original code 10)
- 2 2 = local community is part of a precolonial state (original code 20)

- 6 3 = ethnic group to which the local community belongs is politically dominant in the precolonial state (original code 21)
- 4 4 = ethnic group to which the local community belongs occupies a politically subordinate position in the precolonial state (original code 22)
- 33 5 = local community is part of a colonial state (original code 30)
- 3 6 = local community is part of a postcolonial state (original code 40)
- 7 7 = ethnic group to which the local community belongs is politically dominant in the postcolonial state (original code 41)
- 33 8 = ethnic group to which the local community belongs occupies a politically subordinate position in the postcolonial state (original code 42)
- 1730. Administrative integration of local community within overarching political unit (codes not ordered)
 - 90 . = missing data
 - 14 0 = local community not part of an overarching political unit (variable 1725 coded as 1) (original code 88)
 - 28 1 = overarching political unit claims administrative hierarchy without actual execution (original code 10)
 - 18 2 = administration representative absent or only sporadically present, administrative functions are executed from outside (original code 20)
 - 3 3 = administration representative present (e.g. military, civilian administrators, school personnel) (original code 30)
 - 24 4 = same as above 4, administration representative member of the same ethnic group as local community (original code 31)
 - 9 5 = same as above 4, administration representative of different ethnic affiliation than local community (original code 32)

1731. Power participation of local elite within overarching political unit (codes not ordered)

- 95 . = missing data
- 46 0 = local community not part of an overarching political unit (variable 1725 coded as 1); ethnic group occupies a dominant position within overarching political unit (variable 1725 coded as 3 or 7); overarching political unit does not execute administrative functions (variable 1726 coded as 2) (original code 88)

- 8 1 = no elite present in ethnic group of which the local community is a part
- 17 2 = local elite does not participate in decisions of overarching political unit
- 20 3 = local elite occupies leading positions within overarching political unit, at the local or regional level
- 1732. Presence of wage labor
 - 97 . = missing data
 - 36 1 = no wage labor
 - 22 2 = wage labor present, migratory labor unimportant
 - 31 3 = wage labor, mainly in the form of migratory labor
- 1733. Market exchange within local community
 - 90 . = missing data
 - 23 1 = no market exchange (original code 10)
 - 10 2 = market exchange within local community present, no further information (original code 20)
 - 27 3 = market exchange within local community present, involving local and regional products (original code 21)
 - 36 4 = market exchange within local community present, involving local, regional, and supra-regional products (original code 22)

1734. Market exchange outside of local community

- 87 . = missing data
- 10 1 = no market exchange outside of local community
 (original code 10)
- 5 2 = market exchange outside of local community (at trading posts, market places), no further information (original code 20)
- 26 3 = market exchange outside of local community, involving local and regional products (original code 21)
- 58 4 = market exchange outside of local community, involving local, regional, and supra-regional products (original code 22)
- 1735. Relationship between production for subsistence and production for market exchange
 - 93 . = missing data
 - 68 1 = production for consumption more important
 - 25 2 = production for consumption and production for market exchange

of equal importance

1736. Tribute, taxation, expropriation

- 108 . = missing data
- 27 1 = no tribute, taxation, or expropriation (original code 10)
- 3 2 = payment of tribute, taxation, or expropriation occur (original code 20)
- 3 3 = corvee labor (original code 21)
- 15 4 = money (original code 22)
- 6 5 = mobile goods (original code 23)
- 24 6 = more than one of the above (original code 24)
- 1737. Extent of burden caused by tribute payments or taxation
 - 111 . = missing data
 - 27 0 = no tribute or taxation (original code 88)
 - 4 1 = sporadic taxation or request for tribute (original code 10)
 - 3 2 = the exactions are reported not to be burdensome (original code 20)
 - 2 3 = the exactions are reported to be burdensome (original code 21)
 - 19 4 = regular taxation or request for tribute (original code 30)
 - 7 5 = the exactions are reported not to be burdensome (original code 31)
 - 13 6 = the exactions are reported to be burdensome (original code 32)

1738. Presence of formal education within local community

- 96 . = missing data
- 50 1 = no formal education (original code 10)
- 6 2 = formal education present (original code 20)
- 21 3 = small fraction of local community is formally educated (original code 21)
- 5 4 = large part of local community is formally educated (original code 22)
- 8 5 = members of local community have a higher education (original code 23)

1739. Types of violence against overarching political institution (codes not ordered)

- 105 . = missing data
- 24 0 = no overarching political unit (variable 1729 coded as 1) (original code 88)
- 27 1 = violent acts absent
- 12 2 = acts of violence, in reaction against attacks by overarching political unit
- 18 3 = active resistance, aiming at revolution

1740. Levels of political hierarchy

85 . = missing data

- 17 1 = no political office (original code 10)
- 1 2 = no political office at the head of local community, but segments of different local communities belong to supralocal non-territorially organized political unit (original code 20)
- 1 3 = highest political office one level above smallest supralocal non-territorially organized political unit (original code 21)
- 3 4 = highest political office two levels above smallest supralocal non-territorially organized political unit (original code 22)

- 33 7 = highest political office at the head of local community (=politically autonomous local community) (original code 30)
- 13 9 = highest political office two levels above local community
 (original code 32)
- 10 10 = highest political office three levels above local community
 (original code 33)
- 8 11 = highest political office four or more levels above local community (original code 34)
- 1741. Overarching formal jurisdiction within unit of maximal political authority
 - 91 . = missing data
 - 31 1 = no formal jurisdiction present
 - 6 2 = highest level of formal jurisdiction below the unit of maximal political authority
 - 58 3 = highest level of formal jurisdiction at the level of maximal political authority
- 1742. Selection of officials at the lowest level of political hierarchy (codes not ordered)
 - 90 . = missing data
 - 51 0 = no political office above the level of the local community (variable 1730 coded as 1,2, or 3 (original code 88)
 - 25 1 = selection of officials at the lowest level of political hierarchy independent of higher-ranking officials
 - 11 2 = selection of officials at the lowest level of political hierarchy within local community, but it has to be reconfirmed by higher-ranking officials
 - 9 3 = officials at the lowest level of political hierarchy are determined by higher-ranking officials

1743. Sanctions

- 88 . = missing data
- 17 0 = no formal political office present (variable 1740 coded
 - as 1) (original code 88)
- 26 1 = no or few means of coercion
- 17 2 = restricted means of coercion, e.g. only for certain types of decisions
- 38 3 = coercive means to enforce all decisions

1744. Lower level participation in decision making of the unit of maximal political authority

- 91 . = missing data
- 24 1 = decision making at the highest level of political authority independent of lower-ranking levels, groups, or individuals
- 21 2 = decisions at the highest level of political authority are made after consultation with representatives of lower-ranking levels, groups, or individuals
- 33 3 = lower-ranking individuals or group representatives fully participate in decision making at the highest level of political authority, they are members of the decision making body

1745. Religio-political overlap (codes not ordered)

- 96 . = missing data
- 18 1 = religious specialists have no influence on decision making at the level of maximal political authority
- 19 2 = religious specialists participate in decision making at the level of maximal political authority
- 36 3 = officials at the level of maximal political authority are at the same time religious specialists

1746. Sources of legitimation of power (codes not ordered)

- 86 . = missing data
- 17 0 = no formal political office present (variable 1740 coded as 1) (original code 88)
- 0 1 = supernatural powers
- 0 2 = office holder has been installed by gods
- 8 3 = office holder belongs to privileged descent group
- 7 4 = office holder elected by the represented group
- 3 5 = office holder elected by subordinate authorities
- 0 6 = office holder is formal owner of the group's land
- 0 7 = wealth based on possession of mobile property
- 6 8 = office inherited

- 3 9 = seniority
- 1 10 = office holder installed by overarching administration, e.g. colonial power
- 1 11 = other sources of legitimation
- 54 12 = multiple sources of legitimation; more than one of the above (original code 77)
- 1747. Frequency of external warfare: unit of maximal political authority
 - 95 . = missing data
 - 17 0 = no formal political office present (variable 1740 coded as 1) (original code 88)
 - 13 1 = rare or never
 - 15 2 = occasional
 - 27 3 = often
 - 19 4 = permanent

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CONAN data base Part II
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STDS82.DAT Vars. 1748-1780

- 1748. Frequency of internal warfare; i.e. between local communities within unit of maximal political authority
 - 96 . = missing data
 - 51 0 = no political office above the level of the local community (variable 1740 coded as 1, 2, or 7) (original code 88)
 - 15 1 = rare or never
 - 11 2 = occasional
 - 11 3 = often
 - 2 4 = permanent
- 1749. Frequency of internal warfare involving non-territorially organized groups within unit of maximal political authority
 - 96 . = missing data
 - 51 0 = no political office above the level of the local community (variable 1740 coded as 1, 2, or 7) (original code 88)
 - 20 1 = rare or never
 - 9 2 = occasional
 - 7 3 = often
 - 3 4 = permanent

1750. Frequency of violent conflict between groups within local communities

- 114 . = missing data
- 51 1 = rare or never

- 12 2 = occasional
- 7 3 = often
- 2 4 = permanent

1751. Social stratification

- 90 . = missing data
- 17 1 = no differences in access to economic resources, political power, and/or status
- 45 2 = differences in access to economic resources, political power, and/or status, not resulting in class formation
- 17 3 = two classes
- 17 4 = complex stratification into more than two classes
- 1752. Groom's dependency on relatives for marriage transactions
 - 90 . = missing data
 - 10 1 = no marriage transactions
 - 5 2 = marriage transactions, but not by the groom or his kin
 - 26 3 = groom is able to procure the necessary goods for marriage transactions or else can provide alternatives as e.g., bride service
 - 27 4 = groom depends on the help of father or another single relative of the father for marriage transaction
 - 15 5 = groom depends on the help of father or a relative of the father and additional paternal relatives
 - 13 6 = groom depends on help of non-paternal or not exclusively paternal relatives to provide for marriage transaction

1753. Depth of Unilineal descent (codes not ordered)

90	. = missing data
22	1 = patrilineal descent, no information on genealogical depth (original code 1000)
2	2 = patrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 002 (original code 1002)
4	3 = patrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 003 (original code 1003)
6	4 = patrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 004 (original code 1004)
4	5 = patrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 005 (original code 1005)
1	6 = patrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 006 (original code 1006)
1	7 = patrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 008 (original code 1008)
2	8 = patrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 009 (original code 1009)
1	9 = patrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 011 (original code 1011)
1	10 = patrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 015 (original code 1015)
1	11 = patrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 030 (original code 1030)
14	12 = matrilineal descent, no information on genealogical depth (original code 2000)
1	13 = matrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 002 (original code 2002)
1	14 = matrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 003 (original code 2003)
1	15 = matrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 004 (original code 2004)
2	16 = matrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 006 (original code 2006)

- 1 17 = matrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 007 (original code 2007)
- 1 18 = matrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 009 (original code 2009)
- 1 19 = matrilineal descent, genealogical depth = 011 (original code 2011)
- 1 20 = double descent, genealogical depth = 002 (original code 3002)
- 2 21 = double descent, genealogical depth = 003 (original code 3003)
- 1 22 = double descent, genealogical depth = 004 (original code 3004)
- 1 23 = double descent, genealogical depth = 005 (original code 3005)
- 24 24 = no unilineal descent (original code 4000)

1754. Size of maximal effective kin group

- 93 . = missing data
- 34 1 = absent
- 59 2 = present

1755. Local distribution of maximal effective kin group (codes not ordered)

- 93 . = missing data
- 34 0 = does not apply, variable 1754 coded as 1 (original code 88)
- 18 1 = maximal effective kin group forms part of local community
- 12 2 = maximal effective kin group congruent with local community, no subgroups discernible
- 3 3 = maximal effective kin group congruent with local community, with spatially segregated subgroups (e.g. wards)
- 7 4 = maximal effective kin group covers a bounded territory including a number of local communities, which form segments of the maximal effective kin group
- 2 5 = maximal effective kin group is dispersed among several local communities, located in the same territory as local communities inhabited by other effective kin groups
- 17 6 = segments of maximal effective kin groups coreside with segments of other maximal effective kin groups in several local communities

1756. Size of local community

108	•	= missing data
17	1	= between 10 and 50
18	2	= between 51 and 100
6	3	= between 101 and 150
12	4	= between 151 and 200
5	5	= between 201 and 250
3	6	= between 251 and 300
6	7	= between 301 and 500
4	8	= between 501 and 1000
7	9	= greater than 1001

1757. Frequency of violent conflict involving at least one maximal effective kin group

(codes not ordered)

- 101 . = missing data
- 34 0 = does not apply, variable 1754 coded as 1 (original code 88)
- 12 1 = rare or never
- 16 2 = occasional
- 18 3 = often
- 5 4 = permanent

1758. Frequency of violent conflict involving at least one local community

- 97 . = missing data
- 25 1 = rare or never
- 21 2 = occasional
- 30 3 = often
- 13 4 = permanent

1759. Affection during early childhood

- 115 . = missing data

 - 6 2 = children receive noticeably more emotional rejection than loving affection (original code 11)
 - 8 3 = children receive emotional rejection and loving affection to the same degree (original code 20)
- 45 4 = children often experience loving affection; no further information about emotional rejection (original code 30)
- 1760. Frequency of interactions between boys (early childhood) and male adults
 - 107 . = missing data
 - 12 1 = boys have almost no contact with adult males
 - 24 2 = even though boys have contact with adult males, they have more contact with adult females
 - 26 3 = contact with male and female adults is about the same
 - 17 4 = boys have noticeably more contact with male than female adults
- 1761. Inculcation of children's trust in other persons
 - 161 . = missing data
 - 8 1 = inculcation of mistrust and fear in children; the socializing agents scare the children by pretending to harm them, or by instilling of fear by reference to potentially harmful persons, groups, or supernatural beings.

- 10 2 = Children's mistrust is restricted to a certain group of persons. Instilling of fear by certain persons or warning of potential threat occurs rarely.
- 7 3 = inculcation of trust in children; the socializing agents never scare children or warn them of distant persons or groups.
- 1762. Positive reinforcement of children's willingness to share, give, and help (generosity)
 - 155 . = missing data
 - 3 1 = generosity is rarely fostered; the children rarely exhibit willingness to share, give, or help. This behavior rarely causes punishment.
 - 10 2 = generosity is moderately fostered; the children show willingness to share, give, or help. A lack of this behavior causes punishment or admonishment.
 - 18 3 = generosity is strongly fostered; other adults and children frequently request the children to share, give, and help.

1763. Emphasis on honesty

- 139 . = missing data
 - 2 1 = honesty is not furthered. (Dishonesty is generally accepted.)
 - 2 2 = honesty is rarely furthered. (Dishonest behavior is only accepted towards a specific group of persons.)
 - 9 3 = honesty is furthered
- 34 4 = honesty is explicitly furthered. (Dishonest behavior of children is the cause for punishment and reprimands.)

1764. Reaction of socializing agents towards violent behavior of boys in late childhood

- 133 . = missing data
- 14 1 = violence of children is generally objected (original code 10)
- 4 2 = violence of children is tolerated (socializing agents only interfere when there is danger of serious injuries); no data on restriction of violence to specific group of persons(original code 20)
- 13 3 = violence of children is tolerated only towards specific group of persons (original code 21)
- 3 4 = violence of children is tolerated regardless of group of persons (original code 22)
- 16 5 = violence of children is explicitly encouraged; no data on restriction to specific group of persons (original code 30)
- 2 6 = violence of children is explicitly encouraged only towards specific group of persons (original code 31)
- 1 7 = violence of children is explicitly encouraged regardless of group of persons
 (original code 32)

1765. Emphasis on courage of boys in late childhood

147 . = missing data

- 5 1 = courage is not emphasized; children are protected from harm which may be caused by scary situations, cold, and physical injuries
- 11 2 = courage is mildly emphasized; children are not protected from potentially dangerous situations; the expression of fear and pain is tolerated
- 23 3 = courage is strongly emphasized; children are expected to tolerate pain and overcome fear in dangerous situations; the expression of fear and pain is not tolerated

1766. Corporal punishment of boys in late childhood

- 107 . = missing data
- 32 1 = children are not punished physically, corporal punishment as a means of education is rejected (original code 10)
- 10 2 = children are punished physically; no information on frequency of occurrence (original code 20)
- 27 3 = children are rarely punished physically for only certain types of misbehavior (original code 21)
- 10 4 = children are often punished physically for almost any type of misbehavior (original code 22)
- 1767. Ideology of male superiority
 - 104 . = missing data
 - 47 1 = no ideology of male superiority
 - 8 2 = weakly articulated ideology of male superiority
 - 27 3 = strongly articulated ideology of male superiority (it is the basic determinant of gender relations)
- 1768. Attitude towards physical violence against members of local community
 - 118 . = missing data
 - 51 1 = physical violence within local community is rejected
 - 13 2 = physical violence within local community is tolerated or accepted
 - 4 3 = physical violence within local community is appreciated
- 1769. Attitude towards physical violence against members of same ethnic group, not restricted to local community
 - 124 . = missing data
 - 31 1 = physical violence within ethnic group is rejected
 - 21 2 = physical violence within ethnic group is tolerated or accepted
 - 10 3 = physical violence within ethnic group is appreciated

1770. Attitude towards physical violence against members of other ethnic groups

- 145 . = missing data
 - 1 0 = no contact with other ethnic groups (original code 88)
 - 5 1 = physical violence outside of ethnic group is rejected (original code 10)
 - 3 2 = physical violence outside of ethnic group is rejected because of military inferiority or cowardice (original code 11)
 - 5 3 = physical violence is tolerated or accepted specification of the enemies is absent (original code 20)
 - 1 4 = physical violence is tolerated or accepted but not against the majority of other ethnic groups (original code 21)
 - 5 5 = physical violence is tolerated or accepted against the majority of other ethnic groups (original code 22)
- 14 6 = physical violence is appreciated no further specification against whom (original code 30)
- 3 7 = physical violence is appreciated but not against the majority of other ethnic groups (original code 31)
- 4 8 = physical violence is appreciated against the majority of other ethnic groups (original code 32)

1771. Loyalty within ethnic group

- 100 . = missing data
- 41 1 = low
- 18 2 = middle
- 27 3 = high

1772. Hostility towards other ethnic groups

- 113 . = missing data
 - 1 0 = no contact with other ethnic groups (original code 88)
 - 8 1 = no or negligible hostility (original code 10)
 - 6 2 = weak degree of hostility (original code 20)
- 14 3 = moderate degree of hostility (original code 30)
- 9 4 = moderate degree of hostility, only directed against some other ethnic groups (original code 31)
- 8 5 = moderate degree of hostility; directed against almost all other ethnic groups (original code 32)
- 2 6 = high degree of hostility (original code 40)
- 9 7 = high degree of hostility; only directed against some other ethnic groups (original code 41)
- 16 8 = high degree of hostility; directed against almost all other ethnic groups (original code 42)

1773. Prestige of warriors

- 111 . = missing data
- 12 0 = no warriors (original code 88)

- 9 1 = low prestige, warriors receive no special recognition (original code 10)
- 13 2 = middle to high prestige; warriors have a good reputation, no data on other sources of reputation (original code 20)
- 12 3 = medium prestige of warriors, other sources of reputation are valued higher (original code 21)
- 15 4 = high prestige of warriors, other equally valued sources of reputation exist (original code 22)
- 14 5 = very high prestige, to gain prestige as a warrior is of special importance for every man (original code 24)

1774. Revenge related norms

- 106 . = missing data
- 15 1 = revenge taking is forbidden (original code 10)
- 17 2 = taking of revenge is neither forbidden nor prescribed (original code 20)
- 18 3 = taking of revenge is prescribed but compensation by payment equally valued (original code 21)
- 16 4 = taking of revenge is prescribed (original code 30)
- 14 5 = taking of revenge is prescribed, retaliation is allowed only against the culprit (original code 31)

1775. Reglementation of intraethnic violence

- 120 . = missing data
- 23 0 = no intraethnic violence (variable 1776 coded as 1) (original code 88)
- 10 1 = no reglementation
- 25 2 = moderate reglementation
- 8 3 = highly reglemented or ritualized

1776. Frequency of intraethnic violence

- 93 . = missing data
- 23 1 = rare or never
- 28 2 = occasional
- 29 3 = often
- 13 4 = permanent

1777. Intensity of intraethnic violence

- 116 . = missing data
- 22 0 = no intraethnic violence (variable 1776 coded as 1) (original code 88)
- 30 1 = low; when violence occurs, only occasional victims
- 12 2 = moderate; when violence occurs many victims, ca. one half of one of the parties in conflict is killed
- 6 3 = high; one of the parties in conflict is nearly extinguished

1778. Frequency of interethnic violence/attacking

- 97 . = missing data
- 4 0 = no contact with other ethnic groups (original code 88)
- 26 1 = rare or never
- 20 2 = occasional
- 24 3 = often
- 15 4 = permanent

1779. Weapons used in warfare

- 106 . = missing data
- 18 1 = projectiles
- 4 2 = shock weapons
- 58 3 = both

1780. Defensive (protective) weapons used in warfare

- 126 . = missing data
 21 1 = no protective weapons
 6 2 = body armor
 26 3 = shields
- 7 4 = both

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notes on these codes (none as yet)
GOSSIP
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Divale, William and Albert Seda. 1999. Codes on Gossip for Societies in the Standard Sample. World Cultures 10(1):7-22. STDS83.DAT Vars. 1781-1805 Codes on Gossip

1781. Gossip on adultery

- 51 . = no data
- 96 0 = absent
- 13 1 = present for males only
- 24 2 = present for both sexes
- 2 3 = present for females only

1782. Gossip on boasting

- 51 . = no data
- 102 0 = absent
- 25 1 = present for males only
- 7 2 = present for both sexes
- 1 3 = present for females only

1783. Gossip on bride price

- 51 . = no data
- 115 0 = absent
 - 9 1 = present for males only
- 11 2 = present for both sexes
- 0 3 = present for females only

1784. Gossip on cattle/livestock

- 51 . = no data
- 116 0 = absent
- 11 1 = present for males only
- 8 2 = present for both sexes
- 0 3 = present for females only

1785. Gossip on dowry payments

- 51 . = no data
- 131 0 = absent
 - 2 1 = present for males only
 - 0 2 = present for both sexes
 - 2 3 = present for females only

1786. Gossip on drinking

51 . = no data

- 107 0 = absent
- 17 1 = present for males only
- 8 2 = present for both sexes
- 3 3 = present for females only

1787. Gossip on family

- 51 . = no data
- 49 0 = absent
- 25 1 = present for males only
- 53 2 = present for both sexes
- 8 3 = present for females only

1788. Gossip on farming

- 51 . = no data
- 113 0 = absent

- 11 1 = present for males only
- 11 2 = present for both sexes
- 0 3 = present for females only

1789. Gossip on government/colonial affairs

- 51 . = no data
- 85 0 = absent
- 27 1 = present for males only
- 21 2 = present for both sexes
- 2 3 = present for females only

1790. Gossip on hunting

- 51 . = no data
- 100 0 = absent
- 29 1 = present for males only
- 5 2 = present for both sexes
- 1 3 = present for females only

1791. Gossip on inheritance

- 51 . = no data
- 122 0 = absent
 - 7 1 = present for males only
 - 6 2 = present for both sexes
 - 0 3 = present for females only

1792. Gossip on laziness

- 51 . = no data
- 106 0 = absent
- 12 1 = present for males only
- 13 2 = present for both sexes
- 4 3 = present for females only

1793. Gossip on men

- 51 . = no data
- 50 0 = absent
- 48 1 = present for males only
- 27 2 = present for both sexes
- 10 3 = present for females only

1794. Gossip on murder/assault

51 . = no data

- 87 0 = absent
- 27 1 = present for males only
- 20 2 = present for both sexes
- 1 3 = present for females only

1795. Gossip on neighbors

- 51 . = no data
- 86 0 = absent
- 12 1 = present for males only
- 35 2 = present for both sexes
- 2 3 = present for females only

1796. Gossip on politics

- 51 . = no data
- 84 0 = absent
- 26 1 = present for males only
- 25 2 = present for both sexes
- 0 3 = present for females only

1797. Gossip on scandal

- 51 . = no data
- 73 0 = absent
- 18 1 = present for males only
- 41 2 = present for both sexes
- 3 3 = present for females only

1798. Gossip on sex/sexual joking

- 51 . = no data
- 83 0 = absent
- 17 1 = present for males only
- 28 2 = present for both sexes
- 7 3 = present for females only

1799. Gossip on social control

- 51 . = no data
- 23 0 = absent
- 45 1 = present for males only
- 59 2 = present for both sexes
- 8 3 = present for females only

1800. Gossip on socializing/news

- 51 . = no data
- 40 0 = absent
- 26 1 = present for males only
- 59 2 = present for both sexes
- 10 3 = present for females only

1801. Gossip on wife beating

- 51 . = no data
- 117 0 = absent
- 6 1 = present for males only
- 10 2 = present for both sexes
- 2 3 = present for females only

1802. Gossip on women

- 51 . = no data
- 61 0 = absent
- 18 1 = present for males only
- 31 2 = present for both sexes
- 25 3 = present for females only

1803. Gossip on marriage

51 . = no data

- 126 0 = absent
 - 2 1 = present for males only
 - 5 2 = present for both sexes
 - 2 3 = present for females only

1804. Gossip on religion

51	•	=	no	data
51	•	=	no	data

- 131 0 = absent
- 2 1 = present for males only
- 2 2 = present for both sexes
- 0 3 = present for females only

1805. Importance of Gossip

- 51 . = no data
- 6 0 = absent
- 9 1 = scale step 1: not important

- 17 2 = scale step 2
- 40 3 = scale step 3
- 46 4 = scale step 4
- 17 5 = scale step 5: very important

notes on these codes (none as yet) GOSSIP FACTOR SCALES

Gossip Factor Scales (See Divale and Seda paper with Gossip Codes for rational). Factor analysis of Gossip variables produced eight factors with gossip variables that had loadings of .50 or higher. Scales were then produced by summing those variables with loadings of .5 or higher on the factor. Thus FACT_1 is a News & General Gossip Scale, which is the sum of the following gossip topics: Gossip about Men, Neighbors, Socializing and News, and Women).

FACT_1 News & General Gossip Scale (Sum of Men, Neighbors, Socializing & News, and Women Gossip)

Value Label	Value	Frequency
Absent	0	20
1 Item Present	1	21
2 Items Present	2	31
3 Items Present	3	32
4 Items Present	4	31
Missing		51

FACT_2 Political Gossip Scale (Sum of Family, Govt., Political Gossip)

Value Label	Value	Frequency
Absent	0	37
1 Item Present	1	39
2 Items Present	2	29
3 Items Present	3	30
Missing		51

FACT_3 Machismo Gossip Scale (Sum of Boasting, Hunting, Laziness, Wife Beating Gossip)

Value Label Value Frequency

Absent 0 67

1 Item Present	1	38
2 Items Present	2	17
3 Items Present	3	9
4 Items Present	4	4
Missing		51

FACT_4 Sex & Scandals Scale (Sum of Adultery and Scandal Gossip)

Value Label	Value	Frequency	
Absent	0	64	
1 Item Present	1	41	
2 Items Present	2	30	
Missing		51	

Value Frequency

FACT_5 Drinking & Murder Scale (Sum of Drinking, Murder and Assault Gossip)

Absent	0	77
1 Item Present	1	40
2 Items Present	2	18
Missing	•	51

Value Label

FACT_6 Marriage Payments Gossip Scale (Sum of Bride Price and Dowry Gossip)

Value Label	Value	Frequency
Absent	0	114
1 Item Present	1	18
I Item Flesent	-	10
2 Items Present	2	3
Missing	•	51

FACT_7 Farming & Religion Gossip Scale (Sum of Farming and Religious Gossip)

Value Label	Value	Frequency
Absent	0	111
1 Item Present	1	22
2 Items Present	2	2
Missing	•	51

FACT_8 Cattle & Marriage Gossip Scale (Sum of Cattle and Marriage Gossip)

Value Label Val

Value Frequency

Absent	0	110
1 Item Present	1	22
2 Items Present	2	3
Missing		51

notes on these codes (none as yet) MODERNIZATION

Divale, William and Albert Seda. 2000. Cross-Cultural Codes of Modernization World Cultures 11(2):153-170. STDS84.DAT Vars. 1806-1849 Codes on Modernization

1806. Trade: 1.1. Changes in Trade and Trade Goods

- 51 . = no data
- 27 0 = no changes
- 87 1 = changes present
- 21 2 = 2 additional items present

1807. Trade: 1.2. Introduction of Wage Labor and Immigrant Workers

- 51 . = no data
- 67 0 = no changes
- 67 1 = changes present
- 1 2 = 2 additional items present

1808. Trade: 1.3. Introduction of Monetary System such as Money

- 51 . = no data
- 59 0 = no changes
- 76 1 = changes present

1809. Technology: 2.1. Introduction of Foreign Goods such as Weapons

- 51 . = no data
- 66 0 = no changes
- 69 1 = changes present

1810. Technology: 2.2. Minor Technological Developments

- 51 . = no data
- 47 0 = no changes
- 72 1 = changes present
- 11 2 = 2 additional items present
- 5 3 = 3 additional items present

1811. Technology: 2.3. Major Technological Changes

```
51 . = no data
```

```
96 0 = no changes
```

- 35 1 = changes present
- 4 2 = 2 additional items present

1812. Agriculture: 3.1. Agricultural Improvements, Improvement in Farming Mehods, Fertilization, Irrigation, Food Preservation

- 51 . = no data
- 59 0 = no changes
- 76 1 = changes present

1813. Agriculture: 3.2 Changes in Agriculture and Crops

- 51 . = no data 74 0 = no changes
- 56 1 = changes present
- 5 2 = 2 additional items present

1814. Agriculture: 3.3. Introduction of New Livestock

51 . = no data 85 0 = no changes

- 50 1 = changes present
- 1815. Transportation: 4.1. Mechanical Transport (Automobiles, Railroads, Buses)

51 . = no data 99 0 = no changes

36 1 = changes present

1816. Transportation: 4.2. Changes and Introduction of Water Transport

51 . = no data

- 109 0 = no changes
- 26 1 = changes present

1817. Transportation: 4.3. Introduction of Roads and Highways

51 . = no data 112 0 = no changes

```
22 1 = changes present
```

- 1818. Government, Political and Legal system: 5.1 New Positions such as Government Officials
 - 51 . = no data
 - 22 0 = no changes
 - 113 1 = changes present
- 1819. Government, Political and Legal system: 5.2 Changes or Implementation of Foreign Judicial System
 - 51 . = no data
 - 43 0 = no changes
 - 92 1 = changes present
- 1820. Government, Political and Legal system: 5.3 Political Changes, Uprising, Cargo Cults
 - 51 . = no data
 - 94 0 = no changes
 - 35 1 = changes present
 - 6 2 = 2 additional items present
- 1821. Government, Political and Legal system: 5.4 Large scale projects Introduced by outside agencies
 - 52 . = no data
 - 86 0 = no changes
 - 48 1 = changes present
- 1822. Family/social Organization: 6.1 Changes in Family Structure
 - 51 . = no data
 - 58 0 = no changes
 - 67 1 = changes present
 - 0 2 = 2 additional items present
 - 10 3 = 3 additional items present
- 1823. Family/social Organization: 6.2 Changes in marriage rituals,

weddings

- 51 . = no data
- 60 0 = no changes
- 69 1 = changes present
- 6 2 = 2 additional items present

1824. Family/social Organization: 6.3 Changes in choice of spouse, mixed-marriages, etc.

- 51 . = no data
- 78 0 = no changes
- 57 1 = changes present

1825. Family/social Organization: 6.4 Changes in female role or status

- 51 . = no data
- 73 0 = no changes
- 62 1 = changes present

1826. Body toilet, Adornment and Dress: 7.1 Changes in Body Toilets

such as Piercing, Jewelry

- 51 . = no data
- 71 0 = no changes
- 63 1 = changes present
- 1 2 = 2 additional items present

1827. Body toilet, Adornment and Dress: 7.2 Changes in Dress Customs

- 51 . = no data
- 25 0 = no changes
- 110 1 = changes present

1828. Behavior: 8.1 Introduction of Drugs such as Tobacco, Alcohol

- 51 . = no data
- 72 0 = no changes
- 55 1 = changes present
- 8 2 = 2 additional items present

1829. Behavior: 8.2 Changes in Food Processing such as Cooking Methods

- 51 . = no data
- 51 0 = no changes
- 84 1 = changes present
- 1830. Information and Education: 9.1. Changes in Communication and the Arts
 - 51 . = no data
 - 57 0 = no changes

- 70 1 = changes present
- 8 2 = 2 additional items present

1831. Information and Education: 9.2 Changes in Education

- 51 . = no data
- 48 0 = no changes
- 82 1 = changes present
- 5 2 = 2 additional items present
- 1832. Information and Education: 9.3 Introduction of Contact Languages, Foreign Words, Vocabulary Distortion, Pidgin Languages
 - 51 . = no data
 - 50 0 = no changes
 - 75 1 = changes present
 - 10 2 = 2 additional items present

1833. Health: 10.1 Introduction of Foreign Medical Practices, Hospitals

- 51 . = no data
- 68 0 = no changes
- 61 1 = changes present
- 6 2 = 2 additional items present

1834. Health: 10.2 Introduction of Foreign Diseases

- 51 . = no data
- 84 0 = no changes
- 51 1 = changes present

1835. Health: 10.3 Changes in Sanitation Methods

51 . = no data

- 104 0 = no changes
- 31 1 = changes present

1836. Religion: 11.1 Changes in Native Religion

51 . = no data

- 53 0 = no changes
- 82 1 = changes present

1837. Religion: 11.2 Introduction of Foreign Religion

51 . = no data

- 14 0 = no changes
- 121 1 = changes present

1838. Religion: 11.3 Changes in Burial Practices or Other Rituals

- 51 . = no data
- 51 0 = no changes
- 67 1 = changes present
- 17 2 = 2 additional items present

1839. Sum of Agricultural Changes

- 51 . = no data
- 31 0 = no changes
- 40 1 = 1 item
- 42 2 = 2 items
- 20 3 = 3 items
- 2 4 = 4 items

1840. Sum of Behavior Changes

- 51 . = no data
 34 0 = no changes
 54 1 = 1 item
 40 2 = 2 items
- 7 3 = 3 items

1841. Sum of Educational Changes

- 51 . = no data
 12 0 = no changes
 29 1 = 1 item
 52 2 = 2 items
 32 3 = 3 items
 7 4 = 4 items
 2 5 = 5 items
- 1 6 = 6 items

1842. Sum of Family Changes

- 51 . = no data
- 19 0 = no changes
- 31 1 = 1 item
- 26 2 = 2 items
- 34 3 = 3 items

17 4 = 4 items 4 5 = 5 items

4 6 = 6 items

1843. Sum of Governmental Changes

51	. = no data
13	0 = no changes
23	1 = 1 item
41	2 = 2 items
39	3 = 3 items
17	4 = 4 items
2	5 = 5 items

1844. Sum of Religious Changes

51	. = no data	
7	0 = no changes	
27	1 = 1 item	
41	2 = 2 items	
45	3 = 3 items	
15	4 = 4 items	

1845. Sum of Technological Changes

51	. = no data	
22	0 = no changes	
43	1 = 1 item	
42	2 = 2 items	
21	3 = 3 items	
5	4 = 4 items	
1	5 = 5 items	
1	6 = 6 items	

1846. Sum of Toilet Changes

51	. = no data
15	0 = no changes
66	1 = 1 item
53	2 = 2 items
1	3 = 3 items

1847. Sum of Trade Changes

51 . = no data

10 0 = no changes

33 1 = 1 item
45 2 = 2 items
37 3 = 3 items
10 4 = 4 items

1848. Sum of Transportation Changes

51	. = no data
69	0 = no changes
51	1 = 1 item
12	2 = 2 items

3 3 = 3 items

1849. Sum of All Changes

51	. = no data
1	5 = 5 items
3	6 = 6 items
0	7 = 7 items
4	8 = 8 items
2	9 = 9 items
1	10 = 10 items
3	11 = 11 items
10	12 = 12 items
7	13 = 13 items
7	14 = 14 items
10	15 = 15 items
7	16 = 16 items
5	17 = 17 items
11	18 = 18 items
9	19 = 19 items
8	20 = 20 items
7	21 = 21 items
11	22 = 22 items
9	23 = 23 items
8	24 = 24 items
2	25 = 25 items
2	26 = 26 items
3	27 = 27 items
1	28 = 28 items
0	29 = 29 items
1	30 = 30 items
1	31 = 31 items
0	32 = 32 items
0	33 = 33 items
1	34 = 34 items

1 35 = 35 items

notes on these codes (none as yet)

CROSS-CULTURAL CODES FOR SECONDARY DISPOSAL OF DEAD

Sissel Schroeder. 2001. Cross-Cultural Codes for Secondary Disposal of the dead. WORLD CULTURES 12(1).

ST85.DAT Vars. 1850-1857 Codes on Secondary Disposal

1850. Secondary bone/body treatment: Original Scale

24 . = no data.

- 101 1 = secondary contact with the body or bones of the
 - * deceased does not occur.
 - 0 2 = secondary contact with the body or bones of the
 - * deceased is accorded only to individuals who are
 - not members of the society.
 - 5 3 = secondary contact with the body or bones of the
 - \star $\,$ deceased is accorded only to individuals who are
 - * members of the society, but are not resident with
 - * their group of orientation at the time of death
 - * (e.g., an adult member has married and resides with
 - * his/her spouse at some distance from the group of
 - orientation; or death occurs while the individual
 - * is on a trip away from the group of orientation).
 - * The body must be returned to the group of orientation
 - * for proper burial. Incidental to the returning process,
 - * the body decomposes and secondary disposal results.
 - 3 4 = secondary contact with the body or bones is practiced,
 - * with circumstances of death (e.g., struck by lightening,
 - * time of year) being the only determinant of whether or
 - * not it is accorded to an individual.
- 13 5 = secondary contact with the body or bones is the preferred
 - means of disposal for a proportion of the population,
 - * with status, age-grade, kin, or sodality associations
 - determining if it is accorded to an individual.
- 38 6 = secondary contact with the body or bones is the preferred * means of disposal for all or nearly all adult members of
 - the society.
- 2 7 = other form of secondary disposal.

1851. Disarticulation: Original Scale

24 . = no data.

6

- 92 1 = disarticulation does not occur or is not
 - * recoverable archaeologically.
- 0 2 = disarticulation of human osseous remains
 - * occurs prior to final disposal, but only in the case
 - * of individuals who are not members of the society.
 - 3 = disarticulation of human osseous remains occurs prior
 - * to final disposal in the case of individuals who are
 - * members of the society, but are not resident with their
 - * group of orientation at the time of death. The body
 - * must be returned to the group of orientation for proper
 - * burial. Incidental to the returning process, the body
 - * decomposes and the result is a mass of disarticulated
 - bones, which must be disposed of.
- 1 4 = disarticulation of human osseous remains occurs prior
 - * to final disposal only in situations where circumstances
 - * of death dictate that the body be curated until a time
 - * that is propitious for final disposal.
- 17 5 = disarticulation of human osseous remains occurs prior
 - * to final disposal in a proportion of instances, with
 - * status, age-grade, kin, or sodality associations being
 - the determining factor.
- 33 6 = disarticulation of human osseous remains occurs prior
 - * to final disposal in all or nearly all instances of
 - * adult deaths.
- 13 7 = disarticulation results from scavenger activity.

1852. Secondary bone/body treatment: Scale Two

- 24 . = no data
- 101 1 = absent
- 23 2 = present in a minority of cases
- 38 3 = present in nearly all/all cases

1853. Disarticulation: Scale Two

```
24 . = no data
```

- 92 1 = absent
- 37 2 = present in a minority of cases
- 33 3 = present in nearly all/all cases

1854. Secondary bone/body treatment: Scale Three

24 . = no data

- 101 1 = absent
- 61 2 = present

1855. Disarticulation: Scale Three

24 . = no data

92 1 = absent

70 2 = present

1856. Secondary bone/body treatment: Scale Four

- 24 . = no data
- 124 1 = absent or in minority of cases only
- 38 2 = present in nearly all/all cases

1857. Disarticulation: Scale Four

- 24 . = no data
- 129 1 = absent or in minority of cases only
- 33 2 = present in nearly all/all cases

notes on these codes (none as yet)

LANGUAGE AND REGION CODES

Michael L. Burton. 1999. Language and Region Codes for the Standard Cross-Cultural Sample. CROSS-CULTURAL RESEARCH 33:63-83.

ST86.DAT Vars. 1858-1861 Region and Language Codes

1858. Region

- 37 1 = Subsaharan Africa
- 32 2 = Middle Old World
- 25 3 = Southeast Asia and Insular Pacific
- 14 4 = Sahul
- 15 5 = North Eurasia and Circumpolar
- 6 6 = Northwest Coast of North America
- 13 7 = North and West of North America
- 28 8 = Eastern Americas
- 13 9 = Mesoamerica and Andes
- 3 10 = Far South America

1859. Language Family

- 3 1 = Khoisan
- 23 2 = Niger-Congo

- 7 3 = Nilo-Saharan
- 13 4 = Afro-Asiatic
- 12 5 = Indo-European
- 2 6 = Dravidian
- 1 7 = Caucasian
- 6 8 = Sino-Tibetan
- 6 9 = Austroasiatic
- 1 10 = Daic
- 25 11 = Austronesian
- 1 12 = Andaman
- 4 13 = Trans New Guinea
- 1 14 = West Papuan
- 1 15 = Sepik-Ramu
- 1 16 = East Papuan
- 2 17 = Australian
- 3 20 = Uralic-Yukaghir
- 4 21 = Altaic
- 1 22 = Ckukchi-Kamchatkan
- 2 30 = Eskimo-Aleut
- 6 31 = Na-Dene
- 5 32 = Algic
- 2 33 = Salish
- 2 34 = Siouan
- 1 35 = Iroquian
- 1 36 = Caddoan
- 2 37 = Hokan
- 2 38 = California and Plateau Penutian
- 2 39 = Natchez-Muskogean
- 5 40 = Uto-Aztecan
- 2 41 = Macro-Mayan
- 3 42 = Chibcha-Misumalpan
- 3 43 = Macro-Arawakan
- 2 44 = Macro-Paezan
- 2 45 = Macro-Panoan
- 5 46 = Tupi-Carib
- 1 47 = Tucanoan
- 1 48 = Jivaroan
- 2 49 = Quechumaran
- 1 50 = Nambiquaran
- 4 51 = Macro Ge
- 1 52 = Mascoian
- 1 53 = Guaykuruan
- 1 54 = Araucanian
- 1 55 = Tehuelche
- 9 99 = Isolate

1860. Language Subfamily 1

- 42 0 = Isolate or no subfamily 1
- 2 1 = Khoisan: Southern Khoisan
- 1 2 = Khoisan: Hadza
- 18 3 = Niger Congo: Central
- 2 4 = Niger Congo: Mande
- 2 5 = Niger Congo: West Atlantic
- 1 6 = Niger Congo: Kordofanian
- 1 7 = Nilo-Saharan: Songhai
- 3 8 = Nilo-Saharan: East Sudanic
- 1 9 = Nilo-Saharan: Fur
- 1 10 = Nilo-Saharan: Saharan
- 1 11 = Nilo-Saharan: Komuz
- 2 12 = Afro-Asiatic: Berber
- 2 13 = Afro-Asiatic: Chadic
- 1 14 = Afro-Asiatic: Omotic
- 3 15 = Afro-Asiatic: Cushitic
- 5 16 = Afro-Asiatic: Semitic
- 1 20 = Indo-European: Armenian
- 5 21 = Indo-European: Indo-Iranian
- 1 22 = Indo-European: Albanian
- 1 23 = Indo-European: Italic
- 1 24 = Indo-European: Celtic
- 1 25 = Indo-European: Balto-Slavic
- 2 26 = Indo-European: African-IE Creole
- 1 28 = Dravidian: Central Dravidian
- 1 29 = Dravidian: South Dravidian
- 1 30 = Sino-Tibetan: Sinitic
- 5 31 = Sino-Tibetan: Tibeto-Burman
- 1 32 = Austroasiatic: Munda
- 5 33 = Austroasiatic: Mon-Khmer
- 1 34 = Austronesian: Atalyic
- 24 35 = Austronesian: Malayo-Polynesian
- 2 36 = Trans New Guinea: Main
- 1 37 = Trans New Guinea: Trans-Fly
- 1 38 = Trans New Guinea: Timor-Alor
- 1 40 = Uralic-Yukaghir: Yukaghir
- 2 41 = Uralic-Yukaghir: Uralic
- 2 42 = Altaic: Turkic
- 2 43 = Altaic: Mongolian-Tungus
- 1 44 = Eskimo-Aleut: Aleut
- 1 45 = Eskimo-Aleut: Eskimo
- 1 50 = Na-Dene: Haida
- 5 51 = Na-Dene: Athabaskan-Eyak

- 1 52 = Algic: Ritwan
- 4 53 = Algic: Algonquian
- 2 54 = Uto-Aztecan: Northern
- 3 55 = Uto-Aztecan: Southern
- 1 56 = Macro-Mayan: Mixe-Zoquean
- 1 57 = Macro-Mayan: Mayan
- 1 58 = Chibcha-Misumalpan: Misumalpan
- 2 59 = Chibcha-Misumalpan: Chibcha
- 2 60 = Macro-Arawakan: Maipiran (Awawakan)
- 1 61 = Macro-Arawakan: Otomakoan
- 1 62 = Macro-Panoan: Panoan
- 1 63 = Tupi-Carib: Carib
- 4 64 = Tupi-Carib: Tupian
- 1 65 = Macro Ge: Botocudan
- 3 66 = Macro Ge: Ge

1861. Language Subfamily 2

- 106 0 = Isolate or no subfamily 2
- 2 1 = Niger Congo: Central: North Central
- 16 2 = Niger Congo: Central: South Central
- 2 3 = Nilo-Saharan: East Sudanic: Nilotic
- 1 4 = Nilo-Saharan: East Sudanic: Nubian
- 1 5 = Afro-Asiatic: Cushitic: Central
- 2 6 = Afro-Asiatic: Cushitic: Eastern
- 4 7 = Afro-Asiatic: Semitic: Central
- 1 8 = Afro-Asiatic: Semitic: Southern
- 3 9 = Indo-European: Indo-Iranian: Indic
- 2 10 = Indo-European: Indo-Iranian: Iranian
- 1 11 = Sino-Tibetan: Tibeto-Burman: Tibetic
- 1 12 = Sino-Tibetan: Tibeto-Burman: Baric
- 3 13 = Sino-Tibetan: Tibeto-Burman: Burmic
- 2 14 = Austroasiatic: Mon-Khmer: North
- 1 15 = Austroasiatic: Mon-Khmer: East
- 2 16 = Austroasiatic: Mon-Khmer: South
- 11 17 = Austronesian: Malayo-Polynesian: Western
- 13 18 = Austronesian: Malayo-Polynesian: Central and Eastern
- 1 19 = Na-Dene: Athabaskan-Eyak: Eyak
- 4 20 = Na-Dene: Athabaskan-Eyak: Athabaskan
- 1 21 = Uto-Aztecan: Southern: Pimic
- 2 22 = Uto-Aztecan: Southern: Corrachol-Aztecan
- 3 23 = Tupi-Carib: Tupian: Tupi-Guarani
- 1 24 = Tupi-Carib: Tupian: Munduruku

notes on these codes (none as yet)

HIGHEST NUMBER COUNTED CODES

William Divale. 1999. Climatic Instability, Food Storage, and the Development of Numerical Counting: A Cross-Cultural Study. CROSS-CULTURAL RESEARCH 33:341-368.

ST87.DAT Vars. 1862-1863 Highest Number Counted Codes

1862. Highest Number Counted

1863. Confidence in Making Counting Rating

- 95 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 34 1 = Not confident in making the rating
- 57 2 = Confident in making the rating

ETHNIC DIVERSITY CODES

Elizabeth Cashdan. 2001. Ethnic Diversity and Its Environmental Determinants: Effects of Climate, Pathogens, and Habitat Diversity. <u>AMERICAN ANTHROPOLOGIST 103:968-991</u>.

ST88.DAT Vars. 1864-1887 Ethnic Diversity Codes

1864. Concordance: number of societies within 100 mile radius

1865. Concordance: number of societies within 150 mile radius

3		=	Missing	data	or	society	not	coded
65	0	=	0					
35	1	=	1					
21	2	=	2					
15	3	=	3					
8	4	=	4					
10	5	=	5					
3	6	=	6					
5	7	=	7					
1	8	=	8					
2	9	=	9					
2	10	=	10					
5	11	=	11					
2	12	=	12					
1	13	=	13					
1	14	=	14					
1	16	=	16					
3	17	=	17					
1	18	=	18					

1 20 = 20

1 27 = 27

1866. Concordance: number of societies within 200 mile radius

3		=	Missing	data	or	society	not	coded
49	0	=	0					
29	1	=	1					
20	2	=	2					
15	3	=	3					
11	4	=	4					
11	5	=	5					
6	6	=	6					
5	7	=	7					
2	8	=	8					
3	9	=	9					
2	10	=	10					
4	11	=	11					
3	12	=	12					
2	13	=	13					
3	14	=	14					
1	15	=	15					
2	16	=	16					
1	17	=	17					
2	19	=	19					
1	21	=	21					
3	24	=	24					
3	25	=	25					
1	26	=	26					
1	28	=	28					
2	29	=	29					
1	38	=	38					

1867. Concordance: number of societies within 250 mile radius

3	. = Missing data or society not coded
35	00 = 0
23	01 = 1
18	02 = 2
17	03 = 3
12	04 = 4
9	05 = 5
9	06 = 6
11	07 = 7
3	08 = 8
3	09 = 9

- 5 10 = 10 6 12 = 12 2 14 = 14 3 16 = 16 3 17 = 17 2 19 = 19 1 20 = 20 1 21 = 21 2 22 = 22 2 23 = 23 1 24 = 24 3 26 = 26 1 27 = 27 1 29 = 29 2 30 = 30 1 31 = 31 1 32 = 32 1 33 = 33 1 34 = 34 1 35 = 35 1 36 = 36 1 37 = 37
- 1 55 = 55

3

1868. Concordance: number of societies within 300 mile radius

. = Missing data or society not coded

- 1 22 = 22 2 24 = 24 1 25 = 25 2 26 = 26 3 29 = 29 1 31 = 31 1 32 = 32 2 33 = 33 1 34 = 34 2 35 = 35 2 36 = 36 1 37 = 37 1 38 = 38 2 39 = 39 1 40 = 40 1 41 = 41 1 44 = 44 1 45 = 45 1 46 = 46
- 1 48 = 48
- 1 64 = 64

1869. Concordance: number of societies within 350 mile radius

- 3 . = Missing data or society not coded 0 = 0 18 18 1 = 1 18 2 = 2 8 3 = 3 4 = 4 14 13 5 = 5 6 6 = 6 4 7 = 7 8 = 8 9 9 9 = 9 6 10 = 10 1 11 = 11 3 12 = 12 1 13 = 13 1 14 = 14 4 15 = 15 4 16 = 16 2 17 = 17 4 19 = 19 1 20 = 20
- 1 21 = 21

- 1 22 = 22 3 23 = 23
- 2 24 = 24
- 2 25 = 25
- 1 27 = 27
- 1 29 = 29
- 1 30 = 30
- 2 31 = 31
- 1 32 = 32
- 1 33 = 33
- 1 36 = 36
- 2 39 = 39
- 1 43 = 43
- 3 44 = 44
- 2 45 = 45
- 2 46 = 46
- 1 47 = 47
- 2 49 = 49
- 1 51 = 51
- 1 54 = 54
- 1 55 = 55
- 1 56 = 56
- 1 57 = 57
- 1 59 = 59
- 1 62 = 62
- 1 67 = 67
- 1 75 = 75

1870. Concordance: number of societies within 400 mile radius

- 3 . = Missing data or society not coded 14 0 = 0 14 1 = 1 15 2 = 2 14 3 = 3
- 10 4 = 4
- 11 5 = 5
- 6 6 = 6
- 0 0 -
- 7 7 = 7
- 4 8 = 8
- 6 9 = 9
- 8 10 = 10
- 5 11 = 11
- 4 12 = 12
- 5 13 = 13
- 2 14 = 14

- 1 16 = 16 2 17 = 17 5 18 = 18 1 19 = 19 2 20 = 20 2 21 = 21 1 22 = 22 4 24 = 24 2 25 = 25 1 26 = 26 2 28 = 28 2 29 = 29 2 30 = 30 1 31 = 31 2 33 = 33 1 37 = 37 1 40 = 40 3 41 = 41 1 44 = 44 3 49 = 49 2 50 = 50 1 51 = 51 1 53 = 53 2 54 = 54 3 55 = 55 1 60 = 60 1 62 = 62 1 63 = 63 1 65 = 65 2 70 = 70 1 72 = 72 1 75 = 75
- 1 83 = 83
- 1 87 = 87

1871. Concordance: number of societies within 450 mile radius

- 3 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 11 0 = 0
- 9 1 = 1
- 13 2 = 2
- 8 3 = 3
- 11 4 = 4
- 8 5 = 5
- 9 6 = 6
- 8 7 = 7

1872. Concordance: number of societies within 500 mile radius

(100 value)

- 3 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 181 0 = Less than 100
 - 2 1 = 100 or more

1873. Concordance: number of societies within 500 mile radius

- 3 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 9 0 = 0
- 7 1 = 1
- 13 2 = 2
- 8 3 = 3
- 4 4 = 4
- - -
- 7 5 = 5
- 9 6 = 6
- 6 7 = 7
- 5 8 = 8
- 12 9 = 9
- 4 10 = 10
- 4 11 = 11
- 8 12 = 12
- 9 13 = 13
- 3 14 = 14
- 2 15 = 15
- 3 16 = 16
- 3 17 = 17
- 3 19 = 19
- 3 20 = 20
- 1 21 = 21
- 1 22 = 22
- 2 23 = 23
- 3 24 = 24
- 2 26 = 26
- 3 27 = 27
- 4 29 = 29
- 1 30 = 30
- 1 31 = 31
- 1 33 = 33
- 1 35 = 35
- 2 36 = 36
- 1 37 = 37
- 2 39 = 39
- 1 41 = 41
- 1 42 = 42
- 2 44 = 44

- 1 46 = 46 1 49 = 49 2 52 = 52 1 53 = 53 1 57 = 57 1 61 = 61 1 65 = 65 1 66 = 66 2 67 = 67 1 69 = 69 1 71 = 71 2 73 = 73 3 74 = 74 1 75 = 75 1 76 = 76 1 80 = 80 3 83 = 83
- 3 83 = 83 1 85 = 85 1 89 = 89 1 91 = 91
- 1 96 = 96
- 1 97 = 97
- 1 98 = 98

1874. Atlas: number of societies within 100 mile radius

- 3 . = Missing data or society not coded 54 0 = 0 1 = 1 40 2 = 2 31 3 = 3 18 4 = 4 10 7 5 = 5 6 = 6 7 3 7 = 7 1 8 = 8 3 9 = 9 3 10 = 10 2 11 = 11 1 15 = 15 1 20 = 20 1 22 = 22
- 1 25 = 25

- 3 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 31 0 = 0
- 27 1 = 1
- 16 2 = 2
- 12 3 = 3
- 13 4 = 4
- 17 5 = 5
- 13 6 = 6
- 7 7 = 7
- 13 8 = 8
- 7 9 = 9
- 3 10 = 10
- 5 11 = 11
- 4 12 = 12
- 2 13 = 13
- 3 14 = 14
- 1 15 = 15
- 1 17 = 17
- 1 18 = 18
- 1 22 = 22
- 1 23 = 23
- 1 24 = 24
- 1 28 = 28
- 1 34 = 34
- 1 38 = 38
- 1 48 = 48

1876. Atlas: number of societies within 200 mile radius

- 2 15 = 15
- 2 16 = 16
- 5 17 = 17
- 4 18 = 18
- 3 19 = 19
- 2 20 = 20
- 2 21 = 21
- 2 22 = 22
- 1 24 = 24
- 1 27 = 27
- 1 28 = 28
- 1 29 = 29
- 1 33 = 33
- 1 41 = 41
- 1 46 = 46
- 1 54 = 54
- 1 61 = 61
- 1 69 = 69

1877. Atlas: number of societies within 250 mile radius

- 3 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 17 0 = 0
- 11 1 = 1
- 11 2 = 2
- 7 3 = 3
- 6 4 = 4
- 11 5 = 5
- 2 6 = 6
- 6 7 = 7
- 7 8 = 8
- / 0 =
- 13 9 = 9
- 7 10 = 10
- 7 11 = 11
- 5 12 = 12
- 8 13 = 13
- 3 14 = 14
- 4 15 = 15
- 6 16 = 16
- 3 17 = 17
- 7 18 = 18
- 2 19 = 19
- 6 20 = 20
- 3 21 = 21
- 4 23 = 23
- 2 24 = 24

- 1
 25 = 25

 1
 26 = 26

 1
 27 = 27

 4
 28 = 28

 1
 29 = 29

 2
 31 = 31

 1
 32 = 32

 1
 33 = 33

 3
 34 = 34

 1
 35 = 35

 1
 37 = 37

 1
 40 = 40

 1
 43 = 43
- 1 45 = 45
- 1 59 = 59
- 2 65 = 65
- 1 83 = 83
- 1 05 05
- 1 97 = 97

1878. Atlas: number of societies within 300 mile radius (100 value)

3 . = Missing data or society not coded

- 182 0 = Less than 100
 - 1 1 = 100 or more

1879. Atlas: number of societies within 300 mile radius

- 3 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 10 0 = 0
- 9 1 = 1
- 10 2 = 2
- 8 3 = 3
- 6 4 = 4
- 5 5 = 5
- 4 6 = 6
- 4 7 = 7
- 3 8 = 8
- 5 9 = 9
- 5 10 = 10
- 5 11 = 11
- 8 12 = 12
- 7 13 = 13
- 6 14 = 14
- 6 15 = 15

1880. Atlas: number of societies within 350 mile radius

(100 value)

- 3 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 181 0 = Less than 100
 - 2 1 = 100 or more

1881. Atlas: number of societies within 350 mile radius

- 3 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 9 0 = 0
- 8 1 = 1
- 6 2 = 2
- 7 3 = 3
- 3 4 = 4
- 7 5 = 5
- 4 6 = 6
- 5 7 = 7
- 2 8 = 8
- 1 9 = 9
- 2 10 = 10
- 2 11 = 11
- 2 12 = 12
- 8 13 = 13
- 6 14 = 14
- 8 15 = 15
- 6 16 = 16
- 6 17 = 17
- 5 18 = 18
- 3 19 = 19
- 6 20 = 20
- 2 21 = 21
- 4 22 = 22
- 7 23 = 23
- 1 24 = 24
- 3 25 = 25
- 2 27 = 27
- 1 28 = 28
- 3 29 = 29
- 1 30 = 30
- 3 31 = 31
- 3 32 = 32
- 2 33 = 33
- 3 35 = 35
- 2 36 = 36
- 3 37 = 37
- 1 38 = 38
- 1 39 = 39
- 3 40 = 40
- 1 41 = 41
- 3 42 = 42
- 1 45 = 45
- 3 47 = 47
- 1 50 = 50

- 3 52 = 52
- 2 54 = 54
- 1 56 = 56
- 1 58 = 58
- 1 59 = 59
- 1 60 = 60
- 1 63 = 63
- 1 67 = 67
- 2 68 = 68
- 2 69 = 69
- 1 74 = 74
- 1 78 = 78
- 1 79 = 79
- 2 84 = 84
- 1 86 = 86
- 1 96 = 96

1882. Atlas: number of societies within 400 mile radius

(100 value)

- 3 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 175 0 = Less than 100
 - 8 1 = 100 or more

1883. Atlas: number of societies within 400 mile radius

- 3 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 7 0 = 0
- 4 1 = 1
- 6 2 = 2
- 9 3 = 3
- 3 4 = 4
- 5 5 = 5
- 4 6 = 6
- 5 7 = 7
- 1 8 = 8
- 3 9 = 9
- 5 9-9
- 2 10 = 10
- 3 11 = 11
- 1 12 = 12
- 5 13 = 13
- 1 14 = 14
- 3 15 = 15
- 3 16 = 16
- 2 17 = 17

1 00 = 00

1884. Atlas: number of societies within 450 mile radius

(100 value)

- 3 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 170 0 = Less than 100
- 13 1 = 100 or more
- 1885. Atlas: number of societies within 450 mile radius (values between 0-99)
 - 3 . = Missing data or society not coded
 - $\begin{array}{ccccc} 5 & 0 &= 0 \\ 4 & 1 &= 1 \\ 4 & 2 &= 2 \\ 6 & 3 &= 3 \\ 5 & 4 &= 4 \\ 2 & 5 &= 5 \\ 2 & 6 &= 6 \end{array}$
 - 6 7 = 7 3 8 = 8
 - 4 9 = 9
 - 3 10 = 10
 - 2 11 = 11
 - 1 12 = 12
 - 2 13 = 13
 - 4 14 = 14
 - 4 16 = 16
 - 2 17 = 17
 - 2 18 = 18
 - 2 19 = 19
 - 3 20 = 20
 - 2 21 = 21
 - 4 22 = 22
 - 6 23 = 23
 - 2 24 = 24
 - 4 25 = 25
 - 8 26 = 26
 - 3 27 = 27
 - 5 28 = 28
 - 5 29 = 29
 - 1 30 = 30
 - 3 31 = 31
 - 6 32 = 32
 - 3 33 = 33

- 3 34 = 34 3 35 = 35 1 37 = 37 1 38 = 38 1 39 = 39 1 40 = 40 2 41 = 41 3 43 = 43 2 46 = 46 1 47 = 47 2 48 = 48 2 50 = 50 2 51 = 51 2 53 = 53 1 54 = 54 1 55 = 55 1 56 = 56 3 57 = 57 1 58 = 58 2 59 = 59 1 61 = 61 2 62 = 62 1 63 = 63 1 64 = 64 1 66 = 66 3 67 = 67 2 71 = 71 2 72 = 72 2 73 = 73 1 74 = 74 1 75 = 75 3 77 = 77 2 80 = 80 1 81 = 81 1 87 = 87 1 92 = 92 2 95 = 95
- 1 00 = 00

1886. Atlas: number of societies within 500 mile radius

(100 value)

- 3 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 165 0 = Less than 100
- 17 1 = 100 or more
- 1 2 = 200 or more

1887. Atlas: number of societies within 500 mile radius

		(values	betwe	een	0-99)		
3		Missing	data	or	society	not	coded
4	0 =	• 0					
3	1 =	: 1					
3	2 =	: 2					
6	3 =	: 3					
5	4 =	- 4					
3	5 =	5					
6	6 =	• 6					
3	7 =	- 7					
3	8 =	8					
2	9 =	9					
4	10 =	10					
4	11 =	- 11					
2	12 =	: 12					
1	13 =	: 13					
3	14 =	- 14					
1	15 =	15					
3	17 =	17					
1	19 =	: 19					
2	20 =	20					
5	22 =	22					
3	23 =	23					
2	24 =	24					
2	25 =	25					
3	26 =	26					
6	28 =	28					
7	29 =	29					
6	30 =	: 30					
4	31 =	: 31					
3	32 =	32					
4	33 =	33					

- 4 34 = 34
- 4 36 = 36
- 4 37 = 37
- 2 38 = 38
- 1 39 = 39
- 3 40 = 40
- 1 41 = 41
- 2 42 = 42
- 2 43 = 43
- 3 44 = 44
- 1 45 = 45

HABITAT CODES

Elizabeth Cashdan. 2001. Ethnic Diversity and Its Environmental Determinants: Effects of Climate, Pathogens, and Habitat Diversity. AMERICAN ANTHROPOLOGIST 103:968-991. ST88.DAT Vars. 1888-1903 Habitat Codes

1888. Number of Habitats within 100 mile radius

- 14 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 17 1 = 1 habitat
- 58 2 = 2 habitats
- 54 3 = 3 habitats
- 27 4 = 4 habitats
- 16 5 = 5 habitats

1889. Ocean within 100 miles?

- 14 . = Missing data or society not coded 96 0 = no
- 76 1 = yes

1890. Lake within 100 miles?

14 . = Missing data or society not coded
163 0 = no
9 1 = yes

1891. Number of Habitats within 150 mile radius

- 14 . = Missing data or society not coded 6 1 = 1 habitat 38 2 = 2 habitats 59 3 = 3 habitats 38 4 = 4 habitats 25 5 = 5 habitats 5 6 = 6 habitats 1 7 = 7 habitats 1892. Ocean within 150 miles?
 - 14 . = Missing data or society not coded 87 0 = no
 - 87 U IIC
 - 85 1 = yes

1893. Lake within 150 miles?

14 . = Missing data or society not coded 161 0 = no

```
11 1 = yes
```

1894. Number of Habitats within 200 mile radius

- 14 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 2 1 = 1 habitat
- 22 2 = 2 habitats
- 48 3 = 3 habitats
- 43 4 = 4 habitats
- 35 5 = 5 habitats
- 15 6 = 6 habitats
- 7 7 = 7 habitats

1895. Ocean within 200 miles?

14 . = Missing data or society not coded

- 70 0 = no
- 102 1 = yes

1896. Lake within 200 miles?

14 . = Missing data or society not coded
156 0 = no
16 1 = yes

1897. Number of Habitats within 250 mile radius

14	. = Missing data or society not coded
1	1 = 1 habitat
14	2 = 2 habitats
45	3 = 3 habitats
36	4 = 4 habitats
39	5 = 5 habitats
23	6 = 6 habitats
11	7 = 7 habitats
2	8 = 8 habitats
1	9 = 9 habitats
1898. Oce	an within 250 miles?

14 . = Missing data or society not coded

66 0 = no

106 1 = yes

1899. Lake within 250 miles?

14 . = Missing data or society not coded

149 0 = no

```
23 1 = yes
```

1900. Type of site: 100 miles

- 14 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 7 1 = island
- 145 2 = mainland
- 20 3 = peninsula

1901. Type of site: 150 miles

- 14 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 8 1 = island
- 140 2 = mainland
- 24 3 = peninsula

1902. Type of site: 200 miles

- 14 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 13 1 = island
- 134 2 = mainland
- 25 3 = peninsula

1903. Type of site: 250 miles

- 14 . = Missing data or society not coded
- 13 1 = island
- 132 2 = mainland
- 27 3 = peninsula

RAINFALL CODES

Elizabeth Cashdan. 2001. Ethnic Diversity and Its Environmental Determinants: Effects of Climate, Pathogens, and Habitat Diversity. <u>AMERICAN ANTHROPOLOGIST 103:968-991</u>.

ST88.DAT Vars. 1904-1917 Rainfall Codes

1904. Latitude hemisphere

- 131 0 = Northern hemiphere
- 55 1 = Southern hemisphere

1905. Latitude

```
0.00 = min (equator)
      89.00 = max (pole)
1906. Longitude hemisphere
   109 0 = East
        1 = West
   77
1907. Longitude
      0.00 = min
     179.12 = max
1908. Is station within one degree of society?
    30 0 = no
   156 1 = yes
1909. Is station within two degrees of society?
   12 0 = no
   174 1 = yes
1910. Is station within three degrees of society?
    3 0 = no
   183 1 = yes
1911. Earliest date sampled
      1872 = earliest
       1966 = latest
1912. Number of years sampled
     2 10 = 10 years
     1 12 = 12 years
     1 13 = 13 years
     1 15 = 15 years
     2 16 = 16 years
     2 17 = 17 years
     1 18 = 18 years
    5 19 = 19 years
   171 20 = 20 years
```

1913. Mean yearly annual rainfall (cm)

```
0.140 = minimum
    578.967 = maximum
1914. Coefficient of variation in mean annual rainfall - interannual variation, i.e.,
          around the mean of means of yearly rainfalls for n years of observation
      9.376 = minimum
    161.225 = maximum
1915. Lowest yearly rainfall in the n years sampled (cm)
       0.00 = \minimum
     355.80 = maximum
1916. Highest yearly rainfall in the n years sampled (cm)
       0.80 = minimum
     767.40 = maximum
1917. Difference between maxrain and minrain (cm)
       0.80 = minimum
     411.60 = maximum
GRIEF AND MOURNING (1) 78 Societies, Not SCCS (2) H.R.A.F. does not share data with researchers
Paul C. Rosenblat, R. Patricia Walsh, and Douglas A. Jackson. Grief and Mourning in Cross-Cultural Perspective.
H.R.A.F. Press. 1976.
      ST89.DAT Vars. 1918-2000 Grief and Mourning Codes
1918. Crying Frequency - Danger: Number of cases N = 60
   128 . = Missing data
     1
          0 = Crying is absent
     1
          2 =
     2
          6 =
     8
          7 =
    46
         8 = Crying is frequent
```

1919. Crying Duration - Danger: Number of cases N <48

155 . = Missing data

```
0 = Less than a few minutes
     2 =
3
1
     8 =
2 10 =
1 11 =
8 12 =
4 14 =
1 15 =
10 16 = More than a week
```

1

1920. Male Crying: Frequency - Danger: Number of cases N = 52 1921. Female Crying: Frequency - Danger: Number of cases N = 56

- . = Missing data 0 = Absent 10 = Occurs always
- 1922. Attempted Self-Injury: Frequency Danger: Number of cases N <48
- 1923. Actual Self-Injury: Frequency Danger: Number of cases N <48
 - . = Missing data
 - 0 = Absent
 - 8 = Very frequent
- 1924. Male Attempted Self-Injury: Frequency Danger: Number of cases N <48
- 1925. Female Attempted Self-Injury: Frequency Danger: Number of cases N <48
- 1926. Male Actual Self-Injury: Frequency Danger: Number of cases N <48
- 1927. Female Actual Self-Injury: Frequency Danger: Number of cases N <48
 - . = Missing data
 - 0 = Absent
 - 10 = Occurs always
- 1928. Institutionalized Attack by Widow of Something or Someone
- 1929. Institutionalized Attack by Widower of Something or Someone
- 1930. Institutionalized Attack on Self by Widow
- 1931. Institutionalized Attack by Adult Offspring of Deceased
- 1932. Institutionalized Self Attack by Adult Offspring of Deceased
- 1933. Institutionalized Attack by Adult Siblings of Deceased
- 1934. Outgroup Member Institutional Target
- 1935. Presumed Killer Institutional Target
- 1936. Self Institutionalized Target
- 1937. Somebody Institutionalized Target
- 1938. Something Institutionalized Target
- 1939. Something Institutionalized Target, not a Sacrifice
- 1940. Spontaneous Aggression after Sudden Death

- Danger: Number of cases N <48 $\,$ for any of these variables $\,$

- . = Missing data
- 0 = Both raters say it is absent
- 2 = Both raters say it is present

1941. Fear of Ghost Present - Danger: Number of cases N <48

- 145 . = Missing data
- 7 0 = Absent
- 34 1 = Present

1942. Degree of Fear of Ghost - Danger: Number of cases N <48

147 . = Missing data 7 0 = None 8 = 1 1 10 = 3 12 = 3 13 = 2 15 = Corrections to original codebook 1 17 = 1 18 = 7 20 = 5 22 = 4 23 = 3 25 = 1 27 =

1943. Fear of Bodies Present - Danger: Number of cases N <48

- 166 . = Missing data
- 12 0 = Absent
- 8 1 = Present

1944. Sex Difference, Crying - Danger: Number of cases N = 48

1945. Sex Difference, Attempted Self-Mutilation - Danger: Number of cases N <48

- 1946. Sex Difference, Actual Self-Mutilation Danger: Number of cases N <48
 - . = Missing data
 - 2 = Women show much more of it than men do
 - 6 = Sexes are approximately equal
 - 10 = Men show much more of it than women do

1947. Sex Difference, Anger and Aggression - Danger: Number of cases N ${<}48$

176 . = Missing data

- 1 0 = Sexes are equal
- 3 2 =
- 2 3 =
- 1 4 =
- 3 5 = Men show much more of the behavior

1948. Importance of Ritual Specialists up to and Including Initial Body Disposal - Danger: Number of cases N <48

141 . = Missing data 12 0 = Specialists do nothing 8 1 = 4 2 = 3 3 = 4 = 3 6 5 = 3 6 = 7 = 2 2 8 = 2 9 = 0 10 = Everything or almost everything is done by specialists

1949. Ritualization up to and Including Initial Disposal - Danger: Number of cases N = 62

124 . = Missing data 0 0 = None 2 1 = 9 2 = 8 3 = 15 4 = 5 = 10 9 6 = 8 7 = 1 8 = A very large amount

1950. Amount of Contact by Bereaved with Corpse - Danger: Number of cases N = 56

130 . = Missing data 0 0 = None 3 1 = 1 2 = 10 3 = 10 4 = 12 5 =

11 6 = 7 7 =

- 2 8 = A very large deal
- 1951. Isolation of Widows
- 1952. Isolation of Widowers
- 1953. Isolation of Adult Offspring of Deceased
- 1954. Isolation of Parent of Deceased Subadult Offspring
- 1955. Marking of Widows
- 1956. Marking of Widowers
- 1957. Marking of Adult Offspring of Deceased
- 1958. Marking of Subadult Offspring of Deceased
 - Danger: Number of cases N <48
 - . = Missing data
 - 0 = Absent
 - 1 = Present

1959. Marking Duration, Parent of Subadult Offspring - Danger: Number of cases N <48

170 . = Missing data
7 0 = Absent
2 2 =
1 4 = Present for at least thirty days
1 6 =
1 7 =
4 8 =

1960. Ghosts Present - Danger: Number of cases N = 59

1961. Ghosts Perceived Are of Those Best Known - Danger: Number of cases N <48

. = Missing data
0 = No
1 = Yes

1962. Eventual Distance of Spirits - Danger: Number of cases N = <48

- 140 . = Missing data 1 0 = Close to survivors 2 = 1 3 = 1 3 5 = 1 7 = 8 = 4 5 10 = 3 12 = 5 13 = 6 15 =
 - 4 17 =

2 18 =
10 20 = Always away from survivors - Danger: Number of cases N <48

1963. Sororate Present vs. Absent

168 . = Missing data

- 2 0 = Absent
- 16 1 = Present

1964. Percentage of Widow Remarrying - Danger: Number of cases N <48

159 . = Missing data 0 0 = 0% 1 30 = 15% 1 40 = 20% 1 55 = 37.5% 1 90 = 45% 1 95 = 47.5% 1 100 = 50% 2 105 = 52.5% 1 110 = 55% 1 120 = 60% 1 126 = 63% 1 130 = 65% 1 140 = 70% 1 150 = 75% 4 155 = 77.5% 3 160 = 80% 1 165 = 82.5% 1 170 = 85% 1 175 = 87.5% 1 180 = 90% 1 190 = 95% 1 200 = 100%

1965. Percentage of Widows Remarrying by Levirate - Danger: Number of cases N <48

168 . = Missing data
3 0 = 0%

1 10 = 10%

- 1 54 = 54%
- 1 60 = 60%
- 1 62 = 62%
- 1 63 = 63%
- 1 65 = 65%
- 4 70 = 70%

2 73 = 73% 1 77 = 77%

2 97 = 97% 100 = 100%

1966. Levirate Present vs. Absent - Danger: Number of cases N <48

149 . = Missing data

3 0 = Absent

34 1 = Present

1967. Some Personal Objects of Deceased are Disposed of with Corps or Ggiven to Other Groups or Put off Sight and Use for Substantional Amount of Time - Danger: Number of cases N <48

142 . = Missing data
8 0 = No
36 1 = Yes

1968. Amount of Useful Property Destroyed - Danger: Number of cases N = 62

124 . = Missing data 0 = None 13 9 2 = 9 4 = 2 5 = 11 6 = 6 7 = 9 8 = 2 10 = 1 11 =

0 12 = Most complete amount of property destroyed

1969. Name Taboo Present - Danger: Number of cases N <48

146	. = Missing data
19	0 = No taboo
1	1 =
2	2 =
4	4 = Name taboo present and permanent
3	6 =
1	7 =
10	8 =

1970. Dwelling or Room of Deceased Abandoned at Least Temporarily 1971. Temporary or Permanent Camp or Village Abandonment N = 521972. Name Taboo, if Present, Applies Primarily to Close Relatives or Behavior in Presence of Close Relatives of the Deceased

- Danger: Number of cases N <48

. = Missing data

0 = No

1 = Yes

1973. Cleansing of Widows - Danger: Number of cases N <48

1974. Ghost Feared Those of People Best Known - Danger: Number of cases N <48 $\,$

- = Missing data
 0 = Absent
 4 = Definitely present
- 1975. Initial Funeral Ceremonies, Attendance Danger: Number of cases N = 571976. Final Funeral Ceremonies, Attendance - Danger: Number of cases N < 48
 - . = Missing data 999 = 999 or more
- 1977. Mourning: Duration, Widowers Danger: Number of cases N <48
- 1978. Mourning: Duration, Widows Danger: Number of cases N <48
- 1979. Mourning: Duration, Adult Offspring Danger: Number of cases N <48
 - . = Missing data
 999 = 999 days or more

1980. Final Ceremonies Present or Absent - Danger: Number of cases N = 52

- 134 . = Missing data
- 14 0 = Absent
- 38 1 = Present
- 1981. Series of Final Ceremonies
- 1982. Final Ceremonies Coincide with Annual Death Ceremonies
- 1983. Final Disposal of Remains at Final Ceremony
- 1984. Final Ceremonies Terminates Mourning
 - Danger: Number of cases N <48
 - . = Missing data
 - 0 = No
 - 1 = Yes
- 1985. Amount of Grief after End of Mourning
- 1986. Feasting at Initial Funeral Ceremonies N = 46
- 1987. Games at Initial Funeral Ceremonies
- 1988. Dances at Initial Funeral Ceremonies
- 1989. Sexual Liberties at Initial Funeral Ceremonies

- 1990. Alcohol at Initial Funeral Ceremonies
- 1991. Feasting at Final Funeral Ceremonies
- 1992. Games at Final Funeral Ceremonies
- 1993. Dances at Final Funeral Ceremonies
- 1994. Sexual Liberties at Final Funeral Ceremonies
- 1995. Alcohol at Final Funeral Ceremonies
 - Danger: Number of cases N <48
 - . = Missing data
 - 0 = Absent
 - 1 = Present

1996. Final Ceremonies Held for More than one Death at a Time - Danger: Number of cases N <48

171 . = Missing data

10 0 = No

5 1 = Yes

1997. Degree of Christian Influence - Danger: Number of cases N = 67

1998. Belief in Reincarnation of Deceased Adults - Danger: Number of cases N = 53

133 . = Missing data
33 0 = None
2 1 =
6 2 =
3 3 =
9 4 = Strong belief

1999. Conflict and Resentment over Property Inheritance - Danger: Number of cases N <48 $\,$

167 . = Missing data
3 0 = None
4 2 =

1 3 =

- 1 4 =
- 6 6 =
- 1 7 =
- 3 8 = High degree of that

2000.Age of Marriage, Females

	N = 35
151	. = Missing data
1	8.2
1	9.0
1	11.5
1	12.0
1	12.5
2	13.0
2	13.3
1	13.5
1	13.8
1	14.2
1	14.5
1	15.0
3	15.5
1	15.8
5	16.0
1	16.2
1	16.5
1	16.7
1	17.2
	17.3
2	17.8
1	18.0
	18.5
	20.3
	20.5
1	25.3

WORLD RELIGION CODES

Andrey Korotayev and Daria Khaltourina.

Andrey Korotayev. 2004. World Religions and Social Evolution of the Old World Oikumene Civilizations:

A Cross-cultural Perspective,

STDS__.DAT Variables ___ (Unassigned)

2001. 1806. Deep Islamization / Christianization

- 161 1 Neither
 - 19 2 Deep Islamization
 - 6 3 Deep Chrisianization

2002. 1807.

- 116 1 Neither
 - 19 2 Deep Islamization
 - 6 3 Deep Chrisianization
 - 7 4 Superficial Islamization
 - 24 5 Superficial Chrisianization
 - 6 6 Mahayana Buddhism
 - 2 7 Hinayana Buddhism
 - 2 8 Vajrayana Buddhism
 - 4 9 Hinduism Buddhism

713rev. (Pre-Classical) Religion (retains 713 codes, takes new values from 2002-1807: additional 85 coded)

- 0 . = Missing data
- 39 1 = Classical religion (Xianity, Islam, Hinduism, Buddhism)
- 31 2 = Mixture of classical and preclassical
- 116 3 = Preclassical

KIN GROUP VENGEANCE

Karen Paige Ericksen and Heather Horton. 1992. "Blood Feuds": Cross-Cultural Variations in Kin Group Vengeance . Cross-Cultural Research 26(1-4): 57-85

Legitimacy of kin group vengeance

- 18 . = Missing data
- 38 1 Moral Imperative
- 14 2 Most Appropriate
- 18 3 Circumstantial
- 20 4 Last Resort
- 63 5 Formal Adjudication Only
- 15 6 Individual Self-Redress

Target of kin group vengeance

- 18 . = Missing data
- 36 1 Moral Imperative 35?
- 23 2 Most Appropriate

24 3 Circumstantial 23? #185 Tehuelche coded 3 contradicts code above of 6

Combo: Target of kin group vengeance

- 27 . = Missing data
- 36 1 = Moral Imperative 35?
- 23 2 = Most Appropriate
- 23 3 = Circumstantial 23? #185 Tehuelche coded 3 contradicts code above of 6
- 63 5 = Formal Adjudication Only
- 14 6 = Individual Self-Redress

WARFARE AND ITS CORRELATES

Douglas P. Fry. 2007. Beyond War: The Human Potential for Peace. Oxford: Oxford Univ. Press.

A. Warfare [Fry_War] (Armed conflict between political communities)

- 0 . = Missing data (Coding needed for Nonhunters)
- 20 1 = No warfare (No Armed conflict between political communities)
- 166 2 = Nonhunters or Warfare (Armed conflict between political communities)

B. Hunters and gatherers

- 0 . = Missing data
- 21 1 = Simple hunters (and getherers): Nomadic and egalitarian, lack ranked social hierarchies and well-defined positions of leadership and authority
- 14 2 = Complex hunters (and getherers): Nomadism partial or lacking, and may have
 - elaborate economic and political status differences, rank-distinctions and chiefs
- 151 3 = Other